## CORNISH HISTORICAL SOCIETY

## VERTICAL FILES ON-LINE, PART II

The Cornish Historical Society has embarked on a lengthy project to digitize the vertical files at the History Center. In this way, the files will be available to everyone without having to visit the Center.

The files contain important documents for Cornish History, especially on a more modern level. Basically, non-book items, newspaper/periodical articles and pamphlets are included.

Inclusion for digitization is subjective in that certain material has been excluded. Items relating to Cornish Colony artists for example, covered in Footprints of the Past, have been included selectively. Items with great coverage have focused on representative articles and there may be cases where all the vertical file material should be consulted. Other exclusions include correspondence and auction photographs of works for sale.

This is still a work in progress and we would welcome any suggestions for improvement

Because the file is so large, covering well over six hundred pages, we have had to divide it in half. There is a limit to the MG size that can be uploaded to the town website. What follows is Part II.

To search, use Control-F. For Mac users, Command-F

## CORNISH $250^{\text {th }}$ CELEBRATION

# PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN BY DEANNA MEADOWS, 

SUPPLIED BY MIKE MONETTE

## AVAILABLE AS SEPARATE FILE ON THE

CHS COLLECTION PAGE AT THE TOWN
WEBSITE

# Cornish celebrates 250th <br> <br> By KERRY MILLER <br> <br> By KERRY MILLER <br> asic Timas $30 \mathrm{con} 21.2013 \mathrm{p}, 1$ 

Assistant Editor
CORNISH - The town is turning 250 -years-old this weekend and its residents will be celebrating with music, a time capsule, birthday cake and more.
"It's been a community effort," said Cornish Selectmen John Hammond. "There's a group of citizens that have met several times for the past year, they put it all together. It's a great thing."

Hammond recognized the Cornish 250th Committee for its quick work in getting the festivities organized, including having T-shirts, hats and commemorative license plates made. Colleen O'Neill, co-chair of the committee, which has been meeting since September 2012, is excited for the weekend and said thanks to the efforts of many volunteers, it should be fun.
"This planning was a group effort," said O'Neill. "The volunteer spirit to put on this celebration


COURTESY PHOTO From left to right are John Dryfhout, Nancy Wightman, Diane Liggett, Corey Fitch, Deanna Meadow who are pictured in front of the Cornish Meeting House with the first copy of the new Comish 250 Book, "Comish, NH: in Celebration of 250 Years," The book will be for sale this weekend at the anniversary festivities.

- there's a certain spirit in the town of Cornish, where people come together,"

O'Neill said this weekend specifically was chosen for the celebration because tomorrow, June 21, has a special meaning.
"It was the actual date of the original signing of the charter for the town of Cornish (in 1763)," she said.

Long-time Cornish resident Judy Rook said during her years in town it hasn't changed too drastically, but some of the major things she recalls are the new school being built in 1955, a new Fire Station and Rescue Squad building, which were built in the 1960s, she said. All

See CORNISH - Page A 3
of those constructions were made possible through monetary donations, not taxpayer money, she said. Rook, who is now 74 , said she was born in Windsor but moved to Cornish when she was one-years-old.
"I went to the one-room school house, which we no longer haye," she said. There's a lot more new homes in Cornish from when I was young. The town hasn't changed all that much, we've progressed (but) it's no different than it was over 50 years ago."

Rook is looking forward to celebrating the town's anniversary with other residents this weekend and attributed the town's longevity to Cornish being a caring community.
"When there's something that needs doing, everybody shows up to help. People watch out for each other," she said.

The anniversary celebration kicks off tomorrow night with a lecture on Cornish's history called "New England Town," by Dartmouth College history professor, Jere Daniell, at the Trinity Church on Route 12 A . The evening begins at 7 p.m. and, in addition to the lecture, features a historical reenactment by Cornish Elementary School students. In Cornish Flat on Saturday the day starts with a pancake breakfast at the Park Grange, from 7 to 10 a.m., followed by a commemorative tree planting at 9:30 a.m. on the Cornish Meeting House green. The Cornish Farmer's Market will go on as planned, from 9 a.m. to 1 p.m., also on the green and folks can also head over to the Post Office to get their mail and self-
addressed-stamped addressed-stamped
envelopes stamped with the special postmark developed for the anniversary.
Of the postmark ${ }^{\circ}$ Neill said "people actually heard about it-people from out of state are sending in envelopes because they're collectors of these special postmarkn. It could be valuable one day."
Horse-drawn carriage rides will be offered through Cornish Flat, from $10 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. to $1 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. An exhibition of maps will be on display at the Cornish Historical Center, highlighting the town's past and present. The Cornish Flat Cemetery will put up special historical markers and a quilt show will take place on the upper floor of the Meeting House. The George H. Stowell Library and Cheshire/Mt. Vernon Masonic Lodge will be both be open for visitors.
On Saturday evening, folks are invited to head to Saint-Gaudens National Historic Site for a free concert by the Virginia Eskin Trio, The show begins at 6:30 p.m. and is free. Sunday's festivities include a community picnic for Cornish residents, from noon to 3 p.m., at the Cornish Fairgrounds. The picnic will be complete with a birthday cake, hot dogs, burgers, games for kids and more. Also, at the pienic a town-wide photograph will be taken, O'Neill said.
Cornish resident Nate Cass donated a box which will be used as a time
capsule and at the pienic. several notable items will be placed inside, as well as personal messages, saïd O'Neill.
"We're encouraging families to use an eight by 11 sheet of paper, they can write whatever they want (and) it will be placed in the box," she explained. "We'll put in the Cornish phone book, the program from the Cornish eighth grade graduation - anything that relates to this year's town events."

O'Neill said the box will be sealed and presented to the Cornish Selectboard at the 2014 town meeting. It will be placed in the vault in the Cornish town offices with instructions to open in 50 years.
An exciting element about the weekend, O'Neill added, is something called an anniversary passport and quest booklet, which will be available at several events, starting with Friday's lecture. The booklet is free and if you bring it to events you attend. you can get it stamped with a special stamp
commemorating your participation in the anniversary, she explained. The booklet is not just for the anniversary weekend either, O'Neill continued, it's part of a program developed by a community in the Upper Valley and can actually be used to go on a "treasure hunt" in Cornish at any time.
"It"l be a keepsake item. It's kind of like a treasure hunt for your town. It's designed to encourage people to explore their community and treasures around them," O'Neill said.
The Cornish 250th Anniversary book "Cornish, NH: In Celebration of 250 Years," will also be for sale this weekend, starting on Friday at the lecture, It will also be for sale on Saturday at the Farmer's Market and at Sunday's pienic.

Kerry Miller can $\begin{gathered}\text { at } \\ \text { reached }\end{gathered}$
(603) 543-3100, ext. 101, or by email at kmiller@eagletimes.com


Deanna Meadow took these photos in Cornish, New Hampshire, In Celebration of 250 Years, of the Blow-Me-Down Mill, left, and Blow-Me-Down barm.
A Lively Take on Cornish's History In a Small Town, Many Chipped In to Tell Its Stories

THE ROUNDUP of volunteers took longer than expected. John Dryfhout led the effort, sending for fellow book contributors schmoozing on the Cornish Meeting House's ground level, A commemorative photo needed to be taken, with all who worked on the new book.
"How many are there?" asked one woman, caught up in the shuffle.
"As many as there are," Dryfhout replied.
When the shutter snapped, 17 of 29 contributors stood in front of the camera, including the pholographer. Others couldn't make it up the stairs. Some were out of town. Some were in Europe.

Many of those who posed were holding onto the town's new hardcover history which they helped create: Cornish. New Hampsifire: In Celebration of 250 Years, which focuses on the past half-century.

Jume 13 was


Memorabilla of Samuel Hardy of Cornish Flat, who made a "maglcal pain destroyer" based on a formula obtained from a member of the Cayuga tribe in New York. the book launch, a culmination of about a half-year of updating the town's previous history book, published in 1960. Publication coincides with the town's 250 th anniversary this year.
"This is something you can enjoy," said Anne Tracy, whose family's Cormish lineage dates back to 1793. "Not just look up the facts in."
With the focus on a more recent history comes a more modern method of telling it. The 144-page volume eschews encyclopedic cataloguing in favor of glossy pages popping with colurful photos and portraits. Written passages, split up by topic and written by a few dozen contributors, snake through the visuals.

It opens dramatically. Directly after the title page is a two-page spread taken up entirely by a wintry view of the moumtains from Tifft Road. The photo was taken by Deanna Meadow, who supplied most of the "now" visuals in the book. (The "then" pictures were culled from collections, historical societies and Cornish residents.)

Much of the page design fell to Meadow's fiancee. Corey Fitch, a ninth-generation Cortish resident who graduated from Savinnah College of Art and Design in March. The book went to the printer in mid-April, and the collaborators saw the final product a couple of weeks ago.

"It was amazing to have it actually in my hands," said Fitch after the group photograph, which Meadow took.
He was flanked by Meadow and Kathleen Welker, who contributed the book's cover art - a view of the Cornish-Windsor Covered Bridge - as well as a full-page hand-colored photo of the Saint-Gaudens National Historic Site.
"I think the fact that 30 people came together in six months ..." said Fitch, trailing off.
"Kind of describes the town, really," Meadow said.

Speaking to a crowd of about 50 downstairs, Peter Burling called the book the "first approachable history of the town."
"This catches the color, the flavor, the kindness, the honesty of this place," said Burling, who wrote the introduction and has served as town moderator, state representative and state senator since moving to Cornish in the early 1970s.
It also attempts to capture some of the straight-laced facts common in more conventional town history volumes. A 13-page appendix lists selectboard members

> Peter Burling called the book the "first approachable history of the town."
over the years, the town's conserved lands, its businesses and artists.

Much of the written information came from Cornish's detailed yearly town reports, said Susan Chandler, who co-wrote the book's education section. Her biggest surprise was discovering how much the Cornish school budget has changed since 1963. Back then, it was $\$ 100,000$. Just three months ago, residents passed a $\$ 3.7$ million school budget.
There were also the many residents who had been members of the school board, the programs both successful (skiing, started in 1970) and unsuccessful (French, which started in 1999 and was killed due to budget cuts), and the school building's renovations and growth over time.
"Those of us that were writing had so much to say," Chandler said.
The new history has received around 300 pre-orders on a print run of 700, according to Drythouts all proceeds from the $\$ 25$ book will go to the Cornish Meeting. House fund. To order a book or for more information, call George Edson at 603-542-7688.
Jon Wolper can be reached at jwolper@ Mnews.com or 603-727-3248.

Frances Duncan came to Cornish early in the twentieth century to write magazine articles on Cornish gardens which by then had acquired a reputation. Frances Duncan had become a horticulture writer and this was very fertile territory.

In 1906 for Century Magazine she published a comprehensive article "The Gardens of Cornish" which included Henry 0 , Walker's house, Maxfield Parrish's house and garden, Norman Hapgood's house and gardens. Thomas W. Dewing's house and garden, Louis Evan Shipman's garden, Kenyon Cox's house and garden, Augustus Saint-Gaudens' house and garden, Stephen Parrish's garden, Rose Standish Nichols' garden, Herbert Croly's garden, Mrs. Frances C. Houston's garden, and finally Charles A. Platt's garden, $\downarrow$

In 1907 Country Life in America published a major article on Stephen Parrish's garden by Duncan, entitled "An Artist's New Hampshire Garden." It goes into great detail about what Parrish planted and why and the effects of Cornish's cold winters would have on the plants. 3

Her theory was that a garden was simply an outgrowth of the house, in other words an extension of the iivingroom. She chose to remain an amateur although she gave Augustus Saint-Gaudens horticultural advise. She was formerly garden editor for The Ladies' Home Journal.

Duncan never owned property in Cornish during her years in town, bur she rented several places, one being cherry Hill Farm on Dingleton Hill. The house and road are now gone. (3)

Frances Duncan became very caught up in the Woman's Suffrage Movement and was a member of the Cornish Equal Suffrage League, 1911. (See chapter on Woman's Suffrage League). 4

In 1908 Duncan took in to live with her an eleven year old girl named Livinia Granger whose mother had died. When Livinia was grown and married her children affectionately referred to Frances Duncan as "Grammie Ducky,"

Duncan married John Manning and they eventually moved to Burbank, California where she became involved thchildren's playgrounds and painting cartoons on playground fences. She became the originator of the Woman's National Garden Association and the Cactus and Succulent Society of America. She is the author of many magazine articles and several books. She died September 5.1972 in Monrovia, California. 6

FOLLOWING PAGE


> By Nicola Smith Valley News Staf Writer

a world where the proverbial measure of corporate success is marked by a corner office with a picturewindow view, John H. Drythout has attained a sinecure of which most of us only dream.
His office, in a sense, is nothing less than the 150 acres that comprise the Augustus Saint-Gaudens National Historic Site in Cornish. And his view takes in a pastoral vista that sweeps down wide, green lawns and across stands of white pine and hemlock, coming to rest on the jutting, ever-changing face of Mount Ascutney.
The superintendent at Saint-Gaudens for nearly 30 years, Drythout is in a nearly unique position within the National Park Service, He is one of only two superintendents in the entire service who act both as a superintendent, overseeing the daily operations of a national historic site and its staff, and as a museum director and curator, responsible both for maintaining an extensive art collection and mounting exhibitions featuring the works of other artists. (The other site is the Alden Weir Farm National Historic Site in Wilton, Conn.)

It is a job, Dryfhout readily acknowledges, whose relatively low salary is more than compensated for by the beauty of the setting and by the pride he takes in working at what he calls a "wonderful institution that's respected throughout the world."

In his tenure, Dryfhout and his staff have dedicated themselves not only to conserving and modernizing the facility but to honoring the life and work of Augustus Saint-Gaudens, the late-19th-century and early-20th-century sculptor of such heroic monuments as the Shaw Memorial in Boston and the statues of Admiral David Farragut and Gen. William Tecumseh Sherman, both in New York City. Considered perhaps the preeminent American sculptor of his time, Saint-Gaudens has, in recent years, undergone a fresh critical re-evaluation and has emerged more esteemed than ever.

Yet, despite its air of serene immunity from the outside


Dryfhout, above and at left, says he particularly loves the cor tion of museum, arboretum and garden at the Saint-Gaudens : Cornish. The park, which opens for the season late this mon one of only two with a combination superintendent and curato
Walley Nius May 21,1995 p,D
potentially the same awkward position as other national parks and sites that now face problems of over-use and commercialization of land outside park walls.

And while these threats have not yet materialized to the degree that they have in and around such parks as Yellowstone or the Grand Canyon, Dryfhout and his staff are acutely aware of the dangers they could pose to such a site as theirs.

In a worst-case scenario, it is possible to imagine the SaintGaudens mountain-top aerie ringed at its base by residential development on the one hand and by a Route-12A commercial

# Saint-Gaudens curator feted by Century Club 

## By RUTH ROLLINS

CORNISH N.H - John Dryfhout, curator of the 150 acre Saint-Gaudens National Historic Site, was recently honored by the Trustees of Saint-Gaudens Memorial at the Century Club in New York for writing "The Work of Augustus Saint-Gaudens"
The book, which took nearly 12 years to accomplish, has 514 illustrations that give warmith and depth to the many works of Saint-Gaudens, many of them never before publizhed.
Dryfhout sent hundreds of communtications to museums and to many persons who privately owned SaintGaudens' creations. Dryfhout hopes that the book will help to find even more of his works
The trook thas the most complete compendium ever attended of the work of SaintGaudens, and includes cameos. sculptures, basreliefs, tromzes, coims and medalis forming the SaintGaudens oeuvre, as well as scenes of the artist's life and studio in Cornish
Dryihout's desire to "show everything Saint-Gaudens had ever done "was his main objective - getting as much of his work as posssible in one publication
"I had no desire to do a biography as one had already
been published in 1907 A book had also been written on Saint-Gaudens' reminiscences in $1913^{-3}$ he said.
The book, which is dedicated to William Platt, president emeritus of the Trustees of Saint-Gaudens Memorial, and to Dryfhout's parents, Henry and Frances Drythout, "fufills everything 1 desired to do," said Dryhout, who has become the world's leading autherity on America's famous sculptor.
Several pages are devoted to the coinage story. It was the first time a president of the United Statei had ever commissioned a sculptor to redesign the nation's coinage. It came late in Saint-Gaudens' life; he developed the model and the coins were finished after his death in 1907 .

Following the death of Saint-Gaudens, President Theodore Roosevelt called the Treasurer, asking "what the problem was with the mint people." Roosevell was told that 12 attempts had been made to strike the coin and that it couldn't be done.

Roosevell said he "didn't care If it took all night and all day," he wanted to see the coin in production. And so, a $\$ 10$ and $\$ 20$ Liberty gold piece, designed by Augustus SaintGaudens, became a reality The earliest coins are very rare because it was just in the last three months of 1907 that they were made
"One of the most treasured
memories I have is of the day I arrived in Cornish with ill my belongings," Drythoat said
"It was late fall and the glimpse of the hage pine trees lining the road to SaintGaudens National Historic site was a remembered sight. Thad never seen trees like the ones which surround the nite," be said.

Dryfhout can relate well to
the accounts writien earlier by the Lamous artists who srote- of thint arrival in the Cornish Colony during the eighteenth century.

Dryithout's duttes at sizintGaudens include interpreting. coaserving and collectiag, Much of the time since his arrival in Cornish in 19t6 has been spent researching and collecting information which led to the publication of "The


John Dryfhout

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Restored memorial reminds Cornish residents of service in the 'Great War'

Memorial Day

John Dryfhout

## Restored memorial reminds Cornish residents of service in the 'Great War'

By KATY SAVAGE<br>Rsatagesucapletimes.com

CORNISH - L.t. Cyril
T. Hunt died in 1919 when his airplane suddenly stalled and crashed 300 feet to the ground. He was at Carlstrom Field in Arcadia. Florida, a military training site that opened in 1917 during World War I and closed after World War II.

Hunt, iz of Cornish, was a student at New Hampshire College and had just been promoted to second Ileutenant when he died. Hunt had plamed to stay ill aviation after the war, according to his obituary. He wanted to become part of what was then called the aerial mail service.
Hunt was the only Cornish resident who died in World War L. His name is painted In gold leaf. in the top left corner of a war memorial in Cormish, above 33 other soldier's names from Cornish who served in the "Great War."

Hunt's name was the first to be painted on the Hoyear old memorial whith was fust restored in time for the town's 100th anniversary celetration of Memorial Day exercises on Wednesday.
"IThe monument] is the only record of war involvement other than what's published in books," said resident John Dryfout. who led the restoration efforts. "It trings the commmity together to know people have been recognizad for their scarifies,"

Dryfout ran SaintGaudens Nntional

Historic Site for 40 years before he retired 14 years ago.
-I don't like to see sculptures falling apart," he sald.
The memorial in Cornish was rusting. Dryfout said, which made the lettering hard to read.

Dryfout estimates the last time the memorial in Cornish was restored was before World War II.
"It seemed to have been let go," Dryfout said. "When I came over here 50 years ago, it didn't look good then."

At Town Meeting Day this March. Cornish voters appropriated $\$ 8,000$ toward the cost of restoring it, and Daniel Grenier, who owns Dan's Creative Sandblast in Washington, Vermont, repaired it with his grandson this spring.
"It was really bad, it needed to be restored," Grenier said, explaining rust issues.

Grenier spent five days sand blasting and priming the memorial. he said. He then repaintcil the Ietters by hand.

Grenter was recommended to restore the Cornish memorial based on his résumé; he has restored about 50 plaques and statues all over New England and New York.
The memorial was made by Lebanon Machine Co., a former company in Meriden that also made cast iron materials for roadways during the rise of automobile culture. It's one of the few of its kind remaining in the area. There


## CORMSISHEROM PAGE A

are similar World Wat mennurials in Prainfotet New Hampshire aml Sprougfielid Now Hampithre

A fund ereated by Charles Plecman, isho wats at restitent of Now Yoti City and Cortish untal he died in toen, trelpest itse town puitrlase thee mointi merit.

Another name histed on the memotial is Homes Samt-Gudens. a camou fleur for thearmy, who led group that desimped mili
taty Eurintflatty SaintGatudens sat the enily sufl of famuess sculptor Atunost SaintGatietis. whuse himper has beem futmed into the listoric stte where Drsfont useyl to work.

The war monument also has gold leafed embliems.
"It hass the leel of the state of New ItumpetionsDrymant whid

Cornisil's
Memornal Das activites take place at It am. today, May at, which was then ufficial tate of the holldas until IH:


Work of Augustus SaintGaudens"

Dryfhout was born in Chicago in 1940 and had a sister and two brothers.
"Daring my young growingup years my father used to take us to visit museums and galleries," said Drythout The visits weren't weekiy, but a significant amount of time was spent on them, be said. An inspiration for museum work was fostered.
Dryfhout attended Hope College in Holland. Mich., where he received a BA degree in 1954. Of Dutch descent, he was affiliated with the Dutch Reformed Church. where several friends attended.
He specialized in hastory and political science courses and spent 1963 in Washington, learning the workings of the government. While there be met President John F Kennedy and Attorney General Robert Kennedy.
"I once thought I'd be interested in studying to be a librarian," Dryfhout said, but decided it wasn't for him.

I spent some time at the Holland furniture and the Dutch Cultural Museums sampling a smorgasboard of different responsihilities. So
when the opportunity came to apply for a graduate program at Ann Arbor, I was truly pleased when given a Fellowship by the Ford Foundation, in Dearborn, Michigan," he said.

Dryifhout served an internship with the Henry Ford Museum and Greenfield Village, "I remember one day especially, when there was a torrential rainstorm and every staff mamber was called to go to the gallery to manage the thousands of people who poured into the building, which covered an acre all under coe rool," be recalled.
'I remember thinking 1 boped I would never be in this sitfation again," Dryihout said
The large museums require much maintenance, even the replacement of the floors fairly often, he said.
Upon graduation from the University of Michigan with a masters degree in Museum Practice, Dryfhout was offered the position of curator for the National Park Service.
Proceeds from the sale of the book will return to the Trustees of the Memorial, which helped finance the prin-

# No charges in rescue boat accident 

Boat Accident Ea>le Times, $F \neq b 25,200\rangle$, it Cornish Rescue Squad

Woman died when airboat
sank on Conn. River in Aug.

By AARON ALDRIDGE Staff Writer

No criminal charges will be filed in the death of a Rockingham woman who drowned when the rascue boat transpart-
d
Newport ing her capsized on the Connecticut River last Auguat.
"My office has mado the determination no chargea will arise out of the death of Virginia Yates," Sullivan

County Attorney Marc Hathaway said during a press conference Tuesday afternoon. Yates, 64, was injured on the Vermont side of the river on Aug. 22 and was being transported to Hoyt's Landing in Springfield by the Cornish Rescue Squad when the rescue boat sank. The boat is a fiatbottomed airboat most familiar to shallow swampy areas such as southern Florida.
Hathaway released a $300-$ page report along with a video-
tape and autio CD outlining his decision and what factors contributed to what he termed "a tragic accident."
Thers is no one single factor you can point to, Hathaway sald. "If you take one of the factors out, the accident wouldn't have happened,"

Hathaway listed the fucton as the dimensions of the airboat, unfamiliarity with the weight limitations of the boat, a lack of standard operating procedures, a lack of expen:ence, the decision to fasten the backboard to the bauket, a lack of time to ussess the weight carried by the boat and the occurrence of an unexpected wake from a passing boat.
" $A$ violation of standards does not establish criminal linbility" Hathaway said. "We're not here to assign fault. We're here to see if the event rises to the level of criminal negligence"
The report analyzes the information Hathaway gathered from the muitiple law enforcement agencies from Now Hampshire and Vermont involved in the incident. A majority of the report chronicles interviews and statements of those involved, including transcripts of the 911 call and dispatch radio logs.

According to the report, on
5 Sec ACCIDENT - Page AB

## ACCIDENT from pageal

the dry of the accident Yates was a passenger in a pontoon boat owned by her friend Paul Emerson Ir At about $3: 30 \mathrm{pm} . \mathrm{m}$. Yates said she required the use of as restroom and Emerson broupht the boat to a dock of a mutual friend on the Vermont side of the river

When Yates was walking toward the shore on the dock, she slipped and fell where the dock mut the shore. Yates sustained scrapes on her head and arm and a sprained ankle. Emerson came to her aid, but because of physical limitations, could only assist Yiters in standing upright.

Emenson went to Hoyt's landing about a half-mile north of thoir location to obtain help. He encountered a woman with a cell phone, Shirley Latterall, and mide arrangements for a mesr wage to be relayed to a friend, Richurd Crawford. Latterall averheard the conversation and villed 911 .

A call was made to the Cominh Rescue Squad to use its new airbout if it was needed. Now Hampshire has jurisdiction in the river because the state border is the river's western shore:

Crawford, along with Richard Martin, Rohr Cook and Matthew Broland all arrived at Hoyt's landing and met with Emerson
prior to the arrisal of hay EMT personnel Emerson took Martin and Cook to Yates' location and then returned to Hoyt's landing to direct EMT perionnel to the scene.

Springtiald firefighter Auron Sylvester offered the sorvices of his V-hull boat to aswist with the rescue eflort. Sylveiter brought Emerson and three other firefighters to Yates' location where Yates was placed in a neck collar and a splint wats applied to her lower leg. She was then necured to a backboard using spider straper.

The Cornish rencue boat arrived and Yates was pliced in a basket that was strapped to the front of the boat. The backboard carrying Yates was then strapped to the basket.

As the rescue boat left the dock carrying Yates and three rescuers. Springfield EMT George Wheeler was asked if he wanted to ride on the -uirboat back to Hoyt's tanding. The oper-
ator of the airboat, Robert Drye. said, "We have room for one more. It just might be a little sluggish:

Wheeler accopted the invitation and the boat leff to hear back to Hoyt's landing "At 24 pounds, Wheeler's presence hai more than a (minimal) impact on the positioning of the bow" the report said.

Harold Williams of Maine Yankee Airboat, the boat's manufacturer, said in the report the boat was
> "There is factor you , you take factors out wouldn't ha

Marc
Sulliman Co only designed
to hold no more than four people.
"I was explaining to them that this really isn't a rescue boat, Williams was quoted in the report.

In the airboat were Wheeler

Drye, Larry Dingoe, Gary Chilton and Yates strapped in a basket across the bow. Wheeler said water wan coming over the front of the boast as they left the dock. Drye stated that he was aware the boat was not in trim after the vessel was puibyd off from the dock hearfed toward

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 an point to. If one of thethe accident
e happened."
athaway

mit Actarner

very atable and was ridine low in the water. Attempte were made to improve stahility by moving people, slowing Jown and alno increasing speed.

The videotape milnued with
the report cleariy shows that durine a reenactmant of the becident the airboat wail nose houvy and water was splanhing into the boal over the bow The actial alrboat involved in the accident was need in the reconstruction and $E$ being stored at New Hampihire Marine Patrol at the request of Hathanay

At the same time the airboat left the dock, another boat operated by Mitchell Clifford of Sprimpfield, VL, beft another dock about 400 feet north of where the Cornish boat had been

The investigation determined that the boat operated by Clifford wasn't speeding, but it intill created a wake about 12 inches high. The uirbout hit the wuke about 90 feet from shore and quickly sank taking Yates to the bottom.

Slyventer said the Corniah boat just kind of listed to the side a little bit and then it just kind of nosed in und went down"

When the wake hiit, Whercter
said the boat turned to 150 acros the walee and "a biench of wate starting coming over the bow and he reachod for Yates. Wit all three passemger going for ward, the none wont furthe under

Yates body was recovered fros the river after about one hou and the boat was retriced to days later where it was atuck i silt about 14 fert undur water.
"Thure is a coniemsas amon the foilivituals who witnesse ther minking that the airboat satn in is matter of meconds," th report reaile

The question addressed Hathaway and anrwered in h roport war straightforward Di Robert Drys, an the operator the Corminh Remene Squad ai boat, nepligently cause the deat of Virminia Yuton?

In whort, the answer is no.
Aaran Aldridge can nached at (800) $545-0347$ ex 139, or by c-mait aaldridyefleaglefimes.com.

Dingleton Hill Covered Bridge UNION LEADER, MANCHESTER, N.H. - Thursday, November 3,


BRIDGE DEDICATION - About 50 people recently attended a dedication ceremony for the restored Dingleton Hill Covered Bridge, which spans Mill Brook in Cornish. The 101 -year-old bridge was repaired by Milton S. Gration Associates of Ashland. It is one of four covered bridges in Cornish that were built by James F. Tasker in the 1800s.
(Photo by Brad Hills)

# Restored covered 

 bridge dedicated
## By RUTH ROLILNS

About 35 people braved cold dark skies Sunday aflernoon to attend the ceremonies marking the restoration of the Dingleton Hill Covered Bridge. The event was sponsored by the Cornish Historical Society

The 81 -foot bridge was buiit in 1832 by Jamer F Tasker, a Cornish resident who could neither read nor write. The cost was 3 ㄴ⒉

The multuple Kingpost truss type bridge is located in Cormish Mills, Inking Root Hill Road to Tuwn House Road.

The structure has untdergone major repairs under the instruction of Milton $S$. Graton, Ashland. The 74 -year old renauned bridge builder travels daily from his home to the site where he oversees local men, Stephen A. Tracy, Leo Maslan, Thomas Rathbun and Stephen Burch
Sara Townsend, Cornish Rep.. spoke of the bridge - jezsenting "a pull toward the past." She mentioned several things which might have happened there, possibly people using it as refuge in a storm, marching feet as men went into battle.
Townsend said it the bridge could talk what other possible ityats -migh! hava gone - an there, as the covered bridges are also called "kissing bridges."
Ray Burton, executive cquncilor Irom District 1 brought greetings from Gov. John Sumunu and congratulated "all who had any part in the restoration of the historic treasure." "These things do not just happen, 1 commend Whe Cornish Historical Society for striking out and doing something like this."

Direct descendent of James F. Tasker, Hyland Tasker of Columbia, Conn, , was present with his wife. He stated that he was very greatful to the Cornish Historical Society for preserving the bridge his great-great uncle had built for future generations.

The ceremonies were held Sunday but due fo extra work which was needed to repair the bridge to its originat con-
dition, the briage will not be open to traffic for a time.
Several of the King posts were more rotted than could be detected by Graton antil the floot planks were removed and the botton chord has had to be taken apart and several King posts replaced.
Also, all of the floor joists had to be replaced, when estimates of repairs were given by Graton he only planned to replace part of them, but due to the damage to the old joists be has completely replaced all of them
Others who attended who were recognized were John Drythout, curator of Saimt Gaudens National Historic Site, who was instrumental in getting the bridge on the National Register of Histotic Places in Nov. 1978, which helped federal funds to be available.
Also, Alexis Gersumky who researched foundation grants making it possible to receive funds from the Eva GebbardGourgaod Foundation and Cecil Howard Charitable Trust, 0130 the Putpam

## Foundation

Slephen P. Tracy was thanked for his help by providing valuable architec tural expertise, as he har done on in ith : intiveritit presetrid Lion remodeling done in the town in the past.
The Cornish selectmen were tauded for the encouragemen given the Cornish Historica Soclety in pursuing the idea o restoring the covered loridge and taking care of the fundin, at the town level.
Previously the society ha played a big part in restorin the Blow-Me-Down Covere tridge in North Cornilh an most recently the Blacksmi Shop Covered Bridge just o Town House Road.
Introductions were made Carolise Storr corresponding secretary the Soctely.

## Obituaries

## Hubert Deming, former

## Cornish moderator,dies

CLAREMONT, N.H. Habert 1 Deming. 94, of 站 Chestrut St., died Wednesday morning at the Valley Regional Hospital after a sudden illness. He was born in Cornish Sept. 13, 1888, son of Herbert and Nellie LHilliard Deming, and was a local resident since 1951
Mr. Deming was employed for several years as caretaker of the Admiral William M. Folger estate in Cornish, where he was later employed by William E. Beaman as caretaker for the "Blow-Me-Down-Farm" as it was then known. After moving to Claremont he was employed at the Herbert Dow Machine Shop until his retirement in 1954

He was educated in the schools of Cornish and was a graduate of Kimball Union Acaderny, Meriden, with the class of 1909.
Mr. Deming was a member of the Congregational churches in Cornish and Claremont; a member of the Cornish Grange; a member and a threeterm master of Cheshire Lodge 25 F.\& A.M. Cornish, a member of the York Rite Bodies of Claremont and the Scottish Rite bodies of Concord and Nashua. He served two terms as district grand lecturer and two terms as district deputy grand master of the Grand Lodge of New Hampshire,
was a member of the New Hampshire Society of Veteran Ereemasons and of Woodman Chapter 26. 0.E. S.. Claremont.

Active in Cornish town affairs, he served as town and school moderator for 15 years, as well as lown auditor and constable.
The family includes twe daughters, Mary Jo Johannis Albaquerque, N M. and Lt. Col Eisie L. Deming, U.S.A.F. IReL I, San Antonio. Texas: two grandchildren. Reeve Johannis, Redding, Calii., and Rhonda Refsnider. Ashland, Ore, one greatgrandson, Steven Andrew Johannis, Hedding His wife, the former Florence M. Westgate of Meriden, died June 2, 1974
Funeral services will be conducted at $2: 30 \mathrm{pm}$. . Saturday at the First Congrezational Church by the Rev Larry E Turns. Burial will follow in Mountain View Cemetery.
Frends may call at the Stoughton-Davis Funeral Home from $7-9$ p.m. Friday Members of Cheshire Lodge will cunduct services at the funeral home at $7 ; 30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. Eriday
It has been suggested that expressions of sympathy be in the form of gifts to the Congregational Church organ fund, in care of Robert L Stevens, 18 Maple Ave.,

The storybook reversal has become legend in the New York publishing world, a reminder that booksellers ignore ethnic voices at their peril. It also established Erdrich as a leading writer of American fiction.
"This was all kind of bizarre," says Erdrich, 39, who worked on highway construction crews, changed bedsheets in mental hospitals and poured coffee in diners before finally making it as an author. "But it all worked out for the best, because I don't like bosses or authority. I can't stand people telling me what to do. Really, I can't imagine doing anything else with my life."

Neither can a growing army of readers, who snapped up copies of Erdrich's succeeding novels, The Beet Queen and Tracks. Blending gritty snapshots of reality with a surging, almost poetic style, the books turned North Dakota reservations into a self-contained fictional world rivaling William Faulkner's Yoknapatawpha County in Mississippi.

The magic continues in The Bingo Palace (HarperCollins), Erdrich's latest installment in her cycle of Native American novels. Ten years after her career took off, she's raising three daughters and pursuing a host of projects including a fifth novel and a collection of essays even as she starts a long national tour to promote the new book.

Today, Native American fiction is a flourishing genre. But Erdrich says the book world still has much to learn.

Q: How much has publishing changed its attitudes toward Native American writers since Love Medicine?

A: There's increased sophistication. Enough has been written now that most publishers are aware that Native Americans aren't based only on the plains or only in one tribal setting. And Bmovie portrayals aren't acceptable. But one thing that has to change is the mentality that says, there can only be so many books about Native Americans. . . I've heard Native American writers worry about that. And there's room for fine writing, no matter who writes it.

Q: Have the barriers you faced as an unknown novelist lessened any?

A: There's been a great shift in how books are sold, and many independent bookstores are in danger of going out of business, I have to lament that because I distinctly owe the first sales of Love Medicine to word of mouth from independent booksellers. They were the ones who would pick it up and hand it to readers who came in. With the big chain stores, I fear that might be lost. You have few of those individual moments with customers in a huge store.

Q: Has U.S. culture become more realistic about Native American life or is it mired in the same old cliches?

A: It's hard to tell. I was watching the movie Geronimo on television . . . and it told the story differently than they might have before. This was an all-native cast. You wouldn't have seen this 10 years ago. There's more sympathy (for Native Americans), but at the same time, you can still come across the most backward attitudes and
(Continued on page C10)

- ERDRICH


## Erdrich

## (Continued from page C1)

 loutright hatred.Q: How do you react to the positive images of Native Americans in films like Dances with Wolves; Is that an encouraging sign?

A: There's a sense of romanice that permeates some views of native life, A kind of New Ageism . . . an idealized, Pan-Indian embrace of a kind of mother earth thinking. It's painful to see sometimes, because there's zuch a deep need for a spiritual connection, an American connection to the landscape. Unfortunately, people think they can just step into a culture . . and 1 don't think we can step into each other's skin and bones. The real answer is a self-examination that's harder to do and harder to admit.

In "The Bingo Palace," Erdrich probes themes of Native American identity and selfexamination to ant excruciating degres. As in previous boohs, her characters are torn between the lure of life off the reservations and a spirituatly powerful urge to return and make things right with one's family.

Lipsha Morrissey, a leading character, is drawn bach to the reservation by his grandmother's command, and he promptly falls in love with a
woman who proves fristratingly elfsive. The drama plays out against the growth of bingo and casina gambiting, a real-life trend that has transformed Native American life.

Erdrich wrote many sections of the new novel in the early 1980s, anticipating with her imagination today's new world of reservation gambling. Although she concedes that Native Americans have a legal right to build these palaces of chance, her book is studded with menacing warnings.

Q: Is the growth of reservation gambling a blessing or a curse?

A: Depending on whom you speak to, it's either the greatest thing that's ever happened to Native Americans or the worst. Some reservations are handing it with more ease and grace, while others have been devastated.

Q: What are the problems you've seen developing?

A: There are too many casinos opening up. They're too big. Too much all at once. I have cousins who are now blackjack dealers and (gambling) is vary much part of life. Most of the casinos are run by Las Vegas or Reno companies (that) approach native tribal councils and target their reservations for a casino. On the other hand, the money has been a lifesaver for many reservations. In Minnesota, the MilleLacs Chippewa have used it to open up day care, put roads and schools in, and provide health care.

It's hard enough zolving these problems when you're a Native American, coping with the burdens of racism and economic deprivation. Erdrich's French-Gorman-Chippewa
roots thake ufe an even more tangled riddle.
Raised in Wahpeton, N.D., Erdrich was born the eldest of seven chil. dren. Her parents taught at the Bureau of Indian Affairs boarding school, and her maternal grand. father was the tribal chairman on the Turtle Mountain Reservation. She learned the traditional Chippewa rellgion but was also rafsed Catholic, a duality that became a theme in her life.

Indeed, it was only after attending Dartmouth that Erdrich paid apectal attention to her Native American roots. It wat there she met Dorris, who was born into the Modoc tribe and who founded the school's Native Amerioan studles program. Endrich won prizes for short stories and supparted herself with odd jobs before finally gaining financial security with "Love Medicine."

The Wall Street Jourtal has dubbed her "The High Priestess of Native American Lit," But Erdrich is unusitally blunt about her identity,

Q: Some crities speculate that you're a Native American who happens to be a writer, Others say if's the other way around. Which is more accurate?

A: I don't always feel comfortable being labeled, because I'm such a mixture of backgrounds. T've lived in the West, so I can walk into the most hard-bitten cafe and sit down with ranchers. 1 can walk into a powwow and feel comfortable. I feel happy in the Frankfurt airport, because I can understand the things that people say in German, and I like to be around people speaking French. There's a place for me to touch down in all these cultures.

## At Memorial Service, Writer Recalled As Man Of 'Generosity'

## By KRISTINA EDDY

 Valley News Staff Writer HANOVER - When Michael Dorris killed himself a month ago, he was quite alone, but yesterday hundreds of his friends, family and colleagues gathered to honor the award-winning author and founder of Dartmouth College's Native American Studies program and to remember him as a generous, kind and energetic man who stood up for what he believed in.The memorial service held in Rollins Chapel on the Dartmouth campus was a mix of American Indian, Christian and secular practices.

It included the presentation to Dorris' mother of a star quilt sewn with green and white fabric, and the performance of a ritual and prayer asking his soul to move on, a group recitation of the Lord's Prayer and the reading of some of Dorris' writing. Dorris' father belonged to the Modoc tribe.
"Michael was one of the most gifted writers ever to serve on Dartmouth's faculty - a man of voluminous energy, an expansive imagination, a personal warmth and generosity of spirit, a golden heart and a fierce belief in the talent and promise of his students," Dartmouth President James 0 . Freedman said at the service. "(H)e has not left us empty-handed. The memory of his example, the gift of his words, and the legacy of his leadership will forever surround us."

Dorris joined the Dartmouth faculty in 1972, at the age of 27, as the chairman of the Native American Studies program and an instructor in anthropology. He remained chairman of the program until 1984 and at the time of his death at the age of 52 was an adjunct professor of Native American Studies and anthropology.

He became a writer later in his life and was perhaps best known for his book The Broken Cord, which chronicled some of the life of his first adopted son, who had fetal alcohol syndrome, He later adopted two more children with FAS.

Dorris played a profound role in recruiting and keeping American Indian students at Dartmouth, and many of his former students were at the service. N. Bruce Duthu, a Dartmouth alumnus and now a professor of law at Vermont Law School, met Dorris when Duthu was considering coming to the Ivy League school.
"To say Michael was a complex man is an understatement of vast proportions," Duthu, a visiting pro-
fessor in Native American Studies

AP
A man wipes away tears while leaving Rollins Chapel yesterday after a memorial service for writer Michael Dorris.

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at Dartmouth and a former diree we could do nothing to help him as tor of Dartmouth's Native American Program, said during the service.

He spoke of Dorris' easy, sincere smile; his straightforwardness and passion; his caring as a father and his fondness of dancing. "He outdanced and out-discoed the best of us ... and I don't even think he liked disco," Duthu said.

Others remembered Dorris as a handsome man who both fought against Dartmouth's use of an American Indian as its mascot and who greatly enjoyed being an aerobics instructor.
"Michael's sense of purpose, his energy and intelligence, and his sense of humor, these finally prevailed and we are the richer," said James Wright, dean of the faculty and acting provost at Dartmouth. "We share in the frustration of knowing that in Michael Dorris'
last agonizing and troubled days.
we know he would have done to help us,"

On April 11, Dorris checked into a Concord motel using a false name and later killed himself in that room. Friends and colleagues were shocked by the act, but Louise Erdrich, Dorris' widow, told reporters that he had been suicidal for years and had battled depression.

Erdrich and Dorris had been separated at the time of his death, and after his death it was disclosed that he faced a child sex-abuse investigation in Minneapolis.
More than 400 people attended yesterday's service, which lasted for about 90 minutes.

The lesson from Dorris' life and death is that "we are all human, we are all flawed, we all despair and we must all love each other and care for each other," Duthu

# It's Also the Animal That Can HelpFarmers Makea Profit 

By Omar Sacirbey<br>Valley News Staff Writer

After a dozen years, Jim Neil can pick his elk out from more than a hundred yards away, distinguishing their fly-flicking ears from the leaves that flutter in the wind.

Today, some 40 elk graze on 35 fenced acres at Neil's Eastridge Elk Farm in Csornish, which he's owned for 30 years. Chances are, he says, that as the nascent industry proves itself, more elk farmers will join him.
"There're some of us that just want to farm," said Neil, 59. "And in order to farm, we have to find some sort of farming that is profitable."

As it becomes harder and harder to earn a living at the more traditional agricultural occupations, such as dairy farming, farmers in New England and the rest of the United States are looking to alternatives.
One of those alternatives is elk farming. which been taken up by traditional farmers, as weil as people new to farming.

In singing the praises of elk. farmers such as Neil, who until April was president of the Northeast Deer and Elk Farmers Association, cite a low capital investment to maintain them, a modest time commitment and a profit margin that is higher than that of traditional livestock.
"It's part of phenomenon that's been going on since World War II, trying to find new species of animal toadapt tonew


Jim Neil of Cornish, above, opens the gate to one of his elk pens. Below, Phil Greene of East Plainfield sweet talks a young bull at Celtic Moon Elk Farm.
product models," said New Hampshire Agriculture Commissioner Steve Taylor of Meriden. In recent years, farmers have also begun raising red deer, emus, ostrichs and other animals. "Elk is part of those efforts to branch out," Taylor said.

Neil bought his first elk in 1991, some 15 or 20 years after elk farming had reemerged in other parts of the country, but
before it had caught on in the East. At the time, it was still illegal to sell deer and elk meat, a law Neil said he got changed in about a year with the help George Disnard, a former state senator from Sullivan County.

Neil, a forester by profession, grew up on a dairy farm near St. Johnsbury. He came into elk farming after raising beef
 cattle on his Cornish farm for 20 years, as well as trying lamb farming for a spell. But as consumers' buying habits changed - fewer people buying whole sides of beef to freeze, for example - Neil figured there could be more profitable ways to raise livestock, which he prefers over horticultural farming. He settled on elk.

So did Donn Cann and Phil Greene, who bought their first elk - 10 females - in 2001 for about $\$ 34,000$, according to


Young bulls wait for their evening feeding at Eastridge Elk Farm last week. Valley News mhoroghans - Lauma DeCapua Elk: It's What's for Dinner

## EDSON

 FROM BAGEAIschool if the begiming of eareor rylication, nut the end, she said. "Pa decide at the ripe cold ane of 17 or 18 that yourro tired of Ilisminit, that's okary" Ednom said. "But it wou't be okay for Imet:

While Edron continues to think of ways the distriet and the teeh oonter can impinove. She is sutisfied with liex ternurnas direetor: Between opening the buildinge to prablic meetínse and bostinf thes local sable axoret clanDel, Edion is pleased to wee mure peoplif sucueins the sunter for lilfirgnt coviacit
"Shers dane a mavelous jote

Absolutoly magnificent," Allen Damrun; EAU 6 assistant super intendent, ssidid of Edsonik performance, "People trust her"

Once her retirement becomes officiat, Edson sith she plans to be volunteer at Stevens High School to help organize and coordimate differint programis there Also, once the new diructor is in place, Edson said ahe will make hersalf available to help in any way sher can.

An ad-hoc cummittee charged with finding hey replacemwe his been formed, and though Edson is not a voting member she is acting in an advisory capacity.

## Edson optimistic about tech center's future

## Longtime director retiring after school year

## By JOSH ADAMS

Staff Writer
It's not that Jill Edson luan lont intorest in hen job as director of the Sugar River Valley Technieal Center, she's just more interested in something $\int$ Claremont $\frac{\text { else }}{\text { I }} 1$ y
Edson will retire from the center whe's been a part of for more than a decade so she can spend more time with her farmlly. The 60 -year-old educator han lod the way for Claremnnt's vocational education since 1997, and even as she'n months from retirement. Bdison has plenty of ideas about where the center should be headed.
"The NESDEC report saym thurele space in thin buildinat and there in," Eitson sadf. "There's also room on this lot for expansion."

The neport Edurn In referring to was heard recently by the Clareniont School Blourd's long-range plarming subcornmit. tee: Donald Kennedy of the New England Schnol Development Council urged the district to consider how to beat utilize the technical center ns it considers how to accomanodate a frowing student population.

For Edson, the iden of movIne the high school students to


Edson
the middle school on South Street is very appealing as stadents would be that much claser to the tech center. Not only would this faclitate more participation in existing programe, but Edson believes a fally-functioning hank branch could be established on the campus to fill several neede
"T think the finance academy model could be very isuccennful bere, Edion miad.

The idea is to offer banking wervices to the students, staff and soneral public while instituting finance curriculum. With benefits for both the atudentes and the public. Edaon belierves a
bank branch it the tech center would furthnr reinforce a wenso of community she has worled to eitabliah.
"If you were to ask her what the moit important part of her lifit il, the would say fannily, and aheir hrought that into her work, Rebeccu Ruisman, studont nervion coordinator at SRVTC said of Edmon.

In addition to financial instruction, Edson is hopeful that bintrectualogies will be broungt into the center. Careara in forumsic masncom agriculture and environmental research are some of the options Edeon would like to орип up to atudenta In puahitip for more curriculum options Edaran hopes students take the courser to help forus thinit stuilles in college High

See EDSON - Page AB

## Edso buys food store <br> North Walpole grocery sold

By BALLY L. ANDERSON Contributing Writer

NORTH WALPOLE - Bill Baldasaro is retiring for the second time after selling his successful Discount Food Warehouse business on Route 12 to Cornish grocery store broker George Edson.

Edson, 54 , was involved in his family's bakery - Cross Baking Co. in Claremont, for 12 years. He then owned D'Amante's store in West Claremont for several years before becoming a broker of small grocery atores for the past 15 years.

Edson said after listing the North Walpole store for about a year, he liked it so much, he bought it.
"I plan on keeping it and working there full time," Edson, said. He explained that he is now out of the real estate business and willing to devote his full efforts to the North Walpole store.
"I will be working very hard to keep it the same, but if 1 make any changes it would be to add more (inventory) and make it better," Edson said, indicating he would be keeping the store's present staff of 15 employees and perhaps adding to that number. He said he was very impressed by the work ethic of employees, some of whom have been there as long as Baldasaro.
"He's a very nice man and customers won't really notice any changes, unless they are for the better," said Baldasaro, who said he expects to keep active in the business as buyer until Edson takes full charge of the store he recently purchased.
The no-frills atore buys trac-tor-trailer lots of foods and household goods often discontinued or in oversupply from major store chains, with no choice of producta or returns possible, Baldasaro said. He explained that the challenge of the business is never knowing what-or when you'd be getting items.
"It's been fun and exciting.

## FOOD

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Known by local customers as the "crash and dent place," the store's parking lot has also been frequented by expensive cars bearing out-of-state plates with their owners jamming trunkis full of discounted bargains, mainly of the staple and canned goods variety.
For Baldasaro, the fun part was offering area residents, especially elderly residents on fixed incomes, a place to find discounted staple foods "to help them cut." A large inventory of speciallty health foods - from blue corn tortilla chips to herbal teas and juices, has also attracted its own following.
While some goods discounted the most have been damaged on the outside, the contents are still good, said Baldasaro ex-
plaining that "sell by" dates are closely watched with the biggest mark-downs of products whose dates are coming due.
In the popular major discount racks at the back of the store, some boxes of cereal and can goods look like they've been smashed, but their contents are atill fine, while their prices are often a third or less of the same products in perfect packages.
Baldasaro, 61, retired the first time after working for more than 26 years as financial director for Hubbard Farms, the worldwide company that was sold to Merck several years ago.

Owner of the large building at the north end of North Walpole village, Baldasaro
took over the Discount Food Warehouse from his tenan! Gay Beauchesne, who begar the business and operated it for about two years before moving away from the area about nine years ago.
Baldasaro purchased the building in 1986 and renovated it with new heating and wiring He also rents space to Bellow House Bakery, Rent-A-Vision and professional offices includ ing those of Peter Powers, CPA The Food discount Warehouse occupies about 10,000 squar feet of the building.
The food warehouse compli ments Mr. G's across the road where variety and departmen store items are discounted a surplus salvage stock from variety of warehouses.


## D'Amantes Store

In was May 4, 1980 when George and Jill Edson purchased D'Amuntes Store from Carmine "Frank" D'Amante. Frunk had started with a small store on the edge of the Sugar River in the 50 's, and built it up to quite a sizeable enterprise.
The Edsons are quick to give credit for their success to date, to their employees. Manager Louis Falzarano and Assistant, Everett Ross are both employed full time and one or both of them can be found in the store seven days a week. Louis has spent most of his working life serving the grocery trade spending about 25 years with Sealtest and 10 with Twin State Fruit Co. Everett was with First National for the last 15 years and was Assistant Manager in Claremont when First National closed last year.
Part timers "Pete" Plourde, Mary Lapointe, Mark White, Nancy Normandeau and Elliot "Brownie" Brown make up the rest of the staff.
D'Amantes features a full line of groceries, a newly expanded produce department, a taste tempting meat and deli case (overseen by master meat cutter Brownie) and does a large beverage business including cold beer, wine, and warm beer by the case. Also shoppers at D'Amantes find some interesting and unusual items such as Estes Rockets, beer making kits, wood products, and many other special interest items.
If you haven't been to D'Amantes lately then a visit is in order. Hours are $8: 30 \mathrm{k} . \mathrm{m}$. to $11: 00 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$., Monday - Saturday and $8 \mathrm{t} 30 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. to $9: 00 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. Sunday.

## Jill Edson is chosen local Realtor of the Year

CONCORD, N.H. - Jill Edson, Carnish, a broker with Century 21 Highview Realty, Claremont, has been named realtor of the year for the Greater Claremont Board of Realtors.

Edson, selected from among the board's 78 members, was choeen based on her service to the realtor organization on the local, atate, and national levela, ail well as recent businesm accomplinhments, and service to the local community.

A realtor aince 1978, Edson is the local board's congreasional coordinator and currently chairs the board's Governmental Affairs and Equal Opportunity committeen. She is also an induatructor in the Greater Claremont Board's Indoctrination Courne for new members.

Edson belongr to the Governmental Affairs and Equal Opportunity committees of the Now Hampshire Aasceiation of Realtors, and is the "Team " 88 " Republican coordinator for New Hampshire's Second Congreseional District. She has earned the Graduate Realtors Institute GRI designation for completing three continuing education cournes of atudy, and regularly contributen to the Realtoris Political Action Committee.

She has served for the past 15 years on the Cornish School Board and for the past six yeara has been a trustee of Valley Regional Houpital. She belongs to the City Bank \& Trust Board of Consultants, and both the Sullivan County Republican Committee and League of Women Voteri.


JIIL EDSON, second from right, Cornish, receives a plaque after her selection as Realtor of the Year from the Greater Claremont Board of Realtors. From left, Antoinette "Toni" Beaudry, president, N.H. Association of Realtors; Mary Lou Reed, president, Greater Claremont Board of Realtors; Edaon; and John Forbes, chairman of the state selection committee.

18 SUNDAY EAGLE TIMES, December 21, 1980,


ED - Roselyn Caplan and George Edson, of Century iew Realty., Claremont, have earned membership illion Dollar Club for 1950, in honor of outstanding lievement in real estate sales volume, more than \$1 luring the year. Caplan has been affiliated with the for two years, Edson for three.


NEW OFFICERS - An installation of Greater Claremont Board of Realtors officers was conducted last week at the Elks Home by Leonard A. Lord, Concord, president of the N . H. Assn. of Realtors. Those elected are, seated from left,

Normand I. Beaudry, vice president; treasurer: and Lord. Standing, Roz Ca Marge Saucier, direetor; Peg Chabot, pri Beaudry, outgoing president. (Bertha Em

# NEIGHBORHOOD SPAT <br> <br> Contaminationtion claim doubted 

 <br> <br> Contaminationtion claim doubted}

By GEORGE CHAPPELL.<br>Contributing Writer

A Saint-Gaudens Road resident is "flabbergasted" that his concern for his water supply has been "taken $\int$ Cornish lightly ${ }^{-}$by the selectmen.
-Despite my appearance before the selectmen on Oct. 8 , there did unt appear to be any follow-thmugh pertaining twour meeting." Andrew "Sandy" Schuele said in a letter to the board dated Nov. 3.

Schucle believes his water in being contaminated by the aceumulation of tires, car batteries, an old outhouse, a "muititude" of rusting vehicles and 100 old motorcycles on the 70 acres belonging to his neighbor Willium Cable, acruss the rond.

Cable, a computer programmer, and his wife, Mary Boyle, who has college degrees in microbiology and publie hoalth and works as a Inb techmician at Alice Peck Das hospital in Lebanno. NH, said Sunday that they enn prove there is no way the family could be polluting Schuele's wator supply.

Schuele, who is aimost as upset over what he perceives at the indifferunce of the bourd as he is about the water, said he visited the relectmen Oct. 8 , and when the beard no response, returned to the board on Oct. 31 and ugain this past Friday.

Unbekriownst to Schuele, the selectmen on Nov. 12 toured the Cable and Boyle property looksing for possible caruses of pollution. "We were there for threequarters of in hour." Dingee told Schuele Friday. "We do not see how any contamination could be coming from your neighbor from acroses the roud.

Schuele told the board that he had counted more than 70 motoreycles on the property
"They're rust buckets," he udded.

Dingee said all the motorcydes were under cover in a shed and therefore no law was being broken. He questioned the number of machines that Schuele said he counted. Dingee said he dif count seven unregistered cars, which iea zaning violation.

As for the outhouse, the board said it had not been used for about 10 years.

Schuele said be has a wetlands area downhill from his two wells, one of which is on Cable's property. The wetland has been found to have a high concentration of e-coli bacteria, he said. -The count was no high. someone from the state lab said 1 shouldn't even go wading there, ${ }^{\text {" Schuele said. }}$

Under an old agreament, the owner of the Schuele property owne the water rights to the Cable property

A state laboratory has tested Schuele's springs for bactecial countes and found them dean. "too clean," he said, sumpenting that somecone might have tampered with them before the testing. Cable said he and Schuele had gotten along for years. The squabhle arose in September when a Fed Ex driver delivered a package to Cable's hame, and while the driver was waiting, surveyed whit he later described to someone at Scluele's home as an "envirunmental disaster" in Cable's yard. So far Schuele has been in touch with the New Hampehire Department of Environmental Services four times, thres times by telephone and once by personal visit to the DES office in Concord.

He said DES was concerned about the wetliand and asked him whether he had reported the contamination to the local pablic health officen Schuele
said he hud not.
Dingee said at Friday's that the Cable family practices environmentallsin, and ho finds it hand to believe that the family would cmuse pollution.

Cable and Sunday in an interview at his hame that his family uses sis gallont of gray water a day and conserves as much as possible. The Cables use solar power and wind energy to electrify and warm their home, a three-story round bouse with a thick stone und martar wall around the firet floon:

He and his wife have lived an the property since 1978. The couple has one son, Rigel.

The family ases in Canadian Sun-Mar Fxed toilet that reabsorbs the waste in a tray at the base of the unit Thens is no wastewater going lnta the ground. Until recently, the family dumped the waste into a compost area for their fruit trees in an orchurd downhill from the house.

- 1 stopped doing that whitr all this came up, and I now fake the waster to ar apot way op the hill," he said, pointing to a spot at least 200 fect away,

He said that espoli bacterin live for 120 days and not for long periods of time. Thus no pollution could be coming from the old outhouse, he said
"I know one thing," Cable said -If this thing gets very far and we go to court, Thi going to have something to say to Fed Ex and that triven He's supposed to deliver packnges, not poke around private property*

George Chappell may be reached by e-mail at grhap@soverinet.

In 1914 Isad ora was in New York searching for dmerican Children to add to her school of Greek Dancers. The pequirements were that the children wera to be given to her to educate up to their twenty-first year. No tuition was charged.

The Evening Sun, Friday, November 20, 1914.
A review of the book Modern Dancing and Dancers by J. E. Crawford Fitch which appeared in The Nation, November 14, 1912 does not flatter the dancer. "One regrets, after the author's sang remarks up to this point, to find him gushing like a school girl over the artificial and dudicrous antics of Isador Duncan in her efforts to revive classical dancing by assuming the attitudes of figures on Greek vases while "interpreting" modern symphonies and piano pieces."

Margaruerite quimby reprembers Isadora staying with the Rublees when she visited Cornish.

Interview V.C. with Quimby 0ct. 12, 1980.
Isadora and Julietz Rublee both had interests in dancing. Julietta danced for public functions also. She danced for the Bird Masque in 1913. Bird Fiasque program, Sept. 12, 1913 Meriden, NH

Isadora Duncan first appeared at the Metropolitan Opera House, Nov. 1908. Xxikmanxtx William Vaughn Moody, George Grey Barnard and Percy Mackaye attended the performance, visiting her studio after.

Letters to Harriet by Am Vaughn Moody, p. 63

The famous dancer had several friends among the Cornish Colony members.

When Percy MacKaye's play Caliban was, performed in 1916 in the New York City College Stadium Isadora Duncan danced at the opening. The following year Nackaye went to Ba/m Beach where he helped sketch out a plan for the future dancing fhool. He had written a baautiful poem the year before after seeing the children dancing. Isadora presented Mackaye with an autographed photo of herself. V.C. files

## Isadora Duncen was an Aperican dancer who played an 1 pootzurb part

 In levalontac tha dances on free, natural movement. She danced in bare feet an wore a tunic, using music by great masters such as Beethoven and Gluck. She danced in Earope and the United States and established several schools, none of which endured. She died a tragic death in 1927.> World Book 1965 ed

She conceived the idea of interpretive dancing, a modern adaptation of the classical dances of Greece. She became famous in the United States and Europe. She was first to popularize the bare foot dance. At Nice, a scarf she was wearing about her neck became ta entangled in the wheels of an automobile in which she was riding, she was thrown out and instantly killer.

Encyclopedia Americar 1960 ed.

Maxfield Parrish, Jr. yecounted the evening when Isadora danced at a party in the music room in his father's house.

Interview, Virginia Colby with M. P. Jr.
1979
 There is only one short amatur film taken unbeknown to her when she danced outdoors.
Since Duncan refused to ever be filmed, the recently discovered fragment show here (filmed surreptitiously from behind a tree at a garden party and featuri an assembly of gentlemen in waistcoats, tails, and top hats) is the most captivating. Elizabeth Varady/ "Isadora, Legend and 'Live' on TV Special" The Boston Herald American, Monday, June 27, 1977.

Isadora gave concerts in Carnegie Hall, Newport before going to London where she danced in private homes and before Queen Victoria. She danced in Paris, Vienna, Budapest, Berlin, Russia, Germany, Belgium, Holland, Sweden. Switzerland. In 1908 she appeared in the U.S. with Walter Damrosch conducting.

> Bulletin for the New York Public Library
> Isad ora Duncan Index
> Vol. 76,1972 , pp. 181-198

## 

## President and Mirs Wilson See Daughters Perform in Percy MacKay Bird Masque With Members of Cornish, N H, Artist Colony.



Annetta St. Gaudens
Bird Masque
Bird-bath
House Bearti.ful
Dec..1915

## A BIRD MASQUE IN BAS RELIEF




## BY f.ILA BOSE MCCDHE:

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 unt ef llic Jeerey Sachoye "1tifil Masjur" produced

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 "thril Msıкұи!"





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"I Feel ithat I have mpawil up with the movernembe" anallets

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 than mere the specialists identified with bird cunser valman. l'ergen.


Mrx. Lanoie St, Grudens in ber stuliai.
 $\leftrightarrow 8 \operatorname{con}^{50}$ THE HOUSE BEAUTIFUL


aily. tout unbirdlike are many of fer saliant chararteristics. Shate unture than art went to her imperwnalion of the Lave Bind is the Pantomime of the musque in which her san, Path St. Gaudrts, was surarlet fanagr.
Whoillind life wat the sutbject of her first modeling. The Hiedhut ilimuth which het chiditil fingery gave if form was a nalony idur clay scoopeal from the bod of if broek ruming Itrough her falher's Hill Farm. at Fint, a villuge ont the edge of Ohim's rapilal. It sas from thes farm afiet ptepartalory study in the Colambar Ari Sehoal, that she caue to the Art Students, Dataks
The late Auguntus St. Giaudena then a League instrietor. sme sodd to thes, "Earh yair brings one of mote stalents that tyainully slumd out from medincrity I readily parled out 3L- lohamat as a stadeat of the ruchi fecling anil with sund bumeations for amcere work."
Sif linet ples. I found the duahy lifle Barkeye with the atimeng ofes of the poel in ther muster's studies modeling the soitille, breks and spurs af Xugnitis St. Goudens now famous revotran statue of General Grant in Jackoon Park. Chimso,
Sinh if te the Ihill Farm, she came in gond lime, the bride of the
 fanif har them there in the shatow of Corot-like trees, the lower "thes- tarivel in wand and modeted in elay emitil mmonased to Enmuit in itaset Augustes Si. Gaudens in the expeutian of fimainif cammisatome many of which thry eompleted after his if all What Auctia Johnsin SL. Gumdens did for her master
instruetior, the is now danng for her thinband. Loun - Irmulatinit inte marlile his hullowae stady ni it stafue at Painting, which be left at his denth two sear agh, and shich is destined for the main eatrune of the SL. Louis Musumi of Aft where it will rompanion Daniel Chester French's statue of Sculpture

Befinte the rien of the Meriden Bird Cluh. four years abob Annetla Johnsan 51. Gaudens anve twelve armes of printerqia woudland covered by the Hill Farm to the Goodman Guitd House - the first social settlement of Columina- for a sumtuer ramp for working mothers and theit chideren. "Fields, streame ilowers, anumals, anal insh air ane every chaid"- birthright " she mainizits.
On the liwer fart if the sase-dike jar are the hames of thoce who took prart in the "Bird Masquer," and thew froms from the " Masque":-

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    Fronlamand suurtuary for the binls
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The bird-bath with its frieze of imutes, dancing hut forever sill. reminde nime of the immortal "Greciun I'm"-eves thoush Mrs. SL. Gaudens" imppiration may have been derived Irom is Mesican watur-jar.

HAVING followed the profession of the law for more than fifty years, and during that period left an indelible impression upon it by his great legal learning and his high standing as a practitioner, William M. Evarts, of New York, has well earned the rest he is now enjoying. He was born in Boston, Mass., February 6, 1818; graduated at Yale in 1837, and admitted to the bar in New York in 1841. In 1851, while assistant district attorney in New York City, he successfully conducted the prosecution of the Cuban fillibusters concerned in the Cleopatra expedition. His able and successful handling of other celebrated cases, some of them of a national character, soon earned him a wide reputation. In the Republican National Convention of 1860 he proposed the name of William H. Seward for the presidency. In 1868 President Johnson chose him as chief counsel in the impeachment trial, and from July 15, 1868, until the close of Johnson's administration he was Attorney-General of the United States. He acted as counsel for the United States before the tribunal of arbitration on the Alabama claims in 1872, and was senior counsel for Henry Ward Beecher in the famous trial of 1875. In 1877 he was adivocate of the Republican party before the electoral commission, and during the administration of President Hayes was Secretary of State. In 1881 he went to Paris as delegate of the United States to the International Monetary Conference, and from 1885 to 1891 he was United States senator from, New York. Many of his public addresses have already taken a place among the great orations of the century, notably his eulogy on Chief Justice Chase and his speech at the unveiling of Bartholdi's Statue of Liberty.

## CORNISH FIRE DEPARTMENT

# VERTICAL FILE MATERIALS ARE IN A SEPARATE FILE 

UNDER FIRE DEPARTMENT, AVAILABLE AT THE
CHS COLLECTION PAGE AT THE TOWN WEBSITE
'Rage, frustration, confusion'

By JEFE RAPSIS
Staff Writer
CLAREMONT, N.H. - "People trave a right to know that: when a lawyer gets into this kind of trouble, be or she is going to be dealt with like any other person in the oyes of the fratinal juitice myptum exid
(Please see REPS. $\mathbf{P g}_{\mathrm{g}}$. 6)


ANGIFED - Rep. Poter Burling, flanked by Repa, Carol Stamatakig, leftrand Rep Janc Harland, expressed frustration Monday over the continuing lack of action in the John Fairbanks case. (Jeff Rapsis Photo)

Burling and other members of Sullivan County's delegation to the New Hampshire House of Representatives, frustrated with the apparent lack of action by the state Attorney General's Office in the prosecution of former judge John C. Fairbanks, are asking County Prosecutor Marc Hathaway to step in to investigate and possibly handle the case.
${ }^{*}$ We wonder why so many people, many of them elderly, should be left to face this terrible mess alone," said Burling, who read a prepared statement during a press conference held Monday afternoon in the atrium of the Claremont Opera House.
"Continued silence in this case is destructive in the ex. treme. If the case is difficult, let's get some more investigators on it. If the investigation needs apecial skills. let's get some people with those skills. We must not let the corrosive effect of this matter go on any longer," said Burling.
Three weeks ago, Burling and four other members of the SulIivan County delegation wrote to the office of Attorney General John P. Arnold requesting an explanation why no action has been taken on the case.
"To date, we have no response to our letter, not even an acknowledgement of receipt," said Burling, joined for the press conference by Rep. Jane Harland (D-Claremont) and Rep. Carol Stamatakis (DLempster). The letter was endorsed by Rep. Ted Lucier (D. Claremont), who was not present.
"Our purpose today is to ask the Sullivan County prosecutor for assistance in this matter. We believe he may be able to find answers from the Attorney General's Office which we have been unable to elicit. Our further purpose is to ask the county prosecutor to take over the case himself if he can't produce either answers or action," said Burling, who paid a visit himself to the Attorncy General's Office recently.
"I went into the Criminal Division in Concord, left a card.. I was informed that no one who was involved with the investigation was present in the building, and I was assured that I would get a call back. No call came back."
Burling said "this situation is getting worse, not better," cit ing rumors the state judicial system is "dragging its collective feet."
"Ive talked with literally dozens of lawyers in this county and around the state, and the universal response is one of rage, frustration, and confusion."
Burling described the request to involve County Attorney Mare Hathaway a vote of con-
of pressurized situation.
Burling also said a recent conversation confirmed that as early as June 27th the county prosecutor was prepared to go forward, "but I gather was told by the Attorney General's Office to stop, to drop it, that the matter was going to be handled by the Attorney General's Office as soon as a couple of other cases were finished up," said Burling.
"T have every confidence that Mare was ready in late June and is ready now to go forward in this matter, but he's stuck dealing with his boss," said Burling, noting the the attorney general can "essentially tell the county prosecutor what to do."
"Id really like to know what his boss is doing." said Burling.
Rep. Jane Harland added a different perpsective to claims the case "is hard to prosecute because the state doesn't have facilities for investigation of white collar crime"
"I don't think this is that much of a complicated white collar crime. In Claremont, if someone steals $\$ 25$, they get prosecuted for it immediately," said Harland, who said the Fairbanks case has "taken forever."
"My view is that this kind of misappropriation of funds is hard to track," said Burling. "But in the last seven months enough evidence has been submitted in the form of affidavits and complaints formally filed with the Attorney General's office to justify an indictment. I'm making no judgment about whether any guilt would be faund."
"Not even a statement has come out of the Attorney General's Office saying we are actively pursuing this, here is the number of investigators we've got going on this case, here is the way we are looking at the case."
Burling cited public distrust of the legal system as an outgrowth of the case.
"We must face that it's not an era in which the justice system and legal profession are held in very high esteem. We've left a lot of people totally without state assistance in recovering their assets, whether or not criminal intent underlay what went on. Nobody's denying people are out a lot of money. Hundreds of thousands of dollars have just gone away What weve done for these people is say go hire a private attorney...and who knows whether the attorney general will be along in a little bit.' "
Burling wondered aloud why no effort has been made to appoint a receiver, seize all assets, "freeze everything, and do something to help the injured individuals with this awful task of figuring how much is left,
what in thairs what ion't

## Fairbanks files to stay closed

## State Supreme Court denies Burling request

## By HILLARY CHURA

 The Associated PressCONCORD, N.H. The state Supreme Court today denied a request to open professional conduct files of former Newport Judge John Fairbanks, who killed himself after running for four years from charges he bilked clients.

Former state Rep. Peter Burling angued the public deserved to know whether the court's Professional Conduct Committee, which disciplines lawyers, knew about allegations of Fairbanks' wrongdoing before he was indicted and fled.

The court said Burling hadn't questioned whether the rule restricting public access to the files was a good one. The court

The state Supreme Court said former Rep. Peter Burling, D-Cornish, hadn't questioned whether the rule restricting public access to the files was a good one.
also said another avenue exists to change rules governing lawyer misconduct, and it added that a committee is reviewing the rule and issues raised by the confidentiality provision.

Burling, who could not be reached for comment this morning, wanted the files

Please see COURT-Pg. 6)
opened so the Legislature could consider whether hearings should be held on how lawyers are disciplined.
Lawyers are the only professionals not regulated by the Legislature, he said.
Disciplinary files on lawyers are kept secret unless a courtappointed committee recommends the Supreme Court censure, suspend or disbar someone.
"The task of supervising and disciplining attorneys within this state falls squarely upon the shoulders of this court," the court said. "We have always had the inherent power to take reasonable and expeditious action in the suspension or removal of members of the bar for
the protection of the communi ty."
Paul McEachern, the com mittee's lawyer, argued con fidentiality of the accused anc accuser are paramount, even in the Fairbanks case.
Fairbanks, 70, killed himself in a Las Vegas hotel this spring, ending a manhunt that started in December 1989 after he was charged with stealing more than $\$ 1$ million from clients of his private law practice.
Since then, several people who hired Fairbanks to manage their trust accounts accused the conduct panel of ignoring their pleas for help. One of them raised the issue years before Fairbanks was indicted.

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## OPENING JUNE 27



Jenico Orien center, and Suranne Luplen, right Eoth of Comish, lis Bin an Cernh Koumming also of Conish plyy holday muse on an slectronic Euybourd during the Comith Femers Markot Janice Orion. Suzanne Lunien. Connie Kousman

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## FRED SULLIVAN, SHHRLEY SULLIVAN

# Farm Wins Award For Conservation 

By KATHRYN NIEMEL,A
Valley News Correspondent CORNISH - For the second time. the Brokenridge Farm in Corrilsh has been recognized for its land conservation efforts.

And for the first time in the history of Claremont's Sullivan County Conservation District, the annual award has given been given to the same farm twice.
Fred Sullivan, owner of the Brokenridge Farm, said he and hits family do everything passible to conserve the farm's resources.
"Without conservation we wouldn't be able to farm, because conservation is conserving the resources that we have, and if we didn't take care of the soil that we're tilling all the time, we wouldn't have anything left to till we'd lose everything. th'd go right down the river."

The 500-acre dairy farm produces milk and maple syrup, as well as corn and hay to feed the cattle.

Of the 200 head of cattle, 125 cows are milked two times a day, a chore Sullivan said he's been doing for 57 years.
"One of our mottoes on the farm is 'You take care of the soll and the soil will take care of you.' It's helped to maintain the farme" Sullivan observed.

Jan Heighes, district manager of the Sullivan County Conservation District, said Brokenridge is a true fami-

## 66 One of our mottoes on

 the farm is 'You take care of the soil and the soil will take care of you.'It's helped to maintain the farm. 99Fred Sullivan
Owner of the Brokenridge Farm. two-time winner of the Sullivan County Conservation Districl award
ly farm, dedicated to conservation.
"The Sullivans - since 196 when they originally got the award - have consistently on an annual basis shown good stewardship on their land to protect natural resources to improve water quality," she said "They do what they have to do to protect their land and make it far more productive at the same time."
Some of the things the Sullivans have done to their property to earn the award include installing a cattle waste storage facility to improve water quality, as well as installing waterways, which divert water to vegetative surfaces to minimize eroBion
"Any farmer that is going to stay in existence has to practice good soil conservation," Sullivan said "If they don't, they're not long for being in business."

The 50 -year-old Sullivan County Conservation District is a branch of county government designed to protect the county's natural resources.
The award, according Helghes, is given yearly to landowners - be it forest or agricultural land - who have done outstanding work to preserve the natural resources on their land
"Il's consistent application of conservation practices that protect natural resources," Hetiches said.
"They have to do it year after year. It's a culmination of many years of work that constitutes this award. It's not a flash-it-the-pan thing."

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11-23.83
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## EAGLE TIMES

Page As

## Wardens look for person who shot prize

## By GEORGE CHAPPELL

Contributing Writer
A prize Scotch Highland cow belonging to Gabs Zourhoid and Orville Fitch wan shot and killed - possibly by a hunter - last week at Cornish Hill. Fitch farm on Dingleton

Fitch and Zoerheidi found the dead cow Thursday morning in a pasture. The farm is further up the road past the SaintGardens National Historical Site.
"It was not near the road," Zoerheidi said Saturday. "Whoever shot it had to walk in:"

He said he and Fitch, who ls his uncle, think the shooting occurred between 3 p.m.

Wednesday and Thursday morning.
New Hampshire Fish and Game Warden Tod Dakai investigated but has no suspects yet, Zoerheidi said.

Dakai removed the cowls head to be taken to a laboratory in hopes of recovering the bullet, which he believed was still inside, to determine the kind of gun that was used.
-The game warden ditn't think it was an accident," Zoerhoidi said of the shooting.

The cow, of light brown or blonde color with big horns, is lighter than a deer, Zoerheldi said.
*Weave caught a few people jacking dor up here," Zoerheidi said.

George Chappell may be reached by $\sim$ mail af gehapemoverneh.

## JIM LUKASH AND FAMILY

SEE MAPLE SUGAR

SEE ALSO SEPARATE FILES FOR POLICE DEPARTMENT AND FIRE DEPARTMENT


PHOTOS BY TORY DENE
Jaime Richardson, left, and Pat Lulash welcome visitors and bod down syrup to make tartly on snow at Hillside Sugarbush Farm in Comish dunn NH Maple Weekend.

## LUKASH, MAPLE SUGAR

## Sugar producers ply their craft on NH Maple Weekend

## By TORY DENIS

Mar 26i2018
torydateagletimes.com P.l
CLAREMONT - Local maple sugar producers held open houses this weekend, giving out samples of warm syrup and taffy on snow In celebration of the ward annual New Hampshire Maple Weekend, held March 23.24 .

Sugar-makers open their doors to the public here and across New Hampshire to demonstrate both the centurjes-old craft and modern methods of maple sugaring.
At the family-rum Hillside Sugarbush Farm In Cornish. Nick Lukash, his mother Pat Lukash, and several friends and family members welcomed visitors with hot coffee, homemade donuts, and syrup samples, Nick, who helps oversee the maple operation with his father J Im Lukash, demonstriated for visitors how the maple syrup production process works.

The firm operates 1,800 maple taps. As each load of sap is collected and brought to the sugar house, they produce the refined syrup through reverse osmosis, boiling the water off with an oilfired evaporator before drawing


Maple taffy on snow was one of several treats and samples offered to visitors on Saturday Hillside Suparbush Farm in Comish.
out the final product.
They keep the taps maintained through frequent trips on snowshoes, 4 wheeler or snowmobile throughout the season.

The family also makes maple candy, sugar, maple butter, maple cream and other assorted prodacts, along with several sizes of bottled maple syrup, available sea-
sonally at the farm and also at th Cornish General Store.
In Claremont, children play outside in the sun as the owners Twin Hill Farm on Piper Hill Roe fed wood into a fire, boiling syr y down and pouring tally over no in their small, family-run operation

See MAPLE - Page


[^0]PHOTOS EY TORY DENIS

The firm offers bottled naple syrup in varying ifzes, along with homenade jams, at a neighborng farm stand.

Also in Claremont, jwners A.I and Melissa Maranvilte of Sugar Bee Farm greeted visifors on Baturday at the farm's sugar house on Windy Hill Road, where they pave out maple buttered jopeorn and had maple
syrup boiling and products including maplebacon brittle, maple candy pops and handmade wreaths available for purchase.

The Maranvilles are also the owners of the Granite State Hobbies on Pleasant Street in Claremont, and have their maple products available for sale there and at the farm.


Nick Lukash, one of fine opentors at Hillide Sugritush Fam in Comish,


Drip By Drip
JIM LUKASH
Valiov News - Medore Hebs
lim Lukash checks his syrup-in-progress yesterday at Hillside Sugarbush in Cornish. The weather has been cooperating with sugarers so far this season. Page 81.

## footprints of the past

## Barry Faulkner, Muralist



DRAWING OF HAZEL GIBSON AMIDON of Plainfield by Barry Faulkner for the model of the "Apple Girl" for the murals in the Oregon State Capltol Buiding.


CHARLES PLATT, grandson of Charles $A$. Platt, posed for Daniel Webster in the mural by Barry Faulkner, "The Childihood of Daniel Webster" which is in the State House in Concord, N.H. This photograph was taken in 1984.

Barry Fautikner was a member of the Dublin Art Colony although he also had strong ties with the Cornish Colony, he was born in Keene, N.H., July 12, 1881 and died there on October 2, 1966.
Faulkner spent one year at Harvard where he met Homer Saint-Gaudens, the son of Augustus Saint-Gaudens whose home and studio, Aspet, were in Cornish. In the years immediately ahead, he was fortunate to visit Aspet on various occasions and to work for the great sculptor as well.
While in Cornish he often boarded with mrs. George Ruggles and used Ruggles studio, as did artist Cliff Young who also assisted Faulkner with his murals. Cliff Young is now completing the murals in the United States Capitol Building left unfinished when 85 year old Allyn Cox retired in 1981.

Faulkner received a medal from the Architectural League of New York for his "Famous Women." With his career established his commissions included "The Tempest" for Washington Irving High School, "Sea Charts of the World" for the Gunard Building, N.Y., "Dramatic Music" for The Eastman Theatre, Rochester.

Barry Faulkner was also a member of the Comish Equal Suffrage League in 1911.

Faulkner served in World War I in the U.S. Army in the American Camouflage Corps with Homer Saint-Gaudens, Harry Thrasher and Richard Meryman. Following the war, Faulkner collaborated on a memorial to the two slain Fellows of the American Academy in Rome, Harry Thrasher and Walter Ward. Also involved in the project were architect Eric Gugler and sculptor Paul Manship.
Barry Faulkner did a series of mural panels for the new Oregon State Capitol Building in 19371938. He drew the head of Hazel Gibson Amidon of Plainfield as model for the "Apple Girl" in one of the murals.

Charles and Eleanor Platt offered Barry Faulkner the use of a vacant room in their house in Cornish for a studio during the summer of 1933. They found living accommodations for him with Ralph and Susie Jordan in Plainfield. Susie served Sunday breakfast to Barry and his friends, which always included the Platt's. The menu ineluded homemade breat, eggs from her
own hens, jam made with wild strawberries, honey, griddle cakes and maple syrup made by Ralph Jordan. At Frances Grimes suggestion, Barry bought a one-seated Ford Roadster.

In the mid 30's Faulkner bought a sixty acre farm in Keene, N.H., which he named The Bounty. He continued to use it as a summer place until he retired and came to live there permanently.

Faulkner received several New Hampshire commissions, first, for the Elliot Community Hospital in Keene. Then he painted four historical panels for the Senate Chamber in the State Capitol Building in Concord. For the panel entitled "The Childhood of Daniel Webster," Charles A. Platt, son of William Platt, and grandson of Charles A. Platt, the noted Comish Colony architect, posed for young Daniel Webster who was kneeling over a copy of the newly ratified United States Constitution on the floor of a Salisbury general store. Young Platt still maintains a house in Cornish and also serves as a trustee for the Saint-Gaudens National Historic Site.
The mural "Man of Monadnock" for the Keene National Bank followed in 1950, and the "Advent of the Railroad, $1848{ }^{11}$ was painted in 1955 for the Cheshire County Savings Bank in Keene.
Fanlkner died in Keene in 1966.


EUANER'S FERRY - Many ycars ngo Sumner's Ferry sat waiting for a passenger. Also called the Lower Ferry, it could carry one horsis and bugay at a time on tis that barge-like Heck. View is from Plainfield side ef river looking southwest. (Hartland Historical Society

## collection) <br> Sueft $0,196{ }^{\circ}$ Thure SUNNERS FRRRY Sumner's Ferry Once Linked Towns Of Hartland, Plainfield <br> By ELLEN MAYIEEW

Valley News Siaft Writer
HARTLAND - Longtime resfornts of Plainfield and Hartland know there used to be a bridge and later a ferry between the two towns on the Connecticuf River.

It seems strange that two towns can be so widely separated when they are so close, but during the time when there was not a bridge or a terry, there was very poor communication between the towns. Such is the case today.
In 1821 a company was formed and a bridge was built across the river. A freshet later carried it off and $\ln 1841$ another was bullt but this, too, was carried away by a freshet in 1859.
The area around the Connecficut River years ago was liveIy and industrious. Lumber mills sprang up and river boats कere in wide use. The ferry owners always had boats and some tarmers along the river had them. In the winter time, when the ferry boats were not in use, local people used to cross the river on the iec, on which a road was plowed out.

## Summer's Ferry

The Lower Ferry, which was located near what is now Brit. ton's Saw mill, was formerly called Sumner's Ferry,
This ferry was built by David Sumner and was operated by him. The ferry bouse was
located on the Plainfleld side of the fiver where there was also a barn and a few acres of land. This property was bought by Winston Churehill from the estate of Charles C. Beaman, who owned it after David Sumner.

## Business Entrepreneur

Stephen Woodward of Plainfield. lived in the ferry house in the eariy 1900's. He was the last person to operate the ferry.
Summer, who owned the whole town of Dalton, N.H., passed immense quantities of fumber from that place and from others in northern Vermont and New Hampshire down the river to Hartford, Conn., receiving in return West India goods such as salt and fron.
Sumner also had a saw mill up the river near the lower ferry.
The ferry was constructed in the following manner: The boat was rather flat, and could carry a harse and buggy. There was a cable stretched across the river from high up in two trees, one on each side of the river.
The one on the Vermont side was hitched to an old elm tree and several years ago the old cables could be seen from the bank. From one end a rope Was attached to the front of the north side of the boat, and another rope from the other end to the rear of the north side
'Current Powered ${ }^{\prime}$
By meants of a windlass these ropes, could be wound up or let out. The front end of the boat would be headed slightly upstream. By winding up the rope at that end, the force of the current against the north side would be resolved ino two components, one leuding to push the boat forward, and the other simply exerting pressure against the boat.
As the boat neared the other side of the river, the front rope would be let out, and the boat trould straighten, and its momentum would carry it the rest of the way to shore.
Sometimes long poles would be psed to assist in moving the bant.
There have been efforts in passing years to have another bridge built here. Joln Frecman was eager to do something about this and he and some others presented a pelition to the towns concerned with this sometime around 1913. The people at the Meriden end of Plainfield vetoed this article at a town meeting.
It is pretty vague at this point to determine why the townspeople did not vole to have moher bridge buíl. Some say it was the Hartland

## THE FERRY OVER THE CONNECTICUT Helen Bernice Lovell

After seeing Lumber Sky Pilot on Vermont Public Radio while they are having their fund drive, I am reminded of the pulp logs in the twenties of the last century that were floated down the Connecticut River. It was a sight to see the four foot logs riding the current down the river. It seems to me now that the logs have been debarked, but maybe my memory fails me. It was quite a sight to see them. If there was a whole drive coming down, Ashley's ferry could not run. I remember going with my father to cross the river, not on the day of a large drive but there were still some logs coming down. Mr. Haugsrud, the ferryman, was watching very carefully and had his plke pole handy because if a log struck the ferry it could be severely damaged. Watching the logs, he would hurry the ferry along or slow it a little to keep it away from the logs.

I don't believe there are many people around who have crossed on a river ferry. The boat was attached by chains to a cable that is strung across the river. The flow of water is the propulsion that moves the boat from one side of the river to the other. What made the difference was the length of the chains which the ferryman controlled.

It was interesting when there were horses in the ferryboat as some were skittish and some would stay calm. Years back, two of my father's sisters had come to see him and on their return had to cross with the ferry with their horse and buggy to get home to Vermont. Mr. Hausgrud was afraid the women could not control the horse if it was afraid. If the horse panicked, could they control it? The one who owned the horse had much experience with her horses and could handle them well. She got out of the buckboard, took off her coat and put it over the horse's head and stood close to him. All went well and Mr. Hausgrud had nothing to worry about but his own work. I believe he was surprised that a woman knew so much about handling a horse.

The demise of the ferry came almost at the time of the 1927 fall flood. The boat had been pulled from the river to its usual resting place for the winter, but the flood water was much higher than usual so the boat was pounded to pieces. By this time there were more cars on the road and they could easily go across the Springfield or Ascutney bridges. I doubt very much if the ferry was a lucrative business at that point.


# Vern Field has a lifelong 

## love affair with nature

## By- RUTH ROLLINS

 Contributing WriterClaremont - Varnon Field has shown a love for niture all of hill life and has used his photography skille to take pictures of just about any flower and animal one could imagine He also has a wide range of photos of other interesting activities, Including bridges, power dams, fiuh ladders and nature odditiea taken throughout the Connecticut River Valley.
-I have slides to share that were taken from the Canadian border to near Turners Falls, Mans," said Field, who has put theme interesting slides into a video show, that includen engy listening music. This video has boen 25 years in the making." said Field, who entertained residents of the Marion Phillips Apurtmenta recently, with his
first showing
Field has had an astonishing life and has many stories to tell about it. In his carly years be worked at many different jobs, including logging, carpentry, even road building, but always outaide

When Helen Fifield needed to zell her family farm on Tift Road in Cornish after the death of her parents, Field, who had been looking to purchase a place, bought it. With no place to 150 Fifield stayed on. Realizing they both had the same interests, they were married and lived there many years, raising chickons, vegetablea, and selling eggs.
The couple later purchased land on Route 120 in Claremont, where they built their own home, with lumber that he received as pay while working at a lumber

## VERNON FIELD

(see FIELD - Pg. 16)
mill.
Movinge to Claremant in 1946, gardening was still a priority. They were of the old wchool, wpend only what you could afford. They grew their own food, which they stored in their callar (they did not own a refrigerator), "If we couldn't grow it we didn't bave it," suid Field They raised goats for millk and ment.

His love of nature goes back to his early years whem he learned about will flowere while a Btudent in a one-room school in Norwich. Vt. It war at that time that he entered is contest to bee who could find the moat different kinds of wildflowera.

His knowledree of planis was rewarded when he was hired at the Slade Estate is North Cormish, as a groundakceper. Thin allowed him a pnycheck. Later he became in charge of the formal gardens on the Uphum estate in Claremont. He loved working with the noil, and while kceping the gardens up he became more and more interested in learning about the varionil flowen.

He read extensively, and before fie knew it, he became a member of a garden clab, all the while learning more about many species of flowens. It wat during this time that he and his wife decided to make their property into a piece of land the passerby could also enjoy.

With backbreaking Inbor, they cleared the land and planted all kinds of flowors that bloomed throughout the season, many specion too unusual to name. Even the bouldere on the property became attractive, the way they planted around them.

He loved working the land and the results, adding itonewalls
and a water shell over the little brook that cascaded down their hillside, work that made a pictureqque setting. Later he added a gazebo, where visitors could sit to rest.

Field did not become involved with photography until about 1970, Everything was so beautiful around his home that he wanted to document that beauty. He purchased a camera and took pictures of the dozens and dozens of flowars he had planted and oftan sat for hours to get pictures of wildlife and birds. He enjoyed the renults so much that he soon thought of sharing the beauty with others.

Field correlated his many shides and was soon holding slide shows, giving lectures on the many flowers and animale that he bad spent time reseurching knowledge on. An activity that filled the void of employment, after his retirement.

He continued his love for photography after the death of his wife in 1982. Not only talang pictures in the area and several states, but spent three months of a picture taking tour in India, whore he took more than 3,000 pictures of wildlife and flowers. Quite and experience for a man aged 77 at the time. A later excursion took him to Alaska.

His interest in photography found him at one time climbing a very steep hilly wooded area, slipping and sliding, to get shots of the ice out, that almost took out the Cornish-Windsor covered bridge. "I could not get there by highway so I climbed the hill off Town House Road, circling to reach the bridge," said Field. "I was lucky though, the fireman gave the a ride back down Route

## 12A In a boat."

What started as a new ndventure for him when he became interested in photography has renulted in one of the most complete collections of photos and slides available anywhere.

Among the many shows he shured were slides of weathervanes, taken in three states, activities such as hand gliding backpacking the Appalachian Trail, snowmobile races and so mnny othar netivition, including activities at the Cornish Fair and Old Number Four Fort, in Charlestown.

His nature slides had many oddities. One of his slide shows was of a Cornish woman calling beavers out of dam, only to hop on her lap to be fod by her. His history of the Connecticut River and log drive show as been viewed by many, "It is one of my best shows and now all that history of the Connecticut River Valley has been put on this video, ${ }^{\text {E }}$, aid Field.

Field resided at his home on Route 120, where he kept up the landscaped ground, until moving to the Marion Phillips Apartments in 1992. At age 92 (but one would think much youngor) he has given up lectures and slide shows, many of them using his Yankee wit to bring laughil of joy from those attending, but his love and knowledge of the history of the Valley, still has to be shared and he has chosen this video an bis way of doing it.

Anyone wishing to view the video entitled "My Tribute to the Connecticut River and its Valley" as a program for an organization, or that would just like to view it, contact Field ist the Marion Phillips Apartments on Broad Street.

## FOLLOWING PAGES DEAL WITH BUSINESS, INDUSTRY, TRADE



# Beauty at Lower East Gardens Greenhouse 

## By RUTH ROLLINS Contributing Writer <br> CORNISH - Lawer East

 Road Gaxlons Greenbouse off Route 120 in south Cornish offers a varinty of flower and vegetable plants and seeds for the gardenenIt offer well iturted tomato. squash, bean, pepper, cabbuge and cauliflower plants, an well as an array of peronnials, berbs and annuals. There also use hanging plante, panaien and mores

Whinkey
harmil
for
planters, decurative water cans and garden signs, ganden tools and magnets for llower thecorations are among other offorings. There are alen garden statues and therels much-nexded bagged top moil, pottinyt noil. baric mulch and manure:

Travia Dube, who was running the business for hie mom wants customers to know corn has been planted and will bo available.

The greenhouse opened last sumpuer Hours aro 10 a.m. 66 n.m. excent for Wednesday.


Esersky's Hardware and (inset) new owner Ray Evans:

## Ray Evans is New Owner of Esersky's.

Esersky's Hardware is a blend of the old and the new, a beautiful old brick building built in 1833. It houses all the latest in power equipment for industrial, commercial and home use. Ray Evans, new owner, wants to retain the flavor of an old country store and make it your headquarter for useful hard to find items. Since Mr. Evans bought the business on Nov, 1, 1977 from Jim \& Dot McCusker he has expanded the wood stove line, added more wood burning accessories and Aladdin kerosene lamps. He has also stocked bird see, bird feeders and supplies.

Esersky's has wood stoves to fit every need including Jotul, Riteway, Ashley, Huntsman, All Nighter, Down Drafter, Suburban, Upland, Patriot, Atlantic, Woodsman, Centennial and Franco Belge. They also stock a complete line of stove pipe and fittings, chimney brushes, furmace cement and stove polish. In addition the store carries a complete line of power \& hand tools for home and business featuring Milwaukee, Starrette, and Black \& Decker, Benjamin Moore paints and accessory items. Future plans include a seperate room for paints and supplies.

You will find many gift items - such as crock pots, toasters, corning ware, blenders, corn poppers, cast ironware, Chicago cutlery, and blenders - just to mention a few. If you need an axe, wedge or splitting maul you are sure to find them and much more at Esersky's.

Ray Evans came to Claremont from Hudson, Ohio. He was employed as plant manager for Stouffer foods in Solon, Ohio, for 4 years and prior to that was plant manager at Howard Johnson's, Brockton Mass, for 11 years. Ray, his wife Loretta and their 3 children, Ray: mond, 13, Kristen, 9, and Sarah 1/2, are currently living in Newport. They are searching for land on which to build a home of their own.
J. M. NELSON


OW OPEN - The Cornish Riverhouse Gift Gallery and Gardens on Route 12A in ornish opened its doors to the public on Nov. 25 . The Riverhouse will be open throughut the holiday season from $11 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$, to $7 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. Tuesday through Sunday. (Ruth Rollins hoto)

RIVERHOUSE GIFT GALLERY


IVERSE ITEMS AVAILABLE - Ruthunn-Marie Lang, owner and operator of the ornish Riverhouse Gift Gallery and Gardens, stands beside some of the hand-crafted ems available for purchase. (Ruth Rollins photo)


Nathan and Sherry Cass work on a coffin In their Cornish shop. (Valley News-Tom Woife)

# NateCass,SherryCass Opened Some Eyes When They Started Coffin Business 

## By PAT Y0LDES

Valley News Correspondent
CORNISH - When Nathan Casy's tather died last year, be and his brother Gary went to the funeral home to select a casket. Cass didn't like whit he sut
They sere either poorly made or much too expensive," he said
Unis a reatient telker ehis ap prectstes egod uorkmanahip, decided that he could builif a cackent himself that would be better and cheaper than any of those offered by the funeral director So be polled ont a tape mearure, made a few meastirements and went home to do just that.
It took him two days to construct his father's casket.
"I sat and thought for a long time first." he commented.
His profect attracted a lot of attention in the woodworking shop in Cornish Flat that he operates with his wife Sherry At first many people thought he was joking The lumber dealer where he bays all of his wood refused to believe that he was serious. Some people fold him what he was doing was ilegal
"People told me that I bad to buy one from a funeral director," he said "But I found out that there was no reamn why I conidn't build my own. Someone has to make them."
As the word spread, Cass's neighbors began dropping in to see his project Once they realited that he was serious. many people told him it was a good idea. Cass realited there might be a market for simple, inexpensive, handcrafted caskets.

After his tather's funeral he built another one, which now sits, along with bookcases, bird houses, and wooden toyn in the small shostoom adjoining his shop
It is a simple but dignified box with natural finsh pine and a plain wooden cross on the top This sample model sells for 5150 , and Cass expects to have evveral others finished soon. He plans Ii fuve two or three on hand alt the time. ready for finishing according to the purchaser's choice
The display model is a "real conversation piece," Cass said. "People come in here and they do a double take when they see it."
Making caskets at home is an old tradition. The early settlers made them for family members. just as they made everything else they needed for their homes and farms. Later caskets were made by local craftsmen in each town. Cornish had at least one casket shop in the 1800s, on Blow-Me-Down Brook near the Plainfield line

Cass belleves that his work will uppeal to people who are interested in returning to a simpler, more sellsufficient way of life. For thase who want to carry self-sufficiency one step further he plans to offer his casket in kit form at a lower price. The kit would include pre-cul lumber and all the hardware necessary to assemble it with common fand tools.
"T even have the name picked out." he said "Cass-Kits"
Proud of his work. Cass feels that his father's hand-crafted casket was more meaningfut to his family than a purchased ane would have been. He thinks


Nathan Cass makes sure the latches on the coffin work. (V News-Tom Wolfe)
that there may be otbers who would like to revive this pld tradition.

Although the demand for his product thas been siow so far, Case believes it vill increase as more peopie become
aware of its availahitity. Meanwhi is furning out more common products - bookease, hatches kitchen cabinets, or as the slogann business card reads, "Eivery From Cradies to Caskets-

## Resource Optimization Technologies, Tim Schad

\title{

Composting tested in Cornish

\section*{By RUTH ROLLINS

## By RUTH ROLLINS Contributing Writer

CORNISH - Resource Optimization Technologies is a Cornish-based company involved in the design, building and siting of in-vessel compont systems
It's a company that could provide the answer to treating organic waste and enable communities to treat organic waste as a resource, not to bury it in a landfill, or burn it in an incinerator, but to collect it. process it and turn it into compost that could be used again in a safer manner.
"There is no question the process is a very well-proven one," said Tim Schad, majority owner and manager. "It is welldocumented in Europe and the United States. All we are doing is trying to do it on a small volume basis."
According to the company, it is unproductive to use landfill space for organic waste, and unsound and unnecessary to incinerate organic waste. Composting would substantially reduce the waste stream and produce a reuseable resource.
"By designing small systems, the compost process will be made available to everyone and could solve waste stream problems within communities, where the aroblem must be addressed," said Schad. Research suggests that the volume of organic waste treated by composting can educe the waste stream by 60 percent, a ignificant reduction. By combining a comoost program with un active recyeling orogram, it is estimated that the volume of vaste that needs to be incinerated or

The machine has been used to compost sawdust, wood chips, paper, yard and kitchen waste and livestock manure during the project's research.

Composting is the decomposition of organic waste, which happens with or without man's intervention. Successful composting, however, involves combining materials to obtain the desired carbonnitrogen ratio, so that decomposition will occur at an optimum level.
After the materials are collected, they are loaded into a charging chute of the composting vessel where a Rot-O-Matic turner, which is similar to a high speed rototiller, is located. It has sharp knives that cut and reduce waste to particle size to allow microbes to enter faster.
The materials are mechanically turned for a seven-day period, during which time the contents are monitored for temperature and moisture level until "thermophile aerobic degradation" is achieved.
The process offers optimum acration along with particle reduction and eliminates the need for pre-shredding of material. The turning process reduces any odor problem from the in-vessel composting.
The highly automated control system eliminates the need for constant monitoring, allowing for flexibility in site man-

After the turning process, the materi then conveyed from the vessel to encl atorage by use of a loader. Once within itorage shed, the compost is cured for days, after which it is ready for 1 application
The end product of the process develo by Resurure Optimization Technologie hamogenized, of uniform particle size ready for horticultural or agricultural age
The rescarch and development of comporting machine has taken place the property of North Country Door, ass by Nathan and Sherry Cass of Corm allowing them to compost the cabinet at byproducts, instead of having a tr: hauler pick them up for disposal.
The machine has been used to comp sawduat, wood chipa, paper, yard a kitchen waste and liveatock manure d ing the project's research.
Profensor Andrew Friendiand, a speci ist in forest biogrochemistry at Dartmou College, has been analyzing the comp material to determine nutrient a metallic composition and the final compe product has been tented by Dr. Pet Pappas, chemistry profensor at the Univ sity of Massachusettia
Several other professons at Dartmou College have also shown an interest in 1 project. Data from the testing program h been used to make necessary refinemen to the procese.
The groal of Resource Optimization Tec nologies is to offer proven in-vessel sy

## Bittersweet offers variety of timely gifts

CORNISH FLAT, N. $\mathrm{H}-\mathrm{B}$ tersweet Antiques and Gifts, located off Route 120 on School Street, offers a varied amount of items.

A large assortment of gift wrap and greefing curds, as well as inespensive gifts are available. Speciat Items include coffee mugs in both colonial and flowered prints and mups will be available following most holliday themes

Antiques available are mostly Early American or Colomial, and include a pine table, pine cottage chest, a Jenny Lind bed, spool table, clocks and lanterns.
An assortment of china includes ironstone and a set of Minton china. Wood carved birds that look as if they were alive, carved by Augle Dworak. Cornish, and placed in the shop on consignment could make an attractive purchase.
The business opened in October with both Caroline Storrs and her mother, Hannah Schad, as proprietors Both Storrs and Schad encourage visitors to drop In. whether to buy or to browse.
The shop is lucated in the newly renovated Thomton House, across Route 130 from Power's Country Store


Caroline Storrs is on hand to serve the customers at Bittersweet Antiques and Gifts, Cornish Flat. (Ruth Rollins Photo)

SUNDAY EAGLE TIMES, September 7, 196617


JESSICA AND JARED BELLAVANCE; Claremont, were among visitors at the grand opening of the Mouse Menagerie of Fine Cralts recently, A moose and a rein-
deer were stuffed toys the childrea found interesting in the Christmas corner of the shop (Ruth Rollins Photo)

## The Mouse Menagerie opens in Cornish

COFNISH, N. $\mathrm{H}:-$ Shelia and Scott Kearns held an open house at their new gift and craft shop, Route 120, Cornish Flat, Safuriay, The "Mouse Menagerie of Fine Cralts" offers mice of many lizes, some ay tiny as an inch and othern several feet tall.
One display case holds the "Friends" serles, 52 diffurent mice. including mice outfitted as firemen, policemen, a postman, a ghost, a gardener, a bride and groom, a secretary, complete with steno pad. graduate and Mr. and Mrs. Santa Clats.
As well as the mice line, the Kearns feature many other crafts. Handerafted Items by area craftsmen include pottery, handblown glass iterrs, hand-dipped candles, quilt pleces, walt tangings, quilts and special quilted pillow:
The shop also has colorfut bosiguets of both sill ind dried flowers. timpt: clicies ithoultag हherse
boxes, pencil drawings, featuring the Cornish Covered Bridge, and a display of embossed greeting cards.

Also featured are wooden folk art items and magnets as well as a special "Christmas" comer, which Includes ornaments, handmade wooden trains, fire trucks and tractors and numerous stuffed toys.

The Kearns started the micing business in their home, a business which has grown rapidly, with mice being shipped to many states, sold through a catalog.

The shop is the culmination of dreams and hard work and has included their children, Michelle and Brian, and Sheila's parents, Norman and Marion Hickey, Springfield. All have helped to make the business muccessful.

The Kearns also employ several people who pick up materials and supplies weekly, and who do sewing at their homes for the "Mouse Minagrile" Some sew dresses,
some dress "Friends," and some work on the miniature line. Some workers complete bodies and some work only on accessories. All workmanship is inspected by Sheila Kearns before it is put up for sale.

The materials are all cut by Scott on a huge table, designed especially for this purpose, from many bolts of cloth stored adjacent to the shop.

The Kearns exhibit their mice at the annual League of New Hampshire Craftsmen Show and the New England Buyers Market at the Civic Center, Hartford, Conn., as well as other gift and arts and crafts shows. Their Molly Doorstop mouse has been included in the Orvis Clothing and Gifts catalog.

The Mouse Menagerie offers gifts by artisans from around the country, and will be open Monday through Saturday 10 a.m. to $5 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. and Sunday afternoons till 5 p.m. now through Dec, 24


Vitaline Carpenter

## VW Thursday

Jim Howard attaches an oak-strip to-a barrel he's making in his workshop in Cornish. He and a partner sell the barrels and other craft items from a new shop, the Wood and Barrel Barn.

Page 19.
Vadey News -
Dan thanting


Jim Carpenter


# A Product For <br> The Hair <br> And 

 Jim Liggett, Liggett's Former Ad Man Seeks Niche In Today's Market With Old-Fashioned
## By RICK JURGENS

Valley News Staff Writer CORNISH - As an art director on Madison Avenue, Jim Liggett won a Clio award for his work on an advertising campaign that used the Pink Panther cartoon character to sell insulating material
Now, he says, he draws upon that background to sell the shampoo he produces in a converted barn that stands next to his house on Route 12A. He says he wrote and illustrated most of his marketing materials himself. "I didn't have the money to hire somebody," he explained.
His shampoo is labeled "handmade in New England," an appellation that has better connotations than "handmade in New Hampshire," he says. Vermontmade has a good cachet, he says, but he is on the wrong side of the Cornecticut River to claim that label.
$0 c+16,145>$
66 If you know anything about being simple, it's usually the most difficult thing you can find. 99

Jim Liggett
Maker, J.F. Lipgett's
Old-Fashioned Bar Shampoo
Liggett was born in Nebraska but says the inspiration for his featured product - J.R. Liggett's OldFashioned Bar Shampoo - is authentic. "I found an old formula (for shampoo) in an old New England recipe book," Liggett says.
Liggett, who first made soap as a 5 -year-old assistant to his greataunt, said he experimented with the recipe he found and tried it out on


# Shampoo Marketed With Old-Fashioned Zeal 

## Continued from page E1

his friends. When they came back for more, he faced the question of how to go about marketing his own product. His wife - Diane Miller, who stiil commutes to New York for her work in the film industry - helped him develop the "old-fashioned" concept that became the theme for his marseting elfort.
The selling points listed on the packages of J.R. Liggett's came irom discussions with 50 or 60 people about what they look for when they ouy shampoo. "I simply fed it back to them," he says.
Liggett, whose Clio trophies are inscribed with the name Jim, said he reviewed hundreds of potential brand names before reaching the apparenty simple conclusion that his own inifals and last name would work best on his shampoo labels. "If you know anything about being simple, it's usually the most difficult thing you can ind," he says.
The farm property he and Miller found in Cornish also took some iffort to find. The couple decided hey "wanted a place we could end ip where we eventually got out of New York City," Liggett said. They pegan looking in the states that border New York for a farm near a body of water, between 25 and 100 acres, old and with "commercial abilities," ne said.
In 1982, after they extended their search into northern New England, bey found their property about : nile south of the covered bridge to Vindsor, They tried selling groceries rom a taadside stand an exneri-

## Liggett says his advertising background was "impera-

 tive" for the startup of his shampoo company, especially in package design. Buying his own services on theopen market would have cost "hundreds and hundreds of thousands of dollars."
ment that Liggett now calls "part of the delusion of moving to the country."
Liggett, who will turn 50 in Jamuary, said that after acquiring the farm he decided it was time to move on from Ogilyy \& Mather, a large advertising agency, where the rule of thumb was there are no 40 -year-old art directors."
That led him to look for a way to make a living in the Upper Valley, "I could have moved up here and started an advertising agency," Liggett says. But running a small local agency would have been tough to swallow after being involved in mul-timillion-dollar campaigns on behalf of large corporations.
"To come up and here and wheedle and dweedle over hundreds of dollars would have driven me insane," he said. "I was lucky enough to be able to transfer what $I$ knew to something else."

He says his advertising background was "imperative" for the startup of his shampoo company, especially in package design. Buying his own services on the open market would have cost "hundreds and hundreds of thousands of dollars," he said.

That wasn't feasible for such a
small company, where annual sales have not reached $\$ 1$ million although they are well over $\$ 100,000$, according to Liggett.

That's small enough to prompt Liggett to be on the lookout for every potential sale. The bar shampoo can be used as a shaving lotion, he suggests to one balding visitor sleeptical about the value of any premium shampoo.

Still, Liggett promotes his product mainly as a shampoo since he belleves many customers associate versatility with mediocrity.
The shampoo is sold through distributors to natural food retail stores, through representatives to gift shops and directly to some pharmacies. But don't look for it in big discount stores, Liggett says, because selling in such outlets would compromise the premium image of the shampoo, which retails for $\$ 5$ a bar.
The business has operated hand-tomouth and without deep pockets, Liggett says. Profits have been invested back into the company.

Growing that way helped avold the expensive pitfalls of spending money to create demand for the shampoo in excess of what the company could produce, or producing more shampoo than the company could sell, either
of which could have proved fats small enterprise, he said.

Liggett, with the help of one time employee and a bookke manufactures shampoo in a where he formerly sold antique

The shampoo, with ingres that include olive, coconut and a oils, is heated in an apparatus bears a resemblance to a map evaporator, in batches that are ed into large sheets, which arec into 1,600 bars. Liggett sai designed all of his production ment himself, aside from a p heavy wrapping machines in a room.

Prior to the arrival of machines, each bar was wrapped, which slowed down pr tion, Liggett says.

He is satisfied with his curren duction setup, which at full could turn out 25,000 to 30,000 b month.

Liggett reports that his recen minute appearance on the QVC at-home channel generated abo sales of an offering that inclu bar of shampoo and a wooden s poo shelf. The network's pr strategy - charging more that including shipping, for a pa that he suggests sell for about dampened viewer response, he

With a marketer's characte optimism, Liggett insists it is in tant that any profile of his com include that the names of his retail outlets -the Han Consumer Co-op Society and the England Soap \& Herb Co Lebanon- so that he is not whelmed by calls afterward.

# Hardy's Salve Turns 150 

## By ANDY CORRIGAN <br> Valley News Staff Writer

CORNISH - Another chapter is drawing to a close in the long story of Hardy's Genuine Salve - a medicinal concoction made in Cornish for 150 years.

Robert LaClair, 70, says he is the latest to hold the secret formula to make the salve. "Recipes are for cooking. Formulas are for salve," he explained, adding that he is ready to pass the formula along

Now that the Hardy's salve busi-

## Valley Business

 ness is 150 years old - an anniversary LaClair celebrated with friends and neighbors last weekend - it's for sale, he said, sitting in the living room of his small house on a hill overlooking Cornish Flat."The money will tell who gets it," he said, though he cheerfully declined to say how much the rights to manufacture the salve are worth or who might be interested in buying them.
"It would be nice if it all stayed in Cornish, though," he said,
What does Hardy's Genuine Salve do? Why, it is supposed to cure lame backs, chilblains, cracked hands, splinters, cuts, bruises, corns, and callouses. Just read the lable wrapped around the waxy 5 -inch sticks.
"First it takes the hurt out," said LaClair, heating the end of a stick with a match to soften it for a demonstration. Once the stick was warmed up, he applied a blotch to his knuckle.
"Then it heals with a healing agent. Ever look at a butcher's hands - how nice and white and smooth they are? That's because he works with tallow, which is in the salve,"

LaClair starts with beeswax, rosin and tallow as a base, cooking it up in a large pot. As it cools he adds "the essential oils" at just the right temperature. "If it's too hot, it'll evaporate the oils," he said.

Some of the other ingredients to the salve are listed on the stick wrappers: "Oil of Organum-compound, Barbadoes Tar, Oil Amberrectified, Pure Spirits of Turpentine."

LaClair pours the gooey mixture into the wrappers which he places, rolled up, into wooden molds. The molds are housed in a small room not much bigger than a closet inside his house. They can produce 612 sticks of salve at a time, he said.

LaClair boils up batches of the salve only in the spring because nighttime temperatures then are most conducive to cooling, he said. He sells the sticks for $\$ 5$ each by mail order to customers as far away as Idaho, Oregon and California.
${ }^{4}$ My best state is Pennsylvania, New York is second, Massachusetts is third, " he said, adding that New Hampshire and Vermont are fourth and fifth respectively in sales. "It's the older people that know of it. Some of the younger ones stick up their noses,"

He said he is not exactly sure just how the salve works - "I'm not a chemist." But he is sure that it does, he said.

The salve was made for the first time by Dr. Samual Hardy of Cornish in 1836. Legend has it that the good doctor got its secret (Continued on page 27)

- SALVE


Valley Nows - Larry Crow Robert LaClair poses with molds for Hardy's Genuine Salve, company that has been in business for 150 years. LaClair say he is thinking of selling the small mail-order business, which h runs in Cornish. The salve is said to cure lame backs, chilblains cracked hands, splinters, cuts, bruises, corns, and callouses.

## Salve

(Continued from page 19) formula from a Cayuga Indian in New York State.

Hardy turned the formula over to his sons Charies and Philemon C. Hardy in 1869. They sold it to a neighbor, George Hunt, in 1885. Hunt eventually turned it over to his wife and then to his two sons.

LaClair is originally from Sutton, Vt., and moved to Cornish in 1931. He operated a road construction company for a time and retired after 13 years as road agent for town in 1977.

The Hunt brothers sold the Hardy's Genuine Salve business to Milton Sklar of Claremont sometime
in the 1950s, but Sklar contracted with the Hunts to have them continue making the salve in Cornish. LaClair bought the rights to Hardy's Salve in 1965. "I said then that I'd try to keep a hold to it until it was 150 years old, and I wondered if I was going to make it," he said.
He has survived a bout with cancer and a triple bypass heart operation last December.
Hardy's Genuine Salve never made LaClair a rich man, but he said he believes it might have. "A man told me once that if you promoted it right you'd be a millionaire. Well, I never wanted to be a millionaire," he said.


SALVE SALE - Boh laCialr, Ief, recently sold his Hardy Salve Co. so Boh and Eileen Weaver.

## (Wayne Cartor Ihoto) <br> Salve formula sold to Weavers

CLAREMONT. N.İ - BOb laClair of Comish Flat has pateed on the "ererol formula."

Bob and Eileen Woavor. Claremont, recently purcluserd the Hurdy Salve Co., one of the oldest manufacturing companion in New llampahire,

Tho Wenvera purchamed the company not only to preserive the historic value, but bocnumo the sulve works no woll. I'hn

Weavers have used the salve for four years in their forist shop for cracked fingers, thoms, eplinters and cuks. It sootheo the hurt almost immedianily and heala it rapidly. Ovir the years the aulve has been used loy farmers, carpenters, and meat cutters. Few householdm wese ever without tho trusty attck of Hardy's Genuino Salve.

Hurily's Genuine Salve in " black croyon-like stick nand
when warmied, Is appliod to a Bnmilalis to onvor the affected area.

The ualve will cuntinuo to be mated In Corniah and can be purchased at Colanial Fluriat, Hannan \{'harmacy. \&owere Counsty Storo, Emerriky's Harriware, und Moume Msennzurle.

Hardy'n Sialve ta curently on display in the apectiocary nt tho Shelharno Mlumaum, Shetburne.

Windsor Chronicle. Windsor, Vermont

## Footprints of the Past <br> by Virginia Colby

## Help for the Housewife



## HILLSIDE CREA MERY, CORNISH, N. H.

Hillside Creamery

W
Invented, many "creameries" were soon established in farning areas. This process of separating the cream from the milk by mpid rotation had always been done by hand and usually by the housewife. So the invention of machinery to do the work was of great value, especially to the wife, who was usually regarded as the "buttermaker" of the family.
The Cornish Creamery, a cooperative company, was established at Cornish Flat in 1888. It annually distributed between ten and fifteen thousand dollars among its patrons.
Myron Quimby repors that his grandfather used the Cornish Creamery Later, his father, made his own butter, but bought skimmed milk from the ereamery to raise the calves on.
The Comish Creamery went on to win many important awards under the management of Edwin L. Child. Child was a Cornish native educated at the N.H. Agricultural College associated with Darmouth College. He bacame interested in butter making and graduated from the Vermont Dairy School at Burlington. He was superintendent of the Cornish Creamery from 1897-1909. He successfully competed with 972 of the leading creameries and dairies in this country and Canada, and at the Pan-American Exhibition at Buffalo in 190t, winning first honors in every case except one. At the Paris World's Exhibition in 1893 his butter scored highest of all N.H. butter and was awarded the only gold medat coming to the state. Twice he captured the grand sweepstakes prize of the state, winning the silver trophy offered by the Granite State Dairymen's Association.
The Gcorge Stowell Litrary in Cornish has a signboard listing the Cornish Creamery expenses per day for help. EI Child - 51 AI, BE Huggins - $72 \xi$, EB, Humt $-41 \varepsilon$, A.H. Freeman - 65 c, R. Emerson - 59 c . Total for 5 men \$3.78,
Bert Huggins was the last superintendent of the Cornish Creamery and he left in 1918 to become an instructor at the University of New Hampshire. The Creamery building was sold and became a private dwelling.
The Hillside Creamery, located in the western section of Cornish just opposite the Cornish-Windsor covered bridge, was incorporated March 30, 1889. It was through the efforts of Charles C. Beaman that the Hillside Creamery was built. The old Israel Hall house was tom down to make way for the creamery building. By May 18 of that year the new roof was on and on July ist the Hillside Creamery began to receive milk. In 1899 a new ice house was buitt and it was Biled with ice from the Blow-Mc-Down pond.
Beaman was interested in improving his dairy herds and breeding the best possible stock. He had a prize Jersey
bull whose portrait was painted by artist George deForest Brush in 1893. This Jerscy bull's portrait was shown during the art exhibit in 1985, "A Circle of Friends: Ast Colonies of Cornish and Dublin."
Many local farmers patronized the Billside Creamery including the Westgate family, and it was also casily accessible for farmers from the Windsor ares. A director's report to the stockholders for the first six months the creamery was in operation averaged 55 patronis a month. 5,235 pounds of butter per month. The farmers were paid $181 / 2$ cents per pound for the buiter. The directors felt that this was a good beginning. The directors for the Hillside Creamery included: Chester Pike, Dwight Tuxbury, Sylvester E. Hoisington, George M. Hodgman, William E. Westgate, Erasms Reed, Samuel N. Stone, William H. Barrett, Maxwell Evarts, and William E. Chadboume.
At one time C.H. Waterhouse was superintendent, but tendered his resignation to accept the appointment of chief of the dairy department of the Agricultural College at Durham, N.H.
On November 28, 1916 the Hillside Creamery bumed. The newspaper headlines read:

## Big Creamery At Cornish Burns

 Severe Set-Back to Community Loss Estimated at $\$ 5,000$. Speciat to the Union. (Manchester, N.H.)Cornish, Nov. 28 - "The Hillside Creamery burned to the ground today, entailing a loss of nearly $\$ 5,000$, it is estimated, and throwing a half dozen hands out of employment, as well as interfering materially with the conisumption of local dairy prodacts.
The Hillside Creamery docs a large business with local farmers and it ships its products considerable distances. having established a good reputation during the past years. The creamery was two and a hall stories high, about 50 feet long and 30 feet wide, and wals of good comentaction,

The Creamery was never rebuilt.

## The Windsor Chronicle <br> Official Newspaper for the Eirthplace of Vermont Call farales at (8002) 674:2975

## Cornish ZBA approves controversial

By GEORGE CHAPPELL Contrityuting Writer

CORN1SH - The Curnion Zoning Board of Adjustment unanimously appraved an application by Jett Lamonreax and Buchy Demers lant week for 40 atutomobile and sma!l-t.rack repair facility in a commercial bulding located in a rural zone on Routo 120
The approval marke the end of two years of controversy aurroundibg the property.

Built more than $\$ 0$ yenrs aro as ans auto repair facility, the builjith became a log tranafer center under previous owner Max Jewell, who subsequently sold the properfiy to Lamoureux.
Demer's intil Lamouresx in October had asked the bamrd for permission to offer nuto - repair bervice un - Lamoureux's Rauto 120 prop-
erty, which includes the lwo. bay commertial garsge hulld. ing

The building's legal use then wat as a logging opuration that alao allowed the compary's logging trucles na accessory use.
The property is in a rurel residential zone.
The bnard denied thedr petition Oel 28 because there connot be two primary baien on il property, wuch an logging and ato repair. in the 1971 bwhling.
The owners appealed to the zoning board ob Doe. 2 affes Mas Jewell the provions owner, droppent a dead remtriction lus hat Imposed.
sowell. who bought the propurts in 1978 , had conyarted it to a storage place for loges in 1981. In 1995, he leased it to Glohal 'Timber, which treated loge with
parnfifin conting before shipping them to bverseat mirkuts.
The 2BA in Jammary thensed the application by Lamoureux and Demers for is special exception, stating that Jewell's logging operaLiot was a non-conditional nee of the property, and the applicasion would have meant applying if non-conditional use upon a non-conditional use, whith is against the town's zaning ordmanace, accordstg ta Kirim Chichadely, 2BA chairmnn

At the ZBA meeting March 3. Demers presentod is petilion with 66 mames of Comatah residents supparting the application for an nuto repair facility. The applicants listud hours of operiation 9 i.m -5 p.m., Monday. Friday. and $9 \mathrm{~m} . \mathrm{m}$. io fomen on

Saturdny
The existing building Etrature will remain the eame, a two bay garage with additional bays in the back The property border will not change.

Signs will include one on the front of the building, one out front and an inspection aign. There will ko no lloar drains

Waste oil and antifreeze will be placed in containers and recycled.

The number of cars will average 55 a week, with eight to 10 a dny, Mondny-Friday, and Five on Saturday From 13 to 15 cars will be on the lot for averflow

Any nfter-hours wark will be done on persomal cata nnly,

The board in its deliberation revlewed and voted on each of the five conditions for
a ₹ariance:

- The proposed use would not diminish property valnes because of the garage becnuse the applicants have already worked to heautily the property and keep it clean, aaid board member Caroline Storrs. Alternate Dale Ruok said he had consulted a real estate agent who told him the change in use would not downgrade the property.
- Granting the variance wild not be contrary to the public interest. The board felt that an auto repuir facility would be in the public's best interest
- Denial of the variance would reatult in unnecessary hardship to the owner becnuse the bullding may not be put io any other use, health, safety and welfare of $t$ he town will not be adverse-


## garage

Iy affected, and the warinne would not injure the publie o private rights of others.

* Granting the yariane would do substantial jutic bescase Lamourenx pur chnsed the building with th idea of operating an aut repair facility, and would no do unnecessary harm adjoining property awners a the kown of Cornish.
- The use is in keepin with the spirit of the ord? nance because Route 120 is commercial why with othe businesses that serv Cornigh, 日uch us Rawmill gravel pits, eampgrounds utility struoturos and com municntion towers, and th property had if grandfothere むลe as an auto repair facilit hofore zeining.

George Chappell can b reached by e.mail gchap@sovernef.


OPEN FOR BUSINESS - Bucky Demers and Jeff Lamoreux, owners of the Straightaway Auto Service, located on Route 120 in Cornish, say their expectations for business have doubled since opening in March. Meanwhile, abutters have appealed to Sullivan County Superior Court to shut the garage down, the owners say, (George Chappell photo)

## The Trade Show Packed Them In

## By DAVID WHEELER

## Valley News Staff Writer

HANOVER - Jim Blackmon wanted to sell a truckload of waterbeds. Robert and Mariet Jaarsma wanted to sell some wooden shoes. Paula Gray wanted to show people what Jazzercise looks like.

Each of the 85 exhibitors at the sixth annual Upper Valley Home and Trade Show over the weekend came with different goals, but all hoped to get their product or service in front of new people.
"All together we can pull people here that we can't pull individually." said Blackmon. "It's the mall theory of retailing.

The mall theory apparently worked, because the show attracted 9,000 visitors, establishing is new attendance record and topping last year's total by 3,000 visitors.

Jim Wechsler, executive director of the Lebanon Chamber of Commerce and one of the organizers of the event, said. "One-third of the exhibitors come for exposure, onethird, come for retail sales, and one-third come for future sales (from follow-ups on customer contacts)."

For Blackmon, the show was a chance to present his product to "qualified buyers" who don't normally walk by his store on Allen Street in Hanover. Because Blackmon's store is fairly small. he can't display waterbeds there. Exhibiting them at the show let adults reassure themselves that they won' get seasick romping on a waterbed.
"This is the best way we can inform the uninformed buyer." Blackmon said

He ordered waterbeds especially for the show, and put them on sale, Last year, he sold the last waterbed ordered for the show five minutes after the show officially closed.

Rohert Jaarsima of Cornish decided recently he wanted to try to sell a few wooden shoes as a sideline to his fulltime job as sales manager at Cone-Blanchard Machine Co. Jaarsma ordered a couple hundred pair from Holiand, where be is Irom. Last Thursday, he decided at the last minute he wanted to exhibit at the home and trade show, find Wechsler squeczed him in.
Jaarsma remembered wearing nothing but wooden shoes as a child during World War II, and his parents Attached pieces of tire to the bottom of the shoes so they wouldn't wear out. Now be is selling them as an alternative to clogs or sandals. The wooden shoes need no maintenance, last a long time, have good support and are easy to slip on and off. Jaarsma said. He said they are good for mud season, camping or trips to the mailbox or the barn.

The American who first slips on the shoes may feel a little bit like a penguin, because the shoes are light but much larger than regular shoes. Mariet Jaarsma said children, less Inhibited than their parents about how different the shoes look, take quickly to the sound and feel of the shoes.

Paula Gray was another exhibitor trying to accustom the Home and Trade Show crowds to something new. Gray is one of two women in Vermont who teaches Jazzercise, a method of exercising to music. Gray started in September with eight customers, Now she has 200 .

She didn't try to register people for the exercise sessions at the home and trade show, Instead, she showed people what it is like.

She and some of her friends did periodic demonstrations on the floor of Thompson Arena, moving vigorously to lively songs. The Jazzercisers were occasionally joined by children, a clown and salesmen from adjacent booths. Gray said many people would be too shy to show up at a class if they didn't have an idea of what it is like, so the trade show was a good opportunity to show a lot of people that you don't have to be a dancer to Jazzercise.

Other exhibitors used raffles and give-aways to collect names and addresses of potential customers, If you want to win a free chimney cleaning, the reasoning goes, then you might be interested in paying for one too.


Valley News - Kris Robert J. Jaarsma of Cornish sells wooden shoes at the Upper Valley show

## CORNISH JAIL,

## TOM SPAULDING

See separate digital file for Cornish Jail;

## Available at CHS Collection Page at the

## Town Web Site


"Momma," a 700-pound sow, lives on the farm of Donna and Tom Bleazard of Cornish, N.H.

Beston Gicbe mar 13, 1989
CENTERPIECE

## Hogs and heritage in New Hampshire

Globe photows. D. Denham
Michael Fuerst, an attorney, serves as hog reeve for Cornish, N.H.

## By Aaron Zitner

## Special to the Globe

CORNISH, N.H. - Michael Fuerst got married last year, so, naturally, he ran for hog reeve. It wasn't the sort of job that led Fuerst to quit Buckley \& Zopf, where he is a lawyer. "I haven't seen any hogs loose in Cornish this year," he said. "No one calls us up and asks us to chase hogs."

Like the repairman in the Maytag commerelals, the town's hog reeves have watted for years - even decades - for a request to spring into action. There just aren't that many hogs around these days.

But in Cornish. Jefferson. Dunbarton and perhaps other towns, the tradition of electing hog reeves lives on at Town Meeting or in town elections. The candidates are residents who have been married during the previous year.
"It's more of a joke than anything else," said Opal Bronson, the town clerk in Jefferson, where seven recently married men are on Tuesday's ballot for the job. "It's just something fun that we do."

But it wasn't always so. In colonial times and through the mid-1800s, when farming was the prime trade, hog reeves had a critical job.
"In an agricultural society you had antmals running at large, particularly before they had wire fences," sald state Agriculture Commissioner Stephen Taylor. "Pigs were apt to cause more damage than other livestock because they would root up gar dens. Cows might eat the tops of potatoes. but hogs would dig them up."

Those complaints are written right into state law, which as early as 1767 fretted about loose hogs "rooting up the Soll. destroying the Meadow and Pasture Land, \& the fruit growing on tilld Land."
"Be it Therefore enacted," the law said, "that no Swine of any kind shall be suffered to go at large."

And when one did, it was up to the hog
reeve to take on the messy and exhausting task of corralling the independent hog. For his efforts, the reeve would extract a fee, from its owner.

The reeve - the word is related to "sheriff" - may have been chosen from the town's recently married men because they would be the most vigorous. "T'm sure that in reality, if there were a couple of hogs out loose, everyone would drop what they were doing and try to catch the things, because they would be a threat to every garden or would upset the livestock," Taylor sald.

In Jefferson, the job elicits something less than excitement from this year's nominees.
"I have so many irons in the fire now that 1 can't be paying attention to that," said David Hicks, who, as it turns out, is a descendent of the first hog reeve in Jefferson. Benjamin Hicks. Ben Hicks and another man took the job in 1798, shortly after the town was incorporated.
"It's nothing we take too seriously. It puts fun into something that can be drabTown Meeting." said Joseph Marshall, another Jefferson candidate.

## Where buffalo roam

But some people in Cornish take the Idea seriously.

Fifteen years ago. Carol and James MeSwain fulfilled a long-held dream and bought five buffalo for their farm. That made some people nervous, and in about 1976 the town elected a buffalo reeve to keep an cye on the beasts.
" guess they were worried that if the animals got out. someone would have to go after them." Carol McSwain said. "We tried to tell them if they got out, there's no one who could stop them. It would be like a locomotive coming at you." The MeSwains sold the buffalo in 1979.

Cornish Selectman Michael Yatsevitch sald he got a call about five years ago from someone whose hogs had gotten loose. "1 had to explain that the hog reeve is not a
service that the town provides at taxpaye expense, that it's at the owner's expense. he recalled. The owner decided to catch hi own hogs.

Yatsevitch sees a serious purpose to th tradition today: "Usually, we elect the ho reeves at the end of Town Meeting. Every one is tired, and it's possible that emotion have run high. This is sort of a comic relic that eases the tension."

## Fence viewers, wood surveyors

In Cornish, most newlyweds, male or fe male, and sometimes new residents all ar elected to the job. Everyone can go hom smiling, and the town has honored its res dents and its heritage.

And there are several other colonialer jobs to be filled at the Cornish Town Meet ing, scheduled this year for next Saturday Voters will elect four or five fence viewers who are charged with deciding which own er pays to fix a fence that runs between tw properties. They also elect surveyors o wood, bark and lumber, who settle dispute over the worth of timber.

If the hog reeve was an early dogeatcher the viewers and surveyors were early arb trators, "Going to them would save cour costs," Yatsevitch said. "You would pa them, but it wouldn't be as much as payin a lawyer and going to court."

In Jefferson, at least one candidate wa surprised when told that he may end up a town hog reeve.
"Are you serious, now? Tell me, are yo serious with this?" asked Jay Ronhock who has lived in Jefferson for about a year

Ronhock may be the most qualified can didate this year. When he was a construc tion worker in Norfolk. Mass., his duties in cluded chasing the boss' plgs when they go loose.
"They don't catch too easily, not th ones I was after," sald Ronhock, adding: " don't think I want the job. Nothing person al. I just don't want to be chasing pigs to much."

## Milton P. Jewell

Cornish, N.H. - Milton P. Jewell, 86 , passed away on Wednesdry, Aug. 12. 2015 at his bome surrounded by his loving family. He was born on May 28, 1929 in Bridgewater, N.月, the son of Frank and Edith (Gage) Jewell. He attended Cormish School and Windsor High School. Milt married Josephine Tewksbury on July 15, 1950. Milt then served his country as a communications specialist in the Army daring the Korean War. Upon the return from his militiary duty, he and Josephine made their home in Cornish where they raised their family of five children.

He was always industrious, very hard working and successful in building a reputable busitness. He began his career working for himself log. ging and trucking. When the logging was slow, he would fill in his work at Cone Blunchard Automatic, Over time he directed hiss efforts to building a trucking company. He was very involved in building the local interstate highways, working with Perini and Pulazzi Companies. He plowed snow for the State of N.H. and several Cluremont businesses for over 30 years. Following everal years of local trucking he expunded his business into excavation and later in his career rebuilt salvaged trucks and had a truck dealership.
Mill was one of the ploneers that cut the local snowmobile trails and built the firs "warming huts" in the area. He was a very active member and President of the Blow-Me-Down Snowriders for many years, is well as a member and President of the Llons Club in Claremont. N.H. He was also a longtime member of the Lebanon Elks Lodge, the VFW, the Moose, the American Legion and the American Truck Historical Society.

He enjoyed snowmobiling, camping in their RV, dancing on Saturday nights, phaying cainds, antique trucks, and time with his family and friends


Milton Jewail and on his trucks.

He touched many lives and carned the highest respeci from all. Many of his employees have remained lifelong friends. Milton's perseverance, his "can do" atuitude, his sought after advice, his sense of humor and his quick wit will be greatly missed by all that knew and leved him.
He was predeceased by his parents, brother, Russell Jewell, infant brother, Bruce Jewell, granddaughter. Iennifer Jo Webb and a very special member of the fiunily. Paula Berquist. He is survived by his loving wife of 65 years: two sons, Max Jewell of Thetford, $V_{1 ., C a t v i n ~ J e w e l l ~ a n d ~}^{\text {an }}$ his companion, Hayley Curmmins of Cornish: threedaughters. Lea LaClair and her husband, Donald of Comish. Diana Webb and her husband, Norman of Claremont and Anita Porter and her husband. Tom of Claremont: 10 grandchildren, Adam Jewell, Vincent Jewell, Christopher Jewell. Matthew LaClair, Brian LaClair, Jeff LaClair, Abby Roy, Nicholas Jewell, Chelsea Jewell and Cody Thornton: 10 great-grandchildreni and many nieces and nephews.
Visiting hours will be held at the Stringer Fumeral Home, 146 Broad Street in Claremont on Finday evening Aug. 14 from $5 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. to 8 pm .

A funeral service will be held at the Funeral Home on Saturday moming, Aug. 15 it 11 u.m. with Pustor Scott Keams officiating. Burial will be held in the Edminster Cemetery in Comish with military honors. A reception will follow it the Windsor Rec. Center.
In lieu of flowers, donations can be made to VNH for Vermont and N.H., P.O. Box 1339, White River Junction. VT 05501 or the Comish Rescue Squad, PO. Boax 235, Cornish Flat, NH 03746
To view an online memorial or senid a private message of condolence, visit wwwstringerfh.com.

# Freeman $\frac{\text { Johrion }}{\text { also }}$ house aloes House 

Alms House, Poor House
P. 0. Box 253,

Porterville, California
September 13. 1254

## Dear Mra. Hemstiger:

I was so el ad to get your letter of September and and to know that you like and are interested in restoring and improving the buildings where my husband was born and we lived for forty two years. Too bad that you have had such a cold rainy summer.

I wish I could remember more of the history as Father Johnson has told me may things of interest at various times. As for the cradle, I am so happy to have you have it. It was painted red. My children have all tried it but I don't think they slept in it as it was too low perhaps. You can easily see it has seen service in the past as the rockers indicate. We used it to put kindling, birch bark and cones in to be used in the fireplace. I would be pleased to know that use you rake of it.

The house was built in 1812 by Deacon John held and his five sons. The brick mas made on the farm at the West of the house. On March 13. 1838. the farm then owned by Horace Meld, son of Deacon Weld mas sold to the Town of Cornish to be known by the name of the Cornish Alms House, there the Town's poor were to be cared fore The house was originally built With a hip roof like the large brick house owned by the Hunt Brothers and on the left as you approach Comish Flat. Thinking they would need pore rooks, this roof was taken off and the present roof put on. The rooms in the attic were never finished off. In changing this roof, a different shade of brick was used which I didn't like so we used an oil and brick dust to finish it all alike, penciling the bricks. The form was sold back Into the Meld name on December 1, 1868 to Auren Johnson who married Mary Veld. He died in 1883 and Freeman Johnson bought it. He died in 1932 then Eben Johnson had it until 1945 when Dayton Johnson purchased the farm. The history of the house with a picture is on Page 205 of History of Cornish, N. H. 1763-1910. Volume 1. The history of the builder of the house, Deacon John Weld, can be found in Volume 2, Page 392. These you may find at the Cornish Library or purchase of the Town Clerk.

I to not know if the house on the hill was built by Deacon John Weld. I have heard Father Johnson say the old road ran past there and that they moved in before it was i finished and a child was born the day after they moved in. Then the brick house was built, he said it must be finished before occupying it. The house on the hill was mood frame and wan taken down by Fa sher Johnson, the timbers were used in building the horae barn and storage for hay where tie big barn door 1 s , this was built in 1898, three year before I was married and moved there. The barn on the hill was a huge one, four stories high on the West side, with a gable from which there was a beautiful view. Cow and young stock mere kept there, For some years after I went to the farm to lIve. I can see my
husband as he waded through snow to go up the hill to feed and water the stock．There was a good wall of water up there．The barn mas well built． I had a cousin living in Boston who was a contractor and builder and con each trip to the farm would go up there to look et the barn．Ho used to say that ir the barn could be rolled down that hill to the main road，it would not loosen a joint it was so well built．This barn mas taken donn after we owned the farm and the storage building in the field back of the barn was built．
 winters were more severe and it was impossible to dig a grave．Then in the Spring of the year，when the frost mas out of the ground and a grave oculd be dug，the body was removed for burial．The white building mas built to store the Tow horse drawn hears．Father Johnson was a hearse driver for years and had mary hard tripe for out of town burials．

All fireplaces were closed except two upstairs，these were closed with papered boards．Me opened two domistairg，the one in the Northwest room and the living room off the kitchen．If you have opened any，you know how mach work is involved．I remember of thinking to surprise two teachers who occupied the upstairs Southwest bedroom by painting and papering their room and opening the fireplace while they were on vacation．I took off some plaster and a couple of laths and eam what ley ahead of me so closed it and papered over it．I am sure you admire the hand made mantles which ware made by using a screw driver and marron chisel，panels in the doors were all hand heme．

If the old house could talk，it could tell of many happy occasions as well as sad ones．there have been many birthday gatherings，Thanksgivings and hristmases．One Thanksgiving there were 28 seated for dinner，each couple had a duty to perform in serving，the duty decided by drawing a ticket． One young nephew mas to carve the turkey，I remember his Mother holding up her hands in horror but the bird was carved by he and his partner．On our 25 th Anniversary，a surprise party wa held there $m$ th a house full．Ice cream and cake were served．I peter saw such a collection of the loveliest cakes．Te ate cake for sonnet fine beside es giving away a lot．Our three children were all born in the south west corner bedroom down stairs．No one went to the hospital then or received treatment prior to birth．In 1y04 the Doctor＇s fee rot delivery and one visit after was $\$ 10.00$ ，in $1906, \$ 12.50$ and in 1409 $\$ 15.00$ ．We will pass over a very sad occasion when we lost a daughter，a very promising child，when she wa 11．Father and Mother Johnson passed on， she at the age of 74 and he 87 ．

I wish if you could find time，you would visit 祭，and Dis．Charles weld who are spending the summer at the Colonial Hotel on Pleasant Street in Claremont．He can give you wore information than any one I know of for he is a descendent of John Weld，a distant relative of ny husband and both very good firends of all of us．

I shall be interested in the changes you make and always glad to hear from you．

## Most sincerely，



Site of Poor House, Alms House -- Freeman Johnson Family



SIGNING IN - Members of the Jones family of Cornish and Hector Pellerin of Pellerin's Market in Charlestown, sign in at Tri-State Lottery Headquarters in Concord yesterday to pick up their Megabucks winnings. From left, Keith Jones, Pellerin, who received $\$ 30,000$ for selling the winning ficket, Sherry Jones and Jessica Jones, 8.
(Staff Photo by George Naum)

## Cornish Couple, Megabucks Millionaires, Motor Down to the Mall With Their Money

CONCORD (AP) - A Cornish couple, one of three winners of the largest jackpot in Tri-State Megabucks history, claimed their first cheek yesterday and immediately headed to a shopping mall.

Before going off to spend some of their share of the $\$ 9.7$ million jackpot, Keith Jones, 22 , and his wife, Sherry, 25 , met with reporters at New Hampshire Sweepstakes headquarters.
"We're riding around in a limo all day and other than that we don't know," Keith Jones said when asked how the couple would spend its share of the jackpot. "It's a big weight off your shoulders.

You can do what you want. You can work at what you want to do."

Mrs. Jones said she and her husband went to three stores to check the winning numbers before they accepted that they had won the big prize.

Keith Jones said he told his boss at the Claremont junkyard where he works that he wants to quit. Mrs. Jones works in the county commissioners' office in Newport.

Dave Long, spokesman for the Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont lottery, said the three winning tickets for Saturday's drawing were sold at a Store 24 in Salem, Pellerin's Store in Charlestown and a

Maine. The Jones' bought their ticket at Pellerin's.
The other two winners had not yet stepped forward.

The three winners each will receive annual payments of $\$ 161,000$, less taxes, for 20 years. Owners of the stores that sold the winning tickets will get $\$ 30,000$ apiece.

Long said the jackpot, which topped the previous record of $\$ 9.6$ million set in 1986, sent ticket sales soaring. More than 4.7 million tickets were sold last week, surpassing the previous high by about 900,000 tickets.

Lower-tier prizes awarded in last week's game also set a record of slightly more than $\$ 860,000$,

The winning numbers were: 1-3-13-14-16-19.

Meanwhile, New Hampshire Sweeps Director James Wimsatt explained why many last-minute customers were unable to buy Megabucks tickets Saturday night.

About 90 minutes before the record-breaking drawing, sales were so rapid the computer system in Augusta, Maine, was shut down for 60 seconds to readjust the system processors. The readjustment was necessary to increase the intake for massive numbers of bets, Wimsatt said.
"Agents have to reset their
down) and apparently they didn't do that," Wimsatt added.

Some agents told the New Hampshire Sunday News their machines slowed down and, in some cases, stopped processing tickets allogether during the final 90 minutes before the game.

According to Wimsatt, there are 750 lottery terminals in New Hampshire and many agents have several different people operating those units. Some of those operators may have been unaware they had to reset the terminal after the system was brought down for 60 seconds, he said.

Despite the glitch in operation, the Granite State experienced record sales for the lottery, selling $\$ 1,860,000$ in Megabucks tickets.
"Business was fast and furious," said Alan McBurney, field supervisor for New Hampshire Sweeps. He said the frantic pace caused the temporary overload at the computer mainframe owned by Scientific Games. The mainframe handles all TriState Megabucks sales for New Hampshire, Vermont and Maine,

Yesterday, Wimsatt was at Scientific Games headquarters in Atlanta, Georgia, to test the new CASH Lotto

## Cornish man who left $\$ 80,000$ to town in his will to be honored

By NANCY A. CAVANAUGH nctunauagh aungletimes.com

CORNISH - The Cornish Select Board held a public hearing on Monday. Aug. 3 to determine what to do with an $\$ 80,000 \mathrm{gift}$ left to the town by former resident James C. Kibbey The select board members and residents shared information they had about Kithbey, his wishes and the wishes of hils family before voting unanimously to accept the gift.

The Kibbey family moved to Cornish in 1914. according to Frank Hawkins, a childhood friend. Kibbey was born on Jan. ts, then and lived at Cornlsh Flat. He attended school at the Mason Hall in Cornish before hending to Stevens High School. While at Stevens, Kibbey was on the Red and Black Yearbook Commiltee and wrote the Class of 1945 class song.

After graduation, he Joined the U.S. Air Force.
enlisting on April 16, 1946. Ribbey sarved duting World War II, ending his career as a sergeant and hits name is on the war memorial in Cornish. He went on to work as in accountant.

Kibbey passed away on Aue 3, 2014. He was cremated and buried at the New Hampshire State Cemetery

The burial. however. did not match his wishes according to Hawkins and Ruth Rollins.
"He told Barbara [Craig] that he wanted to have thls casket brought around the church in Cornish Plat, then be buried in Cornish. He alreatly boumbt the plot and headstone, said Hawkins: "Everything was arrattend and pald for"

Barkara Craik, who lives ini Cornish, II Kibbey's first cousin. She was unable to make it to the meeting.
"Barbara is very upset that this difn't happen and that he was cremsted," sald Rollins

Ruwuver mipoeys wull which was dated 2004, did not express those wishes,
"We have been talking with the vemetery in Boscawen to find out if if is possible, and respectfill, to bring him home to Cornish," said Dale Lawrence. "We will also need to talk to the power of attorney, who was a friend of his, in Virginia to get permission to do this.
"We will make sure he comes home to Cornish and have his beadstone marked with the year of his death;" said select board member Scott Baker "We'll make sure he goes around the church like he wanted and then be buried in his plot."
"Barbara would like that," sald Roilins.

The board voted unanlmously to spend up to $\$ 3,000$ of the gift money to make this happen. The rest would go into the general fund to be beld in trust until the town determined how to spend IL. The select board promised to work on finding out where the cemetery plot is and getting the ashes from the state cemetery to be reinterred in Comish.

## Commemorations

The select board opened the discussion on how to use the money left to the town by Kibbey Any decision on how to spend the money would have to be done by a war rant article at the town meeting next spring.
"We have no thoughts or ideas on what to do with the money" said Baker: "It would be nice to honor him in some way We're open to your suggestions or thoughts. Something long lasting so he can be remembered."

Rollins suggested that some of the money be used to put Hawkins and hls son's names on the war memorial.

Hi should be doue while Frank's still IIving." she said

Baker commented that there was still money though not mich. In the Veterans Memorial Eund that could be used to malte that happen.

BIII Gaterino, a Cornish
gested some of the money be put in the Veterans Memorlal Fund to be used on a continuing basis to make sure the memorial is main. tained. Currently the statue is damaged.

Another suggested Kibbey be put on the front page of the Town Report. There was agree ment by all that this should take place.

Orie resident suggested putting some of the money into a find to help the musle program in the
school and another sug. gested naming a road after him Meanwhile Hawkins belleved the gift ahould be tised for something that involverd the entire town,
"Put some of the money Into the general fund to reduce taxes," said Hawkins. "That-way the gift would be given to the whole town."

## Resident

Heidi
Jaarsma suggested that they didn't have to spend all the money on one thing.
"You don't have to do just one thing," she sald. "You could use some to do a one-time repair tike the statue and do something else another yeac"
John Hammond, select board chair, wants to have a plan for what to do with the money for town meeting.
"If something comes inta your head, let us know before town meeting." said Baker.


BIRTHDAV GREETINGS - Marjerie Kidder, left, a teacher at Cornish School for 40 years, visited with Doris Williams and Marion Stone during an open house celehration held at her apartmeat, Sullivan Street, last
week, in honor of her Both birthday. Williams and Stone are also retired Cornish teachers. (Ruth Rollins phote)

# Marjerie Kidder remembers school as she celebrates 80 th birthday 

CLAREMONT, NH - Marjerie Kidder, a teacher in Cornish schools for a 40 year period, found plenty of reason to reminisce aboat those years when former teaching colleagues and students attended an open house in honor of her 80th birthday April 2.

Kidder taught two generations of students. "When the grandchildren started to come along, I thought it was time to retire," she said. "I started my teaching in the little school which is now called the Little Town Hall, located just below the Cornish Elementary School of today."

Kidder taught in most of the nine nnernom schonlhounes from 1931 to
with the Idea that cod liver oil was good for the students. Every child brought a spoon and they'd all line up for a dose of cod liver oil daily, can you imagine that?" she asked.

During Kidder's teaching years, moreso than today, each student was expected to memorize a part for a play, a Christmas program or Memorial Day. Much emphasis was put on teaching reading, writing and arithmetic during the 45 years Kidder taught. She taught five years in Grantham before coming to Cornish. Field trips were year end adventures.
Kidder retired in 1971 from the Cornish Elementary School where she taumt first urade from 1954 un-
til that time. Previously, she had taught students in all the eight grades at the one room structures.
Hostess for the birthday celebraLion was her sister, Eva Thompson, and the party was held at Kidder's apartment on Sullivan Street. Throughout the day, 46 people dropped in to wish her a special day, She also received more than 100 cards.
A special cake for the occasion was made by Ruth Rollins.
Kidder is an active member of Park Grange, Cormish Garden Club, the South Cornish Home Economics Group and the Retired Teachers Association. She is also a member of Pamoma franer

## Former Cornish teacher looks back on career <br> \author{  

} Celebrates her like this one," Kidder said. "In those days schools were not closed so often because of snow. Not only did the students have to walk to shool but I did too The roads were not plowed and neither the superintendent or the school nurse could get there. so I was on my own all winter alone.They did not like to call off school and somu of the children had hard times geeting to school in had weather. Once in awhile Mr. Nelson would talke me with horse and steigh, but he had his own business he had to attend to." ate said
Her duties included seeving that water was availuble for drinking. That usually meant sending two boys to a neightor for a bucket of water that was placed in a cooler. Ench child brought a cup or glass for drinking. Cod Jiver oil was dispensed with each child lringing a spoon that was atored in their dests.

TI would line them all up for their furn and can remember some of the awfill faces they made," she said.

Nol always, but almost always, someone would build the lire in the morninge. She had to tend it all day while keeping an eye on the children. "All we had was a wood stave and I would have to leave a reading class to put in wood," she said.

Kidider wats the first Cornish tencher to see the value of serving anmething hot with the children's bag lunches At first she had them bring a potato to stick in the conls to take. Later, kettles of saup were kept hot on the wood stove.
Afler steveral years of plamning and more than one vote, the consolidated school (where children are now taught) was upened in 1954 and Kidder was piven the second grade class.

After al couple years teaching second grade, I asked the school board to give me the first grade," alie suifid.

Tho students coming to her were not able to read well, she said, and she knew zhe could halp them do that much better The rymainder of her teaching career in Cornish, which lasted untI 1971, was devoted to that Lusk.
"During my teaching career, 1 remember my biggest problem was that I had no training or knew anything about dyslexia," the said: II had a child that


MANY MEMORIES - Two generations of Cornish dents have learned how to read and write through dedication of Murjerie Kidder, who celebrates her birthday on Sunday. (Ruth Rollins photo)
birds and the sirds "Same grasp thines fial lownel to read fay, other chuidren needed help. I always used to read a story to the children when they cane in from playng, it helped to settle them down and they would go to work cusier," she snid.
The aifer-recess stary time resulted in classes that had a lifetime love of roading for many, but there were some students who weren't won over.
-I only had one child who didi not like to be read to, that was during carly years on Dingloton Hill," she said, "Each time I would resd she would make some kind of noise to call attention to herseif. I had to keep an eye on her while I was trying to read, which was aggravating at the time"

Kidder lived at the Child residence on Center Rond for many yeurs before moving to Claremont sometine afler the death of her husband. There she maintuined her uwn apartment on Sullivan Street, where for several years she shared lunch with her sister, who lived upstairs

Mrs. Kidder owned a car and was nble to drive for groceries and other staples uritil last

December, when she move an apartment at the M Phillips Apartments Claremont where she curr resides.
She is an active memi the Sullivan County Re Teachers Association, Grange at Cornish Flat, Co Garden Club and South Co Home Economics Clab, which she has enjoyed sinc retirement. She is treasu the Cornish Old Home Association and also a me of the First Baptist Ch Claremont.
Her youngest brother year-old Cecil, still drives from Chelsea to see her as as possible, samething thr enjoys inmensely. Some her niece and others visi she herself has always mac daily life full She remnit avid reader and has res joined a group at M Phillipe who play cards, time she has enjoyed for yeark
"I thank God every day am as well as I am, eve have to take a cane for wal she said. "There are so people worse off My cir friends, each and every them, are special to me."

Her IInit tminclimg job in Cormisis fomend for in chares of atl vight atridis, which alise tatusht in tho Iftlo ectimil adjecont to the Curnial Trmos Hail
"In thaer days therel voyre ins school busins ind ther shaldrum all had to wall for schume." she suid. TRat'e why all vight itrades Were kinythi in eith schued, to be thent their buatios.

Other teachins poutions she held were at ewveral of the other Cornish emi-roora schaole Includine Dintlatat Hil SchooL. the City School, Center Sichool atit South Cornith Rohomi
${ }^{5}$ Whils toaclinis on Dingleton Hill. I lived with the Elarry
and I couldet underntand why this child could not read. It was a terrible situstion thut took as for of effort.

Ancher tithe, when whe was terachine the first four grades, she find a child who could not speak any Enyplinh "\$ly husband tred to limelt and wonder juint winat I wan taking to school eurh das as I would take knives. forkas, ipoens and any aber article you could imagine to teach ther child hem to munt our lamghaze"

Kidider said she taught chiltren to rad in there different groups - the vellow biriln, red


Richard and Susan Kimball of Cornish have nearly completed transforming their jackson Road home into its annual Christma

## Couple tranforms home for holidays

By MATTHEW MeCORMICK Staff Writer

For 11 monthe out of the year, they go Fichard and Susan Kimball. But between Thankegiving and Christmas, Mr. and Mrs. Kringle will do.
Each weekend after turkey day, the pair jump into the gusto, putting the finlay thaches on a 75.000 -bulb light dis. ane with plowing angels, elves, reinteer, grinches and, moit of all. Santet.
There are Santas on motorbitites, Santas taling off from rooftops, Sintas lisappearing down chimneys, Santus fill. mg steckings - even Santo in the flesh. Beginning this Saturday, Richurd Kimball will dust off his red suit, stocking cap and shiny black boots to greet passersby with a "Ho, ho, ho" and a candy canie
If if a ritual that he and Susan Kimball, who accompanies her huaband
from now antil Christmas. But their duties as the Kringles will not end there.

The Kimballa for years have invited area kids, youmg and old, to deposit their letters to Santa in a epecially marked mailbox in their driveway. Each one - a total of 63 last year - receives a handwritten reply after the holiday courtesy of Mrs. Claus.
"They write wish lists, they want Mommn and Dadidy to be happy, that kind of thing:" Susan Kimball said "I get writer's cramp."

The Kimballs first caught the Christmas spirit about 11 years ago, whon Susan Kimhall hold the first of many holiday parties for arear whiliten from financially sitrapped families.
-It just got bigger and bigger every year" the said.

That went for the inside an well as the outside of the Kimballs home Susan Kimball starts deconiting the living room after Labor Day, filling it with garland, holiday-themed teddy bears, a Christmas tree bedecked with Santa ornuments and, of course, lights - some

All that holiday cheer has made $t$ Kimball' house something of a must-s for residents of Corriigh and beyond. C busy days, Richard Kimball said as man as 20 cars line up on lifs out-of-the-w? street to take in the scene.
"Ono lid last year said he lonew it wi the North Pole because it took so long get here," he said.

But it is not just the young in whi the holiday house instille the Christm spirit.

It started to make little kids happ Richard Kimball said. -But it seems il the grownups aro happier looking at it lights than the kids."

One pougnant visit came from aroum of adults who had inet loft a far tiy member and, until apying Kimbills lights, were having a glu Christmas season.
"They snid, You know, you've p Christmas back luto us," Kimball said

It is moments like those that $t$ Kimballs said heip krep their holid traditions alive,
We've got to do it," he inaid.
Matthew McCormich can be reach at mecormickQeagletimescam or 54


## As characters go, Ford Kinsman

## By FRITZ HIER <br> Special to the Eagle Times

CORNISH FLAT - Spring and early summer, as we all know, wear many garments, and one that has tickled my fincy, and memory, for a long time is - long johns.
The source of that seemingly unseasonal image is a long-deceased Cornish Flat resident uumed D. Ford Kinsman. It's hardly unusual for New England towns to have their share of churactern and Ford certainly did his part.

He rarely bathed more than twice a year, once in the fall and again in the spring, and all the town knew exactly when hed wrung out his washeloth, such as it were He didn't have or need a clothesline, he dried his long johns (worn both summer and winten) by simply treking them to the barm door, their arms outatretched like Christ on the cross.
For was born Darwin Ford Kinsman, but he never used his firat name. He may have been eccentric, but as a descendent of Cornish's famous Salmon P. Chase, Abraham Lincoln's
secretary of the treasury and Supreme Court chief justice, he wasn't lacking in solid genes.
He was a friendly and reasonable neighbor who lived with his brother in the Flat until the brother fell off a hayrake one aummer and broke his neck. From then on, he lived a quirky, bachelor existence, always with a ready smile and always ready to strike a barguin.

Bathing, or lack of it, wasn't Ford's only hygenic irregularity, In those years when he harbored a dog, he'd let the animal lick his dinner plate clean and then put it back on the shelf. When his kitchen floor got too crummy, rafther than sweep he'd just lay another layer of linoleum (Acavenged from the dump) over it. On a lazy day, when water wasn't right at hand, he'd let the chickens, who often had the run of the house, pick his dentures clean.
Ford was rarely sick and people said it was because he got a steady dose of penicillin from eating left-over doughnuts. He sometimes tossed the really moldy ones down the cellar
(Please see KINSMAN-Pg. 8)

## was one of a kind


D. FORD KINSMANS pickup truck - a Ford, naturally - was one of the favorite
possessions of the late Cornish resident, who is still remembered more than three
decades after his death for his quirky lifestyle. (Photo courtesy of Fritz Hier)

## KINSIVAN

stairs, hoping to lure the ver$\min$ there into nibbling on them rather than his potatoes.

One day two members of the road crew dropped in for cider, One fellow thought the cider more closely resembled vinegar, while the second complained about the glass. "It hadn't been washed in a while," he said, "and it was so sticky I couldn't get it out of my hand."

But if you didn't want to belly up too close to Ford, you could take pleasure in his music. He played both piano and violin and was self-taught if not exactly self-disciplined. He played in a duo or trio occasionally, and when the tune came to an end, Ford enjoyed it so much he'd go right on playing.
"He was very musically talented," said the town clerk who lived next door. "Unfortunately

## From Page 1

dump was Ford's second home. No mall in his present or future.

Ford once astounded the postmistress by showing up with a drop-leaf table, legs and all, for shipment to his sister in California. It was crudely wrapped in paper, except for one leg which was tied inside of an old rubber boot, which he'd found in the dump. "I ran out of paper," explained Ford. "You'd better run out of here and unscrew those table legs," she admonished.
Ford almost got himself killed one day delivering a load of wood in his Model A pickup. He drove down School Street and onto Route 120 without so much as a blink at the stop sign. He was hit amidships by another light truck, and Ford and his Ford and the load of wood were scattered all over the landscape.
"Didn't you see the other truck coming?" he was asked in court. "Yup, your honor," he said. "I saw it, heard it, and felt it all in one crash."
Prior to the acident, Ford's pickup was his pride and joy. When the sun was out, he did what he'd heard was right and hung wet gunny sacks over the tires; and when he drove into the big city, Claremont, he often chained the truck to a tree.
By all accounts, Ford's love life left Cupid in the starting blocks. He tried dating a few times, but a Barrymore he wasn't. He took a lady to the Cornish Fair one year and was eoon at the nv-nill sharing a
banana with her - so much for the cheeseburgers and fried dough. He loaned another potential lady friend 50 cents, and when she came back the next day to say she'd lost it boom, the end of that romance.
Local kids inevitably picked on Ford, pasting his house with rotten tomatos on Halloween, pouring water into his syrup sap or putting cow flops in his mail box. But he was good natured about such things, and mostly smiled.
Ford wasn't know to drink, smoke, or swear, although there was once an unconfirmed early morning sighting of a tipsy Ford and an even tipsier
friend pushing a couple of cases of beer up School Street in a wheelbarrow. His severest cussword was his very own, sourceless, "Condammit."
In his seventies, Ford called on the town sexton, armed with a hatchet and four stakes. "I know I'm going to go one of these days and we might as well be ready for the event," The two men went into the local Child Cemetery and marked out a plot.
That is where he rests today and for all days - Darwin Ford Kinsman, 1877-1964. Hardly an origin of the species, but, condammit, certainly one of its originals.
we couldn't hear him hal time because his windows always stuck shut."

When Ford was in his si there was a moment wh looked as though he was r to give up on his musi friend across the road lo finger in an industrial dent, and Ford dropped commiserate. "It was p rough," said the friend his mutilation, "but at le got \$1,000 in workemen's pensation."
Ford was back the next "I've been thinking, John said. "I could sure us thousand bucks. How a cutting off one of my finge me?"
It took John a while ts plain to Ford the niceti workmen's comp.
Money wasn't Ford's st suit, but he did have a account and once loaned town a few bucks to help some delinquent back $t$ That same year he gave 25 cents in response to the church drive. He pinched nies hard and feared 1 them. Spare cash was hi behind the woodbox or sta in a tin can in his stone He sometimes nailed his book to the floor under sink, both for security ar he'd know where it was.
He had plenty of nails to with because straighte nails was one of his sourc income. That, and raising vegetables, and selling wood and all kinds of junk he rescued from the d Those were the days of landfills, and the Cor

During the week, Bill Lipfert commutes from his Corristh home to an office in Letanon. On weekends, he walks the bank of a plantom blue lake.
The ghacer melt thair filled Like Hitchcock drained 12,000 years ago, leaving behind forssted slopes and strip of flit rich land in Cortish along the Connecticut River. Over seven years, Lipfent has purchased bundreds of acres, pieces of geologic history to restore and prolest.
"This whole stretch of land...all steeply decends to the river," he xaid "li's not a great place to have intensive development."
He deliberately is comibining his effors with others' to increase the effect.
The farmland be acquired recently is just north of Balloch's Crossing Farm where neiefbor Johin Hammond share his desire to keep the fields open, he said. Their land combined consenves one mile of the inverfont.
The network of trails he is deeveloping through his forstland connects hunters, hikers and moumtain hikers to the 270 acce town forest, bringing together "a nice big chunk of undisturbed lind." said Lipter:
The Town Forest is a great parceli, but it's fairly inicuesible," be said. "Thar's both a blessing and a curse-

- Kristen Fountain

Next week- Farmer and sowmill operator.Jim Fitch

## Landfill

 ordered closed
## By JEFF LANGAN

## Staff Writer

NEWPORT, N.H - A state environmental agency has ordered the New Hamsphire-Vermont Solid Waste Project to immeadiately stop dumping Claremont's incinerator ash at the Project's ash landfill just east of the ClaremontNewport line.

Trucks dumped ash at the landfill this weekend and today despite the Dec. 28 order from the state Department of Environmental Services. Neither Project officials or the operators of the Grissom Lane incinerator have received a
copy of the order through the maii.
SWP project director John Cook said this morning that he had yet to receive the order and could not comment on it until he had seen it. The Project's offices were closed Saturday and today. A spokesman at the incinerator said he had heard nothing about an order. The plant manager, Al Haley, was not available for comment.
DES officials were also unavailable for comment because of the New Year's holiday. A copy of
(Please see ASH-Pg. 6)

## ASH Eagk tins <br> Jnn 2,1984 <br> \section*{From Page 1}

the order was supplied to the Eagle Times.

The DES has determined that several conditions its officials noticed during two December inspections indicate "potential slope stability problems at the perimeter berm." The berm is the boundry wall built up along the lined cell in which ash is deposited.
Problems cited in the order include groundwater seepage from the alope of the perimeter berm at points between the edge of the berm roadway and the top of the berm; saturated or near saturated conditions in the soils used to construct the berm; premature deterioration of the surface and shoulders of the berm roadway; and the apparent movement of a guardrail from its rail.

The DES inspected the ash landfill Dec. 7 and discovered several problems, including those listed above. On Dec 21, the DES returned to the site and again found the conditions listed above.
That same day the DES received a report from the Project that on Nov. 7 a plece of heavy equipment being transported over the perimeter berm on the northeast side of the facility sunk one foot into the berm due to saturated soil conditions.

According to the order, "The precise nature and extent of these problems if not known, but the situation requires thorough evaluation to assure continuing com-
pliance' with the original DES permit for the ash landfill.
I won't be satisfied until they close it permanently," said landfill abutter Bill Muzzy as he atood outside the entrance to the landfill this morning holding a large wooden sign stating, "Dump Closed" "This is supposed to be state of the art. All they've had is problems," he said Muzzy was one of about two dozen abutters and landfill opponents who held a protest rally at the entrance to the landfill this morning.

# Accused of Setting $\$ 50,000$ Home Afire 

Arthur Vedaer, wralthy Lisdet, N. J., real matale donler, exa Erented this morning on a warrant isued by Connty Sefieitor fohtu 4. Irahy of Clarrmont charging him with arion in manection with the Vedneaiay evening ronflagration whtch destroyed his palatial et-romm ummer heme in Fainfleld's "Little Sew York" rmions, it war staltit 7 the solieftor.

The arreat of the New Jerafy pran this mornlung climazed s lvo la) Trvestigation conducted by Shariff Jamen McCuaher attol Stater (reoper Ered Bowshard, zssiated by wher Stat- authoritien J'gave cas placed under arrest and lodiget in the Sullivan county folt in thity enflue arralimment later in the 太ny.

The Plainffeld conflagratam which destriyed the former show place of Plainflet of 하 tment. cially estimated loas of $\$ 50,500$ \%or discuvenet shartly after II o'ctock Wednentay eventar Pire departments troin Acy twan were called, but doe to tank of sater supply were forced Io shand by an the flame comsamed the triec strurturs.

Mr. Fedors, It it rrported purthated the property from the Al Blan Lang entale shout a yoar 3go at a Trported rent of sbout 86000.

The Land manalon was tuilt Li 1007 by Albion Lame plifanthrogiet arnd fres-liese prealient of the Hummene meiety Et o 5wparted reat of s00000 It was ated by Mr. lamt is fitt mummer lome untit his denif several feari ago. Thio estate was spifit ip,it wan slated, fon farm being stit to Pratele Perry wino itno artod as parvtako, and tho devifine to Min. Vedore

## Fedor Arraigned, Pleads Innocent <br> New Jersey Man Held on Arson Count in Plainficld Fire

Arilum Feilor, Lisden, N, $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{t}}$ ital vate dealos. arrested Safluilay
 cufligerstinn कhici detruped hes Itentinbil sumulye luroc, was ai iघipori in Clapranpit mum jui onari Sturdsy muruiag before大ithig Santice Ifowint it. Ifamlth af a charge of telomousty, Filfuity and maticiouly oetting ite to his homes.
Thrangt fils ettorney, Jacob shulies of Nemport, Fedor eateral a jilfa of imocent and waived lazuluation. Ho vas bound over Io the September term of Superime Court in Newpart, and was cotninitted to the Slutivan Cointy frit if Guits peading settlement if tail br a Saperior roart justise Is Is understood that County Socitor Jahn H, Lealry hase artel thint buil bo zet in the amount at 15000 .
top is 11 netsed this mumitr tint fist hat bew esiablinhed.


## Verdict Is Returned At 10:15 Last Night

Newport, Nov, 21-The ondeal of his long arson Lrial ended with his apuittal last night, Arthur W. Feder was waiting here today for plysician's approval of plans to fly his iff wife back to their hnme in LInden, N, J.

Mrs. Felor has been a patient in the Newport horpita! siece hrz husband went on trial on Octoler 29 in Superior Crunt on a charge of setting the fire that alestroyed theie manaion is Painfictd's "Littic New Yoik Culuny" lart April 11. Fier illness has iven attribused targely to atrain brought on by her husdand's accuantion and trial.

Feder was asquittel by Jortion


This was the vielory smile warn by Arthur W. Feder is he ewerg. ed from the courthoune afle: his Aoquital last night in tha recerd. breaking Superior court arson trial at Newpert.

Stalf photo-Spargn ease without a jury at the conclosien of a elimactie day whith he. gan when the defonse rested at the spening of aurt in the morning without calling a witness.

## Fair 'Treatment'

Frolor inid torlay he has no im. mediate plans on his retarn in Linden except to reat for a white and take up lite real estate and in. surance business where he left off,
"Everybody has licen very fine and falr and courteous to me," ho snid today.
"I have nothing but praise for the fair ireatmont 1 received from Justice Duncant, Atry, Gon, Harold Davisan nid County Solicitor Howard Ifamlin, and I sinceroly appre. riate the harf work of my cestobl (H. Thernton Lorimer of Concord, jaceh 3C Sbullm of Newport. Norbert T. Burke of EIftaheth, N, J. in presenting the true facts of the ease to the court I was never in kasht it the truth were prodaced as to the eatcotue."
The verilet eame sbout fo:1s o'elock, four hours after the elos-

## FOLLOWING PAGE

LANGWOOD TREE FARM


In active tree farm management since 1979

## Librarian Resigns Post In Cornish

## By WENDY DAUPHINAIS

Valley News Correspondent CORNISH - A conflict over li brary policy and procedures has led the town librarian to resign and several townspeople to petition to have her reinstated.
Nancy Newbold - librarian at the George H. Stowell Free Library in Cornish Flat for six years until her resignation - is known around town as "a real people person who took the time to help children find the appropriate book," said resident Mariann Thompson.
The three trustees of the small library don't dispute that, but trustee Kathryn Patterson said Newbold didn't do her job sending out notices and collecting money for overdue books.
According to Patterson, a professional librarian for 13 years at the Cornish Elementary School, "The town had over $\$ 3,000$ of overdue library materials as of October when Newbold walked out." The list of overdue items now is down to fewer than 100 from a high of 273.
The trustees have a policy where people with overdue books can either pay a fine of 5 cents a day up to a maximum $\$ 2$, or donate wood for the library's fireplace in lieu of payment. Those who don't return items must pay the cost of replacement.
Patterson said Newbold would not collect the money. Instead, said Patterson, Newbold would "tell the kids to donate money in the fund-drive box, or volunteer to help in the library. She was adamant that she would not collect funds because people couldn't afford them."
Newbold says she preferred to find a different solution than collecting dues. "I wanted to make the kids feel comfortable in the library, not run it quite as structured as the larger libraries."
Newbold was known to go to other libraries to get a book for a person that asked for it. Newbold said she agrees with the trustees that "this is not a realistic way to run a library,

## much to tell them no,"

Library Trustee Bernice Johnson said Newbold was "a good librarian as far as public relations, but she didn't want to do the library work of cataloging books and collecting dues." Patterson added that Newbold allowed the children to "stamp and sign their own library cards, a big problem, when you are trying to find an overdue book signed out to 'Sarah.' "
When the trustees realized how extensive the overdue-book problem was, they asked Newbold for a list in March. When nothing was done about it, the trustees compiled a list themselves and sent out letters. Newbold said she wouldn't sign the letters because they made the townspeople feel uncomfortable. During a trustees' meeting in October, the trustees again confronted Newbold about the problems and she walked out, bringing in a notice of resignation two days later.
Newbold said she is now considering running for trustee in March. "I didn't leave in a hateful way, just a difference of opinion of how libraries should be run." She believes she could have more influence relaxing some of the library's policies if she were a trustee.
In the meantime, the three trustees and several volunteers have been acting as the Cornish librarian in shifts. Since rising fuel prices weren't a factor when trustees planned the 1990 library budget, Johnson said the town can save a bit by not paying the salary for a librarian for a couple of months. The pay for the part-time job has been $\$ 5.10$ an hour for 7 hours of work a week.
Johnson said the trustees have already talked to a couple of librarians and hope to hire one around the first of the year. They do not plan to follow the request of the petition signed by 29 townspeople to reinstate Newbold.
According to Johnson, "The people that signed the petition don't know

# NeW Chapter 

In 1984, the then-town librarians in Plainfield and Cornish came to a simple and somewhat informal agreement. Cornish residents could take out books and other materials from Plainfield's two public libraries for free. In exchange, Plainfield residents had borrowing privileges at Cornish's library.
From a geographical standpoint, it made sense. Some Cornish residents lived closer to the Meriden Library or the Philip Read Memorial Library on Route 12A in Plainfield Village than to their own library. The same held true for Plainfield residents near the Cornish town line.
Besides, sharing community resources just seemed like a neighborly thing to do.
After 34 years, however, Plainfield's library trustees with the support of the town's Selectboard - have ended the arrangement. On July 1, Plainfield began charging Cornish residents an annual fee of $\$ 40$ per household to borrow materials from its two libraries. Cornish, meanwhile, continues to abide by the decades-old agreement.
"If's important to us that people have free access to library resources," Cornish library trustec Kate Freeland said.
Over the years, Cornish residents have no doubt gotten the better of the deal. Philip Read, which underwent a $\$ 1.5$ million expansion and renovation in recent times, is the Four Seasons of small-town libraries.
Cornish's George H. Stowell Free Library, built in the early 1900 s, has a relatively small collection and is not handicapped accessible. (Meriden Library is cramped and also lacks handicapped access, but a plan is in the works to raze the building and replace it with a one-story structure.) Plainfield's two libraries are open a combined 48 hours a week compared with Cornish's eight hours.
Whilc it docsn't seem that many Plainfield residents were making the trip across town lines to check out a book or two, an estimated 100 to 200 Cornish residents were taking advantage of their Plainfield privileges.
And that's the real rub.
"This is a Cornish issue, not a Plainfield issue," Plainfield library trustee Nancy Liston told me. "Comish is not supporting their library to the level that residents want."
Last October, Plainfield library trustees asked Cornish to start paying $\$ 1,000$ a year to maintain its residents' borrowing rights. In January, Comish's three trustees unanimously rejected the request, pointing out that $\$ 1,000$ amounted to nearly 6 percent of the town's library budget. "For whatever reason, our library has always been run on a shoestring." said trustee Freeland, who has lived in Cor-

On May 1, Plainfield sent a letter to Cornish residents informing them of a change in its "use of library" policy. Mary King, Plainfield's library director, told me Monday that she hadn't counted up the number of Cornish residents who have paid the borrowing fee.

The decision to charge their neighbors to the south didn't sit well with a small group of Plainfield residents. They argued that Comish residents have long served as library volunteers and written checks to support building improvements.

Trustees didn't flinch. (Remember, this is the governing board that in 2015 called Plainfield police during a public meeting to have a resident removed for talking out of order.)

Liston, the Plainfield trustee, stressed that "we're not the first town to do this." (She was talking about the nonresident fee, not calling police to have a resident tossed.)

True, Hanover charges $\$ 140$ a year per nonresident household. In Lebanon, it's $\$ 75$. But in a quick internet search, I found plenty of Upper Valley towns that don't charge.

Hartland issues library cards to residents of "surrounding communities." Thetford does as well. On the Vermont side of the Upper Valley, nine communities, including Hartford and Norwich, have joined the "One Card" program, which allows patrons to borrow materials from any participating libraries. How neighborly.

But I don't see Plainfield joining a similar program anytime soon. "Our ultimate responsibility is to Plainfield taxpayers," said Town Administrator Steve Halleran. "They're the ones paying the bills."

Plainfield is certainly within its rights to charge nouresidents whatever it wants. But do town leaders have to be so sanctimonious about it?

When I stopped by the town offices, Halleran handed me Selectboard member Ron Eberhardt's recent letter in support of the five library trustces who are apparently feeling some heat for being, well, unneighborly.
"It is my strongly held opinion that community should not end at town lines, or, for that matter, state or national boundaries," Eberhardt wrote. "That said, town governments make decisions and policy as to how to choose to allocate resources."

He pointed out that Plainfield spends 10 times more on library services than Cornish. Plainfield, which has roughly 2,400 residents, allocates nearly $\$ 150,000$ a year in taxpayers' money to its libraries. Cornish, which has 1,600 residents, spends about $\$ 14,000$.

Good for Plainfield. But I'm not sure that casting Cornish residents as a bunch of library freeloaders accomplishes much.

According to a recent Pew Research Center report, about a quarter of U.S. adults say they haven't read a book, in whole, or in part, during the previous year.

Requiring folks who happen to live on the other side of the town line to start paying an annual fee to borrow a book from a public library won't help change that. Jim Kenyon ${ }^{*}$
Jim Kenyon can be reached at jkenyon@ynews.com

# Ginny Gage given award 

## By RUTH ROLLINS Contributing Writer

 CORNISH - Corrish has many volunteent Among the legions is Ginny Gage, a woman who believes reading is not only educational, but also provides enjoyment, and she has volunteered at the George H . Stowell Free Library for years.She was receritly presented an "Exemplary Service" award by Linda Masan of the New Hampahire Library Trustees Association, duriag a meeting held at the Batrams Hotel in Dixville Notch, N.H
Gage's pernonality is on the quiet side and she hus always shied away from recognition. but Cornish librarian Kate Freeland felt Gage's contributions to the public library should be recognized, to Freeland nominated Gage for the award

Many of the volunteers who work at the library work one day each month, but Gage is scheduled for two and fills in for those who can't meet their commitunent. That often adds up to five days. "Each day she works on projects that I need completed and keeps at it until she is finished, often staying well after closing time," said Freeland.
-I know when I give Ginny a task to complete, she will do it correctly and ask for more to do as soon as she is finished She has worked on some of the most

Cornish librarian Kate Freeland felt Ginny Gage's contributions to the public library should be recognized, so Freeland nominated Gage.
tedious jobs in the library, both cheerfully and with enthusianm. She has a good eye for seeing what needs to be done and is not afraid to take on large projects," said Freeland.

Gage works as an office manager at a machine shop where the men who work there are not library visitors. Finding that unacceptable, she brings the library to them. She knows their interests and regularly signs out books that are circulated throughout the shop. The result: The men are turning into avid readers at their own "branch library,"

Gage not only works at the library but for many years has been instrumental in helping to provide bookmobile service for elderly and homebound residents: She provides Freeland with a schedule of patron's needs, including large-print books, and she scours the shelves for books and authors the has learmed will appeal to each. Her visits with her patrons of the bookmobile have become both a source of newa and companionship.

# Lightinin Mfg. Co. 

## CORNISH FLAT, N. H.

GRINDING COMPOUNDS FOR ALL BRANCHES OF MACHINE WORK. Address All Correspondence To The Factory.

Cornish Flat, N. H., Dec. 26/II.

Friend ©fer, Yours received this A.M. I went to se rhuasell this p.y. and gave him the enclosed letter on Chicago as he is going there. I think your Adv. Is all to the good and it is all right the way you have it and I think it will do you some good. I see you have the old mall order feaver yet and are going to get all there is out of it. Have you seen the proff of Russels Cards Yet? They are corkers, Dont send me a statement of the standing of your businese affairs, I am not intitled to that and do not ask it. What I meant by a statement is a report on all the orders you have sold during the month and how much.

The reat is your business and I am not supposed to pry into that unless you care to tell me.

I have been unable to secure any kind of a job so far, and I never had such a hard luck winter in my life. If something dont break pretty soon I guess I will ond up over the HILH and Far away,

Beleive me your Royalties will come in handy. The job in Jew York proved a fake. Trusting you will be rushed to death this New year I am, Yours as ever-


CORNISH - Things had changed since Whittemore Littell and his sister Margaret Littell Platl first came to the Windsor Station. They were there most recently to celebrate that first arrival, and enjoyed the ulegance and food. But the arrival they were celebrating was that which had taken place 80 years before, when tho restaurant station was a railroad station, and when their father and elder brother first met them to take them to their new home in Cornish.
The year was 1906. Littell's father, Philip, had decided to give up his work in the newspaper business in Milwaukee and retire to the blossoming Cornish Colony to write - the world of Maxfield Parrish. Arthur Whiting and Augustus St. Gaudens. The elder Littell's Harvard roommate George Rublee of Cornish had recommended that they try it out.
They stayed, that first time, for four years. "My father wanted to write, " recalled Littlell, "and he wanted a place in the country to do it. lie wrote some plays, but after four years he went back to the newspaper business in New York City, where he became involved in the founding of the New Republic Magazine.

But those first years are still vivld ones for Littell. He recalled the train ride to Windsor, "My grandfather was a railroad man, so we were always very aware of trains," he explained, "We rode in a parlour car, and got off at Windsor

## Windsor Chronicle - Windsor, Vermont <br> Celebrating Arrivals.

Windsor Station Revisited
Whittemore Littell

## Friday, Jane 20, 1986

Station. We had been in Switzerland while my father and brother-came here firat. There was a livery stable run by Mr. Lamphere, and they met us with a carriage, then we drove across the covered bridge to our new home."
What were those firat four years - which proved to be just tlie beginning of a long associstion with the area for Littell and his wife. Helen, whom he married in 1924 - like in Cornish? "We were oriented towards Windsor. We shopped in Windsor, used the Windsor Post Office, and our doctor came from Windsor. All the farmers were vory puzzled by the artistic people who came up here to live. I remember my Girst ride in an automobile was in one owned by Dr. Brewster of Windsor."
After marrying Helen, Littell went to work for the Commonwealth Fund in New York, which was involved in bringing British students to the United States. It was at this point that he bought the property he now lives ond, which had been the Bryant farm. after thaving spent summers in Comish for some years. In 1933, Littell had central heäting put iñto the houser and with the coming of The Second World ${ }^{\text {Wo }}$ W, ar, fie job with the Commonwealth Fund ended, so he and his family moved to Cornish year-round, while he taught Physics at Dartmouth. After the war, the family moved to Colorado, wifiere littell continued wifh liis teaching fór 26 years. Io the early 1970s;
following his retirement, Littell moved, for the lasttime, to Coraish.

Have things changē? Yeछ, saial उitun. To addition to thie changes which have-affected iall Americanslike automobiles, airplanes, radio and television, he noted especially the fact that so many farms thy this region fiad gone back to forests. A's well, he noted, the gradual build-up of liouses, whith has accelerated since the Second World Wiar, and the change in the demograplitics of. the area as more newcomers tiave moved! in.

But he's here to stay, 80 years after disembarking as a small, and one can assume, rather timid young boy at Windsor Station. N.B.

## Cornish Man Recalls Ordeal As Hostage <br> and he was returned to his house

## By ANN GHOBE

Valley News Staff Writer
CORNISH - Expressing hope that the hostages at the American embassy in Iran "will soon enjoy a wonderful homecoming, "Lester K. Little of Cornish last week shared his "mildly pessimistic" thoughts regarding the situation and recalled his own experiences as a World War II hostage of the Japanese 3 years ago this month
"I didn't know from one day to the next if I would be taken out and shot." he said, noting that his pasition with the Chinese goverument meant he had no diplomatic immunity at the time Japan went to war with
the United States and Greal Britain.
Although he was not mistreated during the four months that he was under house arrest by Japanese soldiers on the island of Shameen in Canton, China, Little at age 87 vividly remembers that the worst part of the ordeal was the uncertainty.
A native of Pawtucket, R.L. Litile graduated from Dartmouth College in 1914 and that year began his 40-year career with the Chinese Maritime Customs, which be explained was established in 1854 to im prove corrupt revenue collections at Chinese ports Hall of the staff was British and
the rest was comprised of 20 other nationalities, he said.

When World War II broke oul, Little was living with servants in a house on the small island of Shameen. The island, he sald, was two-thirds British concession and one-third French. while the rest of the city of Canton was occupied by the Japanest.

News Of War
Little said that prier to the morning of Dec. 7. 1941, he had been "strangely aware" something was going to happen. That morning he was awakened at $6: 30 \mathrm{am}$ by his servant announcing that a German doctor had come to report that Japan was at war with the United States and Greal Britain.

After looking out the window and seeing Japanese soldiens across the sireet, Little tuned in a Boston radio station on a longdistance radio, but it was too early for news of the war's outbreak to reach the mainland United States and he only heard a discussion of upcomitig football games.

4 It was a long lonely, depressing day," be remembers

The nest morning. Japanese soldiens took all foreigners to the British Consulate garden The French were allowed $t 0$ leave and the rest were informed that they were prisoners of the Japanese army.

Placed under arrest, Little's Job as commissioner of customs was taken over by the Japanese
and allowed to keep two servanis. Taken from him were two gardeners and a chauffeur as well as his radio, telephone. shotgun and camera.
"I was not mistreated at all and could go out of the house twice a week for two hours," he said, noting that his conlinement wall accompanied by the dreadful uncertainily and knowledge that the Japanese had a dossier on him thal contained unkind remarks about them

## Constant Supervision

The four-month period of arrest was under constant supervision of the Japanese military, Little said, with "no possibility of contact with each other and no information as to how the war was going or if we would ever be repatriated."
One incident, however, did border on a human exchange with one of his captors.
"I couldn't play the piano, but spent a lot of time trying to," Litlle said. recalling one stint playing a familiar American tune: "A Japanese soldier banged on the door and requested me to play a parlieular song again, then in a loud voice he sang the song in dapanese and left"
It was on Good Friday, April 1922, that Little received word from the Swiss Consulate be was to be repatriated.
The "wonderful news" that he

## (Continued on Page8)

- LITTLE


WORLD WAR II HOSTAGE - At his home in Cornish, 87 -year-old Lester K. Little reads from a diary of the early 1940s and recalls the four months he was a hostage of the Japanese in Canton, China. Speaking from his own experiences with loneliness and uncertainty, he says his sympathy for the Americans held captive in Iran is 'painfully real'. (News photo - Larry
was going to be sent nome was followed by several weeks delay in Shanghai before the released Americans and Canadians were put on an Italian ship bound for Mozambique (Portuguese East Africa, where they were met by the Swedish ship Gripsholm for an exchange of Japanese persons who had been interned in the United States.

On the way to Mozambique, while the ship was anchored off the coast of Singapore to refuel, Little said an old Japanese liner came alongside the ship.
"The Japanese held up two young children, a boy and girl. and asked if anybody recognized them Nobody did and I have always wondered what became of those children," be said

## Returned To China

Little arrived in New York in July and returned to Chungking in the fall of 1943 to become the first and only American to serve H5 inspector general of the Chinese Customs.

Lattle retired from the service in 1950) when the Chinese took over the total operation and moved its headquarters to Taiwan when the communists took over mainland China

One of Little's last acts as inspector general came in late 1948, when he was instructed to transfer the national monetary reserves to Taiwan. The transfers, which amounted to more than 200 tons of gold and silver, were made in small customs vessels "even though the government had well-armed naval vessels available,"
In 1950, Little served as adviser to the Chinese Ministry of Finance in Taiwan In 1955, he became deputy assistant director of personnel for the U.S. Information Agency, retired in 1960 as director, then served the agency several more years as a consullant.
On a visit to Hanover in 1963; Little purchased part of the Winston Churchill estate in Cornish, where he and his wife Ruth now reside. Surrounded by objects from China and looking out at Mount Ascutney from the comfortable living room of their home, the Littles suid they would like to visit China again, but feel they would not be welcome.

Little said his pessimism regarding the American hostages in Iran centers argund the advent of "the bomb" and the fear that any situation involving Russia will be "very dangerous.


## Far From The Sea

Margaret Kenyon, Lobster Trap

Margaret Kenyon, co-owner with her husband of Cornish Wood Products oversees the paper work from the second floor of the barn of the Parsonage Road farm. The firm manufactures 150 lobster traps weekly for shipment to ports in Massachusetts and Rhode Island. (News photo - Linda A. May)

## Down East In Cornish

## Makes Lobster Traps For New England Fishermen

## By PAT YOUDEN

Valley Nens Correspondent CORNISH - With its 1810 vintage brick farmhouse and large red barn on the hill behind the house, it looks like a typical New England farm that has lost its way from the sea.
Inside the barnyard there are no horses and cows but a pile of sawdust and a truckload of lobister traps.
This former dairy farm on Parsonage Roud - 100 miles from the ocean - is the home of Cornish Wood Products, Inc., manufacturer of lobster and crah traps. Every week, more than 150 traps are shipped to fithing ports in Massachusetts and Rhode Island.
Margaret Kenyon and her husband, Randall, own the small but thriving business; which was founded by ber father, Williard Whitcomb, in 1954 as Whitcomb Lobsfer Traps. A farmer and chairmaker from Swanzey. Whitcomb became interested in making lobster traps while recuperating from an Hiness in Scituate, Mass,
"Every day he would walk to the tarbor and talk to the fishermen." Margaret Kenyon recalls. Whitcomb inoved to Newport, where e began to make lobster traps partime After he died in 1902, the Kenyocts ook over the business, moving to a mall barn near their Parsonage Road arm.
It remained a part-time operation mtil 1907 when Kenyon sold his dairy cows, because of "too many governitent regulations, telling us what we ould and couldn't do with our cows says
They converted the barri into a roodshop in 1968 and the business grew 0. II follime occupation for the Kenyons. In 1977 they sold out, in ending to take things a little easier as bey approached retirement age But the new owners were unuccessful and closed the doors shortly fterwards. The Kenyons, along with artner Paul Chrestensen, bought it ack and reopened in September 1979 as ornish Wood Products, Inc.
Todsy they employ 10 people - 4 men nid 6 women, one of wbom works parlmo.) In addition 6 local women work thome knitting the nets, or trap heads, the fishermen call them
"I don't know why they call it knitng It's not knitting at all," says Mrs. emyon, producing a plastic shuttle
about 10 inches long which is used to make the trap heads
"Ench tisherman has his awn design for his heads," she sayE. "Each wants something just a little different. We make then the way they want them. They are very fussy ahout having the heads Just right."
The traps vary in size and style. The firm makes four basic models in various sizes, for inshnre and offshore fishing. But lobstermen have vartations of these basic and often send in sketches or bring in samples for the Kenyons to duplicate
Inshore traps are used for up to four or five miles out, and last threeyears on the average Offshore traps which have been in use about io years, last only eight or nine monthe.
"Of course, a good storm cinl destroy all your traps, no matter huw new they are, says Kenyon sitling in her compact office upstairs in the barn. where she does the paperwork for the business.
"But it's usually the worms that get them," she says, displaying it used trap., riddled with tiny boles. "That's what sea worms cast do, even to cak." Red oak is used for their traps, since it is considered most resistant to warms.
The oak logs are bought in New Hampshire and Vermont, "as green as we can get them," says Kenyon, so that they can be cut and nailed withont splitiling. The pungent odor of fresh sap hangs in the air over a pile of planks fresh from the sawmilt in the rear of the barm

Nearby two workers use a table saw to cut the boards into smaller pieces. Toward the front of the building, David Gokey, one of Mrs. Kenyon's ten children feeds wood seraps into the huge wood-burning furmace that heats the barn. He has worked there off and on simee his grandfather started the business when he was in high school.
Upstairs, other workers are assembling the traps, nuiling laths onto the frames. Flandall Kenyon operates a specially designed nait gan; two wormen nearby perform the same task by hand.
The Kenyons have recently started making vinyl-coated wire traps, which Margaret Kenyon predicts will replace wooden ones within 10 years.
"They are more expensive, but they last longer and need less main-


NAILING IT DOWN - Randall Kenyon, whose father-in-law started the lobster trap business in 1954, uses a specially designed machine to nall the red oak laths to the base of the trap. (News photo - Linda A. May)
tenance," she says "Many of the inshore fishermen are using only wire traps now. But the offshore fellows still prefer the wood."
"Olfshore fishermen use 25 or 30 traps on one trawl. The ones at the end are under such pressure when they haul them up that they tend to collapse and fold up."
The Kenyons have experimented with wire trapa on a wooden frame for added strength, but these have not been successful.
"They don't fish well:" says Margaret Kenyon. "The combination of wood and metal creates electrolysis, a chemical process. Somehow the lobsters sense vibrations or something They won't go into those traps."
If the wooden traps do indeed become
obsolete, the Kenyors do not intend give up the business. They are plamin several novelty and gift items, whic they hope will take up the slack. Ju before Christmas they introduced a lin of wine racks which retail from $\$ 50$ uf The couple has ideas for other items a lower price range
"We don't intend to retire for a fe years," she says, She wishes she ha more time for her other interests, suc as knitting for her ten children and 2 grandchildren, and pursuing her in terest in doll houses and miniatures.
Her husband agrees with her I addition to working 40 or 50 hours week on the business, he serves as volunteer fireman.
"Keeping busy keeps us young." says Margaret Kenyon.

A Celebration of Life

# Holy Eucharist 



Heben Bernice Livingston Lovell, SSG
Fobravary 26, 1914,- September 27, 2017
Helen Lovell

UNION-ST. LUKE'S EPISCOPAL CHURCH
Claremont, New Hampshire
October 21, 2017

## Helen B. Lovell Easle Tim $\approx 1014 / 1\rangle$

CORNISH - Helen Hermice Lovell, 100, of Root Hill Ruad in Curmahe passed away Wedresday, Supt. 27, 2017 infera short stoy at Sullivan County Healthcare In Dinity. Stu fad previously been carvd for at home by her hon. Rodney Lovell for the past 10 years. She Was born Fob, 26, 1914, in Claromont, the daughter of Byron and Bernice (Fitoh) Livingsion. She attend. od sclmol in Claremont, graduating from Stevens Iligh School, Class of 1902 and had atiouded mnnual ryuntons She gradtated from Now York Tralning School for Denconusses and had beun a licensed Eucharist and Lay Ministor. She married Rodncy Tincoln Lavnl| in 1942 in Kilifggon, Conhecticut, and toth surved as active members of the Civil Alr Patrol movine to Cornish In 1956. She was a member of the Cornish Hilatorical Socisty, South Cornish Home Ec Clith and Comish Garden Clab. Helen was the recipi ent if the Bovian Posit Cane

Members of har family inclnde two sons, Rodnes Lovell Ir of Cormish and Frank Lovell of Manchester Now Hampshire, six- Brandchildrun, seven great grandchildren and several njeces and nephews. Sh was predeceased by tur Lusband. Rodney Lovell St. a son; Byron Lovell; a frother, Lrvinit Llvingston; ant a sister, Ida Skinner.

A Memorial Service will be held at 1 p.m. Saturday Oot 2I, at Einion Ejpiscopal Church, Old Church Road Claremunt, NH. The familly suggests that in llew o flowers, mumorial contrithifons may be made to the Cornish Ilistorical Society, 188 Town House Road Cormish. NH $\mathbf{~ + 5 7 4 5 .}$

You are invited to share is momory of Heler with the family or leave a messag of condolence in the family guestbook at www.royfuneralhome com. Arrangements have been entrusted to the Ros Funeral tlame and Cremation Service


Fred Weld, lumber, logging HARVESTING HEMIOCK WITH FRED WELD

Story and Photos by Jim Froin, Grafton Coanty Extension Forcster

Eastern Hemlock, an abundant conifer in New Hampshire, can be a tough species to market. Among conifers, it isn't as in demand as
Spruce or Fir for structural lumber or White Pine for finish work, so the demand for the logs is lower. Hemlock is also used for making paper, though only by a couple of mills within trucking distance of New Hampshire. With relatively low demand for both lumber and paper, marketing the species can be a real challenge.

When one has been in the logging business as long as Fred Weld has, marketing products is one of many skills that you develop in order to stay in business. On a 50 -acre timber harvest that Fred was working on in his bomerown of Cornish, N.H., recently, be had 12 different sorts of hardwoods and softwoods destined for various mills and end uses. Neat piles of logs awaited trucking on a dean landing that was laid
out in a loop, so the trucks wouldn't need to back up much. It was obvious that a lot of thoughr, borne of long experience, was put into laying out the landing and the harvest operation. Stream crossings were installed properly and removed prompdys and trails were laid out ro avoid wer soils. The stand was being carefully harvested. with good quality healthy trees being retained and poor quality, diseased. dying, or mature trees being removed. Fred typically likes to work with foresters. who mark the trees to be cut, but on this parricular job Fred was making the decistions on which trees to cut and which to leave. It was dear that he's learned a lot about silviculture over the years and puts a lot of thoughr into harvesting decisions.

Fred runs a cur-to-lengrh, or CTL. operation, consisting of a tracked harvester with a cut-to-length head and a forwarder. The harvester fells trees, removes the branches and tops, and cuts the stem
into various products, from pulpwood to sawlogs. The branches and rops are laid on the trail in front of the machine, creating a protective mar for the soil, and the logs are piled next to the trail. The forwarder. basically an eight-wheeled truck designed for the woods, picks up the logs with a loader and places them in bunks and carries, rather than dragging, the wood to the landing. This makes for narrower trail and smaller landings. and less damage to trailside trees.

Fred started his logging business in 1976, and has run most of the logging equipment configurations common in the Northeast. Starting out, he felled trees with a chainsaw and pulled them to the landing with a cable skidder. By 1987, the business was fully mechanized, with a feller buncher, grapple skidder, slide toom delimber, and slasher. The company produced the full array of products including sawlogs, pulpwood, frewood,



## Logger Profile

## Continued frampage 20

with ring shake are sold as pulpwood to Finch Paper and International Paper in New York, or to Catalyst's yard in Shelburne, N.H., which sends wood to the paper mill in Rumford, Me. Finch Paper is unique in that it takes eight-foot lengths only. Fred said it used to buy its wood in four-foor lengths and in four-foot increments, which was a benefit because it facilitared cutting out the shaky and crooked sections. The other pulp mills buy tree-length wood, basially 12 feet and longer.

A number of local small mills buy Hemlock sawlogs and saw them into beams, bridge timbers, and the like. There are also some large mills that buy large quantities of Hemlock logs, typically in the 12 -foot and longer range, with
preferences in the 18-20-foot lengths. Fred has found an alternative market that pays well for cight-foor and 10 -foot logss, as well as longer lengths, which can be helpful for merchandising a tree to its highest value. This results in the best return for both the landowner and the logger.

Merchandising each tree to its highest value is a hallmark of a quality logging job, along with a well-organized landing, well-placed erails, properly installeat stream crossings, and a stand of healthy, vigorous trees left to grow for the future. All of these were in place on Fred's recent job in Cornish, confirming the words on the sign that greets visitors to the landing: "Another Professional Timber Harvest by Fred C. Weld Logging"

Professionalism, according to Fred, is what has changed the most in the logging industry. When asked what is the biggest change hés seen in the logging industry over his 40 -plus year career, Fred said. "The improvement of the professionalism of the logging workforce, by far." Markets, mills, weather, and equipment have always changed periodically, but the increased professionalism is the biggest change, and for the better.

Jim Frohn is a forester who managed private and public lands for over 20 ycars and is now enjoying his role in forestry education. Ite can be readed at jim.frobn@unh.cdu.【】



## Benton MacKaye

## Trail pioneer

SHIRLEY, Mass. (UPI) Beaton MacKaye, the conservationist who pioneered the Appalachlan Trial. died Thursday at the age of 98 ,
He was born in stamford, Conn, and graduated Cambridge Latin School and received a bachelor's degree at Harvard Univeraity in 1800. In 1506, atter a briet teaching stint in New York, MacKaye received a master's degree at Harvard's School of Forestry. For the next flve years, he taught at Harvard and corrducted field war's for the U.S. Forestry Service.

Mackaye summed up his career for the 50th anniversary report of his class at Harvard:
"What have I been doing for the past hall century? Well, I've been titied, alficially or otherwise, a forester, a regional planner, a conservatronist, z geographer and an economist.
"To tell you the truih, my job bas been called by every name except the right nne that would be whatever you'd call the job of making our fair land more fair and habitable."

In 1921, Mackaye wrote an article for the October issue of The Jocmal of the American instifute or Architects, which offered a plan tor what was to become the Appalacien Trail.
The idea was picked up by the Regional Plannlng Association of America, and the concept of linking existIng mountain tralls slowly materialized.

The project, which started in 1926, ended in 1503 - with
Funeral arrangements paths ruming through 14 states from M1. Katalidin. Maine to Springer Mountain, Georgia.
Funeral atrangements were Incomplete.



## MONDAY

MARCH 8, 2004

## Maslan retires from his 12 -year post as Cornish Selectman

By Ruth Rollins

Contrituting Writer

Robert Maslan will retirn from the office of selpetman on Thesday after serving the Cornish $\begin{aligned} & \text { Town } \\ & \text { Cornish for } 12\end{aligned}$ years.
During tiis tunure Maslan saya hic top priarity was seeing that billt got paid on time, which allowed the town many discounts. Also during this time tax bilis were gotten out early to avoid paying interest on loans.

Maslan also instituted a purchnse order system for the town which demanded that any purchase more than $\$ 200$ thad to be pre-approved.
While he han nerved is selectman the town has constructed a garago for the highwhy department, while keep)ing mast budgets level funded. Any end of year surplua has been used to make payments on the town office and histhway garage to help avoid extra tax bumiene.

He has served as the town's Director of Foderal Emergency Management Agrebes, and throuith thin office has received granta that have almo helped the tax base. He surved as chairman of the Town Safety Comumittoe and was a member of the Planning Board.

Maslan has been an active member of the Cornish Volunteer Fire Department and was president of the Firoman'i Association.

His other uctivities have involved surving as vice president of the Cornish Garden Club and has beet a member of Cornish Grange 425 for moro than 25 yeari.

After cominy off the frontlines in World II as is lat. LL. In the United States Army. he wus in cluarge of 1,500 people In a General Hospital.
Prior to moving to Corrish in 1979, he had been a plant manager at Balitwin Thechnology Cooperation in Stamford, Cannocticut, for a 35 year period, where he was in charge of 182 employes

Vakey Noun I Fib-0\%

## Robert Francis Maslan

Claremont, N.H. Robert Francis Maslan, 87, formally of Center Road, Cornish, N.H., died Friday morning, Jan. 30, 2009, at Elmwood Center of Claremont. N.H., after a long illness. He was born in New York City and raised in Brooklyn, $\mathrm{N}, \mathrm{Y}_{\text {, }}$ in Sept. 26, 1921, the son of Francis J, and Sophic (Malota) Maslan.
He was a veterun of World War II having served as a lat Lieutenant in the U.S. Army serving with the 23 rid General Hospital Unit. He served in the European and North Africin Theater. It was there thut he met his wife Mary.
After the army, they returned to New York then moved to Malverne, N.Y., und Norwalk, Conn., where he worked as a plant mamager for Baldwin Technology in Stamford, Conn. Boband his wife Mary moved to Cornish, in 1980. He was a menber of the Frank J. Ruddock VFW Post 1073 of Malverne. He was a communicant of St. Joseph Church and served on many committees for the church. He was a member of the Grame of Cornish 25 , a twenty-two year member of the Claremont Elks lodge 879 and a member of the Knights of Cotumbus 3rd Degree Council 1820. He was a past Corrish town selectman from 1992 to 2004. Bob was a lifetime member of the Cornish Volumter Fire Deparment and a past proiden of the Cornish Fire Department Association.
He was also a menber of the Malverne Volunteer Fire Department.
Bob will always be remembered for collecting quarters at church before


RobertMastan

Mass started and enj playing Sinta Claus at 1 Christmas parties.

He married Mary C. sell) on Aug, 3, 1946, an did on Oct, 10, 1991. He also prodeceased by a Marie Kirschner and companion of many Margare Kenyot.

He is survinal by his sins, Robert F. Musla and his wife Surant and their dren Catherine and Joseph of walk, Leo P. Maslan and his Kathleen and their children Frit Peter of Comish, Joweph R. M and his partner Stephen of Fair Conn., Jeffrey R. Maslan and his Stacey and their children Bill. and Jesse of Coral Springs, Fla. Jerome A. Maslan and his wife and their children Elisabeth and of Claremont.
A Mass of Christian Burial w celebrated Saturday, Feb. 7. 20 Ita.m, at St, Joseph Church with Stanley 1. Piwowar, Pistor, oft ing. Interment will follow in St. Cemetery with full military h prowided by the Claremont Ame Legion Pot 29.
A reception will follow.
Friends may call at the Stt Funeral Home. 146 Broad S Claremont, Fiday aftemoon evening from 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. p.m. 108 p.m.

The family suggests that in in flower. donations may be made memory to The Mary Maslai Fund clo The Cornish Eleme School, attn. Dale Lawrence, Townhouse Road, Cornish. 03745.

# Cheshire Lodge celebrates 175th 

CORNISH FLAT, N.H. - Philip White, Most Worahipful Master of Masons of New Hampshire, was guest speaker at the 175th anniversary celebration of Cheshire Lodge No. 23, held at the Masonic Hall, School Street, Wednesday evening.
Master Roy Stewart presided over the event that found several past and present Grand Lodge officers attending, as well as area Masons, wives and friends

Cheshire Lodge Master Roy Stewart and Grand Master White both gave history of the Cornish organization, which was chartered in 1815. -It is quite a milestone reaching 175 years," said White. He spoke of several other lodges chartered near the same time which are no longer in existence.

In giving the history of Cheshire Lodge he noted that when the Grand Lodge was petitioned to grant the formation of a new lodge in 1814, it was asked that it be named ML. Morinh Lodge, but inasmuch as there was a lodge already named Mt Moriah it was given the name Cheshire Lodge No. 23
"At the time Cheshire Lodjge was formed the Grand Lodge was located in Portsmouth, soon to be moved to Concord," eaid White. Presently the Grand Lodge is located at Manchenter.

He spoke of District Deputy

Grandmasters traveling throughout the state by horse and carriage and the length of time this took. They had to be stalwart individuals."
At that time each lodge had to pay for the deputies visits. White noted in secretaries reports that the cost was a total of $\$ 4.97$ for all lodges throughout the year. It was also noted that an oyster stew dinner could be served to membera for a total of $\$ 2.07$.

Cheshire Lodge meets on the Saturday on or before the full moon and White said "no doubt that was a good decision, because back then travel was at a speed of about four miles per hour and they could use the light of the moon to return home, often a task that might take three hours. "Back then, churches and the Masons were the only organizations where people could go for charity, diflerent than today with all the programs available."
White told those present that the 12,000 Masons in New Hampshire help support the D.A.R.E. program, a drug and alcohol program administered through the New Hampshire State Police, where trained officers visit elementary schools throughout the state educating students about the pitfalls of drug and alcohol use.

He also told those present that a donation would be given the Visiting Nurses Peer Outreach pro-
gram. A program which teaches youngsters to be counselors to other youngsters in trouble.
White was presented a 175 th Anniversary Commemorative Mug by Stewart. Refreshments, including a decorated cake, made for the occasion by Ruth Stewart, was served in the dining hall.

Cheshire Lodge has met at its present location on School Street since 1927 when they began renting the upper level of the one-room schoothouse awned by the Cornish School District, following a fire that destroyed their meeting place on Route 120.
The Masons purchased the property in 1955 when the new consolidated elementary school was constructed and opened for Cornish students, replacing several one-room schools.
Like so many organizations, the lodge has experienced high and low times, but has always maintained its rank and standing among other lodges in its order.

Officers in this anniversary year are: Bernard Stone, senior warden; Gary Ward, junior warden; John Kousman, secretary; Richard Ackerman, treasurer; Dereck Johnson, senior deacom; George Platt, junior deacon; George Hamlin, senior steward; Alonzo Spaulding, junior steward; Arnold Fox, marahal; Frank Ackerman, tyler, and Newell Keay, chaplain.


MASTLANDS On Rt. 12-A in Cornish will be the site of a news arts program this summer.

Aidron Duckworth, Arts Center, Mastlands

## Art Center Set In Cornish

CORNISH - A new art study center at the Mastlands on HLL. 12-A has scheduled a summer program in drawing, painting, sculpture and creative weaving.
There will also be workshops on sumprints, drawing and Tai Chi, raku and carving.
Aidron Duckworth, director of Mastlands, currently chairman of the arts department at the University of South Dakota, said the center is "for people over 35 whio might hesitate to undertake formal studies alongside college-age students"
Most participants in the course will be in residence, Duckworth said, but there will be courses available for people livithk autside the center

Duckworth satd the center seeks to provide a "Whole environment" for the "art experience" that "tends to become separated from everyday living."
To this end, he said, participants are encouraged to help with lood preparation, gardening, chopping wood for fires and the like
There is room for the newcomer to art as well as for seasoned veterans, he said.
Duckworth, was graduated from the Royal College of Art in London. He headed the sculpture program at Syracuse University and in 1973 received a Ph.D from Ohio State University. He will teach courses in drawing, painting.

Duckworth's wife Sandra will instruct in creative weaving She has a degree in fine arts from Syracuse and has studied at the Academy of Fine Arts in Rome.
Others on the staff include Henry Gernhardh, who heards the ceramics department at Syracuse: Wick Knaus, who has a fine arts degree from the University of Hartford; Andre Haluskia, who has a masters in fine arts from the Stute University of New York at Buffalo: and James MeDermid, master of fine arts, Cranbrook Academy ot Art.

## William S. Palmer, M.D. - Opens Practice At Mt. Ascutney Hospital

Windsor - The direction promary healli care will tale in the future is for the small, fural hospital, where nurses and doctorsknow their putients well That isthe opinion of Dr. William S. Palmer of Comish. N.H. who has joined The Hischesck Clinic and will open his practice of General Intemal Medicine at ML Ascutney Hospital and Health Center in Windsor.
*The small community hospital is the right environment to treat patiente, expecially the elderly, and the only place where you can give them what they want ... time andeducation. Concentrating on preventive care, primary care physicians can change healith care. Here, you can succeed at tatking someone out of smoking, to actually educate the patient about how toavoid lung cancer at 48 and heart attack at 60," sad Dr. Palmer in arecent hervicw,

Before joining the doctors at Mi. Ascutney Hospital, Dr. Palmer worked for four yearsal Valley Regional Hospital in Claremont N.H. with the Associates in Medicine; healso heads the Melicare Ifospice Program in the Claremont area. Ile did his residency at Mount Simai

Hornial in New York City,
"In a bifg city liospital. you ean tell the drug addiel why drugs are tarmfol to them, bur youknow once thcy leave yourcare, ilicy won't do what you'vo todt them. I think that fiere, doctors can make an impact, a real difference, because of the relationstip that develops betweca patient and doctor We get to know each other, my nurse knows you and your medical history .. those things seldam happen it the city," remarks Df. Palmer.

More thain his desire fo practicemedicme mithe country broughr William Palmer to New Hampshire and Vermont "My grand-parents on both sidesliveil in Comishall their lives. my parents and I xpent limeevery xummer bere until I was eighteen. There was always sumebody Irom the Phath hamily taking swimming lessons at Kennedy Pond," remembers Palmer. He has a special fondneks for Si Gaudens Nafinal Hivoric Site; his parents were cumtors of St. Gaudens for five years when il was still it private hands, and his greatgrandfather was a persomal friend of tie sculptor,


William S. Palmer, M.D. will begin seoing pationts Decomber ist at Mt. Ascutney Hospital.

Today, Dr. Palmerandthis wife Nelly with their children Datiel, 3, and Sarah, 2 live just above the heamtiful St. Gandensite wiltaspectacuLitr view of ML. Ascutncy. Nelly Patmer, horn in Ecuador, was a New York banker in her professional lifer now stec is very busy with their IWo young children, aerohic dance and votunteer commubily work Dr. Palmer prouilly mentioned that the fong winIen don't bother his wifes "She has a 4 -wheel drive cat so she loves it!" They erosscoantry ski unt tike in thatr
continued nace 15

## free time together.

Dr. Palmer and his wife are pleased about this opportunity to work at ML. Ascutney Hospital in Windsor because it allows them to stay in Comish. "The Fitchcock Clinic actually bired me to work at MAHHC with the ML. Ascuney Medical Group to bring their services to my patients; it's the closest thing to bouse calls. Weare spreading out, all over this area, to serve patients locally and save them long trips," explained Dr. Palmer.

His former nurse, Carol

Hiltumen, R N, will join hiinat Mt. Ascutney, much to his delight. "Not only does she know all my patients well, she'll put new patients at case by assurIng them that 1 am a niec guy and a good doctor, despite my youthful appearance," he taughs.

He will begin to see patienis December 1, 1994, Uniil then, physicians of tho Mt. Ascutney Molical Giroun-Drs. Beach Conger, Dale Giphiant. Judith Hills, Martene Sachs. and Rober Wilson will cover for him.

[h. ITifiam zuher
Mewe aill 802-674-6711

The Hitehocuck Clinic, ML, Ascumey Medical Group, and Mt. Ascutney Hespital and Health Center are pleased to announce that De Wiiliam Palmer will be joinine The Hicchoock Clmic and opening his pracrice of Genenal Internal Medicine at Mi Ascumey Hospinal in Windsor. VT., effective Decrmber 1. 1994
During this interm period, coverage for parienss seeking. Dr. Balmer will be provided by the plysicians of the Mt . Ascumey Medical Group; Do. Beach Congen Dale Gephan, Judith Hillh. Marlene Sachs, and Robert Wibuoti for in appoinment.

FOLLOWING PAGE

MESSAGE THERAPY

STEVE GORDON

BRIANE PINKSTON

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Sצכוֹ NVITIT


Stave Gordan of Cornish, N.H., has been offering massags therapy once a week to in-patents at Dartmouth-Hitchcock Medical Center in Lebanon, N.H., for nbout 10 years. He founded The Hand to Heart Project, a nonprofit progam. in 2007, after being inspired by a patient. Also pictured is Briane Pinkeon of Cornish. DHMC healing artz therapitit who works with Gordon in the project she has been an oncology nurse at DFPMC for 32 years and has been doing in-patient massuge there for more than 25 years.
Other Upper Villey massage therapiats who have been involved in Hand to Heart are) Jen Celfan, Susan Busch. Ileth Reitig and Sally Thursby.


## Eagle Scout Project Restores Historic Fence In Cornish Flat

By David Corriveau

Valley News Staff Writer

FIOR AS LONG AS ANYoNe in Cornish Flat could remember, an array of granite posts had stuck out of the town common, as random and crooked as a mouthful of neglected teeth.

After spending the better part of two years incorporating them into a replica of the fence that ringed the common in the 19th century, Cornish Boy Scout Patrick McGlone bopes that they stand firm into the 22 nd .
"During one of the windstorms we had recently, a tree came down and broke the back of the bench that's there," McGlone said last week. "And a branch almost hit the fence. I was just out there in August with a paint brush, putting on the second coat of stain."
That final touch in McGlone's Eagle Scout project particularly cheered the trustees of the adjoining Cornish Meetinghouse, who in recent years have had their hands full restoring the 1804 building.
"The Sconts have done so many other projects in town," trustee Caroline Storrs said last week. "The help they've given us over the years on the common, replacing a lot of the trees, is phenomenal. We never would have replaced the fence if they hadn't done that project. It would just be one of those dreams you have."

The trustees deferred the dream until a few years ago, when Storrs asked longtime Cornish Scoutmaster Leo Maslan whether one of his troop's aspiring Eagle Scoutis could reconstruct the original fence, using late 1800s photographs as a guide.

Maslan suggested it to one of his scouts who, he recalled, "looked at it and said, 'Well, maybe too ambitious,' " Then he thought of McGlone, who had shown determination and attention to detail in the tree replanting project.
"He's methodical and meticulous," Maslan said. "He stays with a job until it's all done. It was a good match, and he had the right stuff to stay with it."

The trick was finding the hours to do the job, in a schedule that included commuting to Hartford High School and playing varsity soccer, ice hockey and lacrosse.
"Time management was very hard my first couple of years," McGlone said. "I procrastinated a lot of my Eagle Scout work. Finally I realized, 'It's crunch time." "

Continued from Page Cl
had just snapped off." Eventually, they dug a series of 5-by-5-foot holes, secured each post and filled around each one with loam.
"We spent most of the summer of 2016 digging a lot of holes by hand," McGlone said. "I had scouts who were up to their waists and chests in dirt. Luckily, my troop is really good about things like that. 1 remember helping a lot of Eagle Scouts with their projects over the years."

Meanwhile, fellow Hartford High senior Ben Healy, an uspiring civil engineer, calculated how long the rails should be and how to arrange them where the stones curved inward to form a gate facing the meetinghouse.
"It was a really valuable experience, especially since I was doing it with a lot of friends," McGlone said. "It showed me how collaboration can go a long way in accomplishing a goal. I would never have been able to get this done without them."

That's one of the big lessons McGlone will cite when he goes before the board that reviews his Eagle Scout application in December.
"I was quite the shy person before scouting got me to be more social," he said. "I learned how to be comfortable with public speaking, with being a leader in various roles, like my sports teams."
In addition to learning those skills, McGlone discovered his town.
"I talked with a person at (the Saint-Gaudens National Historic Site) who told me about the history of Cornish, including how the fence was aligned with the common, which initially was used by soldiers in the American Revolution to practice marching.
"Some of these things I knew a little about, but it took me until later to realize how significant the area was."

David Corriveau can be reached at dcorriveau@vnews.com and at 603-727-3304.

Glone was asking neighbors and friends for hel raising the $\$ 4,000$ he estimated it would cost $t$ do the project. He encountered generous donor at Town Meeting last year, then started shoppin around for granite and for wood for the rails Swenson Granite, in Concord, sold him 18 post at a discount "because it was an Eagle Scout pro ject," After he decided to go with rails cut fron Douglas fir instead of pressure-treated wood, th budget climbed closer to $\$ 5,000$.

Then, after calculating where the posts shoul go, came the heavy lifting: With shovels an hammers, eight fellow scouts joined McGlon on site. While they were able to excavate som postholes with a motorized posthole digger. kept stalling on rocks under the soil.

And in the course of realigning some of th existing posts, McGlone and his team found "Ih bottoms of some of the posts that were gone, the

See Grantie - C.


Valley News - Charles Hatcher Cornish Meetinghouse now has a replica of the historic fence that encircled the Cornish Flat landmark a century ago. Eagle Scout Patrick McGlone sald that he was able salvage 11 original posts for the project.

# Cornish Boy Scout dedicates fire danger rating sign ABPM, 2015 

CONCORD - State and local officials sathered Sunday with Smokey Bear. the national symbol of wildfire prevention at the Cornlsh Pire Department for the speciad ledication of a wildfire danger rating sign.

The project, whileh was proposed, initlated and coordinated by Cornish Boy Scout Peter L. Maslan. will ajert those traveling on 'rownhouse Rond of the daily danger of willdfires. Alljectives ranging from low to extreme are used along with the image of Smostey Bear (1) reminal residents to use calltioll with any muistide burnlus.
"Peter"s project is a woleome addition to the Uuper Valley and a valuable tool in wildfise edincation and prevention." stated Doug Miner: Llistrict forest ranger with the New Hampshire Division of Fotests and Lands.

Peter Maslan, al feeshmatl at leballon High School and a grialuate or Cornish Elemmary Schonl, is a bife Scout working on achieving


COURTESY
Cornish Boy Scout Peter L. ilastan slands with Smokey the Bear dutily a sign dedication ceremony that was coordinated by Maslan.

## Boy Scouts

his biagle Scout rank. He is a member and laitrol Leader of [3SA I'ruopp3is of Cornish and Plainfield. New Hanuphitre. wheld is in the Sunapere District of the Daniel Webstet Counc ill Mastam Is alssia member of the bloy Scouts of America Orter of the Arrows:

Maslall statend that hee selected the sign project to edacate the public to the dinugers of wildfite as well as to homin his
departed grandfather Robert Maslan, who was at sulunteer rireflghter for most of his athlatt life.
-I manted to construct and dericicate thls sign tu honor the memory of my gromdfather for all that he meant to me and for the manys contibithtions that he made to the community of Cornish that he lowed deaty," Maslan said.
"The contributions malle by thls young mian symbollice the limportant
societal values auxl fitm. damentals for which seouting is all ahout." Miner atded.
The project has received fillincial sup. port from the Cornish Volumter life heprintment Association and Auxiliant: Grafton. Sullivall Warden's Associntion. Dingee Matchine of Cornlsh and the Eufiell Volunteer Fite Department. Maslan has also recejved lor-kind support from his parents, fellow Buy Scouts and pirents of Troop 332, furmer Fite Chilef Scatt Reuthe. I'l"s Laurlscaping. dames Fitch of Cornish, Hell Sheermans R.en Maslath liorestey. Troy Stinino and Stone House Porse.
The New Hampshire Diviston of Forests and Lands protects and promotes the value provid. ell by trees and forests. For mure linformatlou aldullt the New Hampshlite Division of Forests and Lands and the work of the Forest Protection Burean vislt www.illaln.org or call


- Stalf Reporr


TROOP 332, B.S.A.
Cornish, New Hampshire cordially invites you to attend an

## EAGLE SCOUT COURT OF HONOR

 forDAN KELLIHER, CLEM NEWBOLD, AND SEAN KELLIHER

Saturday May 22, 2021
3:30 p.m.

Whelen Pavilion at the Cornish Fairgrounds
Boy Scouts Kelliher Newbold 294 Town House Rd, Cornish, NH
RSVP to:

Corinne Kelliher, 603-477-4500, cskelliher@gmail.com Kristine Newbold,603-359-7766,nhxtine@yahoo.com

# Cornish finishes 

## work on new <br> war memorial

## By GEORGE CHAPPELL Contributing Writer

CORNISH - Construction of the new granite war memorial to be placed on the green at Cornish Flat is about completed, and local officials expeet delivery within two weeks

The town raiaed money at town meeting for the one monument, and we need to have donations for the mecond mamorial." Robert Maslan, chairman of the board of oulectmen and a member of the Curnish Monument Committee, said Friday.

Votern upproved $\$ 15,000$ at the annual town meeting "to replace the vetorans' momoriala that need replacement" and to allow the selectinum to receive and spend any donatious for the replacement

Two memorial bosen were laid SepL 9. Mastan said. An unveillug at the site has been planned for Veterans Day on Nov. 11.

The first monument will incorporate the names of veterane of the Korean, Vietnam and Persian Gulf wars on a aingle granite base.

Payment for the three-in-
by the public funds from town meeting

Cromation Art of East Montpelier, Vt., is doing the design and construction of the first new monument at a law-bid price of $\$ 14,700$, Maslan said

The proposed granite foundation for a new second monument, a World War II memorial, will rely completely on money the committee can raise.

The committer decided to do a second foundation when they saw haw badly the current monument is deteriorat. ing, Manlim said.

The current wooden monsmente are rotting, and some of the letters are falling off The commiftee said the granIte will prove more durable than the wood.

The cominittee has doubletchecked vach name for proper speliing and legitimacy.

Some of the 250 names on the old memorials are misspelled or have missing letters through exposure to the weather.

Only titizens who entered the armed services from Corminh ean be listed on the


Roland Bather as Bud Stone is Al otto is. Arthur Bailey os. Joe Meyette Marion Tierneyas

CORNISH - Cornish militia rally organizer Scott Stevens says he'll talk to town officials to try to calm what he says are unfounded fears over a militia event scheduled for the Cornish fairgrounds next month.
"Nothing that we're doing here should engender fear," Stevens said. "We're going (to selectmen) because we want to make sure they're not intimidated by what's happening here."
Stevens said no one would have paid any attention to the May 13-14 Cornish rally if the bombing of the Oklahoma City federal building hadn't occurred last week.
Federal investigators have said suspects in the attack have ties to the Michigan Militia, an antigovernment paramilitary organization.
Since the attack, Stevens has been quoted in media around the region disassociating the Oklahoma City suspects from the militia movement.
Cornish Selectman John White said it's not appropriate to "misidentify" local people planning the rally "with other people around the country

> White Mountain Militia Information Service member Scott Stevens said no one would have paid any attention to the May 13-14 Cornish rally if the bombing of the Oklahoma City federal building hadn't occurred last week.

[^1]out of town, have called her office asking about militia event.
"They're getting really concerned," she said
Garrow said Selectman Robert Maslan told to give the callers Stevens' telephone num Stevens said he hasn't had any calls from cerned residents.
Cornish Police Chief Philip "Joe" Osgood posters advertising the Cornish rally have t torn down.
Stevens said Osgood will be "on stand-by" to called in and help with the rally if needed. W said Osgood plans to attend the rally, as the to police chief.
Osgood said he's not worried about the even
"Up until this Oklahoma deal everything pretty quiet," he said.
Osgood said that when selectmen heard at the rally "they weren't too thrilled about it."
But White said he doesn't expect any problem the event.
"They'll be no marching around muster
Friday, April 28,1995 • 50 c

## Militia

(Continued from page A1) There will just be a meeting, a gatharing sort of thing," he said in a teleohone interview via speakerphone. Maslan was took part in the interjew.
"This is just going to be a very lowsey thing. I don't really see any reaion for any concern. We know these wo people fairly well," White said of Stevens and Curt Wyman of Cornish, who helped organize the rally, "They're reasonable people. They're not radicals. They're just ordinary eople."
According to Stevens, militia roups are defensive in nature, peparing their members to come to tie defense of constitutional princiles in case societal order breaks lown in what he says would be an overnment-engineered conspiracy. Such a breakdown will come hrough economic collapse, said tevens.
A date for Stevens' session with the
three-member board of selectmen hasn't yet been set.

White said his board will meet with Stevens at one of its meetings next week. They're waiting until then to include Selectman Stuart Hodgeman, who is away, White said.

The board meets on Monday and Thursday mornings and on Friday evenings.

White said it's a good idea to talk to Stevens because "people are just inquiring. They want to know what's going on."

Stevens said the May 13-14 event is a "political rally." Fliers for the weekend session say it's a "rally to promote patriot networking, " and will feature speakers from New England.

Before Oklahoma City, they had expected 75 to 100 people, Stevens said. Now he thinks reporters may outnumber the militia members.
"I think there will be more media there than there will be patriots," he said.

Wyman said he has reservations from people from Maine to western New York state and New Jersey. He said he expects "close to 300 " people to attend.
Osgood said the hall at the Fairgrounds that will be used for Saturday's speakers can hold 150 people. If there are more than that, Wyman said the group will also use space outside on the Fairgrounds property.

Saturday's speakers are scheduled for the Fairgrounds site. Technical seminars billed for Sunday will take place both at the Fairgrounds and on private property, said Wyman.
Stevens' and Wyman's property and land offered by other Cornish residents will be used for camping by rally participants on Saturday night, said Wyman.
The rally begins at 11 a.m. on Saturday. Featured speakers that day include Bob Gale of Biddeford, Maine, who served as a medic in Vietnam.

Stevens said Gale runs a mail or catalog business called Patriot plies. Patriot Supplies and W Mountain Militia Information Ser - Stevens' organization - are bi as the weekend's organizers. Stev said his family members make up White Mountain group.

The Sunday seminars listed battlefield medicine, by Gale, wi will deal with "serious, life threa ing injuries and illnesses commo the battlefield, suturing and chem antidotes," according to the flyer
"This is a must for those who at ipate disaster," reads the flyer.
There will also be courses in $b$ firearms techniques and unorgan militia networking, a discus group which Stevens will lead.
Wyman said the firearms col will be taught on his property, wi he said he has a gun shop and sh ing range. <br> \title{
oshire, the Far Right Convenes in a Quiet Town <br> \title{
oshire, the Far Right Convenes in a Quiet Town <br> Milisia
}


The sentiments of the crowd at a rally of anti-Government groups in Cornish, N.H., on Saturday were clear.


#### Abstract

Alshough the rally had been sched uled and wey publicized for monihs the organizer, $\mathcal{N}$, Stolt Sievens, heac of White Mountain Milisia Informas. t lun Services, sasd he never expected mure than a lew dozen peuple. But once the Apris 19 bombing of the Federal Building in Oklahoma City brought new aftention the far right, interest swelled. Mr. Sievens's event was one of the firsi of liswind In the nation to take place since the bombing. and he said he could scarcels ges ull the ghone thits week


 because of all the mquiries.Organizations ithal montsor the activities of right.wing grouns say the bombing is the latest in a series of events to draw new members sosuch groups. Others were the 1992 attempl 10 arresil Randall C. Weaver, a white supremaciss, in Ruby Ridge. Idaho, in whicli Sir Weaver's w'lle and son and a Federal marshal were killed, and the 199'j assault by Fed. eral agenis on the Branch Davidion compound in Wiaco, Tex.

Chip Berlet, who tracks right. wing groups for Political Rescarch Asso. ciates, watchdog organization in Cambridge, Mass.. Sasid membership in groups that call themselves mili-
tias had no: grown as quickly in New England as it had in other paris of the nation. He said he knew of one group in Maine and two in New Hanipshire - Mr. Sleveas's and one called the Constitution Defense Mallsia, run by Ed Brown, an insect exlerminator from Planfield, NH.
Mr. Berlet described the Patros morement as a diffuse amalgam of roght-wing grouns linked by antiGovermment sentiments that include npposition 10 laxes and kunn cunllal
Mr Sieverns said he did not knaw the number of people in his girnup, Mir Brawn sald the some Alt Philip (Joe) Osgood, the Chief of the Cor. nish Police Depariment for the lass 10 years, who kept an eye utl the proceedings from a cruser parked licruss the street, sijel he believeds that Mr. Stevens's proup had amls wo other members lind that $11 r$. Brown operated slone

- But y lot of people siromely aresee with what they are saying." Ched Osgood said.
Mr. Buswell sajd that he was : member of a grouls called the Ghost Militia and that one of lis seasons for brending the rally was to learn how 10 expand membership. He ulsu


The Cornish area o! New Hamp. stire was the site of a rally attelod. sd by about 100 prople concerned abou: Gover:mment aushorisy.
said the disagreed with the notion ithas such groups ire luose.kntl.
"There nee mure of themishan yn think," he said. "And they're nut loose, They're very ught

Mr Stevens, who was master of
ceremuntes for the sally, wellcomes she crowd, musily men, and iniro duced the speakers They includer Sam Hlumenleld, a propanent o nestur stheohise from Bosion: Stati Representatwe Donald Gormans, Lithettarian, and Bruce R. Chesle! the New Fingland field representa Inve for dews for the Preservalion o Firelisms nu-neiship, an orginiza Iton hased in Millwiakere

Speakinit to repo:iers trelore hi presentation, isr chesle"y samt that his steginization was neened mitenam ily irectuse some lewish member if Congress whal lavar sighter gu cuntiol ineasures ware feedinf ant Semitsith III the EIntied Stuters. : Jewisht chlzens lied ded 10 firute theingidirs. Ilterbed Senator IJam formstem of califurnia, furmer Sen: gor Howiald M. Misseenbiaum of Ohi and Represemtative Charles E Schu met of Brooklyn. asf Democrats.

Among the matrerial the group $u$ fered for sale wias a poster showin Hiller its a Sier Hetl salute whith the words 'All in fiveur of gun conifi" ralse jour right hand.'

Ever grartuss and eager 10 al swer questions. Mr. Stevens. 3i. in aisted that hes routp embraced at macist philosoptises Rather, he sab is servied merely as an informatil clearinghouse for groups opposed I regulations thal restrict rikills d fined by the Consustation.

We vicu wish great disdain ant thely that salks abuut hate, violen، or the overthrow of tive Guver, meill: "he satid

He anolugized lor a flier prepari by a Califormungroun that wo at monk the matertais he wiss seilla fur 50 rems in ounce The fiter sio that enly whilue peuple were entitl of the full rights of etturenship.

The rilly :lll racked at low lar ecsidents whu satd they had stufp ly nul ul curiusits Be Rerk, 6-. liarmer who lwes nearby: sand fust sane 10 see the wackus" bauthed and went usside

Hut Aannibelle Cone, a Fren Wather ist thassmunth Cullege, u nut insused. A Sormer Binoklyn rio dent, she sald she moved here in is afler being vichimised by thit crimes. in two weeks. All the bo about kuns and the need for *h delense anamini unt-of-conirol $F_{1}$ prat agents trightuned her.
"Iromic, Isn'l it"" she silld thought I was moving so a relasisi safe, civil soricis:

# Cornish veteran Wilson receives certificate for honorable discharge 

## By RUTH ROLLINS

## Contributing Writer

 CORNISH - Walter Wilson recently received a framed certificate noting an honorable discharge from the U.S. Coast Guard, issued for service in the American Merchant Marine in Oceangoing Service during the period of armed conflict, Dec. 7 . 1941 to Aug. 15, 1945.He also recently received a commemorative medal in recognition of the "40th anniversary of the victory in the Great Patriotic War (World

War II)." Walter Wilson
The prentigious medal has been awarded to American veterans who participated in the Allied Convoy, which carried supplies to Murmansk and Archangel, Russia.
The commemorative medal received from the Russian government, on behalf of President Boris Yeltain and the entire Rusnian people, was awarded in recognition of outstanding courage and personal contribution to the Allied support of their country, which fought for
freedom againut Nazi Germany. The certificute was signed by the president of Russia.
Wilson joined the Merchant Marines when he was 18, realizing he would no doubt be drafted into the nervice anyway, and attended school in Baitimore.
I did more studying there than I ever had before, "aid Wilson, "and received my engineer's Liconse from the Maritime Service Academy in 1943. Before this I had been on ships for a couple of yearn, which was required before entrance to the academy.
"During World War II, we were sent a lot of places, among them Murmansk and Archangel where Germans were trying to occupy Russia. Often the Germans were trying to blow us out of the water. It was real dangerous, but 1 was so young I didn't worry,
"Our convoy of ships were going into Murmansk, Siberia, where it was cold, freezing even in summer. The last trip in was when the war was about over and Germans surrounded us. The German subs were all lined up on top of the water."
Wilson completed the course for Merchant Marine Officen School at Fort Trumball, New London, Conn., and was commissioned an ensign in the United States Maritime Service in January 1945.
"I enjoyed boating and after 1945 worked on smaller private freight boats on Long Island Sound, carrying freight to New York, New Jersey and Boston until 1965, when the small boats went out of business. Shipping was taken over by the trucking businees."


## Walter Wilson

The next 10 yeara of his were spent working for a oll company in Ivoryte Conn., a town where "my w family worked for a piano tory, which the town named for."
In 1967, Wilson purch the 15 -acre property he res on in Cornish and spent remodeling. Several years 1 he moved there to take cal an ill mother until her de after which he worked maintenance person it Sunapee Park for the nex years.

Now in his retirement fille much of his time wor in a amall woodworking she his home, where he m lawn ornaments.
Wilson enjoys talking a his years at sea, but said had joined the Navy inster the Merchant Marines, I w have a pension today, but h might doenn't help and I enj the boating."
However, the recent charge he received from Coast Guard will enable hi get modical care at ia Vete Hospital, If necessary.

# Dean recalls 'the war to end all wars' 

By BERTHA EMOND
CORNISH N H - Harold H. Dean was born in Cornish Nov 21, 1883, and was 24 years old when he enlisted to serve his country in the "war to end all wars."

Dean's account of his experiences pours out as smoothly as milk from a pitcher It has been noted that soldiers individually or in companies are not aware of the scope or importance of particular battle actions.

Soldiers simply slog along on orders. obeyed without question

This was true of Dean, now 89. and in an attempt to provide a broader picture, we have consulted historical authorities and inserted background Information to accompany his reminiscences.
${ }^{-1}$ Tenlisted in the army,"and he emphasizes it was "not the National Guard," - "in June or July, 1917 and shipped out of Syracuse, N. Y I was with the 23rd Infantry of the regalar army second division"

We were shipped out suddenly one night to France. We were two weeks getting there. We landed at St. Nazaire and stayed there a couple weeks."

A three- or four-day ride in French boxcars brought Dean to Beaumont, near Neuve Chupelle, where they were set to work, building warehouses.

Entering a country which had been using up its resources in long years of war, the Americans had to do a great deal for themselves: Somie of the construction urder faken was on a very large scalit Near Bordeaux 107 warehouses had been built by the Armistice.
"I was shipped to the front trenches May 17, 1918. To the Verdun section. The second division was supposed to go over the top, but the night before that we were raided. ${ }^{+}$ Dean was caught out in what he refers to as "no man's land:"
A defender of Verdun wrote. We were increasingly rocked as if by an earthquake." The Germans launched a major offense and the compression of power and concentration on the narrow sections made them veritable hells.
"When shells land you hit the ground and they spray dirt over you," Dean remembers: "Two of our own shells landed near me while I was laying in the field They adjusted the range and I went back to our lines."
The Second Division, in reserve near Montdidier, was sent by motor trucks and other available transport to check the progress of the enemy toward Paris. The division sturdily held its ground against the enemy's best divisions.
"May 27 we were told to roll our packs and be ready to leave instantly. The next morning we went around Rheims, heading for Belleau Woods The Germans broke through the second front and were marching to Paris as fast as they could get there," says Dean.
"We had orders to attack. We rushed forward and got to the open plain. Rushed forward again and I hit in a depression The Germans started machine-gunning. Their planes were like great
hawks. They taid down a barrage about 50 yards away .. made holes as big as this house There were 20 men killed and so wounded out of our company of 250 .
"That affermon in a rush forward I got separated. I went over a bank and nearly got killed.
${ }^{7} 1$ remember vividly a big farmhouse where there were German smipers. I dove into a shellhole and got a bullet in the back of my neck. The doctor told me later if it had been one-quarter inch to the left I'd have been dead instantly," says Dean, smiling mirthlessly.
"There was a wheatfield about three about three feet thigh," he goes on, taking no time ouf for medical treatment at that point. 1 told the man next to me, 'don't show yourself, Go as fast as you can across the plain to the field 'I watched him go and then waited a few minutes. Then 1 started and it seemed as if I'd never get there"
Dean recalls "a French soldier gave me a stot of wine Irom his rubber canteen. The sergeant said to me, 'I see you got hit'
Dean was sent back to quarters, "feeling very weak and dog-tired, as fast as I could which wasn't very fast. I got up on the rise and gave the signal." He waves his arm about his head and pumps his arm. "That meant to assemble as fast as you can. They sheiled the house immediately and blew it all to pieces."
On Sept 12, prior to the attack on St. Miliiel, Dean was wounded again. "One fellow. we called him Zip, had a Colt 45 and when 1 went over the top about 100 yards I looked down and the middle finger of my right hand was practically shot off I never felt it. I told Zip he was in command." Dean doesn't actually accuse Zap of shooting him inadvertently, but the sequence of his story suggests it.

Dean made corporal during the war, which he says was all he wanted to be. He took warning from observing generals dressed in the uniforms of private soldiers, to avoid being shot at.
Assigned to Hospital 57 in


## Harold Dean

tending beyond his fingers by several inches. It was still so encased when the Armistice came.
${ }^{2} \mathrm{Im}$ lucky, Im lucky. I know it. One time when I was training some men 1 told one how to use the hand grenade - to puil the pin and count three seconds. He was so nervous he dropped it in front of me I picked It up very fast and threw it. It was a wicked bastard of a thing?
Dean recalls there were only old men behind the lines in France. All the other men were doing battle.
"We saved them over there. Britain, France and Belgium They realize we saved their lives."
Dean embarked for the return trip to the United States the night before Christmas and was discharged in January, 1919. He had earned a purple heart and an oakieaf for action above and beyond.
With conviction. Dean announces he would not go
the best place on the ea I'm lucky, lucky, lucky to here. I'm old enough to $k$ what freedom means."
Dean lived in Cornish, w classmate of the late Ken Whipple, well known readers of the Eagle Time: North Charlestown's Far School, and lived in Claren with his uncle Fred Dea landscaper.
After the war, Dean stu surveying and mapping correspondence course International College Scranton, Pa ., and made his life work.
However, "just befor went across the water, Ip ted Norway maples at the. plant it Springfield. Whe left they were about two ches around. Today they that big," and he measur large circle with his arm: Dean married a wor from Union Village, who some years ago. He makes his home with Mr. Mrs. Conan Johrison, and self resambles a tree -


A SOLDIER RETUENS - Rep. Peter Burling of Cornish reads a proclamation nigned by Harold Burus, speuker of tho New Hampshire House of Representatives, recognizing and commending Army Spee, Robert "Boupy" Downing for his devotion and efforts during Operation Desert Storm Saturday at the town hall in Cornish. Morst than 200 well-wishers turned out for an open hause to welcome Downing back home. He arrived in the United States a woek ago, returning to Cornish Friday night to visit his parents, Martin and Lymala Downing. He was if ploged to the



## Richard Dow

## HONORED - Sgt. 1st Class

 Richard Dow and wife, Debbic, (top photo) enter the Cornish Town Hall Saturday, where they were honored wit a reception. Dow, who has 19 years of military service to his credit, much of it spent in Germany, recently returned from duty in Saudi Arabia. Joshua and Nathan Duford, twin sons of Caren and Keith Duford, Portland, Maine, (right photo) were the youngestrelatives to attend the re-


## Cornish art gallery opens

## Works from 11 artists on display

## By RUTH ROLLINS Contributing Writer

CORNISH - Eleven local artists exhibited their work at the opening reception of the town's new Mill Brook Gallery last Friday.
Approximately 50 people attended the opening of the gallery, located in the new town office building on Town House Road. The space was made available for the purpose of promoting area artists and their work.
The idea came about through resident Polly Rand, but she was quick to deflect the credit.
"It turned out to be a team effort," said Rand. "Peter Storrs and John Rand placed molding to hang panels and Larry Dingee made brackets for the panels. The artists met to cover them with panel cloth." Dale Rook also helped set up the gallery.
"We hope the gallery will attract more artists," said Rand. "We will rotate art every two or three months,"

With two sons off at college, Rand has found her spare moments filled with the enjoyment of painting, giving her a chance to express the joy she finds in the world around her.

Upon retirement, Mid Davison was given a paint brush, canvas, five oil paints and a book on painting technique. She began painting to fulfill a lifelong desire to paint. She enjoys working in oil, pastel and watercolor.
"My choice of medium depends on the feelings for my


OPENING RECEPTION - These curious onlookers, from left, Judy Rook, Yvonn Howard and Loren Howard, were among the first to visit Cornish's new Mill Brool Gallery. An opening reception last Friday drew about 50 people, who viewed the work o 11 local artists. (Ruth Rollins photo)
subject at the moment," said Davison. Her subjects vary because of her varity of interests and her travels abroad. She has received several awards for her paintings in area shows.
Paintings on 155 -year-old slate by Judy Rook were well received. She uses slate removed from the Cornish Town Hall when a new roof was put on. Her painting of a flock of geese flying over water also drew much attention.
Jayne Caselli said her art is inspired by nature. "My art reflects the essence or spirit of nature as I experience it in God," she said.
Peter Hoe Burling gets much
satisfaction from "trying to paint," as he puts it. It brought him peace during the stress that accompanied his campaign for the New Hampshire state Senate last fall. His picture of the covered bridge drew many comments. He does landscapes for the most part, all in acrylics.
Among the artwork by Peg Meyette was a picture of the Old Man of the Mountain and a winter scene. Sally Wellborn exhibited an oil painting entitled "Winter Nights" and an ocean scene. She has had several teachers "but for the past 26 years my teacher has been the sky and land of Cornish," said Wellborn.

Mariet Jaarsma chose property on Gap Road with barn and silo as her subject art and Nancy Wightman cho drypoint as her medium. S uses an old-fashioned pres which takes all her weight an muscle to work.
"I like this medium, the w: the shadows form, the quir lines made by the scribe copper," she said.
Photos by Kathleen Welk included a scene of Mour Ascutney.

John Glasco, a Cornish res dent for the past eight year used his motivation to dra scenic scapes when he began draw. He said his claim to fam was walking his Siberis Huskie around Squag City.

## Pauline 'Polly'

## Tierney Monette, 65

CORNISH - Pauline "Polly" Tierney Monette, 65, died Friday after a 15 -year battle with breast cancer at the Dartmouth-Hitchcock Medical Center in Lebanon, N.H.

She was born in Hanover, N.H., on May 25, 1932, the daughter of Joseph Tierney and Josephine (Pinkham) Tierney, She lived most of her life in Cornish and was raised on Fernald Hill.

Mrs. Monette attended Tracy School on Lang Road and graduated from Windsor High School in the class of 1951. She was a loyal alumnus, attending most sporting events and rooting for the Windsor Yellow Jackets, especially at the basketball games.

She met her husband, Donald Francis Monette, at Windsor High School and they were married on July 26, 1951.
Mrs. Monette worked at the Dairy Bar and at Knapp's Lunch in Windsor during her high school years, later cleaning summer homes in the Cornish Colony. She also drove the Dingleton Hill school bus for many years. Mrs. Monette worked for the Sheraton Inn housekeeping department and for the Veterans Home at White River Junction, Vt., in the dietary department until retiring.
Mrs, Monette went on pilgrimages to Merijore, Yugoslavia, and she was a member of the St. Francis of Assisi Catholic Church in Windsor where she was also a member of the Catholic Daughters.
She was a director and secretary of the Cornish Fair Association for many years and secretary of the Cornish Planning Board for several years. She was a member and secretary of the Cornish Grange No. 25, a member of the Sulivan County Pomona Grange and the New Hampshire State Grange. She was chairman of the committee to refurbish the war monuments in Cornish Flat and the grange member who persuaded the Cornish Grange to donate its building

She was the past president or the Cornish PTA and helped start the ski program. She was a member of the Cornish Fire Department Ladies Auxiliary, a past member of the New Hampshire Timberland Owners Association, the Farm Bureau and was a member of the American Canadian Geneaology Society.
Mrs. Monette volunteered at the Mt. Ascutney Hospital \& Health Center in Windsor and at the Dartmouth-Hitchcock Medical Center in the On-cology-Infusion Department in support of other cancer patients during her remission.
Mrs. Monette enjoyed needlepoint, quilt making, mushrooming and taking walks with her grandchildren and poodles.

Survivors include her husband of Cornish; six sons, Steven Monette and William Monette, both of Lebanon, David Monette, Michael Monette and Peter Monette, all of Cornish, and Joseph Monette of Claremont; five grandchildren; four sisters, Louise Spaulding of Cornish, Marion Baribeau of Wilder, Vt., Ruth Stone of Charlestown and Barbara Wall of Portamouth, Va.; two brothers, William Tierney of Cornish and Robert Tierney of Northfield, Vt.; and several nieces and nephews.

She was predeceased by her parents, two brothers, James and Edward Tierney and two sisters, Shirley Leonard and Katherine Levey,

Calling hours are from 7 to 9 p.m. Tuesday at the Knight Funeral Home in Windsor. A scripture service will be held at 7:30 p.m.
A Mass of Christian burial will be celebrated at $11 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. Wednesday in the St. Francis of Assisi Catholic Church with the Rev. Robert J. Campbell, pastor, as celebrant.

Committal services will be held at $6 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. at the St. Francis Cemetery in Windsor.

Memorial donations are suggested in lieu of flowers. Contributions may be made to the St. Francis of Assisi Church, 30 Union Street, Windsor, Vt. 05089.

## CORNISH HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT

HAROLD MORSE
ROBERT BAYLISS


BIRDSEYE VIEW - Windsor, about 1886, as envisioned by an artist.

# Changing <br> Scene <br> Eyed 

WHITE RIVER Jct. - The land scape of the Uprict Valley. past. present and future, will be considered artistically and in actuabity May 10 at the annual meeting of the Lipper Valley Communty Land Trust

The public program. titied A Celtbration of tuppor Vatay Landscapes, will open with a presentation of romantic paintings of the Northern New England landscape followed by an open dicussion on dhether the landscape can and should be saved and the relation to the landscape of an agricultural economy,

The paintings wiff be prosented and interpreted by Dartmouth Colloge art historian Robert McGrath who will show slides of works by 19 th-contury landscape artists who drew their inspe ration from the river vaileys fertile tarmind and wooded peihes of North-
en New Engtand and the Hudson River Valey.

Well see how painters looked at the lantscape and idealized it," land trust Dreclor Timothy Traver shid. The Upoer Valley still has a lot of that irnage. The question is, can we preserve that look. that image, and should we?

There is a whole different land settoment pattern going on now:"

Many of the paintings, Traver pointed out. tocus on open tields where animels graze with wooded hills beyond. The open fields and pasfures, he said, are the aspect of the landscape most people want to preserve.
"Without a farm economy, how are We going to do that?" he said. "We can buy up development rights, but unless the helds are used for pasture
or plinting. first brusity will start to crow back and then theyil revert to forest ${ }^{-1}$

The chinging tandscape has an emotonal as wet as a visual effect on residents of the region, Traver pointed out.

There is a real relationship belween scenic beauty, fand use and the strength and character of our smallown community life that people are afraid is being lost, he aaid.

The meeting will begin at $7: 30$ p.m. in the Vermont Room at the Hotel Cootidge and is open to al interested persons at no charge

In addition to the landscape discussion, reports on the trust's second year of activities will be presented.

Those wishing more information should catl Triaver or Jeanie Mcintyre af ( 603 ) 448-3062


TRADITIONAL FOLK - The Heaths bring their interest and evocative brand of folk music to the Plainfield Town

Hall Friday night at 8 p.m. The concert marks the debu their recent release, "Gentle Fire."

# An acoustic evening with the Heaths 

PLAINFIELD - The Heaths, debut their new folk release, "Gentle Fire," at the third annual concert at the Plainfield Town Hall in Plainfield on Saturday.
The concert is at 8 p.m. Admission is $\$ 10$.
Gentle Fire is a recording which celebrates the beauty of the natural world in music inspired by many folk traditions: Celtic, Appalachian, Native American and Elizabethan.
The concert will feature songs from the album, including instrumentals (piano, guitar, recorder, Irish whistle, flute, hammered dulcimer and cello), ensemble harmonies and inteniely personal solos, Sis-
ters Sarah Heath, Lucy McLellan and Peggy Ogilvy have played over the last year in Connecticut, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Colorado and Maryland
Seattle singer-songwriter Linda Waterfall writes of the Heaths" music: "arresting, full of surprises and risks. Very exciting..." Classical diva Frederic Von Stade writell of Gentle Fire: ${ }^{*}$ "just loving it. What a terrific combination of talent."
One of the songs was written specifically about the Upper Valley area: "Ascutney Rising," features drums from trader Mark Humpal of Cornish. The
music of the Heaths, with images of blue sky, land, gentle rivers, light and dark, combined with the dawn to dusk lighting of the Maxfield Parrish Stage Set in the Plainfield Town Hall will create a mood that will take you deep into the night forest, where you enter a zone of peace and tranquilty.

Opening for the Heaths will be Vince Junior whose latest album of original music, "For Here or To Go," gives listeners a chance to hear guitar, voice and words that sound unique, yet warmly familiar. His strong, rich voice coupled with his aggrensive acoustic and slide guitar plaving make for a
sound that is quite unlike t. of currrent singers and so writers.
Vince Junior, compos guitarist, vocalist and mu instrumentalist, first fell un the spell of the blues throt the music of Mississippi Jo Hurt, a country blues guita and vocalist. Hurt's alternat bass fingerpicking style Vince Junior to the music Chet Atkins, Muddy Wate Lightning Hopkins and o ers.
The concert is a benefit the fund set up by the Pla field Historical Society to be fit the Maxfield Parrish St Sat and the Trun Hall Kitrh


Andy Smith of Cornish outs toe boards to length in his woodworking shop.
Making the Music Play Again

# Cornish Woodworker Restores Old Organs 

Br Jec A Baliou

Vallay News Correspondent
Corensil - When Andy Smith picks up his tools every morning, he works on a crift that's frozen is time.

Ift a woodshop beside his house, he makes items requiring fine curpentry skills - cabinets and fumiture and the like. But mostly he finds limself building and repairing church organs using the same methods its worlamiths from long apo
"ti's very low-tech. There's nothing that can't " be done by hand," said Smith, stunding between 4 long strips of fett and a bean of poplar, The basic concepts we use today are the same as 500 years ago. We're not doing anything differently"

Smith said restoring these ancient musical instruments pushes him to a higher level of craftsmanship daily, a chailenge that delights him

He's been in the woodworking business for 20 years, first as an appreatice and then in a parrnership before opening his own shop. The Woodsmith, in 1998.

He said he has enjoyed working with sood since chilldhood. but never though about working on organs. Then, fresh out of college, he appenticed with a muster carpenter who specalaized in restoring and rebuilding them. It reemed highly involved and intricate, but Smith was hooked
"t thought I'd never ger it. It was so complicuted," be wiid It took limi four years to beconc contufortable.

There ane a lot of basic concepts. Once you underntand the busic concepts of how everything works, it gets a lot easite. Now, I can look at a pile of parts and pur it together willout ever having seen it (ussembled)"

He has rebuilr 15 organs since opening The Woodmith. When he aceepts a job, he usuilly disassembles the organ und brings it to his shop. Then, he approaches each project with surgeotlike precision.

Every organ is unique, be said. Some of the older ones just need cleaning. Others need to be almost entirdly rebuilt, which can get tricky, considering that each original huilder bed dif. ferent construction details. It can take asolid yeur of full-time work to repair some orgins, he


What's a woodshop without a dachshund? Tobey (who belongs to Ed Boadway of Clare who rents apace in Smith's shop) keeps watch as Smith works at his workbench.
> "The basic concepts we use today are the same as 500 years ago."

Aldy Smith. The Woodsmith

## siid.

Tim Smith, an oraan beilder and contractor in Frumingham, Mass, often asks Smith to colliborate on projects becuuse of his repuitation.
"He's more than just a woodworker," said Tim Smith "Beculuse he's restored so many instmments, he brings all that experience to new poojects" The chailenge, be said, is that each orman must be integrated into is unique church setting Problem-solving alone won't work.
Reparing an old organ abo requines a great deal of creativity "You hive to hring solid woodworking skills to the table and then add into thit a halance of comurnis sense and inagination," he said.
Andy Smith recently completed a major neconstruction of one of the oldest organs in the country, mude by the fumous builder Henry Erben in 1893. Grace Episcopal Church in Shicldon, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}$ commissioned him to rotore the instrument, which sat umplayed for 60 ycars.

Working on the hisoric organ reminded of why he loves what he does. He stood workshop recently with photos from the p thowing mice skeletons be found in soun and the warped keyboard.
"An organ like this, that was in unplaye dition, that's got years and years of grim filth and brokern pieces, to take somethir this and pot it all back together and esse bring it bock to life, that is very rewarding
Smith has restored similar instruments i Oriems, Cleveland, Maryland and Tex well as New England.

Occasionally, he takes a break from work. In the spring, be built a table for a mouth College fraternity bouse that ha specification: It must be indestructible.
Smith wed white oak for the 12 -foot by table and reinforeed it with 600 pounds o - more than enough to withstand the stu huving several younte men dunce on it:

The project tequired less attention to than his work on church organs, but n something uniquic, by hatid, for the from brothers was rewurding and if chal Smith's woodworking skills, which he enf
"They never called me back" be said ctuckle, "so, I assme if never broke."


OPERA LOVER - Doug Coe of Cornish picks out an operatic accompaniment on the plano at the Claremont Opera House while he talks about his hopes to establish a small opera company in the area. Coe left a directing position with the New York Opera Company to come to the Upper Valley because he wanted a change in lifestyle, but he is convinced his naw lifestyle can still include live opera, (News photo - Georgia Croft)

## Afternoon Croonier



Sutb kengichiv flopo
NTHE KEY OF C - Davey Davis of Cornish sings and plays to entertain the shoppers at the ast Claremont Farmers Market of the season on Thursday.


Antiquities dealer Mark Humpal tends to items in his collection at home in Cornish.

# Restoring a Collection 

N.H. Museum Raising Money to Buy 'Lost' Artifac

Hinh in the hills of Cornish lives a man who has been sitting on treasure for almosi a decade.
The treasure is some 800 rare spearheads and other Native American artifacts from various sites in New Hampshire. The man is Mark Humpal, an antiquities dealer who bought the pieces from the widow of Howard Sargent, a leading figure in New Hampshire archacology.
Humpal has agreed to sell his collection to a plamned Sargent Museum in Manchester for about $\$ 100,000$ as soon as the museum raises the money.
That would restore important pieces to a large collection Sargent accumulated in his lifetime,
"T've been holding it for years, waiting for this moment," Humpal ssaid in an interview at home, which itself resembles a museum, with everything from Polynesian war clubs to Revolutionary War muskets hanging on walls and displayed on tables.
Humpal, 54, sells the items both out of his home and at antiquities shows around the country. During a recent interview he was wearing leather slippers that he says were "native made" and a silk bandana around his head.
In his front yard, deer hides were being cured in the sun. He regularly travels to the Southuest to trade the hides with Native Americans for their buskels and dolls, he said.
Humpal met Sargent in a class the archaeologist was teaching at the old Montshire Museum, then in Hanover, in the mid-1980s. "We became friends," Humpal said. "I was a guest in his home many times." Sargent was a longtime Franklin Pierce College professor who fashioned a museum of sorts when he was a teenager and lived in Georges Mills. He converted a lakeside cottage into the "Sargent Museum of Natural History," but gave that up when be went off to World War II. After the war he studied at Yale and the University of Michigan. The Sargent Museum group credits him with conducting the first statewide archateological survey, in the 1950s.
Over the years Sargent accumulated about a million artifacts, many of hem from digs in the Connecticut, Merrimack and Pemigewasset river valleys. Among the significant excavations was the Hunter Site in Claremont, done in 1967.
"I always wondered after he died


These items from the original collection of Howard Sargent were used on the end of short spears for hunting by native peoples before they developed bows and arrows. Valley News - Jennifer Hauck
what would happen to the collection." Humpal said. Sargent died suddenly of a heart attack in 1993 at age 74. leaving no instructions as to what to do with his collection. "I didn't want to be an ambulance-chaser. so I never said anything." Humpal said.

But two years later. Humpal caught wind that Sargent's cashpressed widow was selling artifactsat a yard sile. He bought some items at the sale, and after that continued buying from her.

Humpal said he showed her an artifact price guide so she would charge a fair price. "She let me look through the boxes and pick out the better pieces," he said.

Unbeknownst to Humpal, the organizers of a planned Sargent Museum believed they had an agreement to obtain the entire collection, according to Wes Stinson, who founded the museum project in 1994.

When Stinson and other museum board members found out she was selling pieces of Sargent's collection, they were not happy. "We don't know how many pieces disappeared that way," he said. One yard sale customer actually sent his purchase back to her when he realized how valuable it was, Stinson said. "He thought he'd ripped her off,"

Stinson said he doesn't blame Humpal. "He's a good guy, just doing his job." But he would like to reunite Surgent's collection. "Nine-ty-nine per cent of artifacts is trash

## The proposedsale

 of the collection touches on a longstanding debate about puttinga monetary value onarchaeological artifacts. that people leave behind from day-to-day activities," Stinson said. "We don't find that many easily recognizable artifacts. The stuff (Humpal) has are the best examples. He has the gee-whiz artifacts that are displayable to the public instead of the broken stuff left behind. That's why we decided it was worth the considerable effort to get it."Humpal originally valued his collection at $\$ 250,000$, Stinson said. "I thought that was too high," he suid. "But he's the only one who's qualified to give it a market value. He's a good Yankee trader - it'shurd toget a bottom line." Now Humpal says it's worth $\$ 190,000$ und that he's donating $\$ 90,000$ of the value.
"From the beginning I wanted it to stay in the state," Humpal said. "It's a rare and important part of New Hampshire's prehistory. Although 1 make a living buying and selling things, I like to think sometimes I can place artifacts where they'll have a nice home."
But if Stinson can't raise the money. Humpal will sell it elsewhere. "A lot of people have been bugging me to sell it out-of-state," Humpal said, "Auction houses and collectors covet rare New Hampshire artifacts. I don't field offers because I tell them it's not for sule." Humpal originally had set a January deadline for the sale to the museum group, but then agreed to give them more time.
Stinson said he should have the money together by the end of this
month. Most of the donations coming from private individuals want to leave a legacy, he said. son said he hopes the museum open in Manchester in 2007.
If the deal does go through, are several pieces Stinson wil especially excited to have in museum. A soapstone pipe exc: ed from a Connecticut River $\mathrm{V}_{\text {i }}$ site near Mount Ascutney has research value, he said. Also, a barbed axe from the seacoast of Hampshire is "incredibly unique
Whoonce used all these artifat another question. "It's hard to what tribes lived here," Stinson "They got so decimated and persed before there could be et graphic accounts."
Humpal said he's sure one of tribes was the Abenaki, in A nquian-speaking people whose t leadership today is in Canada. " collection is unequivocal evid that they were here." he said. "If pieces are on public display, it c help their claim that they occu this land since Paleo times 10. years ago." He has made tworep of the soapstone pipe and plan give one to the Abenaki and keep other as a souvenir.
The proposed sale of the collec touches on a longstanding del about putting a monetary valu archaeological urifacts.
"It's a major league no-no in minds of academic archaeologis be even talking about values of facts, let alone buying and sellin Stinson said "They get sort of he fied by the idea. It seems to encourage people to loot sites to in their collections or sell. But i different world in the museum w from more pure archaeology. fact is, there's a market value to stuff, and I think we have todeal it."
Humpal also said the Aber have expressed an interest in the lection. He said that the terms of agreement with Stinson call for Abenaki to be allowed to borro whenever they want. "And I'tI I him to it," Humpal said, Stinson: he would be open to Aber requests to borrow parts of the lection.
Most of Sargent's collection storage at the state archaeolog facility in Concord. One thing S son and Humpal can agree on is Sargent would be pleased to hav intact. "He started as a kid planr to have a museum someday," Stin said.

# Neighbor-to-Neighbor volunteers meet 

## Raising program awareness is goal

By MELISSA LAFLAMME Staff Writer

About a dozen resident a came to the Plainfield Fire House early Thursday morning to discuss the Neighbor-toNeighbor proCornish gram and increase its awareness.

Neighbor-to-Neighbor, a program that is run with the help of local residents to assist other residents in need, operates on a volunteer basis.

Thursday morning, program volunteers teamed up with Connie Kousman, the head of the Cornish General Assistance and Senior Resources Program to discuss options for the pro-
gram to align more with the community.
"This is a wonderful group and I wish more towns had a group like this," said Kousman.

An issue that arose was tracking the number of calls that come through the program each year.

I have no idea how many calls, maybe 10 last year," said Jim Fitch.

Fitch further explained that residents tended to place a phone call to certain individuals rather than through one source making the total count hard to track.

The discussion on phone calls led to concerns of contacts with a solution for a Neighbor-toNeighbor phone book.
"I think a lot of times people don't want to call someone on the other side of Cornish, they want to call someone they know," ET 4/4/08 pi
said Steve Bobbin who suggest ed the program phone book.
"What were hoping is te increase the outreach with the group as a whole," said Lair Klingler.

Kousman cautioned the vol unteers that some residents may abuse the program and suggest ed a plan to thwart them might be beneficial to the program.
"You're gonna get people who abuse it and you're gonna have to sense it and cut it off," said Dale Rook.

Neighbor-to-Neighbor aids residents with physical ailments do daily chores around their homes, said the volunteers of the program when mention of par ticipate criteria arose.
"It's not about money," Fitch said, "If we're volunteering wc don't need to know how much money they make."
"The criteria should be physicel need," said Bob Michal.

Each month the program meets to discuss its progress and areas of opportunity, but in the end the message is the same, more volunteers and more residents making use of those volunteers.
"People really have to learn not to hesitate to call," Bobbin said.

Melissa LaFlamme can be reached at (603) 543-3100, Ext. 102 mlaflamme(9ुeagletimes.com

NEIGHBOR TO NEIGHBOR NEWS Saturday, August 9th, the Neighbor-to-Neighbor group sponsored a project at the Recycling Center to provide firewood this winter for those Cornish residents in need. We had a wonderful turnout and it was afine demonstration of commenity spirit. A buge amount of wood was cut, split, and stacked,

Special thanks to Mike Ackerman for donating one splitter that was handled by Jeff Plant. Doug Miller also came with his own splitter. Dave Clifford and Steve Wright brought with them their excellent skills with the chainsaw. Colleen O'Neill provided refreshments that were much needed when everyone took a break. She was assisted by Sandy Guest who provided Pizzelli, and Italian specialty.

Thanks to the following people who participated: Rudy Aldghieri, Dave and Joanne Clifford, Joe Drury, Sandy Guest, Anne Hier, Henry Homeyer, Bernice Johnson, Laird Klingler, Doug Miller, Colleen O'Neill, Josh Orlen, Jeff Plant, Rev Wightman, and Steve Wright, Becky Townsend and Bruce Resnicoff.

And on Saturday, August 23rd, another successful firewood project at the Recycling Center. Still some more to go, but we're almost there, Special thanks to Dave Clifford and Dave Haseman for operating their splitters and to Bemice Johnson, Colleen O'Neill, and Marcia Paradis for providing the refreshments.

Thanks also to the following people that helped with the firewood: Jim Atkinson; Steve Bobin; Loel Callahan; Dave and Joann Clifford; Dave Haseman; Gretchen Holm; Henry Homeyer; Laird Klingler; Josh Orlen; Jeff Plant; Dan Poor; Remko Scharro; Joanna Shaff; Steve Wagner( a friend of Dave Haseman's from Kittery, Maine); Rev Wightman; and Steve Wright.

Consider This, September, 2008

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\text { PRIMARY SEPTEMBER } 9^{\text {TH }} \text {. }
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Kids Pitch in


Tim Sprague, 11, right, Nick Kapuscinski, 11, and their teacher, Ruth Cassedy, stack firewood yesterday at Cornish Recycling Center. A group of Cassedy's fifthgraders were helping with the project, part of her effort to
get them involved in community service. The town's road crew gathers the wood from blow-downs and roadside clean-up. It's distributed free to residents who need help heating their homes.


Klingler of Cornish pulls weeds from Helen Lovell's garden, a task he een doing weekly during the growing season for the last five years.

Lovell, 95, holds the Boston Post Cane as the town's oldest reside Valler Nu=s Jol zC, zeen p, El


# 13745 

CORNISH, N.H.

Laird Klingler is a member of Neighbor to Neighbor, an informal group of Cornish residents whe whunteer their time helping elderly people in need with projects around the house. Here, in an edited interviev, Klingler talks about his work for Helen Lovell.

IM A WIDOWER NOW, but when I was married, my mother-in-law was an Italian immigrant. I would always ask.
"Whut do you think of the flowens I plantet?" und she'd say, "Can you eat them?"

Helen's a bit like that. She's very old school in the sense that a garden is there to produce. I always have to fight for space for the flowers. She let me put in some dathlias over there.

Things grow well here, so the weeds grow well, too. I try to gee over once a week, and it takes about an hour and a half.

When I was weeding, I saw the lawn needed to be cut, so Steve and Cathy Parks
who live down at the botiom of the raad came up here and did it. Joe Rozzo came up and helpod put the netting on for the blucberrie

Thar's the way these thing go. This is a volunteer group. You don't tell people what to do, you just let them know what needs to be done. Everybody chips in a litIte bit here and there. and I think it works well

We have contact people in town who let us know what neak to be done. There's Jim Fitch, whose family has been here forever, and Connic Kousman, who is the head of the general assistance committee in the town, and Henry Homeyer, people know Henry from his garden articles (in the Valley News). Henry's actually the one who came up with the idea for the group.

What happens is that they leam of poople in need, let me know, and I maintain in e-mail list. I send out a message saying people need some help, and those who are
able, repond.
We tuilt a ramp for hundicap acce person's home, that was a major py We cut, split and stack firewood there's a lot of yurd mainternance. W once a month ower at Stubb's and 1. (cafe) for breakfost.
So much of whar happens in the w beyond our control. How many of really understand what's happenec the tarking thing? But with this, yo actually do something

I believe that the centerpiece of th Testament is the Good Samaritan and I take that to heart. If's not enous to think as a Christian in relation to ing those less fortunate: you have to mit to a physical act of helping.
I firmly believe that as you giv receive. You feel better whien you've some sort of contribution to make better. And I like working with th too,

## Phofograph and interview by Jason Johns <br> Neighbor-to-Neighbor, Laird Klingler

Exploring the diversity of experiences and circumstances in the Upper Valley, Zip Codes appears every Sunday. A collection of the columns can be seen in the Web Extras section of the Valley News Web site, at www.vnews.com. If you have an idea you would like to share, contact Jason Johns at johnsevnews.com or (603) 727-3230.

## Neighbor-to-Neighbor, Dan Poor, Rickey Poor

## Cleanup Crew



A half-dozen Cornish residents showed up unannounced Tuesday with work gloves and heavy equipment to help Dan Poor (center leff) with the demolition and removal of what remained of his home he shared with his wife, Rickey, that was
destroyed March 14 by an explosion and fire caused by propane leak. The group included Laird Klinger, second fror left, Patrick Clancy and Dale Rook. Rob Jaarsma, not picture brought the tractor.

Valler Nows - Jason Johi

Thursday, November 8, 2018


JEFF EPSTEIN Volunters do various tasks to prepare wood for splitting on the machine set up by George Edson (far leff).

# The Cornish accord to ensure everyone has a cord to burn 

By JEFF EPSTEIN<br>Vtreporter@eagletimes.com

CORNISH - A pickup truck with a donated load of wood rolls into the Cornish Recycling Center on Route 120. A few men gather around the pickup and quickly off load the wood. They add it to the pile that will be split and eventually go to Cornish residents who need it to heat their homes.

The men are among six to eight volunteers this afternoon who came here to split wood for this purpose. It's just one of things residents in Cornish do to help each other.
"I don't know a single house in Cornish that doesn't use wood in some capacity," says Marie DeRusha, the town's director of general assistance, who is also here When a family urgently needs firewood to keep from getting cold, they go to her.
"So many people in Cornish have wood
stoves," she says. "Sometimes it's just a supplement for their heating system, and 1 know a few of them that heat primarily with wood."

DeRusha makes the decisions about who gets free firewood. She's only been in the job a few years, although this wood service has been happening in the community for at least 35 years or so, she says.

While some of the wood comes from the town, much of it is donated from others in the community. So DeRusha doesn't require a formal application. She knows who people are. If someone were to request wood when she knows they have seven cords in front of their house, she would decline the request, she says. But she usually says yes.

DeRusha also helps Cornish families get a Thanksgiving turkey, if they need it.
"The community is such a littie but
she says. "Everyone is willing to help everyone else,"

Over at the splitter, one man picks up a large plece of $\log$ and hands it off to another man, who loads it into the splitter. Then George Edson, who owns the machine, carefully makes sure the log is secure for cutting. It's a small machine, but it is loud, and the blade is sharp and tough. It has no trouble splitting the log into smaller pieces in seconds.

Other volunteers load the split wood onto a carrier, and then drag it off to the storage bin.

Once DeRusha has given the OK to someone, a person can come here to the recycling center on Saturdays to pick up some wood.

Cornish residents can let Marie DeRusha know they need firewood by calling her at (603) 558 0391. She can also be reached by email at $m$. $m$ marie32@yahoo.com.



ROSE NELSON, 89, owns a house on the bank of the Connecticut River in Cornish. A few years ago, the state wanted to take the house away to reroute a road leading to the entrance of the Cornish Covered Bridqe. (Ruth Rollins)

## More than a close call

## Cornish woman nearly had house taken away by state

## By RUTH ROLLINS <br> Contributing Writer

CORNISH - The Cornish Covered Bridge has always drawn widespread interest, but perhaps no one has been more interested than Rose Emerson Nelson. That's because the state nearly took away her home when it wanted to reroute a road leading to the bridge.
Nelson, who lives on a bank overlooking the Cornish Covered Bridge, recently celebrated her 89 th birthday. She appears to be much younger, and her love of family and a jolly attitude play a big part in that.
In 1957, she and her husband Harry moved to the home on

the bank. She still resides there with her son. Wayne, and his wife, Ethel, who help look after her.
"The house looked terrible when we bought it. The driveway had only a wagon wheel track with grass growing up the middle, but we fixed it up, and we liked it I guess we bought it for the view."
For five years before the Cor-
nish Covered Bridge was repaired, the state told Mrs. Nelson that it was going fo take the house. It wanted to put the road up near the house to allow drivers to come out of the bridge on a straight path But after several meetinge with both Cornish and Windsor residents, the state later decided that it wasn't necessary to reroute the road. Thus, the bridge was eventually repaired in such a way that this would not happen.
Rose Nelson and her daugh-ter-in-law, Ethel, are authorities on the repair of the bridge, which was closed during the

Bprang of I988. The grand re opening was Dec. 8, 1989.

## Men at work

"I enjoyed watching the me! at work. I especially enjoyed i when they worked of the barg in the river, A tractor or crani on the barge would lift every thing up to do the roofing When the barge needed to ba moved a smaller boat wouk give the barge a push to wher they wanted it to be. It woule only take a couple of moves They knew just how to do it they were very experienced, said Mrs. Nelson.
"Many different people worked on the bridge at dif ferent times. Some of therr only worked two or three days and when their part of the jot was done, other workers woulc come. Some of the men lived ir the little house across the bridge. The men were all ver quiet; we only heard the sounc of hammers or riveting. A nic group of workers."
Ethel Nelson documented everything about the projec with her camera and has beau tiful photos that she sells to residents and tourists. She used wood from the bridge t make frames for some of them
Much of the old wood in th bridge was retained. Repai work was done to the uppe cords, and some sections wer replaced near the center of th bridge. Now the bridge is fitter with new, enlarged, laminate lower cords, new deck joist and a new deck. The lattio trusses were repaired. All thi work to several months ani helped while away the days fo grades.
"We moved from Troy because the farm we had was toc big, and my father wasn't well so he wanted a smaller one. We moved to Cornish in 1909, liv ing in the house now occupiec by the Gobin family. I have lived here (Cornish) ever since."

I was good friends with Mrb Tifft, who lived next door, anc she used to pick me up fo socials and on Sunday morn ing, so that I could atten services at the Congregationa Church on Center Road."
Young Rose, along with he brother Ralph, joined Cornisl Grange No. 25. At one of th Grange-sponsored dances, sh met her future husband, Harr Nelson. He was born in th house now known as th Barker home on Tifft Road When he was less than a yea old his family moved to a farm on Dingleton Hill.

Rose Emerson and Harr Nelson were married on Jul 10, 1926 and lived on the Mc Clary farm for a few years moving to his family's farm or Dingleton Hill after the deat of his mother. There, the
vruugnt up then nive chir
Their life was busy, farming and bringing up their family. Milk from their dairy cattle, which helped support them, had to be taken down the steep hill by horse and wagon to be picked up by a milk truck. In later years the road, which exited in Jonesville, was discontinued.

Harry Nelson was once the Cornish Highway Agent. He also served as selectman for 18 years, during nonconsecutive terms. Mr. Nelson was also known as the "Voice of the Cornish Fair" for many of the fair's earlier years, and the speaker's booth is dedicated to him.

## Socially active

The couple showed strong interest in town affairs and were also involved in social events. For several months the Nelsons held dances at the Grange Hall to raise funds to pay off the debt owed on the building. "We really thought we had done something. The very next meeting members voted to go into debt again to add the outside entrance to the building ... but I guess it was almost necessary," Mrs. Nelson said. That was about 50 years ago.
The building has just recently been given to the Town of Cornish to provide new town office space, which she said was a good idea.

Mrs. Nelson worked at the school cafeteria in Windsor for a time and also worked at the Windsor Hospital as a dietician from 1959-1966. "I worked five of those years without a dietician, but the hospital had to have a dietician to be ac-
"I knew what the patients could have, and 1 made meals accordingly. I never got any complaints, If a patient wanted something different - we served eggs on toast, and one lady always wanted Johnny cake and milk for supper - so that is what I served her, Might as well keep her happy."
"I only served one meal I felt bad about. The dietician had a recipe for a casserole using asparagus and hard-boiled eggs, but I think she left something out, because when it was cooked the egge were all green and runny. I felt terrible, but it was time for supper and no time to do anything different. Well, I never had so many requests for eggs on toast as I did that night. Later one of the nuraes came down to supper and said she liked asparagus and wanted to try it. She suid it wasn't bad if you didn't have to look at it."
After working at the hospital Mrs. Nelson worked for another seven years at Newberry's, a five and dime store in Windsor, retiring to her home that overlooks the beautiful Cornish Covered Bridge, the longest covered bridge in the United States.

## Monday, November 3, 1980



## Newbold Named New Head Of Windsor Group

## WINDSOR

Michael Newbold of Cornish has been named executive director of Historic Windsor Ine.
He replaces Denis Kemy, who resigned to accept the position of dean of the faculties of humanities and social sciences at the Royal Melbourne Institute Technology in Australia.

Newbold was formerly vice president, secretary and assistant treasurer of the Hospital Survey Committee in Philadelphia. He was also associated with Narco Scientific Inc. in Houston. Tex., and Hatboro, Pa,
A graduate of St. George's School in Newport, R.I, he majored in business administration at Pernsylvania State University and liberal arts at the University of Pent-

# Obituaries 

Clement B. Newbold Sr.
MOUNTAIN LAKE, Fla. - Clement Buckley Newbold $\mathrm{Sr}_{\mathrm{r}}, 79$, of Mountain Lake, died Wednesday at his home after a brief illness.
He was born in Philadelphia, Pa, and moved to Moutain Lake 24 years ago,

He attended Groton and SL Georges School and graduated from Princeton University in 1928.

Mr. Newbold was a retired investment banker and broker. He was a member of the Episcopal Church of the Good Shepherd of Lake Wales.

He was a veteran of World War II serving as a lietenant in the Marines Third Division in the South Pacific.

He was a nember of the U.S. Olympic Rowing Committee and was a coach for the Princeton Crew from 1936 to 1948.

He was affiliated with the Hazelton Smith Insurance Company and a partner at W.H. Newbolds and Sons Company.

He was a member of the Financial Analysis Social Club, the Philadelphia Club, the Rittenhouse Club, Sumnybrook Club, Bachelor's Barge Club. He also held membership in
the Athenaeum Historical Society and the Horticultural Society. He served on the board of the Children's Hospital, Abington Hospital and the Mountain Lake Corporation Board of Governors.

He attended the Church of Our Savior, Huntington Valley Chapel He was instrumental in the foundation of the new hall of the Marine Corps Museum in Philadelphia.

He held an active interest in the research of the Philadelphia Natural Historical Museum.
He is survived locally by two sons, Michael Newbold and Jay Cheston M. Newbold, both of Cornish.

Private graveside services were held at the Lake Wales Cemetery, The Rev. Stanley Sheffer officiated

Memorial contributions may be made to the Episcopal Church of the Good Shepherd, Memorial Fund, Lake Wales, Fla., 33853.
The Marion Nelson Funeral Home of Lake Wales in charge of arrangements.

# THE NEWS OF CORNISH 

## Gathered by Our Faithful Corps of Correspondents

## SOUTH CORNISH

Hunters are numerous but only one no lar has captured a deer in this to bally, Duane Ewrence.

Bet t llaines is working for W. A Smith of the Red Water brook coat coming recently from vancouver.
W. L. Gratins is more than busy in the butchering line, with engagement. ahead.

All inc pleased to hear that Mra Mary Gonari. who wat critically III With primmonia lint =ec kc, is on thee ELI

Mir, and Mrs, R. D. Emerson spent Thatukgiving with Mr. epson's parents it Manchester. The followings Sunday they are Thankugring turkey with oiler relative c and the Lisreace family at the Lawrence hour. rome

Mr. and Mrs. T, K. Lawrence, Duane and Harland Lawrence, Miss Doris Tewkskury and B. F. Levin family of Plannield were Sunday guts of Mr. and Mra, R. D. Emircall, Claremont
Thank giving day at Charles S. Lear's besides the immediate family near relatives and the aged mother. were Mr. and Mrs. Henry, Kelly and children. The day wan enjoyed all in ail anil the remark was made "Gran il ma Goward was the smartest one it the crowd."

Mr, and Mrs. Charles Gowan and Mr, and Mra H. H. Mercer have att leet at the Gowaril home vince Mrs Goward's illness to assist in many wast Mrs, Goward during her critical Hearse hat been tenderly cared for by fief three daughters.

Mr and Mrs. George C. Grannie were Sunday dinner guests of their won and wife, Mra and Mrs. W. C Grannie, the occurrence being Mr. George Grannie' birthday. Mr. anil Mrs Grands are very active people for their gears and we hope they may enjoy many more birthdays in What manner.

George E. Fairbanks went to Clarematt Thursday, Dee. Th to attend the funeral of his lirotber, H. H. Fairlanka at Stopghtor's funeral parfork Mr. Fairbanks was a native of this town and a former resident, well known and respected by all who knew him. After marriage he lived for many years on the Chandler Fletcher farm on the mountain best the Poole's and Rowels: where many a neighborly visit was enjoyed.

## MERIDEN

Very little snow; no sleighs in the yet.

Mri. Mattie Jondro has been the guest of Mrs, Georgia Dean the part guess of ers, Sects to go to Hartford.
week She expect Cont, for the winter.

Dr. E. I.. House hal a new ear which we shall expect to nee in use next month.

Walter Stearns has a car.
The Red Cross daces are being paid this wrote Eugene Fadden is one of the solicitors

Charles Torrey is visiting friends in Windsor and Jamuica, Vt.

The sale held by the Ladies Ald one ciety of the Baptist church was quite

## SKETCHES

## Our Gracious Ladies

By Natalie gordon
Mother of three sons and three daughters, Mrs. Arthur A. Shutcliff was the first American wromath ever to ring a peal of tower bells, and was the second ever to accomplish this feat in London, where bell ringing is a famous tut. . . Ringing a peal, In case you don't know, requires three hours of steady pulling on the ropes, and mastering 5000 changes in one complete pend... an achievement requiring tremendout concentration and co-ordinatron and an exercise par excellence that brings into play every ratucle of the body. ... Taken to England as a young woman by her father, because those on Beacon Hill objected to evening practice, she practiced in London on various famous tower bells, ineluding those of St. Paul's Catherdrab, and for years rang the bells here in Boston's OIl North Church. ... Wester also of the hand bells, the has rung these for 16 years as part of Beacon Hill's famed Christmas Rive celebration, and this year her little band of sta, The practice sometimes four hours of sur evening, will broadcast over Were it $10 \mathrm{P}, \mathrm{M}$. following their ringing on the Hill. . They cain sing be heard tonight at 8 at the Wert Newton Unitarian Church... . . N. E tenths champion during 1903-4, she is an accomplathed housewife, who wastes sin Lime ordering meats, but in"yhimently leaves it all to the cook the his had for 50 years... 3nblla it entity to trout people who Turk for ono as. though they Euetril at ounce of sense.
With os fantird extinction of old topis, she is one of the It:ife group of Pritegata" wto mule early Apistiene pine furniture. Cist ult be found morning Tuintire the old Charles Street


MES. AITTIUH A. KHURCHIF

Meeting House, which she If Intarested in restaring and where, in January, will be held forms for young people. . . . Hers is otis of the homes where bread is still! home-baked. . . . Treasurer of Community Church, she is vitally interested in the abolition of the death penalty.
(Tomorrow: Mrs. Jolin Lavalle

Nichols, Margaret Shurcliff

F.mumuma, who has teen confined to the house, some little time, by illness. is able to be out and about again.
-The Boston Sunday Globe nays: Dr. Arthur Nichols of Mt, Vernon street in going to Europe in a few weeks to join his daughter, Margaret, who has been spending the winter whit the Darwin at their home just out of Oxford, England They are to travel together through Ensland patin bells in the cathredrais. Hies Nichols is the only woman ever elected to the guild of bell pealers in England. Mrs. Nichols aud her daughters Misses Rose um i Marian are at their commtry meat near Windsor, yt.
may $190^{2}$
windsor $c, b s / B$

Boston Traveler Dec 20,1939

## BRING YOUR ROD AND TACKLE

Visitors to North Srar start their adventure in a boathouse that does double dury as a barn and stable for the draft horses that the family breeds．Nov－ ices can choose from a wide assortment of kayaks，canoes or imner tubes to ferry them down the river．More experienced paddlers can opt to use their own boats． Once you＇ve chosen your vessel，the North Star crew，which varies in size depending on the season，will load it aboard a boat trailer while you make yourself comfortable aboard the＂Coot Bus＂for a ride to your chosen launch point．

The COOL Bus has become one of our trademarks，＂says Swoyer．＂It came abour because when a bus is purchased for use that is not school oriented，it can－ not legally have the words school＇printed on it．So we got rid of the S and the H ， leaving the word COOL in place．It has been that way ever since：－

Swoyer might be your guide，or it might be one of the owners，Linda and Jabez Hammond．＂Most of our trips start our ar a launch point just one mile north of the Windsor Bridge，and usually last anywhere from two to four hours，＂says Swoyer．From here visitors are treated to a fantastic view of the bridge as they follow the current of the river and slowly glide past the weathered stone pilings that have supported the span for awre than a century，＂Most of our trips are self－guided，though were happy to point our places to stop and things to look for along the way：＂
voper Valley Lifa
MWーテunc 2002

## Learn More 〒a

Pricing for a half－day trip is $\$ 25$ per adult and $\$ 20$ per child．For a full day，is is $\$ 50$ per adule and $\$ 35$ per child．There are also a variety of specialty trips，yourh group rates and special deals．Check out the possibili－ ties at www．kayak－canoc．com


## Lawrence Nowlan

## Cornish Sculptor Dies

Lawrence J. Nowlan Jr., of Cornish, works on a 12 -foot-tall clay sculpture of 1939 Heisman Trophy winner Nile Kinnick in his Windsor studio in November 2005. Nowlan died Tuesday of natural causes.

Valley News

- Davio M. Barreda


## Page C1




## 'OLD PEOPLE'S VISIT' OBSERVED AT CORNISH



Some of the most loyal former and present residents of Cornish are pictured here. Each hat attended 50 or more -Old People's Vitits" and was in atfendance at the athth anmual ohseryance hilid Wednosday in the entury-ald Congragational churcis in Cornish Center. Front row, left to right, Eben Johnson, D. G. Witherill, 15, oldeat man in attendance: Leon M. Howard, Mra, Lueia Ealioch, Leroy H. Harlow, Mr. and Mrs. Erwin W. Quimby, Mrs. C. H. Barton. Mrs. Quimby is the daughter of Rev, James T. Japoron, founder of the HOld Deople's Viait" at Cornish, and her husband Is a 78 yeariuld twin brother of Eiwin Quimby of Cornish. At


## Cornish Old Home Day brought out

 the young, and the not so young


Clara Weld, Peter Storrs, James Fitch, Orville Fitch

TRADITION CONTINUES -Eight-month-old Nicholas Heggi Storra and his dad, Peter, top photo, visit with Cornish Old Home Day Association President Clera Weld Saturday while 100 -year old James Fitch, left, came to the celebration with his son, Orville. Ninety residents participated in the festivitios at the Unilied Chumb of Cornish. These included a dinner served by the Park Gri-ge and musical entertainment by the Old Home Day Choras. (Ruth Rollins Photo)

## cornisn resiaenls

## recall one room

## schoolhouses

## By RUTH ROLLINS Contributing Writer

CORNISH - One room schoolhauses may conjure up thoughts of the horse and buggy era and the 19th century, but the fact is, it many rural communities oneroom schoolhouses were used up through the 1950 s and 60 s .

Cornish residents gathered recently to reminisco about getting an education in a one-room schoolhouse. The Meetinghouse at. Cornish Flat was packed when townspeople and viaitors met for the recent meeting of the Cornish Historical Society to listen to stories of past school days in Cormish

Farmer Fred Sullivan had many storics to tell.

He started school with his aunt, Winnie Barton, at Cornish Flat School. She became sick during the year, so he was lucky enough to have his mother, Berthn Sullivan, us a teacher. -She used me as an example. 1 spent many hours in the woodshed," said Sullivan.

He liter attended South Cornish School, with Doris Williams as as teacher and
recalled a prank pulled on her: One day one of the students decided to put glue on the teacher's chair, remembered Sullivan. After sitting there a half hour the whole back of her dress ripped off when she stood up.
"However, that didn't stop her She tied the student to his chair for the rest of the day." said Sulivan.

Linda Fuerst and Bernice Johnson gave illustrated talks on the old school houses used in early days, pinpointing locations on a map to show where the buildings were.

Following the meeting those attending wers most interested in looking over class pictures taken during early days and were asked to identify students.

From 1827 to 1885 the town's population was 1700 , with people residing in far corners of the town and throughout. This required schools to be opened in different sections, as travel was mostly by foot or horse and buggy. As many as 16 or 17

## CORNISH

## From Page 1

schools were open at one time or another. When there wasn't enough students in an area the school might be closed.

Bernice Johnson told of attending the small Dingleton Hill school, where one wall was held up by old barn boards, "right from the barn too," she said. By the time she was in third grade the school had been rebuilt.
It was a time of long stockings worn by girls, no slacks were allowed. "You might be able to wear ski pants under a skirt, but you had to wear a skirt," she said. One of her wishes was to wear socks, like some of the other girls wore, but growing up in a family where a strict grandmother always lived with them, this was a no no. "My grandmother used to go visit relatives for a couple months in the winter, so that is when I wore socks," she said.

Other schools included the Chadbourne School, located not frar from the Chase House on Route 12A. The Saint Gaudens Road School, located near what is now the historical site, where Mrs. Fitch, Bernice's mother taught with only an eighth grade education. The Tracy School, located next to Peter Burling's home and the Hell Hollow School, on Fernald Hill, far from the center of town.

Among others were the original Cornish Flat School, loeated fiurther up School Street than in later yeurs. A school which now serves as a Masonic Temple. The Center School, located on the corner of Paget Road, near the


Jackson Road School above, and the Goward School outhouse, below, were among the old buildings remembered during a recent meeting of the Cornish Historical Society. (Wayne Carter photos)

presently serves as the Little Town Hall, which is used during fair days, and the South Cornish School, located directly across from Jackson Road on Route 120.

Also the City School, on Town House Road, Poppy Squash School, located in Corbin Park, the Jackson Rond School, and schools located on Root Hill Road, the South East Corner of White Water Brook Road and one on the corner of Edminster Cemetery Road.

A small school located on Hill Road, (presently renamed to East Road) was the Goward School, where Paul Rollins began his education. The school no longer stands, but when Ellsworth Atwood wanted to operate a garage at Comish Flat, ho could not do so without some sort of bathroom. The old Goward School outhouse was still standing at the time, so it was chosen for this purpose and was hauled to the garage. When it wasn't needed years later, the two door outhouse was again hauled up Route 120 a short distance, to the Decatur home, under hilarious shenanigans, where it was used as a snowmobile shed.

If schools were as close as two miles students walked. Further, they might be driven by horse and wagon in mud season, by sleigh in the winter months, and occasionally a Model T Ford in good weather. There were no blacktop roads in early years.

Students brought their lunch and sometimes in winter cocos or soup would be heated on the old schoolhouse stoves.

Judy Rook told of attending school at City Sehool where there was no running water and the
outhouse was located up a steep bank behind the school. A ceramic water jug was filled from a spring by the Spaulding bome.
She later uttended the Chadbourne School, where there were 35 children in one room. "In winter there were only three or four of us who came dressed to go outsido and sometimes the teacher would forget we were out there and forget to ring the bell. Of course we would stay as far from school as possible." said Rook. She also remarked that each day classes began by saluting the flag and saying a prayer.

Stuart Hodgeman remembered his school days well, going to the Tracy School even before he was six yeara old, with his dad, who was a school board member. His mother, Priscilla, also played the piano for students, so he would also attend with her.

He later attended the school and had Eya Bernard as his teacher for seven years.
-The teacher would work with different groups. We would listen to the other students, learning by observation. Mrs. Bernard was a task master, there was no sassing back, she had much control. There Was a baby corner and if a student was real bad she took them to the woodshed and closed the door"

He remembers being the janitor at the schnol his last three years there, getting up early to start the fire, Also how spelling bees and math contests were popular "I was always in competition with Sara Nolson during the math contests," said Hodgeman.

Fred Sullivan later attended the Center School and when that school became overcrowded five of
them were sent to the Junior High in Claremont. I came from a school of 15-20 kids. In a class of 100 I was one scared kid! We were all farm boys. When we went to school we all smelled the same, we didn't take a bath after chores. There I got the name "Barnyard." After two or three days we decided we better take baths before school."
It wasn't until the March 1953 meeting, which was long and with much controversy, did voters approve 203 to 62 to build an eight room school at the cost of $\$ 120,000$.

The amount to be borrowed exceeded the town's bond limit which required an exception. Following another highly intense meeting, with an investigating committee from the State Board of Education, the plan was approved by the governor and executive council and construction began. Even then, several residents made charges concerning the legality of the meeting and construction was halted. The case was heard at Sullivan County Superior Court, which agreed the meeting was legal. Not satisfied, those who were against building appealed to the State Supreme Court, which upheld the decision.

Next, opponents circulated a petition calling for a special school meeting to rescind the original vote and reconsider the proposal. The meeting was held and voters again approved of building the new school, which was dedicated in August of 1954.

In 1954 only six of the old buildings were being used as schools. They were sold and have been remodeled to be homes.

# 15 years later, memories of $\mathbf{P e}$ 

## By BRIGET BURR

## Staff Writer

CORNISH, N.H. - Even after 15 years of returning from the Peace Corps, Patrick PinksonBurke atill has contact in Washington with people from Afghanistan and volunteers he served with.
Pinkson-Burke joined the Peace Corps in 1973, a year-and-a-half after graduating from Illinois State Univeraity, during a period of political activity and social consciousness. He believes one of the reasons he was accepted was because they knew he would atay.
"President Nixon had just been re-elected and I didn't want to be in the country under his administration for another four years, ${ }^{\text {, }}$ said Pinkson-Burke. "The Peace

Corps wants people who are going to stay and they knew I had reasons to leave the country"

Pinkson-Burke lef with 13 other volunteers for Afghanistan in November of 1973 . Two weeks later, 60 other volunteern arrived. In April, after training was completed, five people were lef in Pinkson-Burke's group of 13 and 40 were left out of the group of 60 .

There is a high attrition rute."
Training lasted for three-and-ahalf montha and for PinksonBurke was mostly language training. Pinkson-Burke held a degree in education and in Afghanistan was a teacher of Buniness Education to Afghanistan Nationala, but essentially taught English at the college level.

Training for the Peace Corps in
the 1980's consisted of foreign language instruction, cross cultural adaptation to learn about cuatoms, history and laws of the country and technical instruction depending on what the volunteer will be assigned to do during his service. Training is usually in the host country prior to service and lasts eight to 14 weeks.
The biggent challenge for Pinkson-Burke was learning to ac cept limitations. "In the first yeat you have a lot of ideas and plans Because of the limitations of thi country and its beauracracy, yot won't accomplish much. You havi to learn to be satisfied with wha will be accomplished.

The friendliness of the peopl, remains memorable to Pinkson Burke, though at firat the Afghan

## ace Corps stint still linger

istanians were distrustful. -Back then they saw Americans and Europeans as foreigners out to use them. Once they saw that I was fluent in their language and a teacher, their opinion changed. They invite you into their homes and are apologetic for any inconveniences,"

The Afghanistan society is one where nothing is wasted because of the extreme poverty. PinksonBurke remembers that he received a letter and after he had read it, he threw it away in the public dumpster. If things were found in this dumpster they were reused. Anything edible was taken out, anything that could be fed to the animals was taken out and cans were reused as they were needed. About two weeks after he had
thrown the letter away, PinksonBurke found the letter taped together with other piceces of paper forming a bag.

I learned that if I wanted my private life kept private, I had to destroy it, not just throw it away."

Being in the Peace Corps taught Pinkson-Burke about resourcefulness. It prepared him to take charge of his business and his life. Through it be gained a committment to social services which he is involved in presently with his work at Southwestern Community Services. He also learned to deal with hassles and how to work around them.

Pinkson-Burke was payed $\$ 180$ a month for his work, which then was 10 times more than what an Afghanistan National received.

While in the Peace Corps, all expenses related to volunteer service are paid. Volunteera receive a living allowance, medical protection, a readjustment allowance and a vacation allowance.

After returning from the Peace Corps, Pinkson-Burke went to Iran to work and in 1978 returned to visit. He left the country the day before the first coup against the president.
"Afghanistan is a hostile country. As the largest tribal society in the world they hate each other, but they hate foreigners more. It's also a loving country and too complex to describe in a few words. You can't force Western ideas on them, it's there beliefs."

Pinkson-Burke would definitely return to the Peace Corps. "It was an enjoyable experience. It gave me a worldly view of humanity. There in comraderie between volunteers. You enjoy the culture and are sometimes fruatrated by it. You get to know the culture inside

and Cornish officials walk the common border between their state-arderad survey recently. From laft are David Dessert
and Paul Franklin of Plainfield, Cheston Newbold of Comish. Rondeau of Plainfield. Cornish's Michael Yatsovitch. Harold

## The Border, Or At Least Near

## Officials Search For Clues ing Off Historic Boundaries

EGGY GHODINSKY ey Neus Staff Writer PLAINFIELD - A state on haw requires selectmen rk and record town boundaeven years, but officials in Plainfield let their antomowalking last week.
ite comes from the Latin round " The current intertasual.
Monday, seven men from is gathered at the Plainfied to begin the trek which, dern transport, lasted nil hen trailed one another in ion: blue Ford pickup, blue , silver Honda Civic, gray oyager and red Chevrolet
which beran at the Coner. seemed like a treasure se already in the know. The ed to 1973 perambulation of them from stone marker elying on measurements in grees, puees and rods, and of dead elm trees, live oak

trees and pine groves, Additional directions rauged from the simple - "the east side of Route 12 $A^{\prime \prime}$ for stone number 3 - to the obscure - "on a dirt hank lying between Mill Road and the old road from the Yeaton Place to the Yeaton goat barn" for rock number four.
"Is-it a natornal monument or something"' Joked Plainfield resident Dave Dessert
Perambulators were expected to 10 cate stone number 5 by remembering 'the site of the old dam that was swept away in the flood of "7s."

Mont New Hambshire towns were (Contimed on page 12)

- WATK


Paul Franklin chisels an " 88 " onto a boundary marker placed as others in the group watch. At upper left are the results of h

## . Walk

(Continued from page 1)
originally laid out in land grants from King George II in six-mile, neatly drawn squares, a geographical design that simplifies borderwalking. But during the 19 th century, some Croydon residents petitioned the state legislature for permission to secede from Croydon and annex themselves to neighboring Cornish. The area was henceforth known as Little Texas, a reference to the real state that switched sides before the Civil War to back Confederacy over the Union Cornish's northeast border now zigs and zags as though drawn by a drunken man. Actually, the border followed the property lines of farmers at the time. Cornish Selectman Michael Yatsevitch said town officials have informally discussed straightening the kinks for years, but the talk has never progressed.
Years ago. Yatsevitch remem-
bered, a Cornish family paid taxes to Plainfield for their outhouse which stood a few feet from the house but in the neighboring town. The tax dollars probably didn't amount to a hill of beans, but today the stakes are high. State archivist Frank Mevers is helping enforce the law. He said that developers pouring millions into shopping mall construction want to know precisely where towns begin and end.

Accordingly, last summer, Mevers wrote New Hampshire's 236 towns urging compliance with the perambulation law. So far, he said, about 40 percent of the towns have responded.
The stone markers that delineate borders differ in shape, size and material, Thirty-five separate Plainlield and Cornish. The "walkers" carved the year on each, complaining of soft, hard and awkwardly placed stones, Even worse, they
said, carving gently-rounded, double eights required chiseling talent they didn't possess. At one time, said Paul Franklin, a proxy walker for Plainfield, walkers carved elaborate dates surrounded by angels. His own, simpler work won praise from Plainfield Planning Board member Armand Rondeau: "Michelangelo would be proud.
The walkers swapped gossip as they traced the border entertaining one another with tales of freakish accidents and lucky survivors; updates on births, deaths and marriages; and advice on sheep farming.
"I've just been elected tree warden," Rondeau announced and woildered what the heck he was supposed to do, "chase down delinquent trees?
"There must be some yague statute that tells you you have no power," Franklin suggested.

Norman Pickering

climbed up and sat his 200pound body on top. The onlookers' laughter changed to cheers.

On this sume design Tasker and a partner built the bridge using red spruce from nearby Mount Ascutney. Over the years farmers herded their sheep and cattle across the planks to market. Presidents Monroe, Hayes, Teddy Roosevelt. Coolidge, and Wilson passed over the bridge. But in 1987, after the pounding of the horse-drawn wagons had long since been replaced by 18 -wheelers, the bridge was no longer considcredsafe.

A work crew was assigned to strengthen it and in so doing cut out half the timbers with chainsaws. Thicy set fire to the old, seasoned wood. But the story does not end there.

Norman Pickering, a maker of stringed instruments, saw the burning red spruce. "Hold everything." he said. -Instrument makers pay high prices for suitable old, seasoned spruce." The bridge restoration manager, Tony Roberts, offered him the wood for free, and that night Pickering took home timber for a violin. Through the Violin Society of America nowsletter, he put out the word to other instrument makers that the wood was available. Roberts re-

For the Month of June 1990


Making Illa:
The BridgeThat Marle Music

0NE DAY IN APRIL IBGE James Tasker laid down his tools, and the longest covered bridge in the country was finished. Three times before, men had built bridges at this spot where the Connecticut River separates Cornish, New Hampshire. from Windsor, Vermont, and three times before the river had torn them away. Tasker hoped that his bridge built of local spruce would fimally stand the test of time. But he had no way of imagining just what would happen.

Before building the Cor-nish-Windsor covered bridge, Tasker constructed an eight-foot model of

$$
10 \text { Fankee Snu } \operatorname{sitq} 0
$$

and today several dozen instruments have been made from the old bridge.

Last December, when over 1,000 people gathered to celebrate the restoration of the covered bridge, Pickering placed the violin he had made from a bridge timber under his chin and played "O Tannenbaum" (Oh, Spruce Tree) and "Old Man River."

Had Tasker been listening, he would have been pleased. Not only was his bridge still standing these 124 ycars later, but it was
making music now, too.

Dean Mrs. Colly:
4 famuany 1990
Shave finally managed time to pack up the violin and ohip it off to you. I am donating it To the Comish IHstoncal Society in the hope that it will the a reminder of the happy occasion of the bridge reopening. For your interest, the violin is worth appuacumotely $\$ 2500$, which is the usual price of my violino.

The top wasmade during April 1989 form a price of Vermont ned spruce taken from one of the old chords of the hidge. It was given to me by Tony Roberts. I have sincemade a viola top from another juice, which turned out equally well. The insert in the loves left pant of the top nav made necessary by a small flaw discovered offer I had cared the shape. It does not affect the tone. The rest of the violin is of European maple. It was made in France in 1880. It is the quality of the top which has the greatest effect on tone quality, and this violin was quietly improved with the men (old! I wood.

Please let me hurw if $I$ can give you any more information, and test urshes for the New Year Sincerely - Norman P. Prcherizg


## Alice Hendrick

Vall $\cdot 1$ Newr<br>aov Sil480 1,2

Alice Hendrick of Plainfield practices on a violin fashioned in part from wood removed from the Cor-lish-Windsor Covered Bridge during its recent renovation. She will play the instrument at the Cornish Historical Society's monthly meeting on Monday.

[^2]
## Hector iou <br> CORNISH - In what authorities are calling an accident and a tragedy, Dr. Jeremy Pierce, a longtime emergency room physician who was popular with patients at Valley Regional Hospital in Claremont, died Sunday when a farm tractor rolled over him. <br> Pierce, 51, died sometime between $6 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. and 7 p.m. while riding a tractor alone in the woods on his 70-acre property on South Parsonage Road New Hampshire State Police Sgt. Edward Kokoski said in an interview. <br> "It's being classified as an accidental death,"

## An obltuary, page A4

Kokoski said, noting that Pierce was pronounced dead at the scene by a state medical referee, a specially trained individual who helps determine the cause of death at accident scenes. Authorities said Pierce was driving the tractor up a steep slope on his wood lot when it rolled.

Pierce left his house Sunday morning, police said. Family members began searching for him when he did not return home that afternoon, and alerted authorities late Sunday night after an unsuccessful search, according to Kokoski. Family members found Pierce's body yesterday morning, he said.
"It's a tragedy for his family and for the c munity," said Sullivan County Attorney Marc H away. He said in an interview that he had wor with Pierce on numerous occasions. As an er gency room physician at Valley Regional Hosp Pierce often would treat people who were susp or victims in criminal cases being investigater Hathaway's office and local police.
"Dr. Pierce was a very sincere and caring tor," Hathaway said. "And besides, he was a decent man."
Family members could not be reached for c (Continued on page A3)

- DOCTOR

Valley News Tuesday, April 20, 1999

## Doctor

(Continued from page A1)
ment yesterday.
Hospital spokeswoman Becky Nelson said hospital workers remained in shock yesterday at the loss of their colleague, who had served on the facility's medical staff for 15 years.
"We're all extremely distressed and distraught. ... He was a very valued and respected member of our medical staff," Nelson said in an interview.

Pierce had previously served as emergency room director, she said. Pierce's wife, Jennifer, is employed at the hospital as a nurse and clinical staff educator. Survivors also include two sons and a daughter.
"It was a big family there, and they're hurting," Nelson said of the emergency room, where some employees took the day off. "In a small community hospital like this, everybody knows everybody," she said.

Emergency room nursing manager Patricia Ellison said Pierce's death had shaken the nine nurses, four secretaries and several physicians there.

The close-knit department will miss his presence as an emergency room mainstay, and patients will lose a "wonderful" physician for whom their care was the first priority, Ellison said.
Ellison said that emergency room nurses and physicians treat a wide range of ailments. "You see everything from major trauma to a child with a fever, or a splinter in their finger. And everything in between," Ellison said.
Many pecple without health insurance come to see a doctor only during an emergency, often through the emergency room, Ellison said. So Pierce became the de facto family physician for many uninsured residents in the Claremont area, she said. In fact, Pierce specialized in family practice medicine, said Nelson.
Ellison said Plerce's kindness was noted by his patients, many of whom would call the emergency room to make sure Pierce was on duty before they would come in for care.
"He's definitely going to be missed," Ellison said.

Maxfield Parrish by Lucy Bishop
IF NEIGHBOR, JLAKE IFID PAPRISH
From the time I ras a child, the mam atarield Parrish was a houseriold word in my home for the resson thet my father who-ressa contractor and builder 7orked for ifr. Parrish for over thirty-flese rears. Ifr. Darrish mes in his enrlier days of art, at the time, , Tather started morking, there and the house mas e small cottage. As time ment on and $\mathrm{Hr}_{\mathrm{r}}$. Darrish becare more and more successtul, the house grea biffer and birger until it beonme the large houne Fhich stands there today. Ny Inther said that he built onto the original house north, south, east, vent, up and down. Sealdes this he built the three atory studio and the carriage house; he also helpet ifr. Darrish set up the machine shop of thich so much has been \#ritten.

Our house mas about one-half mile from that of the Parrish's as the cron flies; going around br the rod, it is nearly tro miles amay. So my father, who wished to take the shortest noscible route to his mork, laid aut a path scross our ifelds, through the moods, and up a very steep clift, zlmast impossible to climb. Father rade a minding road $u_{p}$ the cliff and with a strong rope reiling, this was the mey he went to his daily work.
 come good triends. Bery fall the aiph point of my father's year c came, trien irr. Parrish took him to the big football grme of the year at Dartmolith College in Hanover. Lr. Parrish would arrive about half past eleven in his bis Cidillec and the two would start off happily like a couple of school boys. I believe they went to the Manover Inn for a bif: Iunchean before foing' to the game. They both loved every bit of it, I knolz.

> Lilcy F.R.Bishop
> Star Route 4
> Windsor, Vt. $2 / 7 / 74$
 T..s the buildink of tie beautiful misic room on the west end of the house, 71 th the huge fireplace running along one side of the room and the berutiful arched findows looking tovard the west. He used to come home and tell us hom carefully, he fitted around these Findorfs Fith the heivy wood riach mas used. It was a mork of Ereat pride $\quad$ ith him. In later years, I ment to several concerts there given by artiats from Ner Yoik and Philadelphia.

As time zent on I beceme a teacher; I trucht in the publie schools but mostly I trught and tutored private pupils and among, them were the tro oldest Parrish children, Dillwn (or John as he later called himeelf) and knx . Jr. They were very interesting. children and each inherited in some reapect the talent of art trom Ifr. Parrish, lax wis roguish and tull of fun and sometimes I vould find drewn at the bottiom of an arithmetic peper a funny little brovnie, or a turtle, or an amusing picture of a handyman tho sorked there complete with slouch het and pipe in mouth. Dilliryn mes more of a dreamer and he mould scratch off at times a sunset scene, or a bird in a tree, or a fairy, They rere extremely interesting children and I enjoyed morkine with them; they mere also excellent scholars.

At the time of my fnther's death, ifr. Parrish filled our house with flomers minich mide me understand hom they all felt about him.
I inherited the property including the very large houre; -y carpenter father had added on rnnms as tre needed them. After why children were gromin and when they mere in collage, this old home burned to the ground. One very cold nipht in the midrle of January 1941, the houre turned ints a blazing furnece. The cauce of the fire was unknown; enttimntely mo one was burneri and a fem antionues were saved.

In the morning as I stood and looked at the rubhle and our old
barn standine alone, i knew that I must build again on that cellar hole and make a home there once more and onon I began interviering posible builders. A rev days later I mas in a store in vindsor, where Plainfleld residents did most of their shopring, and, I met Ur. Parrish. He stopped me and said, "Oh Iucy, I wanted to tell you thet in a few तays I will be sending you a check. The reason that I am teliing you about it now is that I don't want you to thank me for it! I seid to him, "Why, Mr. Parrish, I Elwayo thank people when they do things Ior me". He replied, "No, I am not doing this for you. I am doing it for myelf." I have pondered over that remark of his nany times. \#̈as his gift because of the remembrance of my father? Or, perhaps when tye give meaningrul gifts, do ve also, give something meaningful to ourselves? I recelved the check trat reek.

The following Christmas I picked out the most beautiful card I could Iind and sent it to him, Triting something like the following:
"Tast summer you did a very monderful thing for me, but you would not let me thank you. Every Christras from now on, I shall send you a card and it rill have a very special meaning." I did send cards to him at Christmas right up to the time of ins death (over tizenty years) ; this had a great meaning to. me. I hope it did to him. This experience made ree realize till more, the depth of this great man,

I did build a Gape Cod cottage on the original site of my old home and later had a rather interesting business deal yith Mr. Parrish. When the state road vas put in betmeen 位 property and that of 1.5 . Parrish, it out off about a half acre of cy land next to his moods. He said to me one time, "If you ever want to
sell that piece of property, five me the "first chance to buy it." This opportunity arose so I wrote to $\mathbb{N} r$. Parrish about it and following is a copy of his reply:

Sept. 28,1948

## Dear Lucy.

- Thank you for your good letter of the 26 th. Yes, I will gladly buy that strangely shaped piece of land of yours anytime you wish to part with it. Not that I covet the parcel particularly, but I doubt if any of us would like to see another shack go up on the property, and in such a conspicuous location at that.

So anytime you want to put the machinery in motion for the transfer, say the word. Whoever has the honor of milting out the deed is going to cher his pen at some length, in describing the piece, but I dare say it can be done.

## Sincerely,

Hatfield Parrish
I treasure this letter because it all sounds so like Mr. Parrish with his whimsical may of expressing himself. Also, I am so glad to have his heme, written in the beautiful script.
ir. Parish, in his quiet modest way, considered himself to be one of us, here in this little tom of plainfield, fo.. He went to all the tom meetings and he was genuinely interested in all of the town activities. He came to the village suppers, to plays, and to musicales at the Town Hall. Te were Given some very :line stage scenery for our Town flail by one of the summer residents: later fr. Parrish painted a besutiful backdrop for the out dor scenes. It vas a painting of it t. Ascutrey trinich he

Tiered from his house on the hill. We are so proud of this great gift ?rom the artist wo lived among us.

Mfr. Parrish was asked once thigh state he thought was the morebeautiful, New Hampshire or Vermont. ifs replied, "I rill answer you this way. I live in New Hampshire and look at Vermont," minch.I think is the way most of us feel about the tiro states.

I cannot clos r this article without saying that I miss my neighbor, Maxileld Parrish. Sometimes in the autumn, which he loved, I look up across the fields and the trees with the bright red and gold leaves falling all around, and see the roof of ins studio, and I think hot fortunate I vas, to have had such a wonderful and gifted neighbor and friend.

# MAXFIEI.D PARRISH, JR. 7 PAUL REVERE ROAD LEXINGTON, MASS. 02173 

Januaxy 26, 1974

Dear Lucy:
I recelved your note and the enclosure, a photo copy of the article on dad. What a nice thing that mas. No, I wouldn't object to anything in it . I found it excellent reading, for your father was a person we all looked up to, even as he looked up to dad. When Dillvyn and I were younger than our teens we had a little carpentry shop off from the main big shop, and we mere alraya pestering your father for "little nalls", and he mould alwaya ask us how little, and weld show him with our first finger and thumb, the gap between signifying the length. He was very patient with us, and showed us a Ereat many tinnes I remeaber to this day, hor to baly a board off equare using nothing but the shiny reflection on the sida of the hand satr blinde, refiecting the image of the board In riat seemed a straight line right through the sam. Also the right angle to sharpen a knife so it rould cut the best in wiltiling Wood, and how ta pound a nall through wood so it mouldnt split even when the nall was large and the wood wias thin. (You clusp it In a vise so it cant eplit intil its z11 the may in. By that time it has been compressed by the nail, and lost interest in splititns.) He was anfully patient Fith us klds, pestering him really on awful lot.

Then when Dillity was in his early teens he put up one room house. It had a door, and one mindow, and was really 1 mpressive. After much talk about it for some days ar the dinner table, mother ceme out to look at it and was utterly asazed kith hom good it mas. He confessed later in an of if hand manner, that Wr . Nubiles kad helped iliz a bit, telling him what to do and viere. quite a bit,
I think. I think.

Then the town changed foute 12 A going around Dentel's pond prior to hot toppingit, they made $a$ much larger radius bend so people could round the corner nithout tipoing over at 60 miles an hour. I remerber it left a plece of ground the shape of a net moon. I never tnew what people did with it. Now I know.

May I keep the photo-copy of your article about dad? It Is quite a different type of thing about hin - most speak a oout That his art does for trea, dut tals is acout him as a person, and a lot more valuable to his fumlly.

I an anused to have you say you thought me were, Dillwyn and I, brisht children. I dont remenber this phase of tay life too Well, but it seemed to me that you thought I was forgetful. Maybe
I was, for a apell.

Thank you very much for this 1 ittie story. I suppose I may keep 1t, and $1 t$ N1ll $t_{0}$ into the family reuiniscences file, a thin, but very select one. Oh yes, I whole-heartedly approve of 1 ts velng published. "Yankeel" Magazine, maybe ?

Yours truly,

# MAXFIELD PARRISH, JR. <br> 7 PAUL REVERE ROAD LEXINGTON, MASS, 02173 

## Dear Lucy:

Yea, that will be all right whatever you or the Parrish Museum wants to do with my letter to you of $\operatorname{Jan} 26,1974$. I five permission.

Nov that the Oaks has burned down, I think it is high time that your father George Rubles got some posthumous glory for the really demanding carpentertal work that went into all the parts of that house where a sloppy fit mould show. There were no such places that I remember, so he and hi f crew must have really done what amounts to a very large cabinet makers job.

Anything that can attest to his great skill at this late date, I am all for.

I have always remembered one bf t of advice your father gave me when I was about to set out for wy first paying job it about age 18 . He said, "Max, I want you to remember one thing, and that is, a man can spend his money faster than he can earn it." I have never been broke, for I never for sot that he sid.
Sincerely,


## Plainfield's Maxfield Parrish, 94, Is Part of the American Tradition

## By John Litevich

The name is Maxfield Parrish Once it was a household byword. His work is known to millions. Hardly a New Hampshire reident crists who has not seen at least one painting by the hand of the old master. But many do not recognize the mamic, and those who do, think he lias gone with Hobbema, Greco, Gruguin and Vant Gogh.

But, high on a rocky hillside in Plainfield, New Hampshire's best-known painter still lives at ot. These spring days the sky above the house is the bue that is known by his name: "Maxfield Parrish blue" His pouslarity has waned in an unTonantic world, but the posters of the state of New Hampshire stil carry two of his most tamillar paintings - one of bircho es by a pool, the other of atelimn hills.

Upen approachimg the bouse one is amazed at its simflarity to a medieval mantr house, This is fitting. The majority of Maxfield Parrish's paintings lave a medieval theme to them. Parrish frequently did fairytale scenes for children's nursery rhymes. Among his creations are "old King Cole". "The Pied Piper", and "Sing a song of Sixpence". Parrish's paintings are jolly. Bis figures are clear, robust and happy.

From the turn of the 20th cenfury through the 1930's Parrishi sras America's most loved antd best known artist During this time the three most pirpular antists were Van Gogh. Cemanm and Parrish.

Farrish. him as a suceess. But the paint. Farrishts happy fairy-tale ing lhat was the mast well ets of Collter'seared on thic cov known and impst successtul was blue
iv. Ladies Home fournal, the one mullion teproductions. This May 25 , info, in West Phish on eld Life Magazine. Century, and painting of a landscape secne hia. Pa, Maxfield this middle Sctibner's. His works are also with a mounfain background has name) soun started his artist's in many children's books such a sky of the blue that was to career.
as Kenneth Graham's Wlut in become known as the Parrish in 1885 he went to Paris with the Willows and Eugene Field's Blue.
Poems of Childhood. He was The Parrish blue is like a part commissioned to do wall murals of the sky itself. As one looks lie was to use for his paifect that for The Curtis Publishing Co., at its rich, vivid color he may (This effeet was aiso employed The University of Rochester's lind himself dreaming of the by Leonardo da Vinei.)
School of Music. The Hotel peaceful spot in the country Knickerbocker. The San Fran- where he use to go in his childcisco Sheraton-Palace Hotel, hood:
and the St. Regis Hotel of New The arlist makes this blue by York. He also was commission- a sequence of steps. First he ed to do a mural for a member paints his board entirely blue: of the duPont family for a re- then he puts inn a varnlsh. When

Parrish's popularity wanea during World War II, for it was at this time that the American taste of art changed. Pictures of destruction of war turned the style of art from the romantic representation of Parrish's dreamworld to the abstractions of a world of fear. Hereafter, Parrish's fairy-tales were returned to children's literature; where, today's world leaves them to the happy dreams of children.
Today, Maxfield Parrish has slowed down. Although he continues io receive royalties from his works he has not pointed for four years. He is attended by his son. John Parrish, a housekeeper and a nurse.
His paintings still enjoy some of their earlier popularity. A series of Parrish paintings is on display at the Manhattan Gallery of Modern Art. Fans often write and ask where they can get reproductions of his paintings. At 94. Maxfield Parrish enjoys what few live to expereince, he ls a part of the American tradition.

# Survey: Rural character key in Cornish 

By TIMOTEY LAROCRE Lenste Trm* Mlaruchuisomilesimescum Sin 3,2eis A,

CORNISH - The prewevation of Eornishes rural charactet wis one of the comtral themes amonis respondents to a community survey to be ased in the development of the Cornish itastor Phan update.

As the Cornish Plammine Boand ketara up for its 2020 update to the fown master plan. Plamine Board Chair Bill Linfert said Tuesday, citiven responses will help form the barkbine of the boards efforts

Of the 941 surveys. liat were nom to resifients of the town, sio were completed and returned - a 36 percent completion rate. The question of retuining the fown's nural charzoter marnerod 29 respouses indicatink thut lt was "Yery important."

Unpacking the meanimg of the fown'a fusal character, however, is mere lavolved.

See SURVEY - Baga A4

## SURVEY

Most of the town's lots are five acres or greater - wilh the village districts concentrating the majority of development. The town lacks any municipal sewer or water system, and density of housing is relatively low - the 1.640 people living there during the 2010 census gave the town a popilation density of only 38 people per square mile. Throughout the 1990s, 83 percent of the town's land was covered in forests.
"The rural character is what makes Cornish so attractive over the typical gentrified or bedroom community." one respondent noted.

Responses to the survey indicated that the town should encourage furthrr itevelopment of single family dwelling units while discouraging the development of larger multi-family housing.

Meanwhile, responses to questions about changes in lot aizes in the town's residential, village and rural zones overwhelmingly supported leaving them unchanged. While existing lots are grandfathered into the zoning requirements, the regulations mean that newer parcels cannot be smaller than the minimum lot size.
tncreasing the minimum lot sizes can decrease the housing density in a certain area, according to information from the Cornish town website, while decreasing the minimum lot size can have the opposite effect. As Lipfert noted, the planning board is currenily investigating increased development In some areas of the town.
"We don't really want to see development done in a haphazard manner," Lipfert stid.
Currently, lot sizes in the village districts have a minimum requirement of 1 acre, while lots in the residential districts have a 2 acre minimum sizo - leaving those metries unchanged was supported by a majority of respondents. A majority of respondents also did not want the Parsonage Road or Route 12A residential areas re-zoned as village areas, and there was little support for the creation of any other village districts.
Aside from changing the minimum lot sizes, changing the zoning district would shift the permitted uses for properties. For example, while the construction of a new bank would be
allowed in the village district, barred from the residential or districts.
"Two of the hot button issues an phone seryice and internet ser Lipfert sald. "We have a lot of p dissatisfled with those. ${ }^{-}$
of the surveys received, the majority of respondents iden as year-round homeowners, mo which tived in Cornish for more 31 years. Almost half of the re dents also identined as retired or the age of 65.

In analyzing the data. Lipfert the board will likely purse ou responses into subsections of the lation and And a way to more rately use the informuilion to repr demographic groups, Currently rusponses disproportionately re older groups with only 24 total res es from people under 45 years old.

According to the New Hamp Economic and Labor Ms Information Bureau, in 2015, the an age in Cornish was 49,6 year: That same year, the statewlde me age was 42.7 years old - the se oldest state medlan age in the cou That means that more of Corn population skews older than the wide firures. And census projec forecast a statewide trend toward: ther aging population in 2020 and

Some of the responses to the voy indicated an interest in the exploring more avenues for se housing - the 2009 master plan details some of the ways that could be accomplished, like requi smaller house sizes or encoura affordable developments. Meanw several responses also urged for interest in the town beconing i inviting to younger families and ther investing in the schools.

For instance, one respondent The rural aspect of Comish is for the most part, but we would 11 seem more of a 'main street' commL develop to bring more small busi es, people, and opportunity for Cor residents to meet casually."
Lipfert sald the next steps for Planning Board will be to analyse data and form subcommittees for respective master plan chapters.

Davis and Symonds

## iish-

inued From Pago 11
contained a number of of fact. These errors if statements that Davis ymonds owed $\$ 1,000$ in to Cornish and that the ny had obtained a alloan.
Ir Burling told Davis that feople of Cornish "don't where you're going, The 2 are theasy" as this company is the first large organization of lis type to come to Corniah. He inquired as to just what plans were made for this development. "We need to know the whole game," he commented, "not just the first irning. Rules must be made."
Davis replled that studies had been made on drainage but there was no zuarantee on water and since the land would be sold as undeveloped lots. The property owners do have the protection of the planning board, he added, and the state, that certain guidelines have been followed. Davis conceded that no studies for fire protection, police protection or trash and garbage removal had been made. "We're just selling land," he added.
Another resident pointed out that there would bo nothing to prevent someone from placing a trailer on one of the lots. Someone else queried as to what price range of houses would be permitted on the land
Mrs, Weld explained that if would be illegal for the planning board to say "You cannot erect a house under a certain price" but that if a master plan was devised then certain guidelines could be established.
Tracy emphasized the need for a master plan and stated that the different departments had been contacted to prepare such maps showing soil, water, flood plains and topograply. He also commented that such maps prepared by the board in the past had been rejected by voters at the town meelings. "I am encouraged by the enthasiasm shown here tonight, though," he added.
The quention wat repeatedly raised as to whether the town could prohiblt the subdivision until such lime ms the maps were completed and a master plan devised to which Tracy replied that it would be illegal.
Davis encouraged the

# No Decision is Made On Cornish Land Plan 

## By GAYLE GODDARD

CORNISH - Residents of this town turned out en masse for a heated public hearing last night to vocalize their obJections to a proposed subdivision by the Davis and Symonds Lamber Co., Inc., Claremont.
The Comish Planning Board will review all arguments preserted and will notily the company within 70 days as to its decision.

Kindiling for last night's emolional contlagration came recently in the form of a newsletter circulated among Cornish residents by William Gallagher, protesting that the subdivision would violate Article 1, General Provision D of the Zoning Ordinance of Cornish which sfates, "Any the of property lhat may be obnoxious or injurions by reason of the production or emission of odor, dust, smoke, refuse matter, fumes, nolse, vibrations or similar conditions, or that are dangerous to the comfort, peace, enjoyment, health or safety of the community or
leading to its disturbance or its annoyance are probibited."
The proposed subdivision would divide a 45 -acre tract of land into 30 lots and the hearing was called for people to ar their feelings as to how the subdivision would be dangerous, A number of residents including abuttert of the proposed subdivision spoke out against the idea, many relatim personal experiences attempting to parallel the rapid growth of other cities with this proposial.
Breaking through the emotional testimonies, Mrs. Norris Weld interposed that perhaps the matter "needed serious, thoughtul cortsideration ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ and that residents should not be influenced merely by the circular

Defending the propozal, Thomas Davis, president of Davis and Symonds inttally pointed out in answer to a query concerning maintenance of roads, that there would be no need of pablic maintenance of the road as the subdivision was not abutting any pablic highway and that the access road would
be maintained by the property owners.

If was poimed out by one resident that the Davis and Symonds Co. would also be selling parcels of lind from the James Camphell Lewis estate and the question of what Davis foresaw as future development In detail was posed.

The question was referred to Stephen Tracy, planning board chairman, who read a letter sent previously to the board by Da v is concerning future development.
Four considerations wera listed in the letter including the olfering of land for sale to the abutting landowners, a possiblo expansion of the St. Guudens hlstorical site with abutting land, the offering of one or more parcels of land along the river for public use and the Increased value of the property as well as substantial griins in tax reverues.
Another resident protested the possibie influx of children and flooding of the school

Davis pointed out that the land would most probably not be sold inmediately and those people that were buying land were mostly retired people or those who merely bought the land to hold for future use.
He alio pointed out that in a similar development, less than 5 per cent of those buying property were purchasing mainly in desperation in order to leave the city and find employment in the country and that most were baying for future develogment.

Ifi ako questioned Gallagher is to lise amount of resiearch that weint into preparing the nemsletter which, according to
(See CORNISH-Page 2)

## Cornish Specials Voters Defeat Plan To Elect Town's Planning Board

## By JANE WHITTINGTON PICARD Valley News Correspondent

CORNISH - Voters Saturday rejected a challenge to the town's system of appointing planning board members. By a vole of 114 to 39 , they turned down a proposal to give voters the power to directly elect members of the board.

The special town meeting vote was taken by paper ballot after 40 minutes of floor debate.

Board members will continue to be appointed by the selectmen, as they have been since the body was established in 1972.

The question was brought before the voters in response to a petition signed by 65 of the town's residents, who said they would prefer to have an elected planning board. The petition drive was led by Sally Wellborn, Susan VanRenselaer, and Donna Higgins.

Wellborn said she was prompted to act because the town is preparing to revise its master plan, and because a survey distributed last winter by the planning board showed a majority of respondents were in favor of having an elected board. However, only a small percentage of the town's population completed and returned the survey

Wellborn told Saturday's town hall gathering that she had no complaints against the present planning board, but was concerned with upholding the basic principles of democracy. "The voters of a town can directly elect people, or elect people who can appoint someone else," she said. "How much responsibility one can take depends on how much one can vote. Do we, the voters of the town, want future planning boards to be appointed by future selectmen. and
not really be exercising our constitutional right to vote?"

Resident Susan Chandler said present plantning board members are not political beings, and probably would not run for the office. She said she is concerned that the only people interested in running for the planning board would be those allied with special interest groups. "We have a good organization," Chandler said "Why throw it open to a system that might not work? ${ }^{\text {* }}$

Clara Weld, who served on the town's first planning board, said the selectmen and the planning board make up the two most powerful governing bodies in town, and asked voters to give serious thought to the issue before voting. "These two boards are so powerful and so important," said Weld, "I think it needs a great deal of thought about how they get to the positions which they hold."

The most heated exchanges during the debate had nothing to do with the planning board issue, but concerned the relative merit and expense of holding the special town meeting.
"How much does one of these out-of-step town meetings cost us?" asked resident Whit Littell.

Sally Wellborn said the cost of the last special town meeting was $\$ 350$, but others present said the cost can run as high as $\$ 500$.

Littell asked the petitioners why they didn't wait until the regular fown meeting in March to present their petition, since they could have saved the taxpayers some money that way.

The answer came from Bo Rock, who signed the petition and onened Saturdav's dehate with
a motion to elect future planning board me bers. "The longer you delay democracy," s Rock, "the longer there is bureaucracy.

Resident Bob LeClair recommended t future petitions require signing by at least percent of the town's voting population. "t way, we'd eliminate all these little town me ings," he said.
"This is not a little grievance," Wellb responded. "The more we can vote directly people who make decisions, the more it is democracy. Three hundred and fifty dollars not yery much to spend to preserve democractic system."

Peter Burling stepped briefly out of his r as moderator to state his personal feelin saying that every time a special town meet is called, Cornish expends resources beyg just money. "We erode some of our traditi which is to meet once a year in March," said. "Be thoughtful when you ask for political decision on a question."

Burling, who has been moderator in Corn for 12 years, later told the Valley News II there has been a drop in attendance at to meetings over the years, even though number of registered voters has risen. He especially bothered by the loss of people 4 were once committed to attending every to meeting, and who took pride in doing so, and thinks it is likely that people are unable unwilling to attend special town meetings addition to the annual March meetings.

Cornish has had a special town meet every vear for the nast three vears


## Patent Trades

## $14 t \cdot$ Kisco, N. Y $7-17-85$ <br> OBITUARIES

## Geoffrey Plate

Geoffrey Flat, noted architect and landmark preservationist, died Saturday at Northern Westchester Hospital Center after a brief illness A rident of Bedford Hills he would have been 80 on August 6.

He was born in Comish, N.H. the son of Charles Adams and Eleanor Hardy Plath. Mr. Plath had been a partner with his brother in the New York City firm of William and Geol. frey Blat, Architects, and at the time of his death was a consultant to the successor firm of Plath, Wyckoff and Coles, Architects.

Among his works are buildings and additions he designed for Hasvard University, Smith College, Princeton University, the New York Botanical Garden and the Pierpont Morgan Library. He also designed homes in New York and New England and the commerative chapels honoring the dead of the two World Wars at the American Military Demetery in Suresnes, France.

In Westchester County, Die designed buildings for the Cispua School, Mount Kisco, the Harvey School, Katonah; the BedfordRippowan School, Bedford; the Mount Kisco Presbyterian Church: the United Methodist Church, Mount Kisco; the Mount Kisco Library; the Rye City Hall; and branches of the National Bank of Westchester in Mount Kisco and Briarcliff.

Mr. Pat worked as a preservetionist as a member of his firm and
as a private citizen. He designed the restratation of the Bow Bridge in Central Park and his firm oversaw the development and preservation of the Town of Grafton. Vermont, for the Winidham Foundation. He served as the first chairman of the Landmarks Premervation Commission of New York City from 1965 to 1968.

He was graduated from the St. Mark's School, Southboro, Mass. and Harvard College before receiving his architectural degree from Columbia University in 1930. In 1980, Mr. Plat! was inducted into the Harvard Varsity Club Hall of Fame which honorel him for his leadership of the Crirnson crew team which defeated Vale in 1927.

During World War II, Mr. Flat was a photo intelligence officer with the US. Air Force and served with the Eighth Air Force in England. He was later' warded the Order of the British Empire (Military)
Among the laurels granted for his professional achievements are the Gobi Medal of the New York Municipad Art Society and the Medal of Honor for City Planning of the New York: Societies of Architects, Engivers, and Landscape Architects. He was a Fellow of the American Institute of Architects.

He leaves his wile of nine years, Alice Doubleday Holbrook Plant; a brother, Charles, of Cornish. N.H.i two sons, Nicholas and Geoffrey Jr., both of Washington, D.C; four stepchibIren, John Holbrook Jr: of New


## Geoffrey Plat

York City, David Holbrook of Katonah, Phyllis Lichtenstein of New York City, and Peter Holbrook of San Franelscor; and eight grandchildren and eight step-grandchildren. Mt. Phat's first wife. Helen Chose Plath. died in 1974.

The funeral services were held yesterday at St. Mark's Episcopal Church in Mount Kisca. Burial followed in Stockbridge. Mass in lieu of flowers contributions may be made to the Penny Litell Fund, Hopkins School, 986 Forest Rd. New Haven, Cont 06515; The New York Landmarks Conservancy, 330 W . 42 nd $\mathrm{St}_{\text {.. }}$ New York, NY $\mathrm{Y}_{i}$ or St , Mark's Church. E. Main St., Mount Kisco, N.Y.

Arrangements were made by Clark Associates Funeral Home Katonah

## alley News - Lebanon, N.H.

## Friday, May 5, 1978 Page 9

# Poor Submits His Resignation As Cornish School Principal 

CORNISH - Elementary School Principal Daniel A. Poor Thursday night submitted his resignation to the School Board effective at the end of the current school year.
Poor has been principal at the school for five years and in his letter of resignation said be hopes to remain in the field of education and continue to live in Cornish.
The board accepted the resignation with regret and expressed appreciation to Poor for his work at the school.

Poor, 32, graduated with a bachelor of arts degree from Harvard, a masters degree in elementary education from Boston University and studied for his doctorate in adminstration and curriculum at Boston.
In his letter to the board, Poor said, "I have appreciated the openness and candor of the board during its recent discussion with the about the aims of the school for the next
several years.
"I am pleased by and assured of the strength and solidarity of the board's commitment to excellence in the education of the youngsters of Cornish."

Poor said he has spoken to school officials in the area and expects to sign a contract in the educational field in the near future.
"I've enjoyed my years in Cornish and learned a great deal from the opportunities I've had here," Poor said

He said he fell it was a time for a change for both the school and himself, and said he felt his professional career would be well-served by the position he is anticipating.
Poot noted the position had been, "Rewarding, frustrating and exhausting."

## Three Projects

In other action Thursday night, the School Board accepted bida for three school projects totalling approximately $\$ 7,000$

The projects include tiling for three classrooms and kitchen, storm windows and formica countertops.
The board also discussed the purchase of approximately 84,000 worth of classroom furniture including chairs for classrooms, science tables and reading tables, but made no decision.

The board also appointed several people to the committee to study goals and accountability for the district, including Jlll M. Edson representing the School Board, four teachers and PTA representative Paul Rondeau.

Assistant Superintendent Richard Fi Waldo said the committee wants further representation from community groups, and asked that any persons interested contact either himself or a board member.
Waldo also saild any persons wishing work on the school census should see him


## Bruce Posner

Valloy Nows Thursday, October 17.

# Cornish Man Screens Avant-Garde Film 

By NICOLA SMITH Valley News Staff Writer

In the frequently mundine waters [ contemporary film, curator, colleo or and filmmaker Bruce Posner is wimming against the current. osner, who recently moved to omish after a fiveyear stint as ssistant to the curator of the larvard Filin Archive, is an impasioned supporter and student of vant-garde film. And now it's hisi itention to introduce the works of uch noted but little known, merican filmmakers as Kenneth nger, Rudy Burchhardt and Maya leren, and European artiats Chris Iarker and Peter Greenaway, to a eneral audience.
To that end, Posner has organized series - "Ciné Salon: Impressions in the Art of the Cinematograph" hat is being shown every other fonday through Dee. 9 at the Howe ilbrary in Hanover, Posider will both creen films and indulge, as he terms i, in "digressiona" on the history of
hoopla to explore another lype of cin- will include Death in the Seine by ema," says Posner, who's lived off-and-on in the Upper Valley since 1976 , but decided last year to move here permanently with his wife. Posner, whose duties at Haryard involved programming and publicizing some 800 different programs each year prefers a less structured, more casual approach with "Cine-Salon."
The next program in the series, "Images for All Hallow's Eve," which will be screened Monday evening. Oct. 21, at $730 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$., is notable not only for a 1906 French hand-painted film, The Red Spectre, but for an extremely rare three-minute film tilled Midnight Party, by one of this country's most idiosyncratic and brilliant artists, Joseph Cornell - an artist better known for his shadowboxes than for his experimentation with film.

Closing the program are two famous films by Kenneth Anger (Hollywood Babylon), Eaux d'Artifice and Inauguration of the

English gadfly Peter Greenaway (The Cook, the Thief, His Wife \& Her Lover). The Private L (fe of a Cat by Alexander Hammid and Maya Deren - a relatively straightforward portrait of Deren's beloved cat that was bamned in 1946 for the innocuous reason that it showed her cat having littens - and The Last Bolshovik by French filmmaker Chris Marker (whose film Twelve Monteya was adapted last year by director Terry Gilliam into a Hollywood film), The Nov. 4 program, which includes the Deren film, focuses on the "Pre-Beat Poetics of Cinema."
"The Beats (Jack Kerouac, Alan Ginsbers, et al.) would have seen these films and been influenced by them," says Posner. "There was so little that broke away from the every. day that everybody saw these filma. You were wired in. These films were widely seen at the time and were widely influential. They're more lyrical, nostalgic."
film, but a class with Stan Bra at the School of the Art Instit Chicago "opened up a whole for him. Fascinated by the we. material - erotic, subversive, tric and otherwise - found in native film, Pouner quickly against the medium's most o problem: the size and expectat an audience weaned on Hol fare.
"So I realized that the only see these films was to show myself," says Posner, who' dolng just that for nearl decades. And as a collector him the films being screened are fr own collection - this series him a "way of sharing."
"Cine Salon: Impressions Art of the Cinematograph" screened Mondsy, Oct. 2i; an other following Monday: on Nov, 18 and Dec, 9. All sen begin at $7: 30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. in the Room of the Howe Libr Hanover. For more informati


## The new ... <br> Cornish gets new post office

## By RUTH ROLLINS Contributing Writer CORNISH, N.H. -

 Those using the Cornish Flat Post Office will soon find themselves visiting a new building, one that will even allow room for a quick visit with neighbors, if they wish.Since 1987, when Joanne Hall was awarded the postmaster position for the Cornish facility, she has been working to acquire much-needed space and improved working conditions.

Currently, the actual space where all mail is sorted is only 35 inches wide.

Several years ago, the United States Postal Service tried to find a location to construct a new post office building and was unsuccessful. It was finally decided to advertise for bids in August 1991 for a building, located on private land, which would be constructed to specifications.

Among five bidders, George Edson was granted the opportunity to construct a building, which will be leased by the Postal Service,

The building, which has 1,500 square feet of space, has been constructed on Route 120 and adjacent to School Street by Normand Beaudry of Charlestown.
The new location will alLow Cornish Flat residents to continue to walk to pick up their mail, as they have in the past. It will even be a little bit closer to 91 -


Easle Tima May $\mathrm{HI}_{1}$ 1482 son Darrell to pick up his mail twice weekly, then walks the two miles back to his home.
The new building, which is 32 -feet-by- 50 -feet in size, will offer both customers and workers a comfortable situation, compared to the present post office space of $91 / 2$ by $14^{1 / 2}$ feet, which is located on the porch of a small home on Cornish Stage Road.
The building will also have a 10 -foot-by- 16 -foot loading dock. Now, all mail bags are brought into the facility through the small lobby, which is difficult, even if only one person is picking up mail.

## ... and the old

bination locks now used, and a large writing table will be available. An inner lobby will provide window service.
"The work area will have new equipment to make working conditions better," said Hall. There is also storage and bathroom space, which is unavailable presently.
The office will include more large mailboxes, where only four are available now.
"The hours will stay exactly as they are, the lobby will be open $8 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. to $5: 30$ p.m., with service available from 8 a.m. to $12: 30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. and 2 p.m. to 5 p.m.," said
ing spaces and is handi capped accessible. En trance will be from Route 120.

The size of the new post office was determined by projecting use for the nex 30 years.

Hall started her career ir the Postal Service in 1974 when she became a clerk ir a Level 15 office ir Boulder, Mont., where she later became a postmaster
When she moved t Claremont in 1981, shi joined the Claremont staf as a part-time flexible city carrier until Februar: 1987, when she was chosel from three final candidate to take over the Cornisl Flat Post Office, upon th


HISTORIC FIND - James Atkinson holds a 1799 powder horn owned by Lebbeus Chase of Cornish. It was recently purchased by Atkinson at an auction. (Ruth Rollins photo)

# A piece of Cornish history Local man finds 1799 powder horn at auction 

## By RUTH ROLLINS Contributing Writer

CORNISH - When James Atkinson, president of the Cornish Historical Society, read of a powder horn being auctioned off at Bill Smith's Auction House in Plainfield, he decided to go take a look.
Atkinson won the bidding and brought back a piece of Cornish history that was owned by Lebbeus Chase, whose family had a lot to do with settling the town.
The powder horn is marked Lebbeus Chase, Cornish, N.H. 1799. Lebbeus Chase was born January 21, 1779, and was named after one of the 12 apostles, Lebbeus, who's surname was Thaddeus (Matthew, chapter 10, third verse). He was the ninth child of Jonathan Chase,

He was a farmer and always lived in Cornish, on the farm inherited from his father. He was commissioned a colonel in the 15th Regiment of New Hampahire Militia. Lebbeus Chase was made a Master Mason of Hiram Lodge at Claremont, on June 4, 1800. He died February 22, 1865, in the same house in which he was born.
each as town treasurer and moderator.

He organized a militia, drawing men from Cornish and surrounding areas in 1775 his outstanding leadership qualities resulted in his being commissioned a colonel of the territorial regiment, that included Hanover, Lyme, Orford, Lebanon, Plainfield and Cornish.

In the fall of 1776 he marched with his regiment to reinforce the troops at Fort Ticonderoga. He again marched to reinforce the northern Continental Army at Saratoga in 1777, a distance of 110 miles that was covered on foot, in only three days.

Jonathan Chase was instrumental in opening new highways in Cornish and responsible for establishing the first ferry to cross the Connecticut River, which operated from 1784 to 1795 . It was found to work well in summer, but not during winter months so Chase again went to Concord, to appear before the General Court requesting to build a toll bridge.

The trip was successful and
(See HISTORY - Pg. 6)

Jonathan Chase was born December 6, 1732 in Sutton, Massachusetts, muving north to Cornish in 1765 when the town was settled. He became a land proprietor, farmer and surveyor.
He was the first person to open a store in Cornish and kept the first inn, which was where the first Cornish Town meeting took place. He also had the first Cornish sawmill and first gristmill in town.
He served a nine year period as selectman and three years

The powder horn is marked Lebbeus Chase, Cornish, N.H. 1799. Lebbeus Chase, whose family had a lot to do with settling the town, was born January 21, 1779, the ninth child of Jonathan Chase. He was a farmer and always lived in Cornish, on the farm inherited from his father.
> the urst juce of the peace in town and called the first town meeting. He was the first moderator and the first selectman. He was also one of the judges of Cheshire County (which included all of what is now known as Sullivan County),
> In 1777, at the age of 70 he was among those who marched to Saratoga and Bennington in his son's regiment. He died on August 12, 1800 and is also buried in the Trinity Church Cemetery.
> Atkinson is the president of the Cornish Historical Society, following in the footprints of Virginia Colby, who was the society's president for 20 years. He co-authored "Footprints of the Past" with Colby, which depicta images of the past, with much emphasis put on the Cornish Colony. The publication is still available.

> Atkinson was born in Honolulu, Hawaii, in 1934. He moved to Cornish in 1989 where he transferred his interest in the literature of European Renaissance to the art of American Renaissance.
> He has taught English and
> he established the Proprieters of the Corniah Bridge, becoming its first president. Shares were sold at $\$ 16.67$ each, with Chase holding 40 of them. The fist bridge was constructed in 1796 at the cost of $\$ 17,099.27$.
> Jonathan Chase was appointed brigadier general in 1788. He served on the staffs of Governors Langdon and Pickering. He died Jan. 12th, 1800 and is buried in the Trinity Church Cemetery, in Cornish.
> Lebbeus Chase's grandfather was Samuel Chase, commonly known as "Judge Chase," He was born September 28, 1707. He was one of the first original Chase families to move to Cornish. He made large purchases of land shortly after the charter for Cornish was granted on June 21, 1763.

> His son Dudley and son-inlaw Daniel Putnam, were two of the first men to bring workmen, up the river in a canoe, to make a settlement. The first clearing was located in the northwest part of Cornish, on property where Donald and Vera MacLeay now reside. Comparative Literature at Dartmouth College, Earlham

## 

## Acting Brigadior Goneral Haldumand Sumner Putnam.

This Inmentel officer, who was killed at the attack apon Fort Wagner, on Mörris Island, on the 18 th instant, was born in Cornish, N. H., on the 15th of October, 1835, and was the son of John L Putnam, Eey., who is now living.
After receiving tho advantages for education of the publig yichools of his native town and a neighboring Acadeaty, he, "when a little moro than sixteen yeara of age, entered Weat Point Academy, whene be graduated with high honors in July, 18s5. Fromilat time until a few mouthe provious to the rebellion he was stationed at different localities on the Western frontier. In all the positions tenderal him he proved a brave and fiithfui officer, and invariably won the highest esteem of his nuperior officers. He was called upon while in the Wost to umdergo many long and fatiguing marches. On one occacion the forces to which he belonged were required to make a forced marel from the coast to the Utah country, It was in the winter season and troops suffered intensely from colld and hunger. The last ration wras consamed the day before the troopsoreached the vivinity of Salt Lake city. In theso trials Col. Putoam (then Lieutenant) exhibited superior courage and a flxed dotertaination to brave manfully all the dangers of his lot. When the dark elouds of disunion raised their gloomy forms in the southern horizou, Lt. Putnam was suimmoned to Washingtor and entrusted with upecial menages of the highest importance to carry to Eort Pilkenas. Ho iraveled by rail through the South, accourtplished his task, and at at returning to the Morth whon he was seized thoritiontyomery, Alabama, by, the military anHe was finally released and came buck to W ashington. Soon afterward he was given an important position on the staff of General McDowell, uhere be romained until Oetober 15, 1861, when he ras commissioned Colonel of the Seventh Reginent of Nam Hampslifre Volurkeers. While on the stalf of General McDowell he performed many arduons snd paponsible duties, and his su-

In firat batile at Bull Run he was in the thickest of the action, but escaped without ijuury.When his sarvices were atked to take the command of a regiment from hrs native State his heart filied with pleasure, but he modestly stated that he thought himardf too young tor the responsible pasition. Upon being further urged he consentod to the proposition, and with the pormission of the War Deparimitnt hastened to the "Granite State," where a thousand brave men welcomed the young commander with great en thariasm. Itia regitanat, which had been rajeel by Lieut. Col. Jaseph C. Abbott of Manchester, was soon brought into the lighest condition of discipline, and on the 1 tth of danuary, 1862, Col. Putnam doparted with his noble command for the seat of war. During the first ycar of its serviee this regiment was gtationed at Fort Jefforson, on Tortugas Island. Since then the command lias been located at St. Augustine, Florida, Port Roysl, S. C., and in the vicinity of Charleston. Thorgh not engaging in any important action untit the late assault upon Eort Wagner, Col. Putnam's forces were engaged in many skirmishes and expeditions, where, under therr gallant leader, they never failed to be suceessiul.
The most intimate of Col. Patnam's elassmates mas Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, son of Gen. Robert E. Lee, and a well known officer in the rebel army. That intimacy was never broken until the commencement of the war. At the time of Gen. Fitzhugh Lee's marriage Col. Putnan was in the West, yet he procured a furlough of several months and repaired to Virginia, where he witnewsed the imposing nuptials. Just before actual hostilitier conmmenced the: deceased officor received his last letter from young Gisn. Lee, in which the lotter stated that he was disheartened and discouraged and hardly knew what course to take. "I want to stand by my country," he said, "but yet I believe the South has been wronged. Idon't know what will become of me." Col. Patnam answerel the communiustion and implored his old and leng cherished friend and classmate to oppose the principle of secession and to stand up for his country and her fing. This was the last of their correapomience. For the past four or five months Cal. Putnam hail been an aeting Brigadier Cenerad, and was fighing in that command when he fell on Morris Island His forces eonsisted of the Seventh New HItmp. shire Volunteers and several other regimentsIn the death of this offiecr the Union arny loses
one or 1 us ues mau now witel with the highest
be mourned as one who unitel military talent a pure and spotless chatacter and the most enduring qualities of head and heartIn relgious connections be was an Episcopalian, and in none of the eventfal scenes of him life did he ever forget the religious teachings of his youth.

The recollection of his pure life and heroie death will ever bo sacredly cherished by a large circle of kinired and frienils, es well as by thousands of noldiers who have in his eommand, while a grateful nation will-embalm his memory in her deepest and boliest affections-[Journal.
to the National Academy of Engineering. This year's winner was one of several nominees named by our readers in response to an announcement last February. A panel of six distinguished engineers (below) chose the winner.
Given biennially since $1968^{*}$, this Award is recognized as a prime means for drawing attention to the accomplishments of topflight engineers, and thereby to the stature and importance of chemical-process activity as a whole. We suggest that you begin thinking now about a person to nominate for our 1998 Award.

> Th agivel of earn altermate in thowe of aut Korkpatride Cham imal Engineeriny Achivemunt Axarid which respritine if coicupany Inther thas inn iself. sidual) for a aperific achieve mant in shenvical emgineerfor
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Award
lating fluid-bed reactor, which was in. vented and commer. cinlized for pyrrhotite roasting by a joint INCO-Lurgi team in 1956.

## Using oxygen for production

Longtime CE readers, howevar, will be undoubtedly familiar with Quenean's contributions to oxygell pyrometallurgy. He is rightfully knosm as the firther of nonferrous oxygen technology.

In December 1945, intensive laboratory and pilot-plum R\&D on the oxygen flash smelting of sulfide concentrates was initiated by INCO at Copper Cliff, Ont. Quenenu's team established excellent validating metal. lurgical and economic databases in June 1947

But the high cost and general anavailability of tonnage oxygeri was a barrmer to implementation of the process. This obstucle was hurded with a 300 -tond oxygen plant constructed onsite by Air Liquide (Paris), which allowed INCO's commercial oxygen reactor for copper concentrate to start ip successfully in 1952.

This energy-efficient envirommentally friendly plant marked the begin-

## The Judges

Charles Barron,
Clamusan V/mimeteity
John Prausnitz,

Whiteraity of Callfornto

## Ronald Rousseau,

 Genrgia Inctifute of TrechmolugEugene Cilento, Weal Viratita IVaturaty Gintaras Reklaitis,

Pandtue Unitervify
Jacques Zakin, Oho State teinetatity
ning of pyranetallargy's ensuing intensive the of oxygen. Such later developments as the oxygen stoel converter could not have been conceived without INCO's groundbreating production of tomnage oxygen on o mussive scale.

Queneau's many subsequent contributions to extractive metallargy are detailed in mumerous CE articles $[1-12]$. The most-prominent of these was INCO's technology for nickel extraction, which won a Kirkpatrick Honorable Mention more than two decades ago ( f ).

Of Queneau's work during the past 25 years, particulariy noteworthy is his 1972-1986 collathoration with Professor Reinhardt Schuhmum of Purdue U, (W. Lafayette, Ind.) to create is better pyrometallurgical reactor The result is a clased, countercurrent, reactionchannel converter that breathes oxygen and ia designed for continuous di-rect-metal production from sulfide flotation concentrates (e.g., chalcopyrite and galena).

The Q.S continuous oxygen converter is more efficient than comventional operations for copper, nickel and lead production in terms of energy
tonsumption, metal Joss and-pollution It permite economic prodactiot of metal of low iron content, slag of low product-metal content and gas of high sulfur-dioxide content, all in one cantimuously operating reactor. Commer ctally successful Queneau-Schuh-mann-Lurgi QSL lead converters are now operating in Germany, South Korea and China.

## A truly diverse background

Quencau is a past sisiting professor at the University of Minnesota (Minneaspolis. Minn.l and the University of Utah (Salt Lake City, Utah). He has served as president of the Metallurgical Soc (AIME) and as a Chairman of the Engineering Foundation.
A gradunte of the U.S. Army Engineer Schoot and Command and Censeral Staff College, he rose from second lieutenant to colonel of engineers. Queneau has a World War II Bronze Star, Commendation Medal and ETO Ribbon with five Battle Stars. In addi+ tion, he served in the High Arctic after war's end.
Now a prafessor emeritus of Dartmouth College's Thayer School of En+ gineering, Queneau brings a rich and varied experience to academia. Never one to rest on his laurels, he is presently working with Lurgi on continuous ateelmaking. with one patent granted sind others pending.

Edited by Irenc Kim
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## MATERIAL FOR ELMHURST BARN AND CREA BARN

## HAVE BEEN LINKED TOGETHER

## The "Elmhurst" Barn History From Marie Stevens



Elmhurst Barn, photographed in 1999
The Cornish Recreation-Education Area (CREA) Barn, "Elmhurst", was built in 1912 by William Deming Dow on the old family farm known as the William Deming homestead which originated in the late eighteenth century and was listed on Cornish's first "Partitioning of Lots" in 1800.

William Deming came to Cornish with his father, Ebenezer, from Pomfret, Connecticut. The exact date is not known, but early records indicate that in 1779 Ebenezer was a Selectman and that same year William graduated from Dartmouth College. Baker Library's Book of Alumni Sketches says he settled in Cornish as a farmer and was a landlord there for many years. Additionally, William served the town in many capacities including Selectman and Town Moderator. Child's History of Cornish adds that he was a man of acknowledged ability and influence, and Hugh Mason Wade's Brief History of Cornish notes that he was chosen by petition to be the second Justice of the Peace in 1781 - the first was Samuel Chase.

William Deming married Sarah Hall, granddaughter of the Rev. David Hall of Sutton, Massachusetts, and niece of Sarah Hall Chase (Mrs. Jonathan Chase). They had nine children; the first was born in 1791.

After William Deming died in 1833, his sons continued to work the 190-acre farm, but by 1843 only William Sumner Deming remained. He was a successful farmer and a Captain in the New Hampshire Militia. Following the family tradition, he served the community as Selectman and in various capacities including Representative in the New Hampshire Legislature in 1837 and 1838. His second wife was Eliza Dow of Plainfield. After his death in 1859 her brother, Lucius Dow, helped her run the farm. Lucius and his family soon moved in, and in 1871 his sister deeded the farm to him. Since Lucius had named his oldest son for William Deming, it was appropriate that after his death this namesake should become owner of the homestead.

William Deming Dow had spent time in California but returned home before his father's death in 1892. Later that year he married Nora Crosby of Croyden, settled into a farmer's life and raised four children. It seems to have been a happy life according to their frequent appearances in the Cornish section of the Vermont Journal. The following 1912 article is of particular interest:

Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Dow dedicated their new barn Friday evening, July 5, by Inviting their neighbors and friends to a barn dance. There was a large attendance, friends being present from all of the neighboring towns, over 100 in all. Barton and Ford Kinsman furnished music. Refreshments were served, and all enjoyed the occasion. Vermont Journal July 12, 1912

## HELP PRESERVE THE CREA BARN



In the spring of 2001, the Town of Cornish was chosen as one of the winners in the Historic Barn (Assessment) Grant Program which covers the costs of a comprehensive assessment of the barn's needs by an approved barn contractor. The program is administered by the NH Preservation Alliance in conjunction with the NH Division of Historical Resources.


At this time, when the Connecticut River Valley is trying to retain what is
 left of its past, we feel it extremely important to do our part in trying to restore and preserve the barn for our present and future generations. Its continued presence will be a tangible example of barn building in the midto late 19th and early 20th century. Additionally, after restoration the barn could open its doors to various school and recreational activities, whether for organizational gatherings - Boy Scouts, 4-H Club, Outing Clubs, Astronomy Club - or as a shelter, warm-up spot for winter sports, athletic events, nature studies, and many more.
"We consider the Elmhurst barn to be an extremely important example of the gambrel-roofed, high drive type...Barns (and agriculture) are critical parts of the New Hampshire landscape...The Elmhurst Barn offers exciting possibilities for the town. Its reuse will assure that a key component of our history and identity will endure." Namay $C$ Muller, Director State Historic Preserration, NH Division of Historicul Resources.


" This structure is particularly notable for its relationship to the surrounding landscape...Once a building is demolished, it's gone." Judy L. Hayward, Historic Windsor Executive Director

## A Bit of History:

Elmhurst was built in 1912 by William Deming Dow on the site of an older barn on the original William
Deming Farm, which was listed in the town records in 1785. The 190 acre farm remained active and expanded over the years but stayed in the Deming/Dow family until 1941.

Since then, the barn has passed through a number of families until 1983, when it was acquired by the Town of Cornish for CREA property.


## Former Owners of the Barn:

1941-Donald and Edith Fulmer 1951-James and Marie Ferguson 1952-Randall and Carroll Kenyon 1968-Anne Davidson
1983-Cornish Recreation and Education Area

"Mr. And Mrs. W.D. Dow dedicated their new barn Friday evening, July 5, by inviting their neighbors and friends to a barn dance. There was a large attendance, friends being present from all of the neighboring towns. Over 100 in all. Barton and Ford Kinsman furnished music. Refreshments were served and all enjoyed the occasion."

Article in the VERMONT JOURNAL, July 12, 1912



CABIN QUILT - A log cabin barn raising-designed quilt was presented to Marie Stevens, a member of the committee working to preserve the 1912 Elmhurst Barn. Stevens stands with quilters Mauri Hodgeman, Colleen O'Neill and Kay Wegner. (Ruth Rollins photo)


## By RUTH ROLLINS Contributing Writer

CORNISH - The Cornish Quilters, a group of ladies who all have the same interest in quilting. recently donated a quilt with a $\log$ cabin pattern to be raffled by a committec interested in restoring an old Cornish barn.

The Elmhurst Barn is located on the Cornish Recreation-Education Area, which is bordered by South Parsonage and Townhouse Ronds. It's an area that includes both soccer and softball fields and is used for hiking, cross country skiing, snowshoeing and nature studies and is also used for overnight camping by Soout groups and other school activities.

The barn was built in 1912 by William Deming Dow on the old Deming Homestead, which originated in the late eighteenth century and was listed on Cornish's first "Partitioning of Lots" in 1800.

The Vermont Journal wrote in July 12, 1912: "Mr. and Mrs. W.D. Dow dedicated their new barn Friday evening, July 5 th, 1912, by inviting their neighbors and friends to a barn dance. There was a large attendance, friends being present from all of the neighboring towns, over 100 in all. Barton and Ford Kinsman furnished music. Refreshments were served and all enjoyed the occasion."

Hattie Dow Brown, the last Dow to own the property, sold it in 1941. In 1959, while owned by the Kenyon family, the barn became the home of the Whitcomb Lobster Company. The company was started by Mrs. Randall Kenyon's father, Willard Whitcomb, who had devised a way of making lobster traps in a knockdown form. Margaret and Randall Kenyon continued to operate the business for a time after her father's death in 1962,

Following the closing of the lobster trap business in 1985, the barn has only been used to store hay and various items. Parts of the old Cornish Jail were housed there for some time:

A group of residents have been raising funds to. restore the barn for several years. They believe that the barn can become a focal point for enhancing the recreational and educational activities for which the area was intended.
"The committee working on its preservation hopes it can be restored to hold exhibits with information which would allow school children learn about the history and evolution of barns and farming in New Hampshire and Vermont,' said Marie Stevens, the committee member who had researched the barn's rich history and is speat: heading this project.
Judy Hayward, exceutive director of Historic Windsor Inc., said the barn is a great example of a gambrel roof barn. Its design documents the era in American agriculture when high drives were installed to make hay storage via wagon delivery easy, by using openings in the floor to feed cathle in stalls or stanchions on the floor below hay storage."
Nancy Muller Dutton, director of New Hampshire Division of Historical Resources, also considered the barn to be am extremely important example of the gambrel-roofed, high drive type and wrote that "barns (and agriculture) are criticil parts of the New Hampshire landscape. The Elmhurst Barn offers exciting possibilities for the town. Its reuse will assure that a key component of our history and identity will endure. ${ }^{-}$
The committee has proposed raising fonds to preserve and restore the barn without raising taxes. It recently received a $\$ 500 \mathrm{Mini}$ Grant froini the New Hampshire Preservation Alliance, which Stevens said will be used to have an appraisal of just what it would take to restore the structure.
The quilt is on display at the town office. It will? be on display, with raffle tickets available in thé Adult Art Department of the Cornish Fair, which will be located in the Old Cornish Town Hall on August 17-19.

## Cornish landmarks and history depicted in quilt

## By RUTH ROLLINS Contributing Writer

CORNISH - Members of the Cornish Quilters wanted to do sornething special for the community and what better way than to each have a share in making a quilt that would include several historical buildings and a logo of the Cornish Fair that celebrated 50 continuous years of enjoyment for many in 1999.

The Cornish 2000 Quilt was presiented to Selectman William Gallagher last week during a spe-ciat-dedication ceremony attended by a large group of people.

In accepting the quilt on behalf of the town Gallagher said, "this is the reflection of cooperation of people who live here. A terrific example that will inspire people of all ages, it is a work of perfection and beauty."

In making the presentation Mauri Hodgeman, wife of former selectman, Stuart Hodgeman said, "the quilt's design process began in 1998 by the group. which had been recently formed. There was no real initial plan, except to highlight some of the historic buildings as well as some of the lovely scenic views around the town. The center block of the quilt would be the highlight of the quilt and represent the whole community." Of course the Cornish-Windsor Covered Bridge was chosen for that block.

Members made up lists of possible scenes and each chose a block to make. As there was no
proper pattern the quilt took on a life of its own. Each quilter; or sometimes their spouse, drew a scene to give them ideas, with some following up with a photo to work by Some designed patchwork and some worked free hand.

Members who had not done applique quilting decided to learn it, a process that sometimes found them discouraged, but none the less determined to finish what they started.

Each setback found others helping with solutions and the blocks began to take shape and then the quilt. The colors, design and sewing was done to perfection and everyone was delighted when the quilt was finished in time to be entered in the 2000 Cornish Fair, where it was viewed by many and considered "Best of Show" in the quilting division.

Depicted among the 16 other squares are the Trinity Church, located on Route 12A, the Cornish Fire Station, town offices, the Cornish Town Hall and old Tracy School, which Stuart Hodgeman, his father and grandfather all attended. Sullivan's Sugar House, Blow-Me-Down Mill, Aspet, the home of Saint-Gaudens, and the logo that represents the Cornish Colony Gallery Museum all earned a spot on the quilt as a big part of the town's history.

Other squares included Corbin Park, the Farmers Market, the Cornish Fair logo, a square


The Cornish-Windsor Covered Bridge makes up the centerpiece of a new quilt highlighting Cornish landmarks and history. (Ruth Rollins photo)
depicting the quilters around a table and the state flower and bird, as well as a square with the names of the quilters involved and a map of the town.

The quilt will hang in the gallery at the town office, to be enjoyed by all.

Those attending not only had a
chance to view the special quilt, but also numerous wall quilts of various sizes that include cat, owI, butterfly and lighthouse designs, among many others. The wall quilt show will continue through January 5th and is open during regular town clerk and selectmen hours.


# Barn Raising, Barn Saving 

# Community Effort Preserves Historic Farm Building 

By Tom Bunkhorm Valley News Correspondent TIRED, FADED RED BARN, almost a hundred years old, is being rescued from oblivion by a group of community volunteers who believe they are saving a distinctive piece of Cornish and New Hampheritage.

cElmhurst barn on South Parsonage Road in the ish Recreation and Educational Area, a 40-by ot wooden structure overlooking open fields wetlands, was built in 1912, when William rrd Taft was president. In keeping with tradiof the times, a barn dance marked the official ation on July 5 of that year. More than 100 bors and friends of William Deming Dow, the ial owner, attended.
arly a century later, the old red barn was headthe scrap heap or the ash pile. "We were conng whether to tear it down or let the fire departuse it for a practice burn," said Bill Gallagher, nish selectboard member. "A group of interestcal people persuaded us that it wis important th historically to try to save."
w they have the papers to prove its value. The according to the New Hampshire Division of rical Resources, is an "extremely important ple of the gambrel-roofed, high drive" design ion among late 19th- and early 20th-century barns in the Upper Connecticut River y. It was recently designated as eligirlisting in the state's register of hislaces.
ginally, the barn was used to house hay and feed on a farm that once led about 200 acres and traces its histhe late 1700s.
he 1950s, the structure was used for roduction of lobster traps. Subsely, the building and 76 adjoining of meadow, welland and forest were ed by the town of Cornish. The barn ell into disuse and decay.
fie Stevens, wife of a retired Dartlanguage professor, spearheaded ave the barn" volunteer effort. The is live across the road from the barn. ot started on the project about 1985," is recalled in an interview. She lorganize the original group of vols and also researched the barn's his-


Retiree Don Snowden of Cornish writes down measurements on a piece of scrapwood.
tory and ownership over the years, compiling an impressive collection of newspaper clippings, official communications and photographs that she organized carefully in piles on her dining room table.
"I never thought of myself as a historian, but I love the work," she said. "There were quite a few skeptics in the community at first and we had to convince them that this was a worthwhile project. One of our selling points was that we volunteers would raise the necessary funds to repair the barn without raising taxes."

The group launched a series of fund-raising events - square dances, barn days and special auctions. Anonymous donors contributed money. To date,

# いnllof Noss Ju30, 2005 

"I have become so involved my wife calls herself a 'barn widow.'"

Don Snowden of Cornish, volunteer on the barn restoration project

almost $\$ 40,000$ has been raised toward a goa $\$ 60,000$. As interest grew, more volunteers pitc in.

One of the leading volunteers, Don Snowder Cornish, a retired facilities manager for a Clarem company, said about 25 area residents are involve various aspects of the project - helping raise mor contributing logs and timber, milling beams and ff boards, doing stone work and construction.
"We got started in earnest last January," Snow said. "The first task was hacking away the thick br that had grown up around the foundation, remo decaying wood, cleaning the site. The barn had $b$ home to pigeons, swallows and at least one n snake. We volunteers worked in two shifts, one in morning, the other afternoons. I have become involved my wife calls herself a 'barn widow.'"
The restoration strategy involves distinct phase work. In the first two stages, Snowden explained, objective is to establish a reliable drainage syst around the structure, stabilize the foundation, wh involves jacking up the barn almost a foot and rep ing key load-bearing beams, and reinforcing the $r$

The volunteers hired an exp


Organizers expect to complete the barn restoration in two years.
enced timber framer, Rich Thompson of Cornish, who on Sunrise Woodworks, to make s the work is done correctly. Thon son has helped restore about 12 toric barns around New Hampshi
"The challenge is to preserve much of the original structure as sible without breaking the bank," said.

This challenge faces many co munities throughout New Han shire, according to Carl Schmidt Orford, chairman of the state I toric Agricultural Structures Advi ry committee. The committee , established in 1999 to assist ownen preserving historic farm buildin including barns. It works clos with the New Hampshire Preser

SeeBARN-

Cornish, N.H. Kathryn M. Stevens, uge 88, known by family and friends as "Marie", died ander the full moon in the zarly hours of Wednesday. Aug. 17. 2016. at Dart-mouth-Hitchoock Medical Hospital, after suffering a tragic fall and severe stroke.

Marie wis born on Oct. 20, 1927, at home in Colrain, Mass. 10. Catherine Lane Shippee and Amasa Darling Shippee. She is a graduatc of Arms Academy, class of '44. Coming from a talented musical family. Marie was a gifted singer. singing on the radio as a child, and, later as a teenager she made recordings with several band orchestras.
Marie met her husband just after WWII while singing with a big band orchestra. He had just returned from intense Army Infantry combat in Western Europe, including D-Day \& Battle of the Bulge. Fresh from the war he decided to resume his prewar possible career as an atto sax/clarinetist. Like Marie, his family was full of talented musicians, and, he had a Boston big band leader as a father. Pertey Stevens.

On Feb 26; 1948, Marie married her husband, then Sgt. Alanson P. Sievens III, of Boston. Mass. They were married at the 82 nd Airbome Chapel, Fort Bragg, N.C. After a few parachute "close calls," and a baby on the way, they decided to leave. "The 82 nd," and move to Hanover, N.H., where husband. Al. entered Dartmouth as a freshman on the G.I. bill. They began their family there and forever had very fond memories of Hanover,

Four years later, they moved on to Yale graduate school in New Haven, Conn, with four children. and. a few years later moved to Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass, with their fifth child. Her husband, Al , had been offered a position

Acadenty. Stevens
Marie was recruited to become the Secrelary to the Academy and to ussist the director of foundations with fundrasing, She later chose to be closely inyolved with the phenomenal music department at Phillips Academy, and, transitioned to become assistant the chairman of the music department. She enjoyed every minute of her time spent with the music department unil the day they moved away. In many ways, it truly fulfilled her love of music.
Marie and her husband both retired from Phillips Academy Alldover in June of 1986, when they returned back to their favorite area of the country near Darmouth College. They found a beautiful antique (1780s) home in Cornish, where they lived most happily for 31 years, creating a world of wonderful memories.
Marie continued to use her organizational skills as VP of the Cornish Historical Society for several years. She was instrumental in saving and resioring the 1912 Elmhurst Barn on the Cormish Recreational Property. It is known as, The CREA Barn. Marie would hive loved to know that the historic, "CREA Barn." would always be maintuined for future generations to enjoy and use for recreational/educational purposes.
In lieu of flowers. please donate to The CREA Barn Fund, at the Comish Town Hall, Cornish, NH, 03745.

Marie is survived by her husband and four of het children; three grandehildren; and two grealgrandchildren.
A private family service was held.
She is missed dearly by her famity and friends. Her honest, direct buit gentle manner, and, her lovel smile and singing around the hor will remain in our hearts forever


Myron Quimby likes doing puzzles at his home in Cornish.

## Myron Quimby Of Cornish

## The Family Farm

## By JANE WHITTINGTON PICARD

Valley News Correspondent CORNISH - Myron Quimby's family has lived on East Road in Cornith for over a hundred years; he has lived there himself since just a few months after his birth in 1901. The white farmhouse where Quimby was raised, and where he now lives alone, was built by his grandfather, an agricultural and dairy farmer. Quimby brought his bride, Charlotte Coldburn, to the farm in 1931, and they raised three children there Charlotte died 22 years ago, and his children have all moved away, but Quimby still stays. "It's my home," be says, "That's why I'm hanging on it to."
At 84, Quimby continues to work his land, growing and selling native blueberries that are, he says, much
swecter than cultivated berries, pretty tough to grow, and "the only ones in Cornish that I know of."
He recalls the Cornist of his youth as a far more self-reliant, working town, with lots of open cultivated land There was a 29 room inn with an attached store in Cornish Flat: there were grist and saw mills, a paint shop, and a factory where they made buggies. There were probably more people living in Cornish during the early 1900s than there are now.

The Cornish Inn and store burned down in 1927, the sater-powered mills gradually became outmoded. and people began slowly to move away. These days, most people work out of town, and there's not a great deal of activity in Cornish.
Quimby has fond memories of the Cornish Art Colony, which was wellpopulated during his boyhood. "They established a city colony over in the west part of town," he says. "New York City people spent the summers there, but they didn't push themselves on native peopie. It was a very, very separate place that distinguished Cornish from any other town. In New Hampshire and Vermont anyway."

Quimby, who served as a selectman for 22 years, isn't quite as pleased with some of the "city people" who have settled in Cornish more recently. "They come in here, and they're dissatisfied. They want better roads in their places; they want special care of the roads in the winter. They want it plowed immediately after it starts to snow/"

Prior to the 1930s, the snow was never actually plowed away, "The smow-roller came out, which was
and that just packed the snow down"
By the end of the season there might be four to tive feel of saliat packed snow on the roids. Horses transported people in sleighs rather than wagons, and folles who did own cars put them up on blocks for the winter. When the weather turned warm and the snow softened, II conld get pretty messy. In the spring of the year," laughs Quimby "we wanted to stay home most of the time."
There was once an excellent view of the mounlains from the Quinby farm, hut tall trees have replaced the expanses of pasture land Myron Quimby loved; the best you can see now is one mountain top on a clear day
"My wife said she'd sell when she couldn't see the mountains from the house, but the hurricane of '38 cleared it back for a while," so she stayed.
And so does he.

# $\underset{\text { Decelopers Lose }}{\text { The Wre }}$ On Size Of Lot, Rail Crossings 

Hy ERIC LIPTON<br>Valley News Stalf Writer

CORNISH - When George Carroll of Concord-and his partner bought land along the Cotnecticut River in May 1987. They thought brilding five homes there would lbe a simple matter.
The land is separated from Route 12A loy Centra! Vermont Railway's track, but for years farmers growing corn and hay have tsed an unsignaled track crossing on the Land Before Carroll and partner Claudio Poles of Dorchester, Mass., bought the land, a realtor told them it was "at least 28 acres" and that "the railroad right-of-way' would not restrict the use of their property:" according to court documents filied Thursday.

It furns out neither are Irue, according to Carroll, A survey commissioned two months after the deal went through found only 13.67 acres. Just over 10 acres are ion the river side of the track; 336 acres are on the Route 12A side.
Abso, the railroal company says that it owts the land under the track, and that the two crussings - only one of which is actually in place now - are for agricultural use only, not as driveways.

This morning. the state agreed. Mark Hanlon. Transportation department hearing

railroad company, denying requests that either or both agricultural crossings be made residential crossings.
"I find based upon the testimony . . . and my view of the scene that the proposed crossings are not reasonably safe.
He specifically cited the grade and sight distances at the crossings as problems.
Carroll's attorney, who could not be reached this morning, said yesterday that if the state ruled against them, they would appeal.
Carroll - who had not been notified of the decision when reached at home last night - has abandoned plans to build five homes, and now wants to build just two: One would be his new permanent residence, the other would be Poles' vacation home
They petitioned state authorities for the two residential rail crossings, but the railroad, Cornish selectmen and at least one neighbor opposed them, arguing that the crossings would be unsafe. The state determines the number and placement of crossings when a railroad and a landowner can't agree

Carroll and Poles also have sued the former owners of the land - Robert and

This rail crossing in Cornish, seen from the north, cannot be used as a residential crossing

Mary Lefebyre of Charlestown - and the Lefebvre's real estate company, the Century 21-Carignan Agency in Tillon, N.H
Carroll and Poles want back hall of the $\$ 65,000$ they paid for the land. According to a court document, the requested settlement might be as liigh as $\$ 40,060$.
The Lefebvres in turn have sued Ralph and Leona Jackson of Cantan. Lefebvre says he bought what he thought was 28 acres from the Jacksons in 1982, according to court documents. The town's tax records record the tract as 29.97 acres.
"I don't understand how it has gotten to be this crazy. I never anticipated anything like this," Carroll said yesterday. "It is just too simple to be this complex. And yet it is.... It has really caused a lot of confusion, a lot of vexation, a lot of anguish and cost a lot of money"
For now, the land - with the Lefebvre's ald mobile home, a collection of old pig farm buildings and some overgrown hay sits untouched and uninhabited. The only thing that moves through the property are an occasional Central Vermont and Boston
$\&$ Maine freight train.
The track is part of the 49 -mile Connecticut River line that Central Vermont recently finished rebuilding. It's expected that by the end of the year, the Amtrak Montrealer passenger train will be back on this track, too. Before the repairs, freight trains were running at about 15 mph ; now they move at up to 00 mph .
State Rep. Peter Burling, D-Cornish, has opposed the proposal for two new houses on the river side of the track. Burling owns the Chase House inn across the street and to the north of Carroll's land, and is a member of the town planning board, That board voted in April not to accept an application from Carroll to subdivide the land, although Burling stepped down for that vote.
At the state's hearing on the residential crossing request in Concord in November, Burling spoke of safety hazards that come with a residential crossing, the granting of which he said last week, would be a (Continued on page 6 )


GRAND OPENING - Myron E, Quimby, chair man of the Cornish Board of Selectmen cuts a ribbon of recycled newspapers Saturday morning to mark the opening of a recycling center at the old
dimp site off Rt. 120. The facillty, which will be open Saturdays from $10 \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{m}$, to $3 \mathrm{o} . \mathrm{m}$. . has barrels for recycling glass, aluminum, tin, brass and copper. (News photo-Catherine Pomlecko)

## Recycling facility open.

A recycling facility will open at the former dump site in Cornish beginning Saturday, Sept. 17. The hours are from 10 to 3 and it will be open every Saturday with exception of holidays.

The facility is arranged to receive glass that is sorted by color. The only kinds of glass not acceptable are electric light bulbs, mirrors, and glass cooking ware. Paper labels may remain on bottles and jars but metal and plastic parts should be removed. Food containers should be rinsed in order to avoid odors and insects.

Tin and steal as well as aluminum, brass, and copper may also be recycled here. Tin cans should be rinsed, opened at both ends and flattened.

The facility is open to anyone who will use it in an appropriate manner.

EAGLE-TIMES Claremont. N. H. Springfield. Vt.


PABI PICNIC, PART DUTY were combined by residents of Suilivan County Saturday as they turned out with old bottles and cans on the opening day of the recyciing center in Cornish. The collection point is located
at the site of the former town dump in Cornish, fust of $f$ Route 120 at the Plainfield town line. The center will be open Saturdays from $10 \mathrm{~m} . \mathrm{m}$.- 3 p.m. on a regular hasis.



## A LIFE

## By Amee Caruso

Valley News Staff Writer
Cowvish - After graduating from Stevens High School, MayBelle "Teenic" Rock sudied at Heser Business College in Manchester. Being away from home didn't suit Rock. who mised her family, and she

| MayBelle |
| :---: |
| $\frac{\text { 'Teenie' Rock }}{1925-2012}$ | returned to Cornish after completing a business degree. But she never sopped learning.

A small baby, MayBelle Rock was nicknamed "Teenie" by her older brother, and the name stuck. When she was an infant, her fanily moved to Cornish. She married her longtime beau, John "Jack" Rock, and in 1950, they built

MayBelle "Teenie" Rock poses in a hat that belonged to her sweetheart and future husband, John "Jack" Rock. The couple met at school in Comish. This picture, a family favorite, was taken around 1943, when Rock was about 18. Photograph countesy of The FAMEY
a house next to her parents' small family farm on Harrington Road.

Rock worked in an assortment of places, among them a shoe shop, cheese factory and grain store, and spent her free moments exploring whatever subject grabbed her. The homegrown study program took her from wildflowers to rocks to antique bottles, and finally to genealogy. which became her greatest passion.

Her dedication - her daughters call it obsersion - to these various projects kept Rock going years after her health began to fail. It also made for an interesting home life for her three children.

Earlier this month. sitting in their parents' kitchen. Sherry Cass, of Cornish. and Carmen Pinsonault. of Unity. reminisced about their mother.

Pinsonault, 51, reached for words to dexcribe her. "She was very strong, and very ..."
"Strong willed?" Cass, 64, offered.
"Strong willed"" Pinsonault agreed, laughing.
"Independent," Cass added. "She knew her own mind."
"And once it was made up, that was it," said Pinsonault. Rock's search for antique glassware led her to decades

See ALIfe-A4

# A Life: MayBelle ‘Teenie’ Ro 

## Continued irom Page AI

old dumpsites far out in the woods.
She and their aunt would "dig through alt the stuff and set all theotd botiles" some of which they sold. Pinsonault sid.

Rock sometimes entisted Cuss, then a feeruger and ownet of a green 1955 Chevy, to drive
"I was just thrilled on my day off taking flie two of them to rummuge in a dump somewhere," she said, wryly.

Rock's love for animals, especially wounded ones, added unother element of adventure. Her menageric included stray cats, a lamb, an upossum atad ath orphined moccoon found by the Rocks' son. Seward.

Cass remembers caring for Knothead, so named for a bump on his head.
"Heid lay in my arms like a baby and pui his hands over my hands, and Id feed him with a bottle," she said. The housebroken raccoon lived inside, but as he matured, his wild instincts kicked in.

When he started swanging from the curtains, the had to go," Pinsomault said. Eventually, the family "turned him into the wild to find a mate," Cass said.

More recently, Rock befriended a mother skunk and her bubies, which ate many it meal of macaronit and chese on the back porch. The rela-
evening vistors
"Td pull in at an angle and shin (the beadlights) on the porch to mak sure the skink wasn't out there," Prn sonault said. "She would take the broom, open the door and say, 'Ge off the porch, Slinky?

Or afl of her interests, however nothing fascinated Rock as much a history.

Her nephew, Clyde Perkins sparked her interest in gencalogy The two traveled to England in 198 to research their fumily history. An when she ran out of leuds on her ow relatives, she started rescarching he husband's.
"She went wry back and followe all kinds of bratiches," Pinsonau said, making telephorie calls and wri ing letters to trick down photograph "or anything she could get her hand in."

The genealogy books she compile are a collage of old documents cards, newspaper elippings and birt certificates. And accuracy mattered

Sometimes she'd wake up, think e a fact that needed cheeking und getu to do it. Pinsonault said. Late nigh would often find her ut the kitche table with her ever-present cup of te: meticulously paging through ho notes.

And, as she fad when they wen vounser. Rock asked her chitidre
for help.
"As soon as somebody died, she'd say, 'Make sure you gel me a death certificate sol can put it in the genealogy, " Pinsonault said. "That was her thing, so that's what we did for her."

As genealogical projects are, hers was a work in progress. On some pages are blank spots reserved for photographs of long-dead relatives.
"You girls will have to finish carrying on when I'm gone," Cass remembers her saying. It's a request they intend to honor, probably during retirement.

When her husband, Jack. retined and took on the job of sexton. Rock pitched in. Trimming weeds in the cemeteries soon led to an interest in documenting the lives of people she knew only by their names on worn stones. Family members helped, too, drawing cemetery maps and noting the location of ummarked graves.

She also worked with former town clerk Bernice Johnson toorganize historic town records, like death certificates and town meeting records.

Jim Alkinson, president of the Cornish Historical Society, said Rock helped him learn about, and learn to love, the town he moved to in 1989.
'Teenie knew odd things about pecple, places and things." said Atkinson. the author of two books about the Cornish Colony. "Asa new person in town interested in history 1 certainly appreciulted it."

Atkinson said the town is in debt to Rock, who spent years compiling the records,
"What I am seeing in my mind's eye are these volumes that she produced," arranged by cemetery and then by family, he said in a telephone interview. "No one had thought to put them in order and make them available,"

Perkins said the records, which date back to 1760 , include more than 3,000 names.
A go-lo person for Cornish history, Rock often received telephone calls from people wondering whether their relatives were buried in the town. And
drop by her house for a cup of tea and a chat about "old Cornish things"
"She just loved that." Pinsonault said. "Any kind of Cornish history, anything about Cornish, she loved to tulk about it."
During the last years of her life. Rock suffered from painful arthritis. Nonetheless, she continued to do her own housekeeping and even repainted her barn last summer.
"Everyone kept saying. ' You need to go to a nursing home, but she wanted to be here, in her home," Pinsonault suid. So they did what they could to make her comfortable.
Pinsonault recalled the times she drove her mother, who was susceptible to pneumonia, home from the haspital.
"She came so close so many times and came home every single time, but it was because she was so strongwilled and so tough." she said.
"You made it up onto the hill one more time. mother," Pinsonauli would tell her.

As the end of her life approached, her daughters had difficulty believing she would really die.
"We kept thinking, 'One more time she's going to make it," "Cass said. "But we knew that she wasn'l. Common sense told us that, but our hearts weren't believing it:"
Rock died in February, after spending just a few days in a nursing home. The kitchen looks much as she left it. Dried white hydrangeas stand in a vase on the windowsill, along with minituture teapots decorated with the elaborate "Blue Willow" pattern she collected.

After Rock's death, many people asked for a teacup, a memento of the hours they had spent together at her table, passing the time, talking about the past.
Her cupboards hud once been full of the china, which the family had used all their lives, Pinsonault said. "She gave away a lot of it before she died."

Aimee Caruso can be reached at acaruso@vnews.com or 603-727-

# The Rocks dedicated their time to Cornish 

## By RUTH ROLLINS Contributing Writer

CORNISH - Jack and Maybelle "Teenie" Rock have dedicated much time to keeping Cornish cemeteries and burial grounds a place to be proud of. Jack retired as sexton on town meeting day, but the interest in the cemeteries will still be a big part of their lives.

Jack became sexton 14 years ago and Teenie worked along side him for several years, he running lawn mowers and she using a grass trimmer to make sure graves looked nice at all times. Weather conditions hindered that once in a while, but on the whole the cemeteries have been very well kept up.

Following a heart attack he had to rely on a couple of workers to get the heavy work done, among them George Abbott, a six-year employee in the department.

During Jack's years as sexton all the brush in the cemeteries was cut out, new picket fences put in all the cemeteries that had them and many sunken graves filled, as well as restoring head stones to proper levels.

He has also had trees removed that were dangerous to markers, as well as the usual grass cutting, mowing of larger areas, removing leaves and other debris from the area.

He is very proud of having had headstones cleaned in several cemeteries, during his tenure, and for making sure a new flagpole was placed near the war memorials in the park at Cornish. Flat. He is also proud that World-War-I graves will be marked better.

During his years as cemetery sexton he was responsible for keeping up eight public cemeteries regularly and also took on the chore of clearing brush and debris from nine other unused cemeteries throughout the town.


SERVING THE COMMUNITY - Jack and Teenie Rock of Cornish reminisce about their cemetery work and the historical records, which they documented. (Ruth Rollins photo)

He not only was responsible for the cemeteries during this time, but he was also in charge of the town hall grounds, park in front of the meetinghouse, library grounds, vault area and the old selectmen's office, mowing the area around the fire station and some covered bridges.
"When I took on the job in 1988 records were not clear, many burial records were stacked in a pile, or had fallen down behind tight spaces in the old selectmen's office. No files were in order, so my wife, Teenie, dug all that paperwork out and we identified many graves and made up maps. We also made a record of each war that people had been in, so graves could be marked appropriately," said Jack.
"Years ago families took care of the graves, but any grave in a cemetery belongs to the town of Cornish, people do not own land in the cemetery, even though they put money into their lot for perpetual care," suid Jack, who was recognized with a plaque for tis years of service as sexton.

## Maybelle "Teenie"

## Rock

Teenie Rock's commitment to the care of the cemeteries was only a part of her dedication. The preservation of the cemeteries and the town having a lasting historical record of deaths was very important
to her. That dedication resulted in the community having three volumes of information on "Cornish Cemeteries,"
The information collected in the historical records is the result of 14 years of rescarching town records, and written histories of Cornish, along with countless oral interviews of relatives and descendants. She worked tirelessly digging out the information and husband, Jack, learned how to operate a computer to create a lasting historical record to be used for genealogical research.

The information lists all 3,000 known burials within the town, with the exception of burials from the very early days when it was customary to bury the dead on the family farm, or where the markers of unrecorded burials have disappeared into history, leaving only mounds of earth.

During her research she found many stones with odd names. Teenie said, "The oldest stone found was dated Nov 29, 1760, and is located in Trinity Cemetery. There are two graves marked 'unknown,' one is of a man killed in a steam car in 1905, another of a woman named Ann, who was buried in 1901."

When Teenie started researching old information her husband said, I would wake up and the light would
be on and find her up working on it in the middle of the night. That is when something would come to mind," said Teenie.

She said, "My research led me to all the cemeteries, including the ones where we had to go on private property to get there. Sometimes Jack hated going, but he did. I was scared to go alone."

The information compiled alphabetically by the Rocks, states the first and last name of the person who died, their married name if a female and their age at date of death. If the person was a veteran, it notes what war they served in. Other information tells if cremated and if it is an unmarked grave, as well as the cemetery they were buried in. A map designating where each cemetery is located is also included in the information.

Teenie Rock's Historical Records book has been recognized by the State of New Hampshire Senate Research, which includee a picture of her books and notes that the "Cemetery Records of Cornish ${ }^{-}$are available at the Cornish Town Clerk's office. It also states that all known veterans, with burial records from 1760 to 2001, are listed.
The cemetery records were edited by Teenie's nephew, Clyde Porkins.

# FOR ROCKEFELLER, ONLY THE ENDING HAS BEEN INCLUDED HERE 

## FOR MORE ARTICLES ON THE SUBJECT, CONSULT THE VERTICAL

 FILES AT THE HISTORY CENTER
er

'Rockefeller' Claim Of Insanity Rejected

By Denise Lavoie
AP Legal Affairs Writer
Va if $\because 7$ Now s J, an i 3, 200
Boston - The man who called himself Clark Rockefeller claimed he was delusional and communicating stelepathically with his 7-ycar-old daughter, who was telling him she was in danger.

In the end, a jury at Suffolk County Superior Court did not believe his claims that insanity drove him fo kidnap her from a Boston street and race to Baltimore to a new house he had bought for them.


Rockefeller, the former Cornish resident and German national whose real name is Christian Karl Gerhartsreiter, was convicted yesterday of kidnapping the girl during a July supervised visit. He was sentenced to four to five years in state prison.

The jury rejected his defense that he was suffering
'Clark Rockefeller' lisfrom as delusional order and tens to his sentence felt compelled to "save" his yesterday. $A^{A P}$ daughter. Reigh Boss, after he lost custody of her to his ex wife Sandra Boss. Instead, the jury found that he knew that it was criminally and moralTy wrong to take the girl away from her mother in viola-
iors may have seemed he certainly was capable of tellin right from wrog," said Peter Burling, the Cormish mo erator and former state senator. "A great and powerf name can still blind people to the reality of what's goir of ith frotht of them.
"I'm siltisfied with how things worked out. Justice w: served," said Cornish Seleciman John Hammood.

Gerhartseiter and his daughter werc found in Baltimo six days after he snatched her and put her into a waitin SUV with a hired driver. The girl was unhurmed and w: returned to her mother.

Two mental health experts sestifying for the defense swi Gerfurtseciter had a long-simmering mental illness the exploded and cawed him to have a "psychotic break" afte he lost custody in December 2007,

Prosecutors called the diagnesis "preposterous" and sai he planned the kidnapping for mouths because he ws angry that his wife had divorced him and moved to Lor don with their daughten.

Gerhartseiter also was convicted of assautt and batter with a dangerous weapon for ordering the SUV's driver : pull away with a social warker clinging to the door. Th jury acquitted him on another assault count and on charge of giving a fulse nume to police. Gerhartsreiter, 48 looked sober bat calm as the verdict wis read.

Judge Frank Graziano said hie considerad Rockefeller attachunent to his daughter and his "despair" over losin ber, but ako his disegard for the law and lack of empath for the girl, his ex wife and the social worker.
"The defendant was by all accounts a loving and devot ed father to his daughter." he suid. But he said Gerhan sreiter has a "long and well-documented history of deceit that included an attempt to "outmaneuver" his ex-wife b tuking au $\$ 800,000$ divorce settlement from her and the?

## Former Cornish Resident Convicted

Continued from Page Al
planning for months to take their daughter.
Defense attorney Jeffrey Denner had asked for a maximum sentence of two years, saying his client was a "mentally disturbed individnal whoas a father loved his daughter too much" and never intended to hurt ber.
In a statement read in court by Assistant Distriet Attoricy David Deakin. Boss said she has struggled to find normaley for her and her daughter.
"The long-term effects of the abduction are yet to be known, but anxiety about Reigh's safety and protection ... will certainly be the most lasting," she suid.
Jury foreman Michael Gregory, a Harvard Law School lecturer who specializes in the impuct of domestic violence on children's learning, read a statement saying jurons are "confident that our verdict is fair and just and based on the information thal we were legally allowed to consider"
After his arrest, authorities revealed that the man with the storied Rockefeller name wats really a German national who had cred multiple alases since moving to the United States and was a "person of interest" in the 1985 disappearance and presumed slayings of a newlywed couple from San Manno, Calif.
A California grand jury has been hearing evidence in the disappearance of Linda and Jonathan Sohus, Gerhartsreiter, who was then using the name Christopher Chichester, was


Defense attomey Timothy Bradl. left, talks to Christian Kart Gerhartsreiter in Suffolk County Superior Court in Boston yesterday.
ap - CI Gunthen
enty when they disappeared. He has not been charged in the case.
Prosecutors asked the judge as part of the sentence to order Gertartseiter fo undergo psychiarric evaluation. not to profit from lis history or crimes and to be on 20 years probution. The judge did not impose thase conditions.
The defense said he should not be foreed to undergo evaluation while he is is person of interest in the Californis case and noted that hisclient fuces a federil immigration detention when he completes his Masachusetts sentence.
The kidnapping trial featured incredible details sabout the many personis Gerhartsneiter, 48, assumed is he worked his way into wealthy circles in Boston. New York and Los Angeles.

He came to the United States in 1978 as a 17 -year-old student in Connecticut, and three years later, per-
marry him so he could get a greer card.

After that, he told a varfety of sto ries: he was a physecst, a financia adviser who renegotiated debt fo small countries, is collector who owned St billion worth of modern art a cardiovacular surgeod from Lax Vegase a ship's captain based in Chile and a menher of the Trilatenal Com missign, a group eatablished to foste cooperaffint among the United States Europe and Japan.

Boss, a Harvind-educated manage ment consulting firm executive, testh fied that she believed her husband siories for much of their 12 -year mar riage.
Boss was awarded full eustody o their daughter. As part of the agree thent, he was allowed tosee his daugh ter three limes a year in visits super vised by us sxial worker. It was during the fins visit that he snatchat the girl

Social worker Howard Yaffe testi fiod that Gerturtseiter pushed him t: the ground and hustied his daughte imton waiting SUV, then told the driv er 19 " $\mathrm{Gd} \mathrm{Gd}^{\circ} \mathrm{Go}^{\prime}$ "
A Baltumore real estate agent testi fied that Gerturtstriter contacted le months before the kidnapping and asked for belp finding a house fo him and his daughter. The wee before the kidnapping, he bought on for $\$ 450,000$. The agent tipped of authorities after secing his photo on news reports.


ROUGH RIDER - More than 1,000 people came out Saturday to watch a rodeo put on by the Claremont Rotary at the Cornish Fairgrounds. This unidentified rider seems to be in control of his bull, but he was to be dropped to the dirt some eight seconds later. The event continues today. Gates open at $11 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. , and the rodeo


PRESIDENT THEODORE ROOSEVELT entering Windsor from Cornish through the toll-hridge, being driven by

Winston Churchill in his tally-ho, Saturday, August 30, 1902. Photo courtesy of the Cornish Historical Society.

# Teddy Roosevelt Visits Cornish and Windsor 

By Virginia Colby

A boar's head hangs in Sagamore Hill N.H.S. shot in Cornish, N.H. by President Theodore Roosevelt on Friday, August 29, 1902. The President was taking a swing through New England as a guest of Windsor resident, Maxwell Evarts. At the urging of Senator Proctor of Vermont, who was a member of the Blue Mountain Forest Game Club, Roosevelt found himself unable to resist the invitation to hunt wild boar in Corbin's Park. President Roosevelt's own account of the incident is quoted from the September 6, 1902 "Vermont Journal":
"We had no luck at first, but just about dusk a wild boar bolted out of the brush, fifty yards ahead of us. Bill Morrison, the guide saw him first, Senator Proctor and 1 last of aii. The boar look a slanting course to the right through the thick brush, with us after him. A second later we lost him in the gloom. But we kept up the chase, and suddenly I spotted him. "There he is!" I shouted. "Wrong!" yelled the senator, squinting ahead. "That's a deer." "It's a boar, I tell you," said I, bringing my rifle to my shoulder." But I knew better and blazed away. It looked like a miss at first. Like a frightened rabbit the big boar plunged straight ahead, going faster than before the shot. But just as I took sight for a second try he pitched forward and rollied over dead.
"Now, that's the story of the hunt, gentlemen. And as to that shot of mine, all I have to say is that it was a mighty lucky one."

That night, following the shoot, the President slept in one of the plainly furnished rooms of the clubhouse, far from the crowds and the pressures of the presidential office.
A profusion of flags and buntings decorated the houses and stores at Cornish Flat in anticipation of President Roosevelt's visit on Saturday morning.
Nearly a thousand people turned out to greet him along with about fifty children, the boys carrying flags and the girls with bouquets of garden flowers. Roosevelt made a brief speech to the crowd lauding the veterans for their support in the Civil

War and urging the young people to follow in their elders footsteps.
The children were lined in front of the Soldiers' monument with the veterans of the Grand Army on their right. The President was driven in front of the line and was saluted by the veterans. The children followed with the Salute to the Flag. They then marched by the carriage, the President taking the flowers from the girls. Upon request of the President, the veterans marched by the carriage where the President then shook each veteran's hand.
Saying goodbye to the New Hampshire delegation, who had aecompanied him through the state, the President mounted Winston Churchill's tally-ho (a pleasure coach. drawn by four horses) and Mr. and Mrs. Churchill. Senator Ptoctor, Secretary Cortelyou and others, for the ride to Windsor.
Mr. Churchill drove his handsome four-in-hand, taking the President on a drive through Cornish and past his home, Harlakenden. The Presidential party crossed the CornishWindsor covered toll bridge and on to the Evarts mansion for a reception. President Roosevelt paid his respects to Mrs. Evarts, and in commemoration of the fifty-ninth anniversary of the day of her marriage to William M. Evarts, partook with her of wedding cake that had been preserved from her wedding day.
Following his visit to Mrs. Evarts, the President and his party went to the Horse Show at the Windsor County Fair and was driven there in the Woodstock Inn coach. Mr. Maxwell Evarts introduced the President to the crowd. Charles Taylor, a veteran sulky driver, won the race and was asked to step up into the President's stand whereupon he was congratulated by the President.
It was a day not soon to be forgotten by the residents of Cornish and Windsor,

* Oyster Bay, Long Island, N.Y. (Home of Theodore Roosevelt) a National Historic Site, National Pari Service, Department of Interior.


# He's Putting His Eggs Into Another Basket Robert Gordon Sells Alexander's Markets To Maine's Hannaford Bros. For $\$ 27$ Million 

## By STEVEN C. SWETT

 Valley News Staff WriterRobert Gordon of Cornish has made his reputation as a food retailer.

Since he became president of Alexander's

VN
Business years ago, he Notes built the familyowned business from a single food store in Lowell, Mass., to a chain of drug stores, bakeries and supermarkets with annual sales of $\$ 200$ million.

Gordon may be better known soon for his reputation as a major developer of shopping centers. He and his family own approximately 2 million square feet of property, largely in southern New Hampshire and northeastern Massachusetts, which consists of industrial parks, office buildings and shopping centers housing Alexander's supermarkets.

Looking ahead, he is planning to devote full time to being landlord for these properties and developing more shopping centers - "anywhere the opportunities look best, he said recently.

The reason for the switch from retail to real estate: Gordon and his family last month sold their ownership of Alexander's to Hannaford Bros. Co. of Scarborough, Maine, a fastgrowing supermarket chain and the largest food retailer in northern New England (estimated annual revenue before purchase of Alexander's: $\$ 1.75$ billion). The price for Alexander's was $\$ 27$ million and included two drug stores, three bakeries and 11 supermarkets, mostly in the Manchester and Nashua area.

The merger also will make Hannaford the biggest food retailer in New Hampshire, with estimated volume at more than $\$ 300$ million a year. Purity Supreme ranks fourth with sales near $\$ 160$ million, behind DeMoulas and Shaw's, both with receipts near $\$ 300$ million.

Gordon, 56, who moved to Cornish in 1985, ran Alexander's with his cousin Peter Gordon, who is vice president, and his father, Herman Gordon, 87, who is chairman of the board of Alexander's and described as still active by his son.

The family's stake in food retailing extended back roughly 100 years to a grocery store in Nashua run by Charles Gordon, grandfather of Robert Gordon. The family will


Gordon: from retailing to real estate continue to have a big interest in the success of their former supermarkets, since Alexander's are major tenants in the shopping centers the family owns. (Their stores will eventually be called Alexander's Shop 'n Save, adding the name of the Hannaford stores.)

What of Hannaford's plans? "Tm told that Hannaford intends to expand vigorously," Gordon said after the sale. One major location could be the proposed Valley Square shopping center on Route 12A in West Lebanon, where Hannaford wants to erect a major store (a Super Shop 'n Save) provided that the Juster Development Co. proceeds with the project.
"We want to be in the Lebanon area," said Larry Plotkin, a spokesman for Hannaford. The company is not looking elsewhere in the Upper Valley for sites, he said.

What of retailing and real estate generally? Gordon characterized the economy as "terrible," described a "recession in retail sales," which he felt had not yet bottomed out, and suggested that there might be more vacancies in his properties and more business bankruptcies to come. Nevertheless, he said of the economic downturn: "It will end."


THE ARCHITECT'S FIRST SKETCH OF THE HOUSE
NORTHCÔTE

A DAY AT NORTHCÔTE<br>A HOUSE AND GARDEN IN NEW HAMPSHIRE

|
N leaving the Connecticut River and penletrating the hills of Western New Hampshire, one is quickly in the midst of rural scenes and far from centers of feverish activity. Comfortable summer homes have come to lurk there in the copses of forest trees, but the countryside itself bears no marks of disfigurement by restless citizens. From the highway which runs under the brow of Dingleton Hill and then crosses Blow-me-Down Creek, a white cottage is seen rising above a hedge near the stummit of a hillside. But little of the clapboard walls is visible, for their height is soon surmounted by a roof of dark red shingles. Several outbuildings of these same colors can be seen between clumps of verdure and above a wall of


THE AXCHITHCT'S FIRST PLAN
shrubbery which is grouped below the hedge extending around the hillside and enclosing the habitation. Beyond all, the summit of the hill rises to a bare outline against the sky, immediately behind the house, and, farther to the eastward, it meets the dark background of a primeval woodland.

Arbor-vita, maples and slender poplars appear within an allenclosing bulwark of young thickly-set hemlocks. Occasional glimpses of a vine-clad arbor and orderly pairs of dark coniferous spires betray a design in the spaces between the buildings; and because, perhaps, these furtive views refuse at a distance to explain themselves to passers-by on the road below, one is eager to ascend the steep hillside and

## JULIET RUBLEE



## LItTLE LEFT OF FARM HOME IN PLAINFIELD



A brick chintrey is all that remalns of the George Rugoles farm home in Plainfield burnt te the ground by an earty morning fire Thuraday, Residents of the town manned foeal fire apparatus, to sld the Claremont and Windsor, Vt. flre dopartmenta in a futile attemp: to oheck the blaze, which oaused damage estimated at $\$ 10,000$. $\$ 1 x$ pecupants of the farm fienf ta safety whet awakened by ant lafants

## Six Awakened by Infant's Cries, Flee Plainfield Fire

Special to The Union.
PLATNFIBLD, Jan. 16-Awakened by the cries of a year-and-a-half-old Infant it 3 e. m Thursday, six occupiants of the old Gevrac Ruggle farm escaped in near-zero wealher from flames which totally deatroyed the two - 3toty, 15 -roam, wooden etructure and carased dnmage estimated at $\$ 10,000$.
David Armatrong father of the child, summoned the Windiser, Vhe, and Claremon: Fire Departmenis as soon as he was aroused and dnshed into the farmyard with the other tour adulte und the child.
Mrs Lucy Bishop, owner of the bouse, and Mr. and Mra Floyd

Tracy escayed from ypatairs apartments atad Mr. and Mre Armstong fled the maln floor.
Members of the Windsor department arrived at $2: 60$ a. ml . in one truck and loid 1,500 teet of hose to Blaw-Me-Down trook in an effort to control the blaze. which was threatening is nearby barm contrining livestock owned by Harold Wuder of this town. the barn what badily burned on one sitle but was Hived
A trucic from the Cliremont department arrived shortly afterward but the blazo was beyond control then During the lelght of the blnze.
residents in Plaindeld teported that They obaerved a hot water tanls exelode and shoot over 50 feet in the ait, to come dowa on electrie wires A second explonion was reported 10 have shaten windous in the town.

Arvused by telephorie, Stention Plummer, proprigier of in Eerrmil store, rith Into the charsh ent rang lhe belt to summon aid from \#leep. Infe renidenta $A$ dozen verponded and rushed to the scene In two cari and the town eliemical truck.
The owner of the bruse reported that it was fully covered by insurance. The Windior department remained at the scencejutI after fo 2, m. today to wet dowin per fo the barn.

CORNISH ELAAT Jan $10-$ Mers Mary D Nichabs To A Liteloar retIdent, diled suturtay night at the Claremont General hospltal ofer hur Illiess of a week. She liad heen visiling liet son, Leon D Madley al Clareamins before her illarss
Slie la aryived by twa sums Lent D Itadley of Clasemint vnd Chatioa Atarris Hadiry of Ludlove Vt: if Hephew, Chatles H Petaton ot Norwich, Vt, axt eent grandchildrent. She was bert if Plain. field.

Funeral hervices will be held Theeday afternoon ot the MoCiuslie: Euncral bome, Claremorl, with Hoc, Hegrnolds of Cornish Flit officiet. mig Burial will bo in the cemetery of Plainimeld Plains.

Mrs. Mary Nichols. 78, who hats beon in fuiling health for several years, and has this past year Iived at Miss Mary Fifield's, went to visit her son in Claremont Sermuary 12, but taken III was removed to the Goneral Hoser pital on Jantuary it und pased away the next day. Euncral ore vices in charge of Rev, W. 81 . Fieynolds of this place were tiel: at the MeCusker Funeral Hoent on Tuesday P. M. with burial *S Plainfield Plain, She leaye low sons, several igrandchildrest is it other relatives

# ANNETTA ST. GAUDENS AND SON, PAUL ST. GAUDENS 

Annetta St. Gaudens and Son, Paul St. Gaudens

# SalingerWidow Thanks Cornish 

By John P. Grega

Valley News Staff Writer
Cornish - J.D. Salinger put Cornish oq the map by escaping New York in the 1950s for the seclusion of the rural Connecticut River town.

Yesterday, his widow rose at Town Meeting to thank het friends and neighbors for the protective cocoon they wrapped around the famous author, and continue to offes her.
"On behalf of my husband, I want to thank this entire town for respecting his privacy for so many years, "Colleen O'Neill said in impromptu remarks at the end of Town Meeting. "This was the best place for him to live."

Salinger, the author of The Catcher in the Rye and other 20th century classics, died in January at 91 .
O'Neill said her late husband "loved looking out the Valle 7 Newf is Maral, mato SeeSalinger-A2

## Salinger

## Continued from Page Al

window or driving the roads of town."
O'Neill, who is four decades younger than her huskand, said she wanted to "stay out of the limelight" herself and thanked her fellow residents for continuing to steer the curious away from the Salinger home, which prompted laughter from the crowd.
She also thanked the Cornish Fire Department and townspeople for their neighborly response following a fire at the home in 1992.

O'Neill rose to speak after being commended for organizing a Web-bused "Cornish Connect" listery for residents.

She also had spoken earlier in the meeting to encourage pacsage of $\$ 500$ for the town Spirit Committee, which she helps lead.
"This year we want to plant some trees in front of the Meetinghouse and paint the interior of the Meetinghouse," she said. "Our budget is $\$ 500$, and I think we can do that this year."
An active quilter, $O^{\prime}$ Neill spent part of the meeting. held in the gym of Cornish Elementary School, working on a quilt.

She was greeted warmly during the lunch break by several residents, some of whom were secing her for the first time since Salinger's death.
"She's a wonderful part of our community and the respect is mutual," Gwyn Gallagher, the new moderator in Cornish, said last night after the meeting.
John P.Gregg can be reached at jgregg.
ef:news.com
603.727 .3213

## Many urge no change to park

## By PAUL. CLIFTON

## Staff Writer

WINDSOR, Vt. - National Park Service official in town Thursday to muther public feed. back on how best to develop the Saint-Gaudens National His toric Site in Cornish found anly so mary peogile willing to help them

A majority of poople in a crowd of 60 at the Windeor House repeatedly fold mambern of a National Purk Service planbing team thut thoy wanted no part in planriong now fucilition at sculptor Augustan SaintGaudens' home, itudios ind gardens
"I would hate to see any enfargement of myy kand to muke the nite any more ne comilde" said stephen blurif: Burnish "Why shotald it the mure accesaible?

The 150 -acre sute, which in located a couple miles noetl of the Corrish-Windsor Covered Hridge on Prome 12a, if special for havitg remained much us it was when Saint-fiaudeni ocr cupied the site in the late 18006. many people suid.

Change in the sitele ap-
(Please see HRAFING.Pg. 6)


AKTFUL DASHKR - National Park Serviee Raniger Jim MeKay pickes a quick sirite whil inalding his rounds at Saint-Gaudens Nntional Historic Site in Cornish this week. Pictured in th background in Aspet, which sculptor Auguatus Saint-Gaudens called linme in the t9th centur (Paul Clifton Photo)
but might nimo jeopordize the spiritial essence which this whole place esuales," Baid Alexis Gersumiky, Cornish.

Throughout the two-hour meeting, people stood fant in their opposition denpite diycaurses by park officials on the need for new facilitien to protect the artworla, to provide Bpace for curatorial work, and to assure the orientition of vigitons and parkine of their vehicles.

The meeting proved not to be a total lowe, howevor, for pisk officiale Several peoples did make surfontion in to how they thought new facilition might work ai the aifo, and is mumber of people ald speak in support of the plaminets.
"I know they need these things they've asked for, because Tve worked with them," said Jonn Littlefield, Cortish, a volunterer at the site.

Park officiall actually recorded 49 Ideas, ranging from putting in a diaplay on the artist's process, fo using a shuttle bus ta forry viaitors to the site from a parkiog lot down at the sito's entrance on Roule 12A.

Craig Cellar, planning toam captain, idded that white the "development concept plan" was indeed being prepared an a necessary follow-up on a 1973 master plan, the public would have a ray an its scope.

That plin in espected to be put into draf form in is manthe after two mare public mectingn. One is scheduled for 3 p.m. today at Howe Library in Hanover. A.July 24 meeting in Cornish is alios planned, the time of which will be advertised.

Judith Hayward, Norwich.
having worked at the-site that changes need to occur, and thought that moderation could and should be used to guide development.

But to some, development whe just another term for bureaucratic boondoggle,

Joseph Dennix, Corrish, said the $\$ 750,000$ in federal money cormmitted to the project was excessive, and dicayreed with others' anmessment that the site needed improvement on any grand scale.
"All it need if more toilets. That's a simple thing to change," Denniti mad.

Much of the opposition appeared to be from anger over a trusteea' feambility study that Dennis said ahowed nearly 15,000 square feet of new facility space

Assurances from Cellar und other park service officials that the plan indeed had been scrapped earlier this year met with Hkepticism. Cellar spent over half-an-hour at the start of the meeting explaining that hin team was indeed "starting it ground zero."

But despite there assurancen, Dernis ended the meeting stating that he doubted the public would be heard. "That's a challenge. Prove me wrong. ${ }^{\text {E }}$ be said.

Park official Kathleen Gavan said afterwards that the public's ancerris are not falling on deaf ears, and that alternatives will be developed and brought back.

Because we don't want people walking around saying, 'God They're still talking about putting 14,000 iqquare foot structures on that placel" Gavan said


DSOR AREA OBSERVER • observer@sover.net • (802) 67


## GOLDEN BOWL

Above, Peter Beidler, right, as Mercury, in "The Masque of the Golden Bowl." This Friday and Saturday at 6 p.m. and Sunday at 2 p.m., Saint-Gaudens National Historic Site will stage the outdoor pageant, written by local author Clyde Watson. The event celebrates the 100th anniversary of a pageant held to honor sculptor Augustus Saint-Gaudens. Admission to the pag: eant is free and a reception will be held after each performance.An exhibition of original objects associated with the 1905 pageant will be open to the public as well, a perfect pre- or post-pageant viewing experience. For more information, call (603) 675-2.175 or visit www.nps-gov/saga. At right, Ayers Hemphill rehearses her role as Iris.

OON GEARK NHOROA

> Easle Times gene $23,20 e 5$ p.


## Cornish, NH Statue

## CORNISH COMMON

By Charles B. Fletcher

War Memorial


Cernish. NH Givil War Mesmurid. Baptis chumbly ia Backgrvand

1918-On the $11^{\mathrm{TII}}$ bour of the $11^{\mathrm{TH}}$ day in the $11^{\text {trt }}$ month an amistice was siqnad thut was supposed to end all wars. We all hnow this was not the ase; however, the thought was at least hopeful. Since that date and cifies, town ind villages have erested monumente in those who have foughe and served our country. During the past month I have taken time to visir two New Hamphire sites, the first is located in Walpole and the seoond in Connsh.

I believe the Walpole site was completal this year. It cowers all the conflicas from the Revolutionary War to the presem fighting in lise. The people who designed this momumen had it buult large cnough to add muny nams and conflicts. Being new, it is shining and clean. The day my wife and I visied, a local man was alaing time to wash panels that bad hecome dingy: shis gemternan was a waith of knerwledge and was exrmenuly proud of the motumenc. The location is in a park in the center of Walpole and thete is plenty of parking. available should you happen to viuit.

When you visir the town of Comish driving on Roure 120, there is a general store in what I all the center of the town. Neatby, you will ser a small pork with an old mill stone standing upright. Artached is a plaque that teads "Dedicated to all Conush Veterans through peace and war", The memoriale behind the millstone incliade a Cavil War Statue, nwo fairly
nes polished granite stones, and in the cemter. a metal memorial. The reason I say the granite stones are now is because pictures I took in 1998 show two different memorials made. I believe, of wood. The pramite stone on the lefi mentions Kora. Viemam and the Persian Gulf. Helow each headimg are listed those who participared. The granite stone on the right is dedicated entirely to World War Two Befween these stones is a metal memorial that was made by the Lebanon Machine Companys Lehanon, NH and is dedicated to persons serving in World War One. The Geteat Seal of New Hampshure can be foume in the center on the rop, and in cach uppr comer is a metal thme

The firs of the Cornish twosumems ercaed was of a Civil Was soldeer. This had its beginhing with a town wartant in 1889 that contrimed an article - 'Io see what action the town will take in redation to a soldien' monumens. and raise money therefore", In the town hibtory Ifind shat thee citizens were instrumenal bringing this to pass: Joseph B. Comings who loss a som, Norman D. Comings of Company A. $16^{\text {231 }} \mathrm{NH}$ Indamry and Hiram A. Day, losimg his son Charles E Day of Company E, $97!$ NOI Lofanry. Both of isese youngs soldiers had been buried where they lad fallen, many miles from home. The thind person was William H Sisson who fought in what was koown as the "Rebellion." A fund was staried to purkhese a

## Cornish, NH Statue


"Deficated to all Cornith Vrterant divmingh potre and was:
membrial. The fows voted a sum of $\$ 250.00$, and with donations from others made a rotal of around $\$ 900.00$. It was decided that the mormment would be a Civil War soldier and that he would be at "Rarade Rest", fosever facing due sound towand the locations where the hattes were fought. It wats also decided that all those who gave their lives during that conflict would have their names along with their companies and regiments inscribed on the four sides of the bave. On each of the four sides you can see seven mames with the approprime information

A suitable location for this memonal was discussed, and it was decided to use a portion of she park in front of the Bapriat Ghirch, whose members had offeced a section of ground sixteen feet vquare: The next step was to have mater saftsmen wing hammers and choels perform the task of creating the moldiet from a block of gratione. Thes was assignad fo a somipany located in Sunugec. New Hampshire. In 1889. Arthur Dodge publishical a loal newspaper called Laker Sumapoc Erha. The October 28 issue of that year contuinad the following " The granite ligure of a solditer at prarade esst tan to seen at the stone shed at Sutithville, Mesors Dingle and Surherland having completed it. It is a piecs of work shey san be proud of. We have sech many pioces of woric of that sort, but none finet or more arissically dome than this ligure that has fuat lefe the slud of the Sunapee Cranite Company ${ }^{3}$ Another atride writuen about that time stated the monnment probably
would be moved to Cornish Flas by Capt. Rush Everett using his big teains.

The Sumapec Granite Compuny was formed in May of 1889 with the idea of pushing the granite business. The company purchased sereral granite quartis in the Surnapec ates. Thence, aloug with the stone shed at Smithville, wese the tose of the enterprise. One arricle written in May of that yeat mentioned that as soon as possible the company would start using steamdrills. A granite business is still in the same ara. but is now known as Sumapec Granite Works.

If you talke the time to stody the soldier, starting at the cop, you will find he is wearang what was known as a forage cap. These caps, I believe, were copiad from the French sap called a "Kepi" (a mund doth hat with a Jeather visor). He is drosed in an overous with the cape attached. Both lounds are bolding a muslact. He has un trousers and either boots or shoes. On the base of the monument is writren. "Erecad by the town and grateful friends in memory of the sans of Cotuish who fell in defense of the mion. A.D. 1861-1865'.

Monuments such as these are for all to sudy and learn abour our past conflicts, so if you happen to be driving pase she picturesque village of Comish, stop and sake a look It is well worth a few iturutes of your time.


Inscription at the five of the natue.

 were the men that made zle sumur for the Town of Cornish. NH. Mr. A. Dingle and the Sutherlitul Brathen worn the main artirt. Cima 1890. fran Young Collionom

War Memorial

Hannah Schad

Accordine to Child's History of Cornish there were in 1786 two local school districts in the Town. By State statate enacted in $182^{\circ}$ each town wos required to raise money for the support of schools, and the local school तistricts becane corporations subject to local control. In Cornish sleyen districts were first formed, and this number was subsequently incrassed to sixteen. Eventually each of these sixteen districts hed its own schoolhouse. In 1885 the State legislature enacted a statute abolishing the local districts and establishing within each town a single school school district. Below is a brief record of the history of each of the 16 schoolhouses.

District 41 This schoolhouse was located on the west side of what is now Route 12 A , a bit south of the Salmon P. Chase birthplace. It was later known as the Chadbourne School and continued to be used as a school until 1954 when the now central school was orected. It has been converted into a residence.

District 42 This school was located on the north side of Saint-Gaudens Road a bit west of the Saint-Gaudens National Historic Site. It is no longer standing.
$\times$ District 43 The original building was located across Lang Road from the Tracy Homestead and was called the Tracy School. Later it was replaced by a schoolhouse on the same side of Lang Road as the Tracy Homestead. It continued to be used as a school until 1954. It is now owned by Stephen Tracy, and is currently vacant.

District 44 Loceted on Dingleton Hill, this schoolhouse has been extenaively romodeled and is used as a residence.

District $\$ 5$ This school was located at the juncture of Seint-Gaudens Roed and Hell Hollow Road. It is no longer standing. It was known as the Huggins Sohool.

District t6 This district oncompassed the area know know as Cornish Flat. The original school was a brick building located on the west side of Routa 120 opposite the ond of School Street. This brick building later became the "Wool House" and is now being used as a dwelling. In 1878 a new and larker schoolhouse was orected, and this new building continued to be used as a school until 1954. It is now the Masonic Building.

District $\& 2$ This building mas located adjacont to the brick church ot the Center and served as a school until 1954. It has beon converted into a residence.

District 48 Logated on the East Road, this building is no longer standing,
District $\& 9$ This building mas located adjacent to the Town Hail. It has beon kept in good repair and is now called the Little Town Hall.

Itistriet t I This school was located at South Corrish. WaIt on the wits $s$ tie of what is now Route 120 but was latar tealncated the uast side. It was used as a school until 1954. It is now erivately ownec anc is vacant.

Listrict 11 This schoolhouse was located on the Town House Raat at Cornish City and it continued to bo used as a school until 1954. It his heen convorted into a residence.

District 12 The original schoolhouse was located in Poppysquash inside of what is now the Blue Nountain Association (Corbin's Fark) near tho west. Pass Gate. It was torn down and the Nmber 12 was assianed to a schooihouse erected in 1618 near the Cornish line on Foute 120. This Iatter bulicilne is no lonzer standing.

District 13 This brick schoolhouse was locatad on Jackson Road and has been converted into dwelling.

District 144 This school was located ir the "Hempyerd" adiacent to Corbin's Park on what is now known as Skyline Drive. It is no loneer stamaing.

District 115 This school was located south of Wellman's H111 and not far from the Claremont line. The road servine this school has long been discontinued but was a continuation of what is now Root Hill Road. The building is no longer standine.

Distriot 416 This schoolhouse was located in the "Texas" area adjacent to the Burr Road. It is no longer standing.

It is interesting to note that of the sixteen schoolhouses mentioned above nine are still stapding althourh most of these nine have been rerroleled.

## CENTRAL SCHOOL, SCHOOL CONSOLIDATION

SEE ALSO IN VAULT AN ALBUM OF NEWSPAPER CLIPPINGS ASSEMBLED BY THE CORNISH BICENTENNIAL HISTORY COMMITTEE, 1963; MATERIAL USED IN HISTORY OF CORNISH BY BARBARA RAWSON; SOME OF THE CLIPPINGS HAVE BEEN INCLUDED IN THE FOLLOWING PAGES

# Cornish Votes For Eight-Room $\$ 120,000$ School 

## CITIZENS OF CORNISH

Be Sure To Attend The Investigating Committee Hearing
On The School Debt Limit, At The Town Hall On
FRIDAY, APRIL 3rd, 1953
AT 2 P . M.

FATHIBON K. STEEVES

Had Been Discussed Six Years Prior To<br>Passage Saturday

CORNISH, Mar, 8-The citizens of Cornish voted to butld and finance an oight-room elementary school at the anmual school district meeting Saturday afternoon at the town hal!

More than 275 voters, the largest gathering at a school district meeting in the history of the town, were on hand when the $\$ 120,000$ measure passed by a vote of 203 to 62 during a session that laisted from $1: 30$ until 7 o'clock.

A new school has been up for discussion at school district meetings for the past six years. The town has six wooden, one-room schools, from 50 to -100 years old, without running water and lacking adequate heat, light and ventilation. This argument, in favor of the new school, was presented Saturday afternoon. Another argument in the affirmative was the fact that enrolment has increased to the extent that next year 29 eighth grade pupils would Have to be sent to Claremont or Windsor schools at a total cost of $\$ 6340$,

## $\$ 120,000$

The approval school measure calls for a total outlay of $\$ 120,000$ of which $\$ 100,000$ will be for the building and the balance for equipment, architects fees, and development of the site.

Also approved by a vote of 178 to 68, more than the necessary two-thirds majority, was a motion to raise the sum of $\$ 100,000$ by a bond issue. The balance of $\$ 20,000$ is available in the building reserve fund which has been accumulating for some years. Since the sum to be borrowed represents approximately $7: 5$ per cent of the assessed valuation of the town, the plan is subject to examination by a state board of investigation and approval by the Governor's council.

School district officers elected at the meeting included Raymond Mark, school board member for three yearsy-Norbect Diotis, school board member for one year; Ray A. Smith, moderitor; Joyce Darling, clerk, and Reginald P. Davideon, treasurer.
It was voted to form a six-member committee to advise the school board during the construetion of the school. Three members, James T. MeSwain, Mr. Davidson and Dwight Wood, were elected from the floor. The remaining three members will be named, one each, by the moderator, the selectmen and the board.

CORNISH, Apr. 4-A five-man investigating committee of, the State Board of Education met at Cornish town hall yesterday afternoon a few minutes after 2 o'clock and took its place on a stage facing about 200 citizens of the town evidently had reached the town. Four hours later, after schedule hearing at least something about 45 minutes for the propaneds almost every problem in rural the school and bond issue, 45 education, the committee solicited minutes for the opponents, and, from any or all citizens of Corn- after a recess, a period for inforish signed letters stating their mal testimony in which proponsentiments about the town's pro-ents and opponents would be jected $\$ 120,000$, eight-room school heard alternately.
and its ability to shoulder a bonded debt of $\$ 100,000$ for a period of 20 years.

Depending on the recommendation of the committec is the fate of the town's petition to bond itself to build a new school for its children, a step which the citizens approved by a $178-68$ vote at the annual school district meeting March 7.

## Emotion

In spite of a deep undercurrent of emotion, which occasionally showed on the surface, tempers were kept under control.
It was apparent at yesterday's hearing that nearly all present wanted a new school plan for Cornish, to replace six antiquated and unsanitary building.
Equally apparent was the reluctance of many, for a variety of
reasons, to place the town of Cornish in debt to the extent of $\$ 100,000$.

Uppermost in the minds of at least a few was the opinion that the March 7 meeting had been conducted with a disregard for parliamentary procedure and should be ruled until and void. The committee at first attempted to bar testimony on this line of thought and to confine the discussion to the previousiy accepted fact that Cornish had, indeed, voted to finance a school, and to investigate the soundiness of the

## town's ambitious plan.

## Testimony

When the committee returned to Concord it had heard eloquent testimony on the need for better school conditions, it had learned that the announced cost of the projected school is based orr estimates and not on form bids or contracts, and it had received and accepted evidence purporting to prove that illegal votes had been cast at the school meeting March 7 and had agreed to keep this evidence confidential.

Also accepted "for what it is worth" by the committee was it petition signed by 138 voters requesting that the March 7 meeting be voided. A request that the names of signers be read to yesterday's gathering was denied by the chair.

The state's committee consisted of Lawton B. Chandler, Concord, of the State Tax commission, chairman; Senator James C. Cleveland, New London; Dr. Hilton C. Buley, Concord, state commissioner of education; Fred L.

## Case for School

The case for the school was presented by Ralph Meacham, superintendent of Supervisory School Union 5 which includes Cornish; Raymond Mark, school board member; and Burnham Carter, representing the Cornish Sehool association. This group was introduced by Norbert Diotte, chairman of the school board.

Mr. Meacham described the present schools which provide 17 square feet per pupil as compared with a recommended 25 feet He emphasized their inadequate heat and light and lack of running water. He cited the necessity of sending eighth grade pupils to Windsor and Claremont and the possibility that these schools, because of their own space problems, may soon refuse to accept Cornish stuednts, He estimated an enrolment of 218 in 1953-54 as compared to the present 191 which is too large for the present facilities.
The projected school would simplify the transportation problem, Mr. Meacham said, but it would not necessarily decrease the required amount of transportation and might even increase it.
Mr. Mark reviewed the history of the campaign for a new school, stressing the fact that the present plan has been eight years in the making. He explained the choice of a relatively expensive central site for the new school by recalling that less expensive sites had favored one or the other end of town by their situation.
Chairman Chander questioned Mr. Maric on a reference to pasi proposnls to marge the schools of Cornish with those of Plainfield and the school board member stated that neither town had favored the idea.
Mr. Carter exhibited a chart which has been inspected for some time by the townspeople, purport ing to demonstrate that the financial burden of the new school cat be carried by the town. He saic that seven meetings had been hele by the school board and the school nssociation, providing, in his opinion, amplo opportunity for al citizens to learn the facts. He savig Green and Henry G. Wells.

Following a recess, the hearing was continued in forum style. Testimony on both sides, too detailed for inclusion here, was delivered by a cross section of the community. Speaking for the school project was Principal David J. Breen of Windsor high school, who owns a) farm residence in Cornish; Mra Earl Joyce, mother of nine; Ray Smith, moderator of the school district, and Mr. Diotte.

Speaking against the project were Mrs, Irene LaClair, farmer's wife and mother of five: Roger Leonard, originator of the petition that would void the March 7 meeting: Mrs. Edna Steeves, wife of H. R. Steeves, who presented to the chairman a sealed envelope which, she said, contained the names of eight witnesses who could testify that there had been illegal voting at the district meeting: Floyd Rogers, farmer; Mrs. James Campbell-Lewis, who considers the style of architecture of the projected school inappropriate to Cornish; and Mr. CampbellLewis, owner of a large Cornish estate, who stated that, in his opinion, as a business man of wide experience in financing, the schiol project is impracticable at this time. In summarizing the case for the opponents, he stated that they would like another chance to vote on the project.

## Central School

Cornish School Action Blocked

# By Injunction 

Six Residents Halt 8100,000 Project: Claim Illegalities

CORNISH, May 5-Action on the Cornish school project, petition for which was approved by the Governor and Executive council last week, has been blocked by injunction, pecording to Norbert Diotle, chairman of the hoard of the Cornish School district.

The paper was served yesterday afternoon by Sheriff James E. MeCusker on Mr. Diotte, the latter representing the officera of the sehool district which is gamed as defendant in the injunction. Plaintiffs in the action, represented by Fred Jones, Lebanon attorney, are Roger Leonard, Russell Rock, Mrs, Edna Steeves, James Campbell Lewis, Eloyd Rogers and Mrs. Irene LaClair, all citizens of Cornish. The defendant group is represented by the Claremont firm of Leahy and Denault.


CORNISH SCHOOL is discussed by Attorney Fred Jones of Lebanon, (left) and Roger Leonard, a 17 year resident of Cornish, prior to the special meeting conducted yesterday afternoon in the Cornish Town hall.

Daily Eagle Photo-Titchen

The injunction, which is returnable at Newport May 15, enJoins the school district from taking action toward borrowing $\$ 100,000$ or utilizing a reserve fund of $\$ 20,000$ for the construction of an eight-room school. The document charges in part that illegal votes were cast at the school district meeting in March, that the moderator failed fo challenge alleged illegalities in voting, that the article calling for the new school was voted on as an amendment and not as an amiended motion, that the modcrator and clerk assumed office prematurely and that ballots were improperly received for count.
On Aprit ${ }^{3}$ an investigating conmittee of the State Board of Education met at Cornish town liall for a hearing of the school district's petition to barrow $\$ 100,000$ for a school project. The hearing wan necessary because the sum represented more than 5 per cent of the town's assessed valuation.

During the hearing, opponents of the school project raised the question of the legality of the regular March school district meeting. The committee at first declined to accept such testimony but later changed policy and accepted considerable testimony and some confidential evidence purporting to prove the it-
legality of the voting.
However, in maling lte recommendation to the executive council, the committee stated that in its opinion the question of the legality of the eariler meeting was out of its province
The committife recommended approval of the school project, saying that it believed the school was within the finuncial capabilitien of the town and that the school would meet the education needs of the town.
Yesterday's legal action in restraint of the project had been anticipated by observers. in vigw of the large number of xigners of a petition, presented to the investigating committee April 3. requesting that the March meeting be declared null and void. The petition was alloged to contain 138 sismaturis The conmittee refused a requent from the floor that the names be read to the 200 or more fropis in the town hall,

## Court Hears School Case At Newport

NEWPORT - The controver sial Cornish school project case was heard here yesterday be fore Justice Dennis Sullivan a a group of Cornish citizens pe titioned the Sullivan county Su perior \&surt for a temporary or permanent injunction which would prohibit the building of a new eight-room school.
Represented by Atty. Fred Jones of Lebanon, the group chailenged the legality of the Cornish School district meeting held in March which approved a $\$ 120,000$ school and bond is sue for construction of the new building.
Testimony yesterday by nine witnesses for the petitioners centered around allegations of ille gality. Major contentions were that the action to appropriate money for the school was taken under an amendment and not the original motion; that the moderator and clerk took office prematurely; that the moderator failed to receive ballots himself, and that more than one ballot was cast by at least one voter.
Atty, Herbert Leahy of Claremont representing the officers of the Cornish School district requested the court to dismiss the petition on the grounds that the moderator under state law could set up any rules and reg ulations to govern the meeting. that the moderator and clerk if in office prematurely, were ex. post facto officers and therefore legally competent to officiate at the meeting. He also claimed that even if there were some illegal votes cast, in order to invalidate a school distriet elec. tion it would have to be shown that the votes affected or changed the outcome of the electiion.
According to Attorney Leahy there was no evidence introduced to point this out.
Justice Sullivan took the casc under advisement.

# Petition to Eliminate Cornish School Denied 

CORNISH, June 1-The peti-/Open when Roger Leonard, a tion for an injunction on the Cornish farmer, circulated a peCornish School district, which tition seeking to declare the would block the district from March 7 meeting null and void, carrying out a project for an eight-room. \$120,000 school, has been denied in Sullivan Superior Court, it was announced this morning.

A trial of the petition was held May 15 at Newport with Judge Dennis Sullivan presiding. The finding of the court clears the way for the construction project, subject to appeal to the state Sunteme Court. The petitioners liave until the second Tuesday in July (July 14) to take any further action.

Norbert Diotte, chairman of the Cornish School board, told the Daily Eagle this morning that the sehool district will continue its normal plans for building the school. Already preliminary work has been done towards purchasing the land, and a well site has been loacted on the recommendation of the State Sanitation department.

Opposition to the school project developed, quietly at first, in the weeks following the March 7 school district meeting where the project was approved by a $203-62$ vote and a bond tesue of $\$ 100,000$ to finance it carried by 178 to 68.

The opposition rame into the
and obtained 138 signatures.
The opponents of the school projects and the proponents came face to face at an April 3 hearing of the investigating committee of the State Board of Education. Such a hearing is routine in cases where school districts seek to bond themselves for more than five per cent of their assessed valuation. The Cornish project called for an indebtedness of 7,2 per cent.
During the stormy, four-hour session the committee from Concord accepted evidence purporting to show that the March 7 school district meeting had been improperly conducted and that illegal votes had been cast and counted.

However, the state's committee, stating that the question of the legality of the meeting was out of its province, recommended approval of the petition to issue bonds. Shortly afterwards, the governor's council approved the project.
Fred A. Jones, Lebanon attorney who is representing the petitioners who oppose the school project, fold the Daily Eagle this morning that he las not conforrod with his elients since the donial of the petition and could not syy whether or not the petitioners plan further ection.

## Jones Declares Opposition Not Against School

Lawyer Claims Cornish Residents Want Wooden Building, Not Cinder

LEBANON, July 14 - "We don't want to cause the children hardship and we are not opposed to a new school", Fred A. Jones. counsel, said in an interview with the Daily Eagle this morning, concerning the controversy over the proposed new Cornish school.
"Moreover," he adided, "the question arises as to just which side is blocking a new school."

Expressing concern over what he termed misinterpretation of intent, Mr. Jones said that the of a new school. The type of structure is the crux of the matter, he said, his group having in mind alternative plans for a building of wooden frame con-
struction costing approximately $\$ 40,000$ less than the $\$ 120,000$ required for the cinder-block construction plans offered by the proponents of the new school.

## Question Legality

Pointing out that the individuals he represented questioned the legality of the original annual school meeting in which the $\$ 120,000$ was approved, Mr. Jones said, "We would be willing to drop the law suit if the proponents in the matter would agree to a special school meeting."
The legality of the original meeting is scheduled to be examined by the Supreme Court in September,
Stating that only one set of plans was discussed at the original meeting, Mr. Jones said that other plans should have been
presented. The type of building the group he represents has in mind, Mr. Jones said, was exactly the same in equipment and in interior finish, the only difference between the two proposed schools being the outside shell.

[^3]
# Cornish Voters Will Decide Un Proposal for New Central School 



PROPOSED CENTRAL. SCHOOF, for Cornish, whith will be voted upon by the community at the school meeting March 7. Under present plans, the schooi would be located on a six-and-a-half acre vite adjacent to the town hall.

## By Mel Wax

CORNISH, Feb. 27 -Like a lot of other simall communities in New Hampshire and Vermont, Cornish needs a new school.

And like a lot of other communities in the Twin States, Cornish's major problem is where to get the money to build it.
Cornish's approach to the school problem is interesting and may serve as a model for other towns in a similar predicament.
Several years ago the voters set up a reserve fund to be used toward building a school. In the treasury now is some \$20.000 , which would be used as a down payment on the plant. The remainder will be raised through bonding, to be paid off in about 20 years, if the proposal passes-
In order, to drum up interest in a school, the Cornish school board named a Cornish School association, composed of an executive committee of six, plus six regional chairman.

A series of meetings has been scheduled at 'each of Cornish's six outmoded one-room schoolhouses. At these meetings committee members have outlined the plans, told what the school would cost, what the alternatives would be, and shown a plan for the new school.

Monday a general meeting is scheduled at the Town Hall at 3 p.m... the final rally before the school meeting next Saturday.

School pssociation members estimate about 200 of the 530 voters on the checklist have attended the regional meetings. They hope resfdents who have not attended these sessions will be on hand Monday.

## Regional Meetings

been for an eight-room rather eight-room building-
than the projected five-room school building.
The school association has retained William PIatt, an architeet and resident of Cornish and New York, to draw plans for a five-classroom school and to prepare specifications and send them to six prominent New Hempshire contractors for estimater. The estimates have been reeeived. On the basis of these eatimates, which range from a minimum of $\$ 70,000$ to a maximum of $\$ 87,000$, the association believes a five-room school can be built and a site developed for $\$ 85,000$.
The plan would be to use the $\$ 20,000$ in the building reserve fund as an initial payment and raise the other 565,000 by bonding for a 20 -year period. If the eight-room school is the one approved by the voters, the cost would be $\$ 120,000$. That means borrowing $\$ 100,000$.
If the five-room school is built, three of the present one-room schools would have to be kept in operation. The one-room schoolhouses, incidentally, have no running water, have outdoor privies, and are built to house a maximum of 150 students-they now house 200 .

## Eighth Graders

One of Cornish's many school problems is that the fown now cannot handle its eighth grade students. They are sent to Windsor or Claremont. If the eighth-gradera go to Windsor, which is closer than Claremont, tuition is $\$ 240$ a pupil. If they go to Claremont, tuition is $\$ 200$. Next year, for 20 eighth-grade students the community would pay tuition of \$6360, which would be about equat to the yearly debt payment on a new

Naturally; there will be some additional expense involved in a new school. If the voters want a live-room school, the tax rate would be increased by 24 cents a hundred-from $\$ 5.15$ to $\$ 5.39$. For an eight-room school the increase would be 32 cents a hundred. After the first fear, the amount would decrease as the debt decreases.
Additional expenses involved in the new school include the hiring of two new teechers and increased insurance rates.
Last year, when support for the new school was sought, voters were asked to select one of two sifes tentatively chosen by the committee, Now a third site has been proposed, next to the Town Hall, where six and one-half acres is available in the geographical center of the town. An oral agreement to sell has been reachd with the owner.
All the voters have to do is approve the association plans.
There is no state or federal nid available for building schools, but under state law a community is allowed to borrow up to 5 per cent of its assessed valuation for its school district. Cornish's valuation is $\$ 1,333,000$, so a $\$ 65,000$ loan would be permissible. To borrow $\$ 100,000$, necessary for an eight-room school, the town would have to get permission from the governor and council plus a board of investigation composed of various state officials.
Members of the executive committee of the Cornish School association are Dwight Wood, chairman; David Breen, Burnham Carter, James McSwain, Lillinn Tyrrell and Bertrand Yeaton. Regional chairmen are Eina Guest, chairman; Polly


ONE INSTEAD OF SIX - The new Cornish schoot is nearing completion on the high ground adjacent to the town hall. The spactous, elghtclassroom plant will replace six one-room schoolhouses that own neither eentral heating nor plumbing. The new building contains an assembly room. teachers ${ }^{+}$and utility rooms as well as the study area. Walls of the school are constructed of cinder block covered with wood sheathing. The MacMilin company of Keene is the contractor.

Daily Eagle Photo-Titchen

## Adjustment to New School Will Mark Cornish Meeling

CORNISH, Feb, $12-\mathrm{A}$ variety ditrict has clearstitle, and use of items involved in adjusting the the funds received toward equip. community to its new school will ping the new school or for develbe an important item of business opment of the scinol site for recat the Gomish school district reational purposes. meeting on March 6 .

At that meeting voters will consider a proposed school eistrict budget of $\$ 71,767$-an increase of $\$ 17,178$ over the present school year's budget of $\$ 54,589, \$ 5000$ of which would go toward the first annual payment on the new building.

School Supt. Ralph H. Meacham sums up the big change to this small town in a part of his annual report which will be given to the citizons at the district meeting:
"The school board, teachers and your inauguration of programs of physical education, sehool lunch, musie and dramatics.
"There will, of course, be many adfustment problems to be solvod it terms of new frlendis, teachers, transportation, recess, noon-hour und playground netivities. I ark that hoth parents and pupils bo cooparative and underatanding,"

Followint are the principal items concurning the effects of the new efitht elissromm pehoot to be considered it the district meating
To see if the disfrict will auGuocive the school board, as Geries the school board, as reason for the increasm is a jump
agcists of thin thool dstrict, to in the number of Cornish atudispois of the existing school depts who will attend Windsor btiflings and lots to which the and Claromont schitule

## Central School

## Scenes At Cornish School Dedication



OPEN HOUSE AT THE NEW CORNISH SCHOOL attracted hundreds of parents and children in afdition to visitors from surrouming towns. The new school has been comnleted in time for the coming school session next weeh.

Dally Eagle Photos by Titchen



CORNISH SIXTH GRADE TEACHER Mrs. Netfe Johnson, (left) meets papils of the newly dedieated school during the open bouse Saturtay atternoon. Mr, and Mrs, Guy Eastman introduce their son Jerry, 7, and daughter Judy, If: to the teacher.

PRESENTATTON OF KEYS: Guy MacMillin, Keene, contractor of the new Cornish school, hands the keys to Wiliam Platt, (center), New York, archltect of the building, who then handed them over to Norman I. Diotte, (right) chairman of the Cornish school board.

## Cornish Votes No On Gym Project

## Town Won't Break Claremont Pact

## By ALLEYNE ABATE

 Valley News Correspondent CORNISH - School district voters Saturday defeated a $\$ 500,000$ bond issue to add gymnasium-educational space to the Cornish Elementary School.Voters at the annual district meeting also rejected a proposal to withdraw from an agreement under which Cornish sends its high school students to Stevens High School in Claremant.
Neither issue, however, is completely dead.
Voters decided on a 224 to 207 vote not to approve a $\$ 500,000$. 10-year bond issue for "constructing and equipping an enlargement to the Cornish Elementary School, including a new gymnasium." A two-thirds majority was required for passage, but the majority voted against the proposal.
The bond issue was voled on by Australian ballot throughout the day, and was the subject of a 12 -hour discussion during Saturday's meeting

The proposal was the product of two years of work by a 13 -member gymnasium committce. The recommended building addition of 8,900 square feet included 5,400 square feet for a gym/assembly hall to seat 55010 to 600 , and 1,700 square feet for educational space.
According to committee Chairwoman Eran Hills, conilractor Neil Daniels of Ascutney proposed a $\$ 465,000$ plan that she called "a quality building at a reasomable


Moderator Peter Burling
${ }^{66}$ This is an issue that is not going away. I believe that the gym committee has acted fiscally responsibly. If this is defeated and brought up again in one, two, or three years, will the lowest project price be the same?9n

## Susan Chandler

Mernber of finance committee

Iown otfrelats had the need for a bigger meeting hall in mind when they prepired for Saturday's meeting. Ther had set up if video hookup in the elementary school, with the intention of limitung attendance at town hall to only those on the checklist. As it turned out, however, only a few residents watched the meeting from the school, and by their own choice.
"We need a safe, healtiy place for our children to bo educated. Now, we are going to play interscholastically in Plainfield. Safety is is very important factor and one year recenitly a basketball team left before the end of a game because of the slipperiness of the floor." sain Polly Rand.
"The quality of education is of course the mest important consideration. The curremt lihrary is 2,000 square feet ahort of the new elementary standart Currently student testing and guidance take place there, which restricts the use for that period of time. The new space could accommodate these activities," school board member Ellen Ballard said.
After bearing about the new clementary standards, which have to be implemented by 1991, some voters wanted to know why only approximately 25 percent of the addition is dedicated to educatiomal space. In response, Hiths said that since her committee was called the gymnasiom committee that they could not present a proposal without gym space.
Finance Committec member Susan Chandter added that, "This is an issue that is not going away, I believe that the gym committee has acted fiscally responsibly. If this is defeated and brought up again in one, two, or three years, will the lowest project price be the same?"

Before the business portion of the meeting ended shortly before 7 p.m.. voters agreed by voice vote to continue the gym committee in the event the bond issue was defeated. as well as a commitlee lo look into the possibility of expanding the if. brary and other educational facilifies.
The vote to withdraw from the current AREA agreement with the Claremont and Unity school district came up 10 yotes short of the re quired two-thirds majority if needed
to pass. The vote was 141 to 1 III
But Barbara Hotneyer, a member of the high schnol attermatives study cornmittee who requested this article be incluted in the school watrant, registered a formal complaint to school moderator Peter Burling about the way the ballot was worded.

Homeyer contended the wording was "extremely misleading" because it required voters to vole yes if they wanted fo end the contract:
She said she plamned to seek an opinion from a lakyer on the fairness of the printed ballot in relation to the correspondins warrant article.
The Cornishi High School Alterna: tives Study Committee "was charged with the responisibility to determine the best situation for placement of Cornish High School students ty thoroughly exploring the existing contracts with Stevens High School in Claremont and by invesil: gating various alternatives keeping in sight short- and long'term plans. according to coordinatar Damel Poor's report

Affer compiling data since September, the 21 -member group unan mously decided to request that the school board include the contract withdrawal article and one directing the board to look into other contractual agreements with area school districts and present a recommendation at the distrist meetimg next year. The commiffee did, however, recommend that the town withdraw from the Claremont ayreement first

All school board members except Bailard said that the exploration of other possible contracts with ared districts should come before with drawing from the current contract.

In response, resident Louis Haas said to resounding applause, "I'd like to quote from that great Ameri can educator Satchel Paige, You can't steal second base and still have your foot on first base"
Richard Waldo, superintendent of schools for Cornish and Claremont told the group that "my perception of conversations" with the Clare mont School Board was that Clare mont would not be interested it another contract af this time if the current contract is terminated Claremont currently recelves ap proximately $\$ 240,000$ in tuition from Cornish.
Also Saturday, in the only con tested election, Fuymond Evans ane incumbent Jill Edion were elected t the two tliree-year school board posi tions.

# Couple ives back to town they love 

## By RUTH ROLINS

CORNISH, N. H. - For several years, Norman and Shirley Chabot have wanted to do something special for a community that has been good to them.

At Saturday's annual school district meeting, the couple pledged $\$ 50,000$ toward the construction of a multi-purpose structure, which could be used by both the school and the community.
"We've wanted to do something for a long time," said Norman Chabot "and since the gymnasium bond issue was voted down at the 1987 school district meeting we have talked about this offer and finalized our plans during the past several weeks."
Norman Chabot is an amputee, having lost his right leg and undergoing triple bypass surgery in hopes of keeping his left. He has been declared legally blind, and with his eyesight failing, he hopes to encourage othera throughout the community or area to pledge toward the construction to enable him co see the end results.

## No Tex Dollara?

I would like to see enough money pledged to pay for the entire building, so no tax dollars could be used," he said, "but we'll wait and see.
"Memorial gifts will also be


NORMAN AND SHIRLEY Chabot hope their donation for Cornish school expansion will set an example for others to contribute. (Ruth Rollins Photo)
urged - maybe some people won't be interested in giving to the portion of the facility that will be used for physical education, but they might give toward enlarging the library space or help provide space for music or other educational activities," he added.
The members of Corniah Grange have already pledged $\$ 1,000$ in memary of Carol Fitch, long-time Grange necretary and fown tax enilentor, which will be used toward iibrary space needs.
${ }^{\text {I }}$ grew up in a one-room zchool, where you would freeze on one side and roast on the other during winter months, but Fm sympathetic to the kida
today, I wish a gymnasium could have been built when the school was built in 1953-54, but the school warrant had articles concerning the new achool proposal from 1948 to 1953 before that was approved," Norman Chabot recalled

## Designs Criticized

He was a member of the committee to build the consolidated school. Buring that time designs were criticized because of flat rcofs and water piping in the ceiling. The site was criticized as many people wanted the school to be built in the Cornish Flat area, where
(Please see COUPLE-Pg. 6)

# COUPLE 

## From Page 1

more children reaided at the time.
Sites were chosen and discarded, plans were drawn and discussed and opinions on all sides were raised to a fever pitch throughout.
A plan drawn by William Platt was finally approved by the school board and Parent Teacher Association, which, after many heated hours of discussion, was approved by a district vote of 203-62. The cost of the eight-room atructure was $\$ 120,000$.
Since this time the Cornish School han added a library and extra clasarooms and due to state standards and incrensed programs, the need is for further expansion.
Presently physical education needs are met by use of the Corniah Town Hall, while art and music teachers move their classes from room to room.
Norman Chabot was born in the Halls Terrace portion of Windsor and his parents moved to Cornish when he was three monthn old, living off the Center Road. "I have a lot of reapect for Vermonters, but I feel I am a New Hampehirite," he said.
Chabot graduated from the Concord School or Businesa and worked at a store and gas astation operated by his mother for 10 yeara before purchasing the store that the couple ran for 41 years, presently named the $12 \%$ Bolution, corner of Town House Rand and Route 12A.
He served nearly four years in the Signal Corps during World War II. He marrying Shirley Clow in 1948. The conple resided near the store for a
time, later purchasing a home on Route 120. Their first child, a daughter, was one of the first classes of students to attend the new consolidated school, enrolling the second year the school opened.

## Return to Cornish

The Chabots lived in Claremont for 20 years, only moving back to Cornish in 1986. Their hearts, however, have remained in the community and nome of their children have recently shown a desire to move back to Cornish.
Since the 1985 school district meeting, committees have studjed the feasibility of having a gymnasium, with extra room to house an enlarged library.
The committee acquired plans from Fleck and Lewis which were unacceptable. The townspeople wanted the committee to look into alternative sites and other types of consitruction.
During 1986 the committee agreed upon a "design build" proposal which would utilize a pre-engineered steel framed building, after conferring with three contractors.
Neil H. Daniels Inc, Ascutney, was chosen and its proposal of $\$ 465,000$ was presented as a bond iasue vote at the 1987 school district meeting. It was defeated 224-207.

## New Attitude?

Norman Chabot feela a lot of those who voted againat the construction have changed their minds and that the $\$ 5,000$ approved at the annual achool district meeting Saturday, for architect's fees and other ex-
penses incurred by the committee, is proof of that.
The Chabot's pledged the $\$ 50,000$ over a 10 -year period with several conditions to be met. The building must be started by year's end, have a stage and include space for needed programs. The stage could be used for a music program perhaps, or classroom space if needed," he explained.
No money will change handa at this time but pledges will be taken until the time of the bond isaue vote. The committee that will work on the project will be selected by the Cornish School Board before April 1.

## Donationa Welcome

If the bond issue is approved, the Chabota feel donatione of any kind would be welcomed in this effort. They also hope there will be some fundraining events held, which might include auctions, yard sales and a booth or two at the Cornish Fair.

Cornish students would also be invited to plan a fundraising event to help instill their pride in the new structure.
The Chabots hope that enough pledges will come in so that when a new bond issue vote is presented to the townspeople later in the year, it will be approved.
State funding for school-oriented multi-purpose buildings is available at 30 percent of construction costs if approved by the state. However, no intereat debt moniea are available.

Those intereated in making pledgen may contact the Chabots, Leonard "Bunny" Barker or Peter Storrs.

# Chabot, Spark Behind Cornish School Addition, Dies At 72 

## Norman Chabatwdrea heil

## Valley News Stafl Writer

CORNISH - On Sunday nights you could sometimes find Norman Chabot sitting in the bleachers of the new gym at the Cornish Elementary School watching a pickup game of basketball.

Three years ago Chabot galvanized the community to raise more than $\$ 300,000$ in donations toward construction of the gym, plus two classrooms and a library.

Chabot died yesterday, apparently of a heart attack.
It was near the end of a five-hour annual school meeting in 1988 when Chabot addressed his fellow voters. He elected to save his strength and stay seated, his cane at his side. But what he said brought the district voters to their feet for a standing ovation.

Chabot announced that he and his wife, Shirley, would donate $\$ 50,000$ for a multi-purpose addition to the elementary school if the town could approve the project and begin construction by the end of the year. Townspeople had shot down the building plan a year earlier.

The time limit on his offer, he said, had to do with his age and health. His eyesight was failing; he was legally blind.
"If Im going to donate, I want to see it," be told the meeting. "I kind of want to see the building, instead of waiting until I'm gone."

His wish came true, elementary school Principal Tim Luce said this morning. Before his death of a heart attack yesterday a week before his 73rd birthday, Chabot often attended school and commumity events held in the gym over the past year and a hall.
"He loved young people," his wife said today. "He got a kick out of them. He's always been that way. He had a beautiful sense of humor and he liked to have a good time with everybody, no matter their age."

Chabot grew up in Cornish and used to own the store at the junction of Route 12A and Townhouse Road. Even though he moved his family to Claremont for a number of years, he always owned property in Cornish. He said he wanted to give something back to the town.

Shirley Chabot said her husband of 42 years "was a person who was very much interested in the town of Cornish in more ways than one."

And he was very interested in the elementary school. "Anything that came up at the school - Christmas concerts, spring concerts, we always made a point of


Chabot, left, chats with Bob Maslan of Cornish at the groundbreaking ceremony for the school addition that was completed in 1989.
going to them," said Shirley Chabot. "He was very proud of that gymnasium up there."

Luce said be's talking with students and staff members about doing something in Chabot's honor. "The kids really do have a genuine affection for hitm and really do appreciate what he did for the school."

Chabot had said that he thought the $\$ 500,000$ proposal for a gymnasium, meeting hall and stage might have passed if voters knew residents were willing to make private donations to the building fund.

After the proposal was voted down at the 1987 school district meeting, Chabot formed a committee to solicit donations, and was determined to give the pledge drive some momentum at the 1988 meeting when he announced his own $\$ 50,000$ donation.

When voters approved the addition at a special school meeting in June 1988, townspeople stopped by where Chabot was sitting, front row center, to praise him. One resident told him, "We're proud of you, Norman. You've united this whole town. You should be proud of yourself."

# Cornish residents hear school addition proposal 

Easle Times Oct 10 - 1 asa p.

## By RUTH ROLLINS

 CorrespondentCORNISH, N.H. - The Cornish School Board held its final hearing on the bond issue proposal for additional space at the Cornish Elementary School last week. The proposal will be put before the voters for approval at a special school district meeting set for June 23 at 7 p.m. at the Cornish Town Hall.

Neil Daniels, Daniels Construction, Ascutney, told residents attending that he had been in construction for 20 years and had seen people raise money for fire departments and other town facilities through private donations but he had never seen a town hold a fund raising drive for support of school construction. He felt it was a special situation. He called it a "a commendable effort to support a school outside their tax dollars,"

Presently George Edson and his fund raising committee have pledges of nearly $\$ 190,000$ toward a goal of $\$ 250,000$. A goal he hopes to reach by June 23.
"I am very optimistic," stated Edson, "we have a lot of people who have said they will pledge, we just do not have their signed pledge cards."

The fund raising effort began following a $\$ 50,000$ pledge made by Norman and Shirley Chabot at the annual school district meeting, Since that time a group of people have held informational meetings at private homes throughout town and Edson has personally taken a model of the proposed structure to residents' homes,

Principal Thomas "Tim" Luce gave an overview on present school facilities and the need for more space due to increased programs which have been instituted at the school, programs that have been mandated by the state board of education.

They include music, art and guidance. The present school has limited space for such activities, making difficult situations for teaching.

A teacher for gifted and talented students, a part-time position, will be added in September and by 1991 a reading specialist will come on board as a mandated position.

The addition proposed for the school would address space needs by adding a larger library, with 1,200 square feet, which would include a reading area.

Office space, two classrooms, a gymnasium, with locker rooms, storage and a stage aren.

The stage is being designed with enough square feet to allow it to be
napd as a clasammm for music or enough square feet to allow it to be
nوpd $\boldsymbol{\text { as a cinsamm for musie nr }}$

EXPLAINING - George Edson, chairman of the capital fund drive charged with raising $\$ \mathbf{\$ 2 5 0 , 0 0 0}$ for construction of an addition at the Cornish Elementary School, gave this presentation in May at the home of Dr. and Mrs. Steven Blair on Tift Road. Thirty people attended this informal meeting. (Ruth Rollins Photn)

The present library at the school would be renovated to provide room for the principal and secretary's office. Room for the school nurse and a teacher's room.

The present offices would be used by the guidance counselor and Chapter L. The present library would be renovated in such a way to allow flexibility enough to be converted back to a clasaroom ahould future space needs require it.

The multipurpose area will be available for community use as well as school events, such as assemblies. At present the achool cafeteria is often used for assemblies, however, if total student involvement is required the students move to the Cornish Town Hall.

The multipurpose area would be used during the annual science fair which draws hundreds of spectators. The area would also be used for physical education programs, interscholastic and intramural sports as well as an activity hall during poor weather.
The increase of nearly 20 kin dergarten students this September making a total of 37 will demand double sessions, which can be handled at the present school. However, the following year it will be
necessary to have two first grade classes, the additional classroom space will address this problem.

Charles Metz, architect, told those present that the entire struc ture would be 180 feet by 68 feet or 12,500 square feet. Also, that the reading area in the library would be a recessed area with window space to have some solar gain.

Clasarooma have been designed to have 910 square feet and the gymnasium would be a junior high school size 42 feet by 74 feet, a total of 5,800 square feet of space.

Metz said, "retractable basketball backstops and retractable seating for 200 would be included. Hardware equipment would be placed to allow for placing a divider curtain and extra backboards to provide for use as two baaketball courts in the future, allowing for more student participation at the same time.

The $\$ 775,000$ proposal offers nearly 50 percent more space and addresses future needs that the $\$ 500,000$ proposal that was defeated in March 1987 did not address.

Edson stated that if the fund drive realized ita goal and the district received 30 percent building aid from the atate the entire building would actually cost the taxpayers an additional $\$ 38,000$ over the 1987 figure.
"If the project is put off I can envision costs to double in a few years, interest rates could be higher and funds from a fund drive in the future may not be available. We are addressing future growth needs." Edson also told those present that approximately $\$ 2.34$ would be added to the tax rate per thousand the first year. This amount would be less each year.

A meeting was set for Wednesday, 7:30 p.m. to have the building committee meet with Daniels and the school board at the school.

## Cornish votes school addition

## By RUTH ROLIINS

Correspondent
CORNISH, NH - For the second time this summer, Cornish residents approved the construction of an addition to the Cornish Elementary School with 94 percent of those attending the special school district meeting Thursday evening in favor of the proposal.

The hot humid weather, combined with the fact it was a repeat
performance, was blamed for the poor attendance as the meeting got underway to vote on the $\$ 775,000$ proposal.

However, before voting closed at 9 p.m., 251 people had cast ballots, with 236 voting in favor and 15 against.

After the reading of the warrant by Peter Burling, moderator, one resident asked if there was anything new to report since the June 23 meeting when the addition wan overwhelmingly approved.

Jill Edson, school board chairman, stated that pledges that to-
taled $\$ 291,000$ at that time had jumped to $\$ 322,050$.

One resident wondered why the fundraising monies could not be used to pay on the principal and was told by George Edson, fundraising chairman, that the money was in pledges and would be given over a period of time, therefore would not be available to pay a contractor.

Also, that if the private donations were used in this way the achool diatrict would not qualify

## (Please nee CORNISH-Pg. 6)

for state aid in the amount of 30 percent of the principal.

The funds from the capital drive will be used to pay the entine interest debt of $\$ 271,000$, the rest to provide items not included in the proposal.

Mark Thompeon, representing Daniels Construction, was asked when ground breaking would take place. "Due to a safety factor we will begin after the Cornish Fair, we did not want to leave open excavations in the area during the fair," said Thompson.

Jill Edson told those present that the board had been advised to borrow the entire $\$ 775,000$ and invest it where it would collect a higher rate of interest than what the district will have to pay, while they wait for the sale of the bonds. Brent Edgerton, achool district treasurer is looking into the matter.

Discussion ended after 20 minutes.

# Addition dedicated 

## By RUTH ROLLINS Correspondent

CORNISH, N.H. - More than 200 people attended the dedication and ribbon cutting ceremonies for the new addition to Cornish Elementary School Saturday. Among them was state Sen: George Disnard, former superintendent of schools, who has kept a watchful eye on Cornish School activities in the past.
Principal Thomas Luce beamed as he served as master of ceremonies for the event. The look of surprise on many faces as people entered the new gymnasium said it all: Many had wide-eyed, open-mouthed expressions.
"It is much better than I thought it would be," said Norman Chabot, who with his wife Shirley, pledged $\$ 50,000$ over 10 years.
George Edson headed a major fund-raising campaign, which, to date, has netted $\$ 349,000$ toward the project. Occasional gifts are still coming in.
The fund will proyide $\$ 271,000$ toward interest on the bond debt incurred by the district and has provided for several extras not covered by the loan.

Edson and his wife, Jill, will continue monitoring pledge monies, which are handled by school treasurer Brent Edgerton. Jill Edson is chairman of the School Board.

The dedication ceremony opened with a flag salute. Sarah Evans presented the flag. Superintendent Karen Angello told those present she was proud to be a part of the education system in Cornish because of the community's commitment to education. She noted that New England gave birth to public education.

Peter Daniels of Daniels Construction spoke of Cornish's unique dedication to town and school activities, "I can't believe people would raise money through fund-raising for a public school project, instead of raising it through taxes,"

Daniels said it was probably a good that a proposal he presented at the 1987 school district meeting was defeated, as the present building has much more.

Besides the gym, the structure has two large classrooms,
an enlarged library stage area, rooms for guidance and a nurse, locker rooms and storage space, Architect Charles Metz designed the facility,

Malcolm Grobe, director of athletics at the Plainfield School in Meriden, was present. Grobe was instrumental in allowing Cornish students to play their basketball games in the Plainfield School gym for the past three years. Grobe spoke of friendships made between students during that period.

School Board member Raymond Evans praised Daniels and Mark Thompson, construction manager. Evans also noted that George Hibbard, who was hired as clerk of works by the board, gave much time monitoring the work done by Daniels Construction for a small amount of pay,

Several plaques were unveiled by George Edson. The first in appreciation of the generosity, support and inspiration of Norman and Shirley Chabot.

Norman Chabot thanked all those who had contributed to the effort. "This is the greatest thing that has happened in Cornish since skim milk was invented," he said. He cold students present that it was all done for them. "We got what we wanted and the reason for that is we love you." The Chabot's entire family was present for the dedication ceremony.

The second plaque unveiled was a gift of Margery Palmer Trumbull and read, "The Palmer Library, given in memory of her parents, Ernest and

Irene Palmer." Margery Paimer Trumbull also was responsible for the original library at the Cornish school.

Another plaque that will be placed in the hbrary desimnates gifts given in memory of Edna Paimer Faulkner by Irene Palmer Norell And a reading alcove was made possible by a gift from the Palmer family, with a plaque reading "The Rodney A. Palmer Reading Alcove:
Edson completed the ceremony by unveiling a large plaque that notes the names of everyone who pledged or gave to the project:

Edson said, "The inspiration for the construction of this addition came at the school district meeting, 1988. When townspeople realized that a new building might be toa burdensome a tax on many of their friends and neighbors, they agreed to organize and privately fund-raise to lessen that burden."

Rihbon cutting for the gym was done by Shirley Chabot, añd Trumbull cut the ribbon for the library. Refreshments. furnished by the Cornish School Parent Teacher Organization, were served under the direction of Loretla Evans.

Following the ceremony, students, adults and faculty joined in some basketball and volleyball games.
A story hour for the young set was held in the new Palmer Library featuring Mark Woodcock, storyteller.


THE NEW GYMNASIUM, at Cornish Elementary School. (Ruth Rollins Photo)

# Fish Drie Duersimed Big Tourney Loses Money 

By PEGGY DILLON

Valley News Staff Writer
PLAINFIELD - The mega-prize-winning fish in Saturday's Cornfield Trout Tournament proved to be too slippery for the 400 participants. No one caught the trout that would have brought in a grand prize worth more than $\$ 18,000$.

Not only that, Quechee resident Chuck Currier, who organized the fishing derby under close scrutiny by state and local officials, said he and his partner fell more than $\$ 4,000$ short of covering their own expenses in the tournament. That means that the Cornish and Plainfield school districts - whose athletic budgets Currier said would share profits from the tournament will get nothing from the event.

That angered Currier - organizer of the tournament with partner Tom MeGary - and several of their supporters, who said after the day-long tournament that just about every public official in the two towns buried the fishing derby under negative publicity, contributing to the low turnout and driving up expenses.

Currier was criticized last month by several people in the two towns who said he had misstated the involvement of Plainfield and Cornish schools, as well as Fish and Game officials, in the tournament. He had since sought the approval of the two school boards, finally getting it early last week.
"Chuck Currier took a terrible pounding here," said Gordon Wilder, whose Plainfield trout farm supplied the
(Continued on page 6)

- FISH


Valloy News - Geotf Hanam Joseph Masara of West Newwir , V.t. hoops to hook the winning fish in Mill Brook in Plainfield.

June 3, 1991 Valley News

## Fish

(Continued from page 1)
1,500 fish for the tournament. With a few exceptions, most local officials in Cornish and Plainfield "sure didn't promote this derby," Wilder said.
"We were overrun with bad rumors about all the socalled illegal things we were going to do," Currier said. He said that other than Plainfield Police Chief Gordon Gillens, Plainfield selectmen Judy Belyea and Ben Judy, and Plainfield school board members Robert Cushman and Greg Marshall, "not one town official stepped forward and helped in any way whatsoever."
"Well, that's his opinion," countered Cornish Chief Philip "Joe" Osgood, who said town officials were only responding to questions raised by residents. "My feeling is that town officials were only doing what they should do when the people in town started expressing concerns to them."

One such concern, Osgood said, was what would happen to private property if hundreds of fisherman used it to fish in the three brooks stocked for the tournament. Osgood added that, "due to the moderate size of the crowd, everything went fine." Osgood said that other than minor parking violations, the only problem occurred when two men were arrested for fishing with a net instead of a pole.

Currier complained that local police billed the tournament for extra police duty - a service Currier said he neither requested nor needed.

But Plainfield Sgt. Lawrence Dore said it's common practice for local police to charge extra services to a special event, such as the fishing tournament or the Cornish Fair. He also said some of the additional help had been provided free of charge.

Hundreds of fishermen converged beneath a big tent off Route 12A in Plainfield late Saturday afternoon, as a weary Currier announced the winners of two dozen smaller prizes totaling nearly $\$ 2,000$. When he said that the big-prize trout - Number 194 - had not been caught, a disappointed voice called out from the crowd,


Had that fish been taken - all 1,500 of the fish had been tagged with numbers - the lucky angler would have won a Jeep, boat, trailer, outboard motor, trolling motor and depth finder, all worth $\$ 18,625$ - the two dozen smaller prizes totalling almost $\$ 2,000$ were all awarded to participants.
Wilder said that on Friday afternoon, three people himself, Gillens and Belyea - picked from a hat the name of Blood Brook as the place to put the prize fish. The two other streams in the tournament were Blow-MeDown and Mill brooks.

Wilder said be then picked one trout from a fish tank without looking at the number on its tag. He said only Gillens and Belyea knew what the winning fish number was until the tournament was over.

After that, Wilder said, he and Gillens placed the winning number trout in Blood Brook at a swift-moving point off a road near the Plainfield Elementary School. Wilder said he and many other people were hoping
someone would get the grand nriza

# Cornish Board votes 4-1 to stay with Claremont 

By RUTH ROLLINS
CORNISH, N. H. - Cornish School Board members voted 4-1 in support of remaining in the AREA (Authorized Regional Enrollment Area) agreement with the Claremont School District to educate Corniah high school students, at its Monday evening meeting.

The board will present its recommendation for voter spproval at the March 5th annual achool diatrict meeting.

Prior meeting had narrowed the choice between staying with Claremont or going to a no-contract situation. The board had alno determined if it went to a nocontract situation it would recommend that there be no public transportation for high school students.

Jill Edson felt the budgetary impact created with a no-contract situation, possible low attendance and at times dropouts, were among disadvantages that outweighed any gains made.

Michael Yatsevitch aaid he would like to provide as much flexibility as possible and place students where they fit in best, but by all practical aspecta felt Cornish should stay in the AREA contract. He verified a langstanding working relationship with the Claremont School Diatrict.

The newest board member, Haymond Evans, who wal among members of the original committee to atudy high school alternatives, also backed the board's decision.
Evans felt the board has a voice in SAU decision making and the new vocational-technical center would be an asset to education offered by Claremont.
Board chairman Ellen Ballard agreed with Evans, "At this time our option is to stay in the AREA contract," stated Ballard.
Joan Baillargeon had the dissenting vote opting for a no-contract situation. She felt it should go to the people for a vote,
Several board members felt any one of the schools that were visited during its study of the high school alternatives were more than satisfactory for educating Cornish students.

Those parents opposing the AREA agreement with the Clare-
mont School District felt parenta should have the choice of where they sent their students and stated that tranaportation would not be a problem.

The board was presented a petition article to be placed on the March warrant to see if the district will vote to withdraw from the existing AREA agreement with the Claremont and Unity School Districts to take effect at the end of the 1988-89 nchool year.
The article was not endorsed by the board but it did agree to include it as a petition article in the upcoming warrant. The same article was defeated at the 1987 school district meeting.

Other Buainess
Cornish board members Yatsevitch and Edson were recognized for their many years of effort

## (Please see CORNISH-Pg. 6)

on behalf of the Cornish School District.
Yatsevitch was recognized for 24 consecutive years, as well as six prior years on the board and Edson for 16 consecutive years as board member.
The two Cornish board members were to be honored by Gov. John Sununu Tuesday at the New Hampshire School Boards Recognition Day to be held in Concord.

Evans reported on the superintendent search committee of which he is a member, He reported that the committee had retained the services of the New Hampshire School Boards Association. A schedule has been set up to end advertising for the position by March 1.
Evaluations of resumes and applications, with an all-day interview session to be held april 9 for six-eight of the cndidate finalists. "Hopefully by the end of April a choice will be made," said Evans.
Board chairman Ballard spoke of House Bill 645 which is still up for discussion and urged thase present to contact their legisiatori to urge its passage.
The bill would increase the building aid given school districta from 30 to 40 percent and change the two-thirds vote needed to pasa a bond issue to a simple majority.
Ballard, one of two board members up for reelection, announced she would not file for the position: Joan Baillargeon is also up for reelection.
Principal Thomas "Tim" Luce told board members he was in the process of writing a grant with the
$\$ 15,000$ to be used for the gifted and talented program. The funds would be used to hire a consultant to come to each school one day weekly to plan a school wide enrichment activity. No matching funds are required.
The board received a request that $\$ 5,000$ be included as a line item in the 1988-89 budget for use by the Bulding Addition Committee (formally the Gym and Educational Space Committees.) The amount would be used for architectural fees in its study of both gym and educational space.
The board's decision to include it as a line item was questioned by several people who thought it should be included as a single warrant article.
Luce told the board he would poat the second grade personnel poaitin vacancy March 28 at the school and April 4 publically. Ruth Schneider has been granted a oneyear leave of absence.

Luce also reported that the California Achievement Tests would be shared with parents when report cards were sent home this week. They would include a parent report. The testa are administered to each student from Grades 2-8. Luce told those present the students scored very well.
Assistant superintendent Frank Daly told the board that $\$ 142,696$ would be received in State Foundation Aid, a lesser amount by $\$ 1,308$ than previoualy thought.
The board went into executive session to discuss teacher negotiations. The board will hold a budget workshop Feb. 1, 7 p.m. Waiver renewal requests are due

## Cornish, Plainfield May Share Schoo <br> By CLIFF DESROSIERS <br> Also this week, the Plainfield School Board <br> painting the school building, principal's co

Valley News Correspondent
MERIDEN - The school boards of Plainfield and Cornish met this week to consider the possibility of the towns sharing a school.
Jill Edson of Cornish indicated that there was some positive talk in her town regarding the possibility that, sometime in the future, the two communities could share an elementary school, with Plainfield being the more likely site due to the flat topography of the land.
The issue may go on the town meeting warrants to determine interest in the commumities.
was presented a proposed $\$ 2,02,126$ budget, up 17 percent over last year.

The board agreed that the budget, which does not include teachers' salaries, would be met with a great deal of opposition from the town and decided that a 13.5 percent increase would be more palatable.

It asked Assistant Superintendent Paul Rice what would need to be eliminated to reach the 13.5 percent goal, which would translate to $\$ 90,000$ in cuts.
Among the suggestions for elimination and/or reduction were a teaching position, field trips,
ences, school board ekpenses, reduction in lil books and extracurricular activities.

Board member Robert Reeder said he proud of how the board, in the past, was al present a workable budget to the town, but this year's budget would be damaging. woman Maryellen Sullivan indicated that cutting would tear at the fiber of the schoo the community.

The board was to meet this afternoon Plainfield School at which time Rice and $P$ pal Joan Garipay would present a prioritize of items to be cut. The board would then pr its final draft for Monday evening's meeting

Valley News Saturday, March 30, 1991

# No Stock In 'Cornfield' Plan Cornish, Plainfield Put Off Cooperative School District Idea 


#### Abstract

By KIMBERLY WOOD Valiey News Correspondent A committee studying a cooperative Cor-nish-Plainfield school district has disbanded. Instead of the prospect of one school district (dubbed "Cornfield" by some) serving both communities, the principals at the Cornish and Plainfield elementary schools will work toward coordinating more closely programs such as art, music, sporting events, physical education and guidance. Committee Chairman Michael Taupier of


the Plainfield School Board said that while the arrangement won't be a cooperative district, "it's a small step in that direction." Cornish Principal Tim Luce called the effort "planting a seed." He said that both schools will also work together to come up with a more appealing package when hiring part-time people.
Last month, three state officials met with representatives of both schools to discuss ideas for a cooperative school district to be in place possibly in the late 1990s.
"The timing is not right right now," said

Luce. He said the main reason for the study was the possibility of building a new school to serve both towns "somewhere down the road."
"We put this on hold because both Cornish and Plainfield have recently added (to their schools) and are comfortable with the space, and there's no real urgency to begin building again."

Referring to last month's meeting with the State Department of Education, Luce said, "The state stressed the need for a
(Continued on page 8)

- SCHOOL
real commitment from the community" to form a cooperative school district. "It would mean a tremesdous amount of PR and a real need had to exist."

While Luce said that at this time there doesn't seem to be a real need, he added, "We didn't kill it by any means - we will discuss it again at some point in the future. If either community discusses adding on to a building, it will contact the other community to get them involved with the plans."

The two schools are accustomed to doing things together. In the past Cornish and Plainfield have had exchange concerts where each school's chorus would give concerts at the other school. "We have also performed plays over there," Luce said.

Luce said that at a meeting last week, Cornish and Plainfield school officials talked about the need to hire part-time people in a joint effort and to put together a combined package for prospective candidates.

Personnel sharing already takes place, but with different schools. Cornish's guidance counselor, Wendy Ehlert, also works in Brownsville, but the arrangement was not coordinated by the schools; it was set up by Ehlert.

Plainfield's speech pathologist is shared with Lebanon, and art teacher Patricia Lobacz is shared with Grantham.

Luce said he wouldn't be opposed to considering other schools as well as Plainfield in a cooperative hiring plan. But he said there are "some problems even with (working it out with) Plainfield." They are still two different school districts. Differences in contracts, probable differences in pay rates, different rules for benefits, and character fit (who's right for which school) need to be considered in any joint hiring effort. "There are a lot of variables," Luce said.
"We work well together," said Plainfield Principal

## New Cornish playground opens; fund-raising work is continuing

## By RUTH ROLLINS

 CorrespondentCORNISH, N.H - Cornish Elementary School students returned to the school this week to find a new playground structure completed and ready for use

Before being turned loose to unjoy the facility, Principal Thomas "Tim" Luce held an assembly neur the structure, giving students the rules for its use, and reminded all to share, which was evident as students took turns on the monkey bars, slides, tire swings, rings and glider.

Thomas: Petrin of Putnam's Flowers and Gifts, designed the structure and was present to see the fun the children had as Luce allowed them to use the facility.

The playground has been provided by a commitment made by the Cornish Parent Teacher Organization. Maney was raised by staffing ticket booths at the Cornish Fair, receiving a percentage of ticket sale monies.

Other funds wore raised through sale of school calendars, which include a picture of graduating students. Calendars are atill available. Approximately $\$ 4,300$ of the total cost of the structure was borrowed privately.

The PTO will hold several fundraising events to repay the loan and the first such effort will be held Friday evening. A "Sock Hop" will be held $7: 30-11 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. in the new gymntsium, featuring a WTSV dise jockey.

Families are urged to attend, and a charge of $\$ 10$ will cover coat of families.

Carpenters who spent several weekends working on the structure include Steve Tribou, Richard Thompson, Cheston Newbold, Peter Storrs, Keith Beardsly, Jim Materiund. Brook Moare. Robert


TRYING IT OUT - Benjamin Moore slides down the fire pole installed on the new playground. (Ruth Rollins Photo)

Oberkotter Richard Heim and Jumes Jordan.

Alao, Jiri Zapletal, Jerry Pierce, Fred Schad, Steve Deboer, William Durant, Tim Therrien, Thomas Petrin and Merilynn Chilton.

Friends who either loaned additional funds or gave toward the project in some way or other were Jonathan and Sherrie Bulkeley, Robert and Ellen Oberkotter, Richard and Gail Heim, Jerry and Sheryl Pierce, Peter and Jean Burling, Cheston and Nancy Newhold. Georne and Jill Edson and

Joseph and Nicky Saginor.
Also, Ray and Loretta Evans, Michael and Sally Newbold, Donald and Sandy Powers, Paul Therrien, Francis and Heidi St. Pierre, Harold Morse, Dan'e Service Station and the Blow-MeDown Snowriders Club.

Several people ran errands, made lunches and acted as "John-ny-on-the-spot" whenever needed. They included Nancy Newbold, Kathi Osterlund, Susan Weld, Eddie Durant, Jill Edaon and Caroline Storrs.


Valioy News - Den Hunting School board Chairman Michael Yatsevitch, right, addresses voters last night.

## Cornish Crowd Questions Board On Principal Affair

## Most Answers Lost To Confidentiality Restrictions

By SALALE GRAZIANO
Valley News Stalf Writer
CORNISH - Discussion of Principal Margaret Regan's recent departure from the elementary school attracted more than 100 people to last night's school band meeting. but the issue gradually turned from Regan's performance to the board's acthons.

Many residents charged the board with being out of touch with the school's stalf, being unresponaive to community members, and commumicating poorly with constituents.

For the first hour residents questioned why Regan left her position six weeks
before the end of school, and what problems the board has had with her performance. "We're talking about ruining someone's career," said Henry Homeyer, one of a number of parents who circulated petitions calling for the board to review Regan's departure. "If she's done something terrible, she doesn't deserve the board's protection. If not she doesn't deserve being treated this way"
Board Chairman Michael Yatsevitch continually cited the confidentiality of personnel matters, He moved from question to question last night, acknowledging each
(Continued on page 12)

- COHNISR

Cornish
(Continued from page 1)
with a "Thank you," but no answer.
One frustrated man stood up and yelled at Yatsevitch. "We haven't had an answer from you all night1" Yatsevitch told the man to hold his comments until be was acknowledged, "What difference does it make?" the man asked. "You won't answer anything."
"We're asking you for leadership," said Homeyer, who turned in 106 signatures on petitions calling for the board to defend its actions or apologize to Regan.
Some residents, including current and former teachers, rose to the board's deferise, saying the decision to replace Regan showed leadership. "I've been coming to school board meetings regularly, and it's been obvious the board hasn't been pleased with (Regan's) performance," said parent Susan Chandler. "They're providing the leadership they felt would get the school back on the track it should be. You can't crucify them and say they're a lousy school board"
Hegan said this morning she stayed away from the meeting after talking with an attorney and with the executive director of the state's association of principals.
"If I was there, it would be as an employee of the district," Regan said. "I felt that my attendance was not appropriate. The public had issues they wanted to discuss with the board." Regan said she planned to review a videotape made of the meeting.
Regan notified the school superintendent's office in February that she wouldn't be returning after this year. She said last week her decision hinged on the board's dissatisfaction with her performance.

On May 1, Regan met with Assistant Superintendent Frank Daly and the two discussed the school board's recent decision to effect a smooth and quick transition from Regan's administration to that of her replacement, fourth-grade teacher Tim Luce. Daly said last night that he told Regan he thought the switch would take no longer than a week, after which she would be free to pursue other employment, but be available to the school if needed. Regan cleared out her office during spring vacation.
Residents remained confused last night about whether Regan left voluntarily or was forced out of the school. At one point
know the issue," behind the board's dissatisfaction with her performance, but board member Richard Ackerman said moments later that there no specific incident prompting her removal before the school year ended.
Regan, contacted at her home this morning, said that if people walked away from last night's meeting under the impression she left voluntarily on May 9, they were mistaken.
"If I wasn't ordered out, I'd be there today and I would have been there all last week," Regan said.
"Right or wrong, this has been handled poorly." Fred Weld told the board last night.
Don Powers agreed, "The students weren't informed, the kids in the eighth grade were crying about it. It's a shame the way you as a board handled this situation. It's upset our kids, and that's made me mad. You can't tell me the idea was to have a nice, smooth transition because it didn't happen."
Difficulty within the school following Regan's departure is not necessarily the school board's fault, said Marilyn Chilton, whose daughter attends the elementary school. Much of the crying over Regan's departure was caused by the emotional nature of Regan's farewell address, she said.
"It was done to make the transition more difficult and to evoke a lot of sympathy," Chilton said "That reason makes me support what the board's done."

Residents differed strenuously last night over whether Regan's departure was handled appropriately but they agreed the school board faces a larger issue - how best to repair damage caused by poor communication, confusion, rumor and misunderstandings.
Yatsevitch said the board will work in the next few weeks to address some of the concerns raised about communication and staff interaction.
Residents also made a point last night to say that despile the disagreement over the handling of Regan's departure, they all approve of Tim Luce as the next principle. Don Powers, angry over the board's actions with Regan, said that he and others like and support Luce. Powers was interrupted by scattered applause for Luce, who was seated with the board, that turned into a long standing ovation by most of the crowd.

# Cornish <br> Opts Out <br> <br> Of Study <br> <br> Of Study <br> <br> Regional School <br> <br> Regional School May Be Doomed 

 May Be Doomed}

## By CRAIG TIMBERG

Valley News Staff Writer
CORNISH - Bowing to the will of town voters, the school board decided last night to withdraw Irom a study into whether to build a regional high school.

Last night's vote is another blow - perhaps close to the final one - to the prospects for that regional school, once envisioned as serving six towns in two states.

The six towns are Hartland, Weathersfield, Windsor, West Windsor, Cornish and Plainfield. Of those, Cornish and Weathersfield have now decided to drop out. Hartland will decide soon whether to follow, and if it does, the plan probably will die.

Debate ran strongly against the school study in Cornish last night, as it did at the annual school distriet meeting in March. In an advisory vote at that meeting, residents urged the board to pull out of the study.

Continuing with it would have cost the school district just $\$ 1,059$, but even school board Chairwoman Brenda Jordan, who was on the regional high school planning committee, conceded that support for the project was lukewarm. Board member Daniel Poor was the other Cornish delegate on that committee.
"There's part of both of us that would really like this to continue," said Jordan. But she joined the majority in rejecting the study. The vote was $4-1$; Poor was the only one to support the study.
"We're making a decision, and the town is making a decision, based on insufficient information," Poor said last night. He said that debate had focused too narrowly on the costs or potential savings of a new school, "We were looking for a high school to get our kids ready for the 21st century."

In the last $21 / 2$ years, the school district has spent $\$ 2,108$ on its share of the cost of studying the regional high school, said Jordan. If it continues - possibly in a scaled-down version - the study probably would be completed early this summer.

Several residents spoke against the study last night, citing the complications of a bi-state school, the fear that high-technology plans for the school are untried, and the town's reluctance to abandon hard-won school choice,

This has been the first year that Cornish families have been free to choose - within some limits - what high school their children will attend at town expense. Most now go to schools in Claremont, Hartford and Windsor, and the school distriet pays tuition. A few go to Hanover High.
"I saw the town struggle for choice for many years before it got passed and approved," Vice Chairwoman Joan Bailiargeon said in explaining her vote.

The withdrawals of Cornish and Weathersfield have cast doubt on the viability of the $\$ 17.8$ million project. Now, attention will shift to next week's vote in Hartland.
Hartland voters are havine their say on the regional

Lornish
(Continued from page 1)
Hartland school board will ultimately decide whether to pull out of the study

Chuck Knisley, superintendent of the Windsor Southeast Supervisory Union and a leading proponent of a regional high school, said the action by the Cornish school board was no surprise, but that the town's withdrawal does hurt the plans.
"It's dying with a solt voice rather than a bang," he said.

With Cornish and Weathersfield gone, and Hartland possibly reconsidering, proponents of a new regional high school may have to rethink their plans. He suggested that might lead to a coalition of only Vermont towns going forward with construction.
"Somebody's going to build something for the kids at some point in the next few years," Knisley said.

About 15 residents attended last night's school board meeting at Cor-
nish Elementary School.
In other business last night, Cornish Elementary School Principal Robert Campbell recommended a plan for sports user fees that might ease the burden for large families.
For each sport, a student would pay $\$ 15$, but for a family with more than one child playing in sports programs, the maximum lee for the entire family would be no more than $\$ 50$ for the year.
Families that request financial assistance for sports should be automatically approved, recommended Campbell. No Iinancial documents, said as family budgets or tax returns, would have to be filed.
The users fees would help pay for equipment, referees and travel costs. Fees would not pay for salaries for coaches, who all volunteer their time.

The board took no action on Campbell's recommendation last night. Jordan said she expects the board to vote on the issue in May or June.

# Parents defend Cornish school ski program <br> <br> Easle Timer Scot 22119 वC 

 <br> <br> Easle Timer Scot 22119 वC}

## By RUTH ROLLINS

## Contributing Writer

CORNISH - The school nki program, curriculum development, an update on heating and ventilation, a report on available trust funds and space needs were all on the agenda for discussion at a recent Cornish School Board meeting.
A number of parents were on hand to defend the educational strengths of the school's ski program. The program was started by Betty Macy and Lois Baker and has been in existence at the Cornish Elementary School for more than 25 years.

In recent years, some parents whose children are not involved in skiing have questioned the validity of the full day aki program, which is held during several Fridays in January and February, Also questioned was whether the days should be counted among the 180 day school calendar.

But Superintendent Robert Patterson reported that he was informed by the the state Board of Education that as long as the program tied in with physical educstion it was an accentuhle.

However, Patterson also said an alternative program must be available for pupils who do not wish to ski.
Board Chairman Raymond Evans said would continue to be held at Sunapee Mountain.

## Other business

Superintendent Patterson gave the group information on how curriculum development should be planned in School Administrative Unit 6, which serves the three communities of Claremont, Unity and Cornish.
"It should be teacher-driven, with more ownership by teachers," said Patterson, adding that after initial staff organization some parents would be given the opportunity to give input
Parent Pam Lukash spoke about the need for a foreign language being available to seventh and eighth graders to help prepare them for high school. Jean Burling. also in favor of a foreign language. said that her and her husband. Peter and Leonard Rudolph had offered to defray costs of hiring a Spanish teacher to teach an exploratory class. Exploratory classes are held two days a week Patterson then
rocommended is carriculum for fore language be written and submitted
SAU 6 Busimus Marnuger Alan Dam maid progremin is being made on the heat and ventilation project at the rehool.
"ARC Mechanical has their crew on job at $4 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$ to do an much as poss before pupils and ataif arrive daily. T have in targed date of Oct 4 for com tion," said Damren.
Cornish Setool opened with 21 m pupile than planned for, which has mad rpace crunch in the opper wing. J Burling said immediate chumges are exarry.
"There are aix clatses held in classrooms, ote class in always up in sir," Burling waid "It is not a lear environment and not healthy,"
The bourd will research the prot doring an upoming apecial session.

Brendis Jordiom, the new school dis treasurer, gave the board a report or truat funde. Parentis present were aske help find a replacement for Do LaClair, athletic director, to allow achool sporta programe to continue.

## Terrie Scott

## Cornish Voters Should Wonder

## To the Editor:

At the Cornish School Board meeting on Monday, Jan. 19, the board accepted the resignation of board member Myron Kuhre. On Thursday, Jan 22, it was publicly announced in the school newsletter that the board would be accepting applications for a temporary appointment to his seat effective Feb, 9. The following letter was written by the school board chairman on Jan. 21, one day before the announcement of acceptance of applications was made public:
"An update on thase seeking election to the board: Katy Pond will seek appointment to the board, followed by election in March. She appears to be thoughtful and without an agenda, and she'll appeal to the right people at election time. With some training, I think we'll be able to work with her. There will be two elections, as it were. Each person who files will have to indicate whether he/she's filing for my 3 year seat, or Myron's 2 year seat. That may very well take the heat off me, but increases the chances that some lunatic will get on. However, if we back someone like Katy, we may be all right. So far Curt Wyman, David Gee, and Jim Strout have expressed interest. Will keep you posted."

This memo should have all Cornish voters wondering if we want to continue our chairman's elected term another three years. It would appear our school board chairman has already appointed her "puppet." This letter was sent to community members. As town elections near, remember, Cornish voters, we have the power to show all self-serving elected officials we will not tolerate actions taken that are not in the community's best interest.

JAMES E, STROUT Cornish

## Real Issue Is Cornish Budget

To the Editor:
The controversy swirling in Cornish these past few weeks has taken on a life of its own, and I must respond.

As a private citizen, I sent an e-mail to friends who had expressed interest in who was running for school board, informing them of the qualifications of one particular candidate. The husband of one recipient printed the email and took it to his workplace in Cornish. It was then distributed by a few agitators who are attempting to cloud the real issue; funding a quality education while maintaining a responsible tax rate. Informed debate of the budget and its separate warrant articles will guide Cornish, not the malicious rumors that have passed for political discourse these past few weeks. It appears that those who fight to protect their civil rights and rights of privacy so stridently believe that an elected official should be stripped of hers.
The e-mail was a private message to my friends who had sought information about who was rumning for election. Who among us hasn't said something less than politic when speaking to friends in private? However, I am a responsible, thoughtful and responsive school board member, and any decision I make when I wear that hat is a professional one, I am allowed, though, to take that hat off, hold private conversations and maintain my right to free association. And, yes, if I am not divulging secret collective bargaining information, 1 am even free to discuss whatever I wish with the president of the teachers' union. Anyone suggesting otherwise is not the defender of democracy and civility that he claims.

The most serious misrepresentation made by those out to twist my words regards my use of the word "lunatic." I referred to those who would seek to win a seat on the school board for the sole purpose of the wholesale dismantling of programs and the budget without an adequate understanding of why these programs and budget are in place.
I am calling upon Cornish to put this tempest behind us and prenare to debate the merits of the school budget at
the public hearing on Monday, Feb. 9 at 7 p.m. in the gym and again on Saturday, March 7, at 1 p.m. (voting takes place from $10 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. until $7 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. on Saturday). The school board has pared the main budget down to an increase of just more than 5 -percent, despite losing all our foundation aid and experiencing an increase in the number of high school students as well as high school tuition. Without these two essential changes, the school budget would have been nearly level-funded. We will also be putting forward a new teachers' agreement as a separate warrant article. The school board has worked very hard to meet the needs of the taxpayers while at the same time meeting the needs of our children, and it is time that we turn our attention to matters of real importance.

TERRIE B, SCOTT
Cornish

# Storrs is Teacher of the Year 11-07-08 <br> Social Studies teacher to receive New Hampshire award today 

## By KATELYN HARDING

Staff Writer
Caroline Storrs, a social studles tescher at Cornish
${ }^{\prime}$ Cornish
Elementary named New Hampshire History Teacher of the Year by the Gilder Lehrman Institute of American History and Preserve Americis foday at 9 a.m. durith an award ceremony at the school.
"Caroline Storrs has spent u lifetime devoted to teaching the children of Cornish," said Cornish Elementary Schonl Principal Mary Bronga in a statoment -She has taken her
lessons outside of the classroom and tapped into the rich history of our community and state. We are fortunate to have a teacher of her caliber at the Cornish Elementary School and celebrate with you thie wonderful isward she is being presented with."

Storrs will receive $\$ 1,000$ and the Corninh School's library will receive an archive of history booka and materials from the Gilder Lethrman Institute of American History,

Storrs has been teaching at the Cornish School since 1980, where she organizes the National Geography Bee She haf received funding from WalMart to lead her atudents on a
trip to Washington, D.C., and has also coordinated a trip to Cornish's twin city, St. Gaudens, France, according to a press release from the Gllder Lehrman Institute

Now in its fifth year, the Hintory Teacher of the Year Award is designed to promote and colebrate the teaching of American history in classrooms across the United States and honors one exceptional K-12 tencher of American history from each state and U.8. territory, according to as statement.

Katelyn Harding can be reached by calling (603) 513 3100 Ext. 139, or through e-mail at hhardingtieagletimes.com.


John and Terrie Scott, who own the online retailer Dharma Rose, outside their Corniah home with their sons Cassidy, right. Graham, bottom left, Dylan, bottom right and their don. MacKonzie.
Dharma Rose Keeps Truckin'

## Online Store Expands Focus Beyond Grateful Dead Memorabilia

By Omar Sacireey<br>Valley News Staif Writer

Cornish - When people think Deadheads, they often think grungy, spaced-out hippies living in communes. But like a lot of stereotypes, this one in't always applicable.
Take John and Terrie Scott, a couple of well-groomed. thoughtful small-business owners living the capitalist dream. And nine years after lead guitarist Jerry Garcia's death, which effectively ended the legendary Grateful Dead, the Scoits are very much keeping the band's memory alive with an online store featuring tie-dye T-shirts and other Deadhead paraphernalia.

## With no more shows to add to the DeadBase after Jerry

vated microbuses and other vehicles of questionable reliability. pursued the band cros-country from show to show - even when they didn't have tickets.
"Who are the Grateful Dead and why are they following me? was a favorite refrain.

In return, the Dead allowed fans to record their concerts, spawning a culture in which they traded tupes and memorized set-lists the way baseball aficionudos Inaded player cards and memorized statistics.
Of course, after hundreds of shows, it got hard to remember all those sets. So in 1983, while enrolled in some Dartmouth computer classes. Scott started compiling set-lists for a

# Group <br> senior 

By GEORGE CHAPPELI. Contributing Writer

CORNISH - A petition aiking the town to encourage construction of morv senior housIng in Cornists has the board of selectmen fisl of questionic

The board attempted to reach Janice Orion of Cornish Friday night to find out Just what she ind 25 other residents have in mind Orien's name was given an the contact
person for the petition.
*Of course, we'll add it to the warrant, "Selectman Lawruncs Dingee said "But we'd like more specifics ${ }^{\text { }}$

The petition reads, "If you are interested in the Idea of arenior housing in Cornish, please sign below. With 25 sithintures we can have a warrant article at town meeting anking for an investigation into the possibility of senior housing-*

Altogether 26 Cornish restdente wigned the document.

Selectmaza
William Gallapher interpreted the petition to mean the sigmen would Iike the seloctmen to form a committer to look into senior housing:

At presumt, there is neither housing: for the elderly nor a menior center in Cornish. A senior dinner is held rince a month is the Mainnic building

## TIMES

## Sunday, February 2, 2003

## housing in

in Corninh Flat, Gallagher said.

Selectmen discusned local properties that might qualify. but they didn't know whether the petitioners mrant asaintod living apartmente, a nuraing home or a cloister of homes exclugively designed for the elderly.

Cornish Flat resident Bernice Johnion, one of the signers of the petition, said

Saturday the group ts looking for a place, preferably in the villuge of Cornish Flat, where they could live together cheaply and still be independent.

There ane a lot of elderly Cornish people who have moved to senior housing in Claremont," she said. They come back for Grange meetinge and church, anid sometimes they have to find someone to drive them. The village
would be nice becauke averything's right here - the post office, the bmik and the store - and we'd have a chesper place to live-
-Wo don't want it yenterday. or anything like that," she said. "All we want in to have a diacuision and get them to look into the iden:"

George Chappell can be reached by e-mait at Nchapelsover.met.

# Woman offers land for senior housing 

## By DAMIEN FISHER <br> Staff Writer <br> 02-18-05

One senior resident is try. ing to do something about the lack of affordable senior housing in town. Bernice Johnson, 84 , is offering to give her Cornish two acre lot on School Street in Cornish Flat for a senior housing development.

T've always been a civic minded person," Johmson said Thursday night. "1 like Cornish very much."

Johnson wants the town to use her land for a development of up to 10 living units for low income-seniors. The development would not be a nursing home or an assisted-living facility, but a place for people who cannot afford to keep up a house, Johnson said.

Johnson took her idea to the town and now a committee has formed to develop in into a plan. Stuart Hodgeman, who heads the
committee, said the town is very intereated in Johnson's proposal.

The town does not want this opportunity to pass them by, Hodgeman said.

Hodgeman said the committee has so far found that a small development on Johnson's land is feasible, but actually getting it off the ground is another matter.
"It's an idea, there's nothing hard and fast yet," he said.
Hodgeman said he hopes the committee will be able to bring the town a serious proposal within a year. In the meantime, they are still looking for answers to the many questions Johnson's gift poses.

The potential cost has not been worked out, neither has
"The town does not want this opportunity to pass them by.

## Stuart Hodgeman

seniar housing committes
any funding. An architect is needed to develop the plan and come up with a cont esti. mate, Hodgeman said. He is hoping the committee can find an architect to volunteer time.

Hodgeman is also looking to state agencies for possible grants as the proposal is too small for any federal funding. The initial investment might come from a combination of grants and private domations, be said.
Once it is built, though, the town may not own the devel opment. Hodgeman said owning it might be too much of a burden and a potential liabil ity for the town. Finding a person or organization to take it over is part of what the committee will investigate.

It is also investigating the actual need for the develop-
ment. Hodgeman has alread heard from many resident who want to live in Johnson? proposed development, and h in checking town records t see how many people migh qualify for the housing.

Johnson knows there an residents who need senio housing, herself included. Sh wants the town to get togeth er to build the development.
"I want it to be a town proj ect, run by ournelves and buil by volunteers," she said.

Johnmon said she would b willing to move into one of th units and give her four bed room house to a young coupl willing to work as caretakers The important thing is to ge it built, whe anid.
${ }^{\text {- I }}$ want to see it happer before I go," she said.

The committee will nex meet on Monday, Feh. 28, at p.m. in the selectmen's offices

Damien Fisher can b, reached at 603-543-310 ext. 139, or by e-mail a dfisherveaglefimes.com.

## Sexual Assault

Consult Librarian at History Center to examine
Vertical Files on Sexual Assault


Billy Sharff, shown walking across the Brooklyn Bridge, shot part of his film in New York City.

## Young Filmmaker Explores Loss, Griet And the Ties That Bind a Family

By Dan Mackie Valley News Staff Writer

It is the most personal of themes - an exploration of grief after the loss of his father - but Billy Sharff hopes his new film is more than that.
"I don't want it just to be a personal experience. I hope other people can connect with it," said Sharff, a 16 -year-old high school junior from Cornish who is the son of the late Stefan Sharff, a filmmaker and film scholar whose life was at times as remarkable as the newsreels.

Billy Sharff will show his hour-and-a-half film, Milk of Many Years, tomorrow and Friday, Dec. 17, at Hanover High, where he goes to school. Admission is free for both $7 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. showings.

Indeed, Sharff's movie is more than just his own story. It also uses elements from a synopsis of a film that his father had hoped to make. That story is an account of what may have happened to his sister during World War II, when Stefan Sharff lost his entire immediate family to the Holocaust.

Sharff lived what seemed to his son an ordinary life during his retirement in Cornish, but it had been anything but. Born in Poland, he fled the Nazi invasion to Russia, where he joined the Moscow Film School and apprenticed under film pioneer Sergei Eisenstein. As the war neared an end, he was a translator for talks between the Soviets and Polish diplomats, once even translating a discussion among Stalin and diplomats as they stood over urinals.

Sharff taught at Columbia University for three decades and for several semesters at Dartmouth. He wrote books about filmmaking, made several feature films and more than 100 documentaries, many for public television. He died in May 2003 at age 83.

But as often happens with sons and fathers, Billy Sharff didn't talk that much with his father

> "Making a film makes you see things more clearly."' - Billy Sharff

about his work. Billy was interested in still photography when he was younger, and made his first movie, about his dog, when his father was already sick with the cancer that would take his life. In Milk of Many Years, Billy Sharff notes that he decided to show his movie to his father when he came home from the hospital, but his father died there.

Billy Sharff largely taught himself how to shoot and craft a film. He used a digital camera for this project, technology that's far less expensive than movie film. The digital format allowed him to edit the movie on a home computer using specialized software. He used his father's lights for some shots, and one of his cameras as a prop. He also made use of archival black-and-white footage of the Nazis and World War II.
Shurff said making the movie probatly hel ped him deal with his emotions. "It seems to make things easier when you're doing something concrete," he said. And, he added, "making a film makes you see things more clearly."

Sharff and several family members appear in the film, including his mother, Laura Foley, who reads poetry in a couple of scenes. She called the process of turning pain and loss intoa creative work "just a wonderful way to deal with it."

The film relies heavily on the use of images, sometimes resembling a dream more than a conventional Hollywood movie. The people who appear in the film aren't actors, and Sharff's goal wasn't to make it slick as they perform scenes from his father's proposed movic.

Without much of a budget, Sharff used the opportunities life presented. He shot during trips to New York City and Monhegan Island, Maine. The North Hartland dam is a backdrop for several scenes.
Sharff's movie tries to express the connections between generations and the losses in his own life and his father's. He completed the film just recently, and wasn't sure it was entirely finished - "I can't see it that well right now," he said.

Sharff said he wasn't sure whether he would pursue film school in the future. "It's like a calling," his mother said. "I think he just needs to follow it and see what happens."

## SLEIAII

## Filmmaker, Columbia University professor

CORNISH - Estefan Sharfi, 83, died Monday (May 12, 2003) at Dartmouth-Hitchcock Medical Center in Lebanon, N.H., from pneumonia

Mr. Sharff was born in Lublin, Poland, on Nov. 29, 1919.

In 1939 Mr . Sharff fled the Nazi invasion of Poland and made his way to the Soviet Union where he joined the Moscow Film School. From 1943 to 1944 he was apprenticed to film pioneer Sergei Eisenstein at Alma Alta, participating in the production of Ivan the Terrible, Part II

In the closing months of World War II, Mr. Sharfí worked as a translator for Russian and Polish diplomats, who were laying the groundwork for the postwar Polish government. On one particularly ticklish occasion he found himself in a Kremlin bathroom, in the delicate position of translating a conversation over urinals between Josef Stalin and the Polish delegate.

Mr. Sharff returned to Poland during the closing days of the war and helped to liberate a POW camp. He later discovered all of his immediate family were lost in the Holocaust. At the end of the war he was rewarded with a diplomatic position as an emissary from the provisional Polish governmental to the Court of St. James in London. He soon found himself at adds with his Polish Communist leaders, and, in the early 1950 s , managed to find his way to the United States and back into film work as head of the newsreel division of the United Nations.

In 1961, Mr. Sharff began teaching film courses at Columbin University He retired in 1999 but continued to serve as professor emeritus in film. He served as chairman of the film division at Columbia for seven years and was responsible for the creation of the $\mathrm{Ph} . \mathrm{D}$. program in film studies,

As a filmmaker, Mr. Sharff had over 115 films to his credit, many of them documentaries created for public television. He produced a series for PBS on pivotal Supreme Court cases, another on famous authors, a prize-winning documentary on the Selma-Montgomery march and a film on Robert F. Kennedy during his year as attorney general. He also made two feature films, Across the River, which was honored at


## Stefan Sharff

Stefan Sharff
and Run, which was invited to the 1975 Cames Film Festival.

Mr. Sharff's signature course at Columbia University was the analysis of IIlm, which opened the eyes of several generations of budding filmmakers and film scholars to the underlying structural beauty and complexity of cinema. His theories on the elements constituting the basis of film as a true art form are detailed in his three books, beginning with Elements of Cinema: Toward a Theory of Cinesthetic Impact, published by Columbia University Press in 1981.

Mr. Sharff was a citizen of the world, fluent in four langunges. He and his family traveled many countries in thel world including Iran, Afghanistan, Indonesia, South America, Pakistun, Morocco, Egept, Kenya and throughout Europe.

In the United States he divided his time between New York City, St. Augustine, Flif., and his beloved Cornish farm where be is buried. Mr. Sharff was an affectionate and loving father and husband.

Members of his surviving family include his wife, Laura Foley of Cornish; three daughters, Monica Sharff of New York City, Joanna Sharff of Conway, Mass., and Nina Sharff of Cornish; three sons, Mathew Sharff of Putney, Vt, and Aaron Sharff and Billy Sharff, both of Cornish; and a granddaughter, Magdelena Sharff, of Putney,

In lieu of flowers, donations may be made in his memary to the Cornish Town Forest Fund,

# OBITUARIES 

> OBITUARIES, GEOM PAGE 19 Joan Shurcliff, 93

Joan Shurcliff, 93, of Cambridge and
 Ipswich, died January 31, 2007, at Mount Auburn Hospital in Cambridge, following a stroke, She was the wife of William A. Shureliff, who died in June 2006. They thad been married 65 years.

Born in Cambridge in 1913, she was the youngest of the five daughters of Elinor and Charles Hopkinson of Manchester.
Mrs. Shureliff and her sisters attended the Buckingham School in Cambridge and the Winsor School in Brooklime, a two-hour commute by train and trolley. She followed her sisters to Bryn Mawr College as well, and there she concentrated in English history, threw herself into theatricals and was president of the Glee Club.

Two days after her graduation from Bran Maws in 1935, accompanted by four classmates and a Bryn Mawr professor, Mrs. Shurcliff traveled by train throughout Russia - some 4,500 miles in all - studying life and conditions under Stalin and Socialism. Upon her return home, she got a job in New York City with the American Russian Institute, newly established to foster relations between these two countries.

Two years later, in 1937, accompanied by an old school friend, Mrs. Sharcliff drove across the American Southwest in the family car, studying cooperatives and conditions under the New Deal. Upon here return home, she went to work with the fledgling Massachusetts Civil Liberties Committee in Boston. She worked there three years.

She enjoyed the work and greatly enjoyed working with Mrs. Arthur A. Shurcliff, a lifelong social activist (in 1919 Mrs . Arthur A . Shurcliff hosted a meeting of fellow activists in her Beacon Hill home that led to the formation of the American Civil Liberties Union).

Soon she met the Shurcliffts' middle son, William. In a recent biogruphy of Mrs. Shurcliff, Mr. Shureliff wrote, "She and William had their first substantial conversation at a big picnic on Crane's Reach, Ipswich, in about 1937 when William was vacationing (from his job in New Jersey) with his parents in Ipswich. The conversation covered many topics but blossomed on linguistics, semantics, the English language, and books." They were married in January 1941 and joined the wat effort in Washington. D.C. While Mr Shurcliff, a Harvard-trained physicist, worked for the govemment, first on scientific research and then the Manhattan Project, Mrs. Shurcliff Found herself more and more bors de combat starting and raising a family.

When the family returned to Cambridge in 1948 , she returned to her volunteer work with foreign students, refugees, minorities and civil liberties. From 1953 to 1970, she was formally employed by Harvard University. She worked for two years at the Russian Research Center, processing information from defectors from the Soviet Union, and then she joined the Yenching Center, teaching conversational English to visiting scholars from Japan, Korea, and China.
"This was a wonderful time," states her son Charles. "My mother loved languages. And people. One day each fall the scholars came to Ipswich, nattily dressed in suits. They wandered all over the field and marsh. There was clam chowder and ears of corn roasted on the coals and apples from Goodale Orchard. A real introduction to one another and to New England. They all loved it and we did too,"

Mrs. Shureliff is survived by her sons, Arthur of Cambridge and Charles of Ipswich; and two grandchildren.

A memorial service will be held Saturday, March 17, at 11 am. at Story Chapel in Mount Auburn Cemetery, Cambridge.


## William A. Shurcliff, 97

William A. Shureliff, 97 , died June 20, 2006.
As a youth. De. Shurcliff loved the tidal creek that ran beside his ffimily house on Argilla Road in Ipswich and built a succession of kayaks of wood and canvas. As indicated by their names - the elecrron, proton. photon and deuteron (a double Eayak)- they were fast, perhaps the fastest in existence, 18 to 25 feet long but only 18 inches wide. They also suggested the course his life would take.
Two weeks after gradunting from Harvard College in 1930, Dr. Sbureliff set off from Ipswich in his parents' Model A Ford to drive around the country. He was accompanied by Argilla Road neighbor Talbot Rantoul. They covered 10,000 miles in six weeks, wrote Mr.

Shureliff years later, driving along "miserable washboard gravel
 roads" and experienced some 45 flat tires which they patched and re-pumped themselves.

Dr. Shurcliff received hil: Ph.D. in physies from Harvard in 1934 and spent the next tive years working for the Calco Chemical Co , in Bound Brook, $\mathrm{N} \mathrm{I}_{\text {L }}$, in spectrophotometry.
He married Joan Hopkinison of Manchester in 1941 and they moved to Washington, D.C., to join the war effiont.
Dr, Shurcliff worked first in the Office of Sicientific Research and Development and then the Manhattan Project. "The work was mighty exciting from the outset," wrote Dr Shurcliff: "The OSRD was the world's largest research-guiding and research-funding organization. It received almost unlimited funding, with no questions asked. And the director, De. Vanevar Bush, reported onily to President Roosevelt." In 1942, Dr. Shurcliff was shifted to the S-1 project, the project later known as the Manhartan Project and what Dr. Shurcliff called the most exciting phase of my work." At war's end he edited the famous Smyth report and soon in 1946 served as historimin of "Operation Crossroads," the atomic bomb demonstrations at the Bikini atoll. "I went there for a few days and then came back and typed like a madman." In the decades after the war, Dr. Shurcliff worked informally to keep nuclear arms and nuclear power in check, working closely with the Council for a Livable World and the Federation of Atomic Scientists,

In the 19505, he shifted to the private sector working at Polaroid Corp. in Cambridge, exercising his skills in optics andi invention (such is the self-focusing slide projector). In 1961 he wrote "Polarized Light," the finst and still definitive work on that subject From optics at Polaroid, Dr. Shurcliff moved to particle physics at Harvaud University, first working at the Harvard Electron Accelerator (atom smasher) and later teaching physics to freshman non-physicists. "He really loved this litte activity," states his son Charles. "He loved casting and necasting ideas to make thern simple and comprehensible yet wholly prosise and accurnte." To the anusement of other Harvard physics prolessors he was able to explain the complete theory of special relativity on the back of a standard envelope - all in words of one syllable.
"He was very respected among the faculty and the scientific community," states Priscilla MeMillan, historim und author of "The Ruin of J. Roben Oppenheimer and the Birth of the Moderrı Arms Race." "He was important to the Manhattin Project and it was he who stopped the SST."

Dr. Shurcliff is best remembered pertaps for his seemingly quixotic but sturningly successful campaign to stop development of supersonic passerger planes in particular the proposed American Sufersonic Thanspont Plane (SSI), all in his spave time, evenings and weekends, while employed by Harvard "On 399/67, 1 announod to a few friencs the creation of the Cititens League Against the Sonic Boom (CLASB)." Dr. Shurcliff served as director and his friend John Edsall, a highly respected professor it Harvard and member of the National Aculeny of Science, as depuly director. 'My
gereral strategy was to win over he press - get them to explain the threat of the soric boorn, airport noise, waste of money. Many pasons urged me to wickle the Congressmen, bit I felt thot this was premathere. They would pay much more attention after their constituentas began to damin the SST program" Dr. Shurcliff prepared newitetters, technical reports, sonic boom zone rraps and endless leturs. 'On a typical day I recaived about 20 leners, reports, etc., and mailed off about 20 replies, If one's desk is efficiently amanged and one can type falt, and one is lirief, one can type 10 or 15 letiers un hour:" The Federal Aviation Authority in Washingtorn assigred one man full time just to handle the letters from Dr. Shurcliff and CL. ASR meribers. D. Shurcliff invented a machine of "wood and rubber bands and bicycle handlebars" to iddress muil to all members, eventually totaling 4,000 . At the instigation of David Brower, forner director of the Siam Club and head of Friends of the Eath, Dr. Shurchiff wrote "SST and Sonic Boom Handlook" published by Ballantine Books, a concise summary of the many great dhawbacks and failings of the proposed SST. About 100,000 copies were sold, 10,000 to Shurcliff himself, who distribused them widely inclucting hand delivery to every otīice in the U.S. Congeass. By 1970 the anti-SST campaign was embraced by the environmental movernent, and in 1971 Congress voted down further appropriations.
When he retired, De Shurcifff went back to his first love. solar energy. He cataloguod ill existing solar heated houses in America with successive issues every few months to keep pace with the burgeoning construction. He himself developed miny solar heating methods and inventions. He wrote a dozzn books, including "Solar Shutters and Shades," "New Irventions," "100 Daring Inventions Tried and Untried," and "Super Solar Houses," His work was distinguished by simplicity and cormmon sense, a tuming away from higt-lech solutions. Dr. Sturcliff tecame recognized as one of the pioneers of solar heating and much of his work is current today.
Of all the books that be wrote, perhaps most satisfying to Dr, Shurcliff himself was the one written in 1952: "A Casual History of the Upper Purt of Argilla Road, Ipswich, Mass., since 1897," It describes the earliest arrivals (mostly doctors, hence the name "the Pillbox Community"), subsequent residents, and the gradually changing way of life and enduring activities. Fifty copies were printed. Dr. Shurcliff'sown fondest memory was "running the Fourth of July kite flying contest that he look over from his father," says his son Charles, "Up to 300) neighbors came, dispersed across the five-acre meadow and marsh, and nearly one hundred kites in the air if the winds were right. He really threw himself into it. It was great fun for everyone"

William Shurcliff is survived by his wife, Joan, his sons, Arthur and Charles; two grandduughters; and his sister, Elizabeth Shurcliff Lowell of Concord.

A memonal service will be held Fiday, July 7 at 11 a.m at the Storey Chapel ar ML. Auburn Cemetery. Cambridge.
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(obituary)

## Vindsor Chronicle . Windsor, Vermont

## Footprints Of The Past

## By Virginia Colby

## Dr. Nathan Smith Founder Of Four Medical Colleges

Twenty-eight-year-old Nathan Smith (1762 1829) was a farmer, until his interest in medicine was whetted when a country doctor ministered to a sick member of his family. Smith then studied medicine and went on to found medical schools at Dartmouth, Yale, Bowdoin and the University of Vermont.
Nathan Smith was born in Rohoboth, Mass. on September 30, 1762. His family subsequently moved to Chester, Vermont in 1770 where his father pioneered in farming.
Young Smith served in the Vermont Militia and at the age of eighteen was promoted from the ranks to a captain in his regiment. Later he served as a teacher in a local school.
Nathan Smith's first brush with medicine came when Dr. Josiah Goodhue of Putney, Vt. came to Chester to amputate a man's leg. Dr. Goodhue asked, of those who had come to watch the

Thankful Sherman Chase. Elizabeth died two years later leaving no children.
Subsequently Dr. Smith married the half-sister of Elizabeth, being the daughter of General Jonathan Chase and his second wife, Sarah Hall Chase. Dr. Smith acquired a large practice in Cornish usually making his rounds by horseback. Their first child, a son, was born in 1795.
In August of 1796, Dr. Smith presented to the trustees of Dartmouth College, a plan for establishing a Professorship of the Theory and Practice of Medicine. The trustees voted in favor of the plan, but to postpone action for one year. At this time there were only three schools in the United States where medicine was taught; the University of Pennsylvania, Columbia College and Harvard College.
Dr. Smith decided to spend the following year in acquiring for himself the best education he could

operation, if one of them would be willing to assist by holding the leg. Nathan boldly volunteered, and went so far as to tie the arteries. this episode so arroused his interest to study medicine that, after certain educational requirements were met, Dr. Goodhue offered him a home and medical tuition in return for necessary work required in the home of a country doctor. This arrangement lasted for three years. Following his apprenticeship Nathan Smith began the practice of medicine in Cornish, N.H.

Smith's Cornish connection resulted in the establishment of a life-long friendship with Lyman Spalding (1775-1821) with whose family Smith boarded while in Cornish.

Lyman Spalding, son of Col. Dyer Spalding, frequently accompanied Dr. Nathan Smith on his medical rounds through the countryside. Through Smith's influence Lyman Spalding became a doctor and the principal founder of the Pharmaceutical Guide, an authoritative text for all Registered Pharmacists and Physicians.
Two or three years of medical practice in Cornish emphasized for Smith the need for more knowledge in medicine and surgery.
Smith gave up his practice in Cornish and went to Cambridge, Mass. where he attended lectures on anatomy and surgery, chemistry, theory and practice of medicine and on natural philosophy. At the Harvard Commencement in 1790, he was awarded the degree of M.B. (Bachelor of Medicine), the only one in a class of four. His "Inaugural Dissertation on the Circulation of the Blood was published at the request of the faculty.
Upon graduation Dr. Smith returned to Cornish and married, January 16, 1791, Elizabeth, daughter of General Jonathan Chase and Mrs.
get, by enroling in the University of Edindurgn.
Great sacrifices were incurred as he had to borrow money for the trip and also be separated from his family. He sailed on the ship "Hope" December 18, 1796. He sttended classes, purchased books and supplies and spent three months in a London hospital working with eminent physicians.

With communications not as we know them today, and with death striking so swiftly, it was not uncommon for one to return home from a trip only to find a love one had died. Nathan Smith wrote the following letter, in part, to his wife Sally, "...yet my thoughts continually turn on you and our dear little son, whose name I cannot write without shedding tears on it. I imagine a thousand evils ready to befall him. ...Do my dear, if he still be living, and I dare not think otherwise, do, I say, watch over him with maternal care, kiss him for me a thousand times each day and tell him that his papa is coming soon. "Nathan Smith returned to Boston in September of 1797.

The first full course of medical lectures was delivered by Dr. Nathan Smith at Dartmouth in the fall of 1797 . Dr. Smith was appointed a Professor in August of 1798 "whose duty it shall be to deliver public lectures on Anatomy, Surgery, Chemistry, and the Theory and Practice of Physic." Thus the fourth medical school in the country was begun.

There is evidence in correspondence with his student, Dr. Lyman Spalding, that he had been experimenting with small-pox vaccination as early as 1800 . Daniel Webster is listed in the ledger of students, that Smith kept of his classes, for the year 1800.
In 1801 Dr, Smith had so many students that he
Continued on Page 21

## Jeff Plant, Christina Plant By Donald Mauhice Kheis For the Valley News

WHETHER YOU are a fan of architecture, a connoisseur of interior decoration or if you just like to check out the homes of strangers, the opportunities are rare indeed. Today is a noteworthy exception, and it features a virtuous premise.
Today is the 10th annual National Solar Tour Day, a brainchild of the American Solar Energy Society. The Society collaborates with various local and regional organizations - uround here it's the Northeast Sustainable Energy Association - and persuades the owners of solarpowered homes, residences with "green" design features and other energy efficient buildings to open them up to anyone who cares to stop by.
Organizers know that Americans are generally a cautious lot when it comes to the design of their houses. So the objective of the tour is to disabuse people of the notion that solar panels and other energy efficient design clements are only for hippies, llama owners, organic farmers and others on the counter-cultural back-to-the-land fringe.
Take, for example, Jeff and Christina Plant, whose home on Route 120 in Cornish Flat is on the tour. Both work at Dartmouth Hitchoock Medical Center, he's a nurse-anesthetist and she's in care management Thay watch TV in their living room, listen to a stereo and do not otherwise appear ready to catch the next love bus to the Woodstock Festival. They also live off the grid in a solar-powered house.

What made these people decide to seek out such a lifestyle? "We didn'1," Jeff Plant readily admits. It was the previous owners, apparently, who wanted to live

place. Oak timber framing, held together by pegs, clever joinery and gravity, rather than nails, is the work of local timberframer Tom Paige. The kitchen has elegant custom cabinetry of curly maple, with an ingenius special telephone desk and granite countertops, all by carpenter Dale Shafman of Cornish.

It was the countertops that hooked Jeff Plant, he recalls. And when the real estate agent mentioned that the place was solarpowered and not even connected to an electric utility, Plant figured: "Well give it a year. see what it's like and decide."
The verdict, eight years tater: "It's fine."
A wood stove in the basement provides nearly all the heat for this fiberglass-insulated home (rated R20 in the walls and R30 in the mof, for the tech-savvy). The stove is sensibly placed right in the center of the house, surrounded by a small opening that allows convection to move more warmith to the pair of bedrooms two floors above. A direct-vented propane wall furnace is useful chiefly when the owners will be away too long to feed the stove during heating season.
"We usually sleep with a window open in winter," Plant says:

To those whose mentil picture of solar power was formed even just a few years ago, the Plants' array of photo-voltaic panels will seem shockingly small. They moved the panels from the roof to the ground adjacent to their garage when they bought the place, since the panels need to be kept free of snow to produce energy in winter. (February is a great month for converting light toelectricity and November is by far the worst, according to Plant.) There are only eight panels, forming what looks like a small hut.

Being a nurse-anesthetist requires a certrin zest for derail and science, and that side of Jeff Plant will come out if he talks you into going to the basement to see the


corner full of wall-mounted gizmos that un the system, along with a vented cabinet full of deep cycle batteries at their feet o store the solar energy.

High-tech boxes by manufacturers Trace Engineering and Outback Power Systems (the latter apparently started by renegade engineers from the former,

This energy efficient home in Cornish owned by Christina and Jeff Plant will be on the tour today.

Valley News photochaphs David M. Barreda
who took their toys "out back" of the former employer to tinker) convert D power to AC . Their microcircuitry ca vary the charge to the batteries as appr priate, thus prolonging their life, an send beautiful sine waves of $A C$ pow upstairs. Square waves, and other king of harmonic distortion. are not good fc today's sensitive consumer electron devices.
The Plants are not the energy efficier cy equivalent of religious fundamenta ists. They have an 8,000 -watt propans fueled backup generator behind the garage - and they definitely use it reg larly since they need it to run their was ing machine. A refrigerator also runs 0

See EnEAGY-EfFICIENT - $C$

# olaruno 

## Doug Miller, Betty Miller By RICK MINARD

Valley News Stalf Writer
CORNISH - Doug Miller and Betty Baunert would have to be snails to be more nvolved with their home.
Solarumo, as their house is called, is made If 750 tons of granite, cement, plastic and lass. The solar house gets its name because t is the couple's first house.
Yet the couple is even mere committed to romoting alternative energy than to the tiique bouse they designed and built. Miller nd Baumert will host the third annual Sun Day Energy Fair at their bome on Suniday May 3: a day long series of exhibits, talks and rerkshops
"It's part of our main goal," Baumert sald They treat their home as a public roource, a ivic reminder of the power of the imaginaion and the sun. Hundreds of people have oured the building, receiving a pamphlet lescribing its design and performance
Baumert is 27, a spritely woman who works $s$ an administrator of the Resource Policy roup of Dartmouth's Thayer School of Engicering
Miller is 35 . A solid man of average size, he vorks for his father at Miller Construction nc. in Windsor
Both speak sottly, but with enthusiasm and ssurance. They are pood teachers, patient xplainers, Schoolchildfen can relax at their ining room table and ask questions for nergy projects.

Solaruno's most arresting feature is its ranite. Miller and Baumert bought their even-acre site on Town Hoase Road becatae included a pit filled with granite blocks uarried decades aro on Mount Ascutney They used a louging truck to move the one



HOLIDAY HELPERS - These four members of the South Cornish Home Economics Group put together 18 fruit and food baskets that were later delivered to 19 home-bound people. The holiday basket project is some-
thing the group does every year. Left to right a Marion Boardman, Marjerie Kidder, Edna Guest a Betty Caterino, (Ruth Rollins Photo) South Cornish Economics Group



## Squag City



Old Phote of Squag Cirg loated in Cornid, notr the Cormith-Plainfindi town line.

## SQUAG CITY

## Story \& Photos By Charles B. Fetcher

In the town of Comish, look real close and you can find a ciry - Squag City, to be exact. If you have a copy of the New Hampshire Athas and Gazetteer, see map. 33 on the left side, next to the Comnecticut River, just below the Plainfield town line. Driving from Claremont travel north on route 12 A - once over the Cormish town line you will begin to see numerous historical buildings and sites. You first encounter the Chase House, home of Salmon Chase, Secretary of the Treasury during the Lincoln years. Continuing along the road on the right is the old Trinity Episcopal Church along with its cemetery. Down a hill and to the lefr you come to the Cornish - Windsor covered bridge. (A note about the bridge: James E. Tasker of Cornish along with his
author of this arricle.) Still driving north. you will soon encounter more interesting places. First is the Saint-Gaudens National Historical Site, then the Blow-Me-Down Mill. Just past the mill you will see the Chase Cemetery and the start of Platt Road where we will begin our journey into the part of the old Cornish Colony of which a portion is Squag Ciry:

I had noticed Squag City on the map and happened to know a genteman who lives in the area. I made contact and was invited to his home to calk about and rake a guided tour of the Squag City. Thar is why on a cold November afternoon. Mr. Peter Burling and I were driving around: I was carefully listening as Peter related his vast knowledge of the area to me. partner Bela J. Flercher were in charge of the construction. Bela Fletcher was the great, great, grandfather of the


Squag Ciry is a small area, but had some notable residents, along with a few small industrics. Two indus-

## Squag City

tries involved working with lumber and both were on the Blow-Me-Down brook. On Platt road at the Comish/Plainfield line where the new cement bridge crosses the brook, look upstream. It was there that a mill which manufactured several wooden articles was located. Primarily, the five or six employees made coffins, other items were axe helves (handle of an axe), wooden spokes, and fence pickets. During the Civil War they turned out wooden ram rods which were used with the artillery of the day to push the powder charge down the barrel.

Down stream, about a half-mile, near the Blow-Me-Down covered bridge, was the location of the second mill. This mill is described in the book Chaice White Pines and Good Land as being located in Squag City. The book also mentions that the mill, without moving, has been located in both Cornish and Phinficld. When it was buile the mill was in Plainfield, but with the changing of the town lines, its remains, old stone foundation and what was part of a dam, is now mostly in Cornish. The book also mentions that most of the lumber used in home and barn construction in Squag


Old Traty School, now a private home.
home, but started out as the Tracy District School. Traveling further along, Peter took a side road that lead us to another beautiful home in that same arec. On the side of the road sits an old rail-road baggage can - one can only wonder how it ended its career in a location so far from any nailroad.

Another interesting site to visit, although not in Squag City, can be found further up on Lang Road. It is the Whitten family cemetery. In this peaceful location the Whitten quadruplets are interned. The History of Cornish notes that the children were named Wonderful, Marvelous, Strange, and True, but only lived a short time. The day my wife and I visited, someone had placed pumpkins around in the City came from this mill. Just over the Blow-Me-Down covered bridge we take Squag City Road to Platt Road. then turn right onto Lang Road. Up the hill. past the Burling home, on the left, is a small, white, clapboarded building. with what appears to a bell tower on the roof. Today it is a


## Squag City



Whiten Fumily Cenurtery an Lang Road
cemetery. I asked, and was told the pumpkins appeared last year, then again this year. Pethaps a tadition has been started.

Back in Squag City we drive past another grand home which Peter relates was the home of Admiral William Mayhew Folger, a naval officer who, after his graduation from the Naval Academy in 1864, saw some action during the Civil Waw. During the Spanish American war he was the captain of the USS New Orleans and involved in action around Cuba. The Admiral commanded many naval squadrons and ended


Adminal Folger House
his career as the commanding officer of the complete Asiatic Fleet. I read that the Adminal's wife had a sense of humor - once after the Admital made the statement "1 smap my finger, many men jump", his wife answered "When I smap my finger, one man јumps!"

On the top of a hill, with a view of a picturesque valley, is a home named "High Court." It was designed by a famous architect, Charles A. Platt. The owner was a woman by the name of Annic Lazatus. The
house had been completed, then burned to the ground. The second time it was constructed of brick instead of wood. The poet Emma Lazarus wrote a sonnet "The New Colossus" part of which we have all read the following: "Give me your tired, your poor, your huddled masses yearning to breathe free. The wretched refuse of your teeming shore." If you said this phrase is on the


## Highi Cours, built by Charles A. Plant.

Stante of Liberty you are correct. Amnic Lazarus was Emma's younger sister.

The architect Charles A. Platt built a home across the road from "High Court", 1 read that the home was beautiful - however. what set it apart from other homes in the area were the gardens that Mr. Platt designed and had built. Mr. Platt designed many homes in the Cornish Colony along with projects in several cities. In the book Footprints of the Past one can read about many of his works. There is mention in the book that during one study of his work it took over twenty two pages to list most of his accomplisfiments.

Social life in Squag City and the Cornish Colony hinged on taking the buggy or the sleigh, depending on the weather and going "Calling" or visiting with others in the colony. Whatever you had for a project for the day was completed, then you changed in proper clothing and then went calling. When you were calling and the host asked if you would like a drink, think about the

## Squag City



View looking down Lang Rood towatrds Squag City ice served in that drink. There is reference that for one winter supply a home owner purchased "Three hundred sixteen cakes of ice ar a cost of two cents a cake". Then came the cost of getting to the ice house on the properry - he had to pay thirty five cents an hour for a team of oxen to move the ice and then paid one dollar and seventy five cents to have it stacked. All this was just for the winter supply, and spring was just around the comer.

It would appear persons of importance in the Comish Colony and Squag City felt it necessary to atrach a name to their homes. The following is a short list of such names: White House, Aspec, Treetops, Orchard Kiln, Tanager House, Chascholm. Doveridge, Crossways, Harlakenden, The Oaks, and Mastlands. If you stop at Blow-Me-Down Mill there is a New Hampshire historical marker naming some of the famous inhabitants of the area. Others not mentioned are: Winston Churchill (American author) and Learned Hand (Chief Judge, second circuit appeals cours. New York City).

## Three hundred turn out <br> EA, Tk Timor MAR $2,144 e y+21$

CORNISH, N.H. - Marion and Itesse Stone were hanored on the occasion of their golden wedding anniversary with a celebration at Cornish Town Hall March 11. More than 300 people attended.
The Stones were married by the Rev. Thomas Ingram March 9. 1940, at the Plainfield Baptist Church. Both were born in Cornish and have resided there most of their lives.
Jesse Stone was employed on farmis in Plainfield anid Cornish prior to their marriage and has lived on MeClary Farm, Cornish, ever since.
Marion Stone has played a part in the lives of many youngsters during her teaching career. Graduating fram Keene Normul School in 1936, her first teaching position was in a one-room school in Cavendish, teaching all eight grades. Next, she taught in Plainfield and abso Gilsum, before marrying and starting a family. After the birth of her daughter, May, she returned to teaching on 1943 and taught two yeans in the one-room achool at Cornish Center, after which she

## took time out for the births of eans

## Ray and Roy.

Marion Stone returned to teaching in 1956 at the new consolidated Cornish School, where she taught until 1970, serving as principal for two of those years. She taught the next seven years at Meriden-Plainfield, where she retired in 1977. She was among teachers honored during the 175th anniversary of Kimball Union Academy in 1988.

The Stones were not only parents to their own three children, but were also foater parents for George and Charles Abbott, who grew up with them and have continued the family bond.

Both Stones are members of Park Grange 249, as well as Pomona, State and National Grange. Jense is state master of Pomona Grange and Marinn is chairman of the education committee of New Hampshire State Grange.

Jesse is a member of Cheshire Lodge 23 and both were Enstern Star members when a chapter was
active in Cornish. Marion is a member of the Retired Teachers Aseociation and both are members of the United Church of Cornish.

Jesse Stone is also a charter member of the Cornish Fair Asaciation, serving as director 40 years and serving as president for 16 of those years. He has aleo served as a New Hampshire State Fair director for 18 years.

State Sen. George Disnard of Claremont was present to recognize Jesse and Marion Stone with a resolution stating, "The institution of marriage is most beautiful when lived in love and mutual concern, and is the nucleus for a succusaful society."

Congratulations from the N.H. Sonate were signed by William 8 Bartlett Jr. the body's president, and Disnard, who is deputy whip.

Most State Grange officers attended the anniversary celebration, as did officers and other members of area granges. Also in attendance were many New Hampahire State Fair officers.

Relatives and friends attended from New Hampshire, Vermont.

## for Stones' anniversary

Massachusetti, Maine, Now York; Connecticut and Florida. Among them was Janice Stokee of Williamstown. Mass., a college classmate of Marion.

The party was arramged by the eouple's childrent Mr and Mrs . Roy Stone and Mr, and Mrs, Ray Stone of Cornish; Mr. and Mrs. James Sullivan of Intercession City, Fla.

They were helped by Churles and Pat Abbott, George and Betty Ablott, and Ruth and Paul Rollinu, who all live in Cornish, und Myrtie Starkey of Lempster.

Grandchildren Maria, Jason and James Stone were in change of the guest book. Also attending was 3 -year-old granddaughter dennifer Stone and several children of the Abbott families. Unable to uttend was granddaughter Shannon Stone

The anniversary cake was made and decorated by fluth Rollins. The couple received many gifts, including floral arrangements and a money tree

Jesse Stone
Marion Stone


Jesse and Marion Stone

## Stonewalls



Bruce Curtis, an examiner with the Dry Stone Walling Association of Great Britain, gets a close look at a retaining wall being built by Travis Callahan of Claremont (background). Fellow examiner Dave Goulder is at left. Callahan
had a day to build the wall as part of his certification as a man. The testing took place last month in Walpole, N.H.


## ine suinivans: Still in love with the land

3y RUTH ROLLINS ontributing Writer CORNISH - When Shirley fullivan was a youngster, ahe oved animals and used to tell her nother that some day she was oing to marry a farmer so she ould have all the animals the vanted.
"My father raised chickens and ve had a dog, but I wanted more," aid Shirley with a laugh. "It was ind of funny the way it worked ut, meeting Fred and actually narrying a farmer."
At a 4-H gathering, Shirley's $4-$ group was suppose to swap lance partners and it turned out was Fred she danced with. We've been dancing together ver since," she said. Both graduted from Stevens High School nd the couple married soon after red graduated from the Jniversity of New Hampshire.
Fred moved from Meriden to Cornish at age six, when his parints bought a 100 acre farm on Enst Road and set up farming vith two horses and eight cows. Even then Dad had a milking nachine," said Fred. "He always elieved in improvements." Fred and Shirley Sullivan have pent their entire married lives mproving and modernizing

Brokenridge Farm, which Fred took over in 1967. The dairy and sugaring couple have been recognized many times for their farming practices. Most recently, they were awarded the New Hampshire Farm Bureau Federation's Profile Award for 1999. This is an honor that goes to people who make lasting contributions to the state's agriculture, their community and the Farm Bureau.
Over the years, the Sullivans have held open barn events, Dairy Herd Improvement Association picnics and farm visits by school children and adults. "The more attention the animals get, the friendlier they are," said Fred, adding that he likes the visits because it gives him the opportunity to explain agriculture and encourage its support.
People are also welcome to drop in at the Brokenridge Sugarhouse - which is located on Route 120 - where about 1,000 gallons of syrup is boiled down each year from 5,000 taps. Many achool groups take advantage of this stop.
"Quite often, we have a person that wonders why we get $\$ 34$ for


LOVING THEIR WORK - Fred and Shirley Sulliv Cornish were recently honored with the New Hampshire Bureau Federation's Profile Award, given to people who lasting contributions to the state's agriculture, their co nity and the Farm Bureau. (Wayne Carter photo)
a gallon of syrup, when they ean buy Vermont maple syrup for less," asid Fred. When he naks them where they come from and why they moved here, most reply because it is beautiful country and the folinge is 30 pretty.

Then Fred, with his rich New England nocent and slight twinkle in his eyo, tells them Now Hampshire maple syrup is better because the prevailing winds blow east. When the maple seeds fly off, the best ones land in New Hampshire. When he has them in his spell with his dry wit and Yankee humor, he warns them that if they don't buy syrup from him, he would have to cut down all the Rock Maples and they would have to move further North to Canada to buy good maple syrup.

Sugaring season is determined by Mother Nature and when the sap is running well it often meant out or both boiling night and day.

Presently, the couple operates their purebred Jersey herd and maple enterprise in partnorship with their son, Charles, (better known as Chuck) and daughter-in-law, Cassie. The hame farm acreage has been increased to 200 acres and another 66 acres hag been purchased over the years. Also another 150 acres is rented for baying and growing carn annually. Most of the harvest is put into haylage and silnge which is atored in underground bunkera.

Total mix ration (TMR) is fed to the cattle daily. Fred said TMR is made up of corn silage, haylage, brewers grain, cornmeal, focus meal, and "all the vitamins and minerals that our grain nutritionist figures is the right mix." The nutritioniat is at the farm often to check the feed.

This is all put into a Reed Auggie mixer wagon, which is driven down through the barn to feed the animals. Previously, computer feeders were used, but Fred said agriculture changes so
often that to stry up with times they went to TMR mixed rations. "It was one of the better decisions we have over made, our animals are fed rations mixed to produce an average of 40 pounds of milk ench day."

The herd is housed in an enviroumentally cold barn. "All of our farm is environmentally cold, Mother Nature meant for animals to thrive in the cold," said Fred. All the cattle roam freely thruughout the loafing barn, where water is readily available to them.

The stalls are three feet by six feet and each cow has free choice of where to lay down when tired. Some have favorite stalls, others are not ab cheory and stop in anywhere. Fred said the cows atay a lot cleaner with this type of setup.
Using a tractor, the stalls are scraped out daily and the manure is pushed outside into a atorage pit, with a concrete bottom. Waste liquids are siphoned off into a lagoon, designed to leach nutrients onto an adjacent corn field. The solid manure is atockpilod in heaps on the corn fields, ready to spread when the Sullivan's can get on the land in the spring.

The Brokenridge Farm herd totals 250 animals, with 150 milk cows. They raike calves which are housed in greenhouses. Fred and Shirley do the milking in the morning, going to the barn at 3 a.m. to get things ready. Milking begins about 4 a.m., and all milking is done in the milking parlor. The milk is then shipped to Cabot Creamery in Middlebury, Vt.
"By the time we clean everything up, and I get the calves fed, we are lucky to get in For breakfast by 9 or $9: 30$ a.m., said Shirley, who then rushes to shower and get hersalf off to a job at North Country Door Shop.

Forming is a lot of work even today, but the changes have made life a little ensier "Back in earlier
days, Shirley and I elimbed up into silos to shovel out food. Now there are no more towers, a bucket loader is used to ready the silage and the driver can sit in the heated cab of a tractor," said Fred, who also starts the evening milking and is presently helping to build a now harn.

His motto has always been if you take care of the land, the land will take care of you."
"Our lives have been involved in our farming, but we have shared our time with the town too. We are very proud of our family and of our town. I can't think of a better place to live," Fred said.

Both have been active in the Carnish Fair Association and for many years were chnirpersons of large cattle shows, They have also been active $4-\mathrm{H}$ leaders.

Shirley was a charter member of the Cornish Hescue Squad, a member of the Volunteer Firemen's Ladies Auxiliary, trustee of trust funds for the Town of Cornish and was the first female direetor of the New Hampshire Maple Producers Association. They are both members of the Farm Bureau.

Fred is a member of the Sullivan County Soil Conservation Association and a member and past president of the N.H. Jersey Cattle Club. He is a former member of the Cornish Fire Department, Cornish Planning Board, Cornish Conservation Commission and Zoning Board. He also served one three year term as Cornish Selectman.
When the Sullivans retire, they want to do things logether, which hopefully will include some trayeling. However their love for their son, Chuck and daughter Joan and their families, that include six grandchildren, will always beckon them home to Cornish, wherever they choose to travel,

She worked in the medical surgical ward at Alice Peck Day Hospital in Lebanon and Claremont General Hospital in the maternity ward for 22 years. She retired in 1991.

Mrs. Sweetser was a member of the Circle 8 Square Dance Group and the St. Anne Society. Her hobbies included crocheting, afghans, doilies and quilts and many other crafts which she enjoyed giving to the children at David's House and Valley Regional maternity ward. She especially loved spending holidays and time with her family.

Members of her surviving family include four daughters, Elaine Beebe of Milford, Anne Toy of Largo, Fla., Reigh Helen Sweetser of Cornish and Julie ${ }_{T}$ Richardson of Claremont; 11 grandchildren; 18 greatgrandchildren; and several nieces and nephews.

She was predeceased by a son, Earl Sweetser, who died in 1963.

Friends may call at the Stringer Funeral Home, 146 Broad St., Claremont, on Wednesday from 6 to 8 p.m.

The St. Anne Society will meet Wednesday at 7 p.m. at the funeral home for services.

A Mass of Christian burial will be celebrated at 11 a.m. Thursday at St. Mary's Church in Claremont with the Rev. Shawn M. Therrien, pastor, officiating.

Interment will follow in St. Francis Cemetery in Windsor.

The family suggests that donations be made in her memory to the maternity ward at Valley Regional Hospital, 243 Elm St., Claremont, N.H. 03743. Funds will be used for babies with needs and their families.

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## Ruth V.

## Sweetser, 86

CLAREMONT - Mrs. Ruth Vetaline Sweetser, 86, of Wall Street, died Sunday morning (Oct. 13, 2002) at Valley Regional Hospital.

She was born in Hyde Park, Vt., on Sept. 21, 1916, the daughter of Lewis and Emma (Patnoe) LaClair and resided in Claremont for the past 20 years.

She married Carroll Melvin Sweetser on July 29,1935, in East Hardwick, Vt., and moved to Cornish in 1946. Mr. Sweetser died in 1967.

Mrs. Sweetser graduated from New Hampshire Vo-Tech College in Claremont in 1969 where she received her nursing degree as a licensed practical nurse.

# Wóman Views Unfairness in Vista Taxes 

By John P Gregg epr 13, 20 á a result, dozens of landowners Valley News Staff Writer

CORNISH - When Kay Wegner looks out of her home on a subdivided old farm off Lang Road, she can enjoy a view of the far hills of Vermont.

When she looks at her tax bill for the 6.5 -acre property, she sees a nagging disparity that hits Cornish and other towns in New Hampshire.

Under the town's rural residential zoning, she and her husband are taxed on the view from a 5 -acre home site. But many of the larger properties in Cornish including some elegant estates - are taxed for the view from a much smaller house site because they are enrolled in the state's current use program, which trumps local zoning for tax purposes.
such as reclusive author J.D. Salinger and House Democratic Leader Peter Burling - are saving hundreds of dollars a year when it comes to the so-called "view tax," according to an analysis of 28 Cornish properties by Wegner, who served on a town Current Use/Tax Assessment Review Committee.

A similar situation also exists in Plainfield, which this past year assessed properties using a "condition" rating that includes an assessment of the view.

Wegner said the state's current use program, town zoning and the relatively new view factor are colliding to create a "witches" brew" that is unfair to many of the 350 homeowners in Cornish who don't have enough land to enroll in current use.
"I support current use," said Wegner.
"The real issue is the increasing burden and squeeze is being put on the non-current use property owners."

Here's why, as 'Wegner and her supporters see it.

In Cornish, the base value for land that comprises a house site is assessed at $\$ 18,000$ for 1 acre, $\$ 19,500$ for 2 acres, and $\$ 24,000$ for a 5 -acre house site. Acreage in between those sizes is prorated for base value, and other factors,

See Woman Views-A5

[^4]

But on top of that, the condition rating, based in large part on the view, can dramatically drive up the assessed value of the house lot.

Because the Wegners have a 395 percent condition rating, for example, the land that comprises what the town considers to be a 5 -acre house site is assessed at $\$ 113,000$, not including the value of their home itself.
By contrast, Salinger's hilltop home has a 500 percent condition rating, in large part because of the view, but under current use he is considered to have a house site of just 2.4 acres, not 5 acres as the Wegners and dozens of other homeowners are assessed.

As a result, Salinger's house site land valuation is $\$ 120,600$, not the $\$ 144,000$ it would be if 5 -acre zoning were applied to the property, according to the calculations by Wegner

With a $\$ 24$ per $\$ 1,000$ of valuation tax rate, being taxed for a view on the smaller house site under current use saves Salinger more than $\$ 560$ a year in taxes.

Similarly, Burling saves some $\$ 120$ a year on the tax for his view of Mount Ascutney from his 171-acre farm, thanks to his enrollment in the current use program. Burling's house site is deemed to be 2.75 acres, not 5 acres as town zoning might otherwise dictate in that neighborhood. (The "condition" of Burling's house site is rated to be 150 percent.)

About 84 percent of the land in Cornish - and 52 percent statewide - is in current use, a 31 -year-old program in New Hampshire that provides tax breaks for farmland and forestland to promote land conservation. Vermont also has a current use program, though the assessments and acreage remuirements differ.

At Town Meeting last month, Wegner proposed that al residential properties in Cornish should be able to use the smaller house-site definitions already claimed by the 280 homes in current use when it came to tax assessments.

But Selectboard Charrman Larry Dingee, who also has land in current use, said Wegner's proposal would require a major zoning ordinance change and should go through the Planning Board first.
When Wegner asked that a committee at least discuss her proposal, Burling, who is also the Town Moderator called for a voice vote and deemed her request did not have enough support to pass.

However, a show of hands determined, by a $32-27$ vote that Cornish residents do want the measure to be studied and the new committee is to hold its organizational meeting today.
Clearly, opinion is split on the matter.
Several supporters of the existing system noted that Cornish cannot change the state current use program, which by its very nature is designed to lower taxes on farm or forestland.
Asked whether Wegner was raising a valid point, Barbara Reid, an assistant commissioner at the Department of Revenue Administration and the chairwoman of the Current Use Board, replied, "No, I don't think so, because the current use program is a constitutionally sanctioned, alternative way of valuing property. The way we value land in current use is different."

Because current use in New Hampshire generally requires a parcel to have at least 10 acres of land, mandating that house sites in the program conform with local zoning could disqualify some properties.

For example, a 12 -acre property with a 5 -acre house site would no longer qualify for current use, Reid noted.
And Cornish Selectman Bill Gallagher, whose 49-acre farm is in current use, said the view tax is simply magnifying New Hampshire's heavy reliance on the property tax to pay for schools and other services.
"Current use is a state law, and I guess when people come to a rural town and buy property, the first thing they should check on is the tax structure, and if they don't do that, then I can see where they might have a problem once reality is obvious to them," Gallagher said.
"I think (Wegner's) energy would be better spent work-
the town. I think the property tax is just putting the heat under this problem that she has."
But Wegner is hardly a newcomer; she and her husband have owned their Cornish property since 1992 and moved into their house in 1996. They also previously lived in Hanover.
Moreover, the view rating was not directly applied in Cornish until about two years ago, and several people familiar with the issue believe she may be raising a valid point.
"I think it's a valid thing for the town to research. Current use does create some assessing inequity because of zoning," said Gary Roberge, the CEO of Avitar Associates of New England, the Chichester, N.H., assessing company hired by Cornish, Plainfield and some 96 other communities in the state.
Merilynn Bourne, a newly elected selectboard member whose Cornish home is not in current use, said she is also "curious about" the issue.
"That's an interesting perspective to say everyone maybe should be able to describe the house lot the way people in current use do," said Bourne.
"That may be a good idea. I don't have a problem with that concept."

## "The current use lobby is one of the most potent and hardly

## recognized lobbies."

Steve Taylor<br>New Hampshire commissioner of agriculture

And John Reagan, the executive director of the Coalition of New Hampshire Taxpayers, said his group doesn't object to the current use program, but believes state law may need to be changed.

His group plans to meet with Cornish residents next month.
"Apparently she really hit on something that hasn't been touched on before but is a very valid peint," Reagan said.

Burling said he does not have enough expertise in fair market valuation to determine whether Wegner was raising a valid issue, but said current use also inherently boosts the value of a house site "because it is surrounded by beau-

Certainly the tair market value of a house sitting in tne middle of 20 acres of land in current use is worth far more than the same house sitting in the middle of 20 acres open to development," Burling said.

Roberge, the Avitar executive, said home site values of properties in current use can be higher than non-current use parcels, but "you see it more in urban areas," such as when a home with 12 acres in current use is surrounded by an otherwise crowded suburban neighborhood.

Most of the area around the Cornish Arts Colony, where Burling, Wegner and Salinger live, is rural residential, 5acre zoning, though some parts of town have 2-acre or 1acre zoning, as well.
If New Hampshire lawmakers ultimately believe Wegner may be raising a disparity that should be changed, they could look no further than Vermont to see how it might be addressed.
In Vermont, the house site is generally described as the house and first 2 acres, regardless of whether a property is enrolled in current use, according to several tax officials, although some condition factors may apply to the residual land.
Frank Ackerman, a Cornsh resident since 1949 who sells real estate and is not in the current use program, said he believes it now benefits wealthy landowners more than farmers and said he supports Wegner's efforts to address the discrepancy
"Now, basically, it seems as though folks are using it for their estates," Ackerman said of current use.
But changing anything about current use at the state level is difficult, said New Hampshire Commissioner of Agriculture Steve Taylor, a Meriden resident and member of the Current Use Board.
"The current use lobby is one of the most potent, and hardly recognized, lobbies," said Taylor, who noted that beneficiaries include institutional investors such as Dartmouth College and Lyme Timber Co. and thousands of individual landowners.
"They are a potent lobby."

## Windser Chronsele aus 1411987 pell

## Che

$\mathbb{C}$he "Tea Tray" was a landmark in the days of the Cornish Colony. The tea house was on Route 12A, the first house north of the Cornish-Windsor covered bridge. It was operated by Marie Parker, of Orange, New Jersey, who also shared her house with her sister, Mrs. Anna Parker Morris, her niece Mariamne (later Mrs. Clement Newbold), and her brother, the surgeon Dr. John Parker.

The "Tea Tray" will be remembered for its beautiful two-faced sign painted by Maxfield Parrish. Sue Lewin, Maxfield Parrish's favorite model, posed for three of the four characters in the sign.

The tea house was open afternoons and many members of the Cornish Colony, along with others, enjoyed a pleasant afternoon of sociability. President Wilson's family also patronized the tea house.
Lydia Parrish noted in her diaries of visits from Marie Parker, whose proper name was Marianne Meade Parker.

During the winter months Marie and her sister operated a Tea Tray in Aiken, South Carolina. The Cornish "Tea Tray" was sold to Elizabeth Perkins in 1922. Included here are some of the favorite recipes served in the "Tea Tray."


The Sullivan County Women's Chris jan Temperance Union held its annua institute at Cornish Flat, Thursdas Mav 20th, in the The First Bapti= Church; County President. Mr: Alfred Whitney of Wendell, in th chair.

After customary opening exercises committees were appointed by th chair as follows: Courtesies, Mesdame Spaulding ami Kibbey; Union Signa: Mrs. Chase; Young Crusader, Mrs Moody; Granite State Outlook, Mrs Stowell; distribution of literature. Mis Hunton; resolutions, Mrs. Sanders an Cowles; reporter, Mrs. Barnes.

In the absence of the recordine secretary, Mrs. Chase was appointes secretary pro tem, an fread the minute of the last meeting, followed by th treasurer's report.

That our State president, Mrs. Eille R. Richardson of Concord, was with $u$ combined a pleasure and profit that w all cordially appreciated. She concisels stated the object of our county in stitutes: mutual helpfulness by compar ing, methods of the unions in their work
Reports from six of the eight unions in Sullivan County followed, Mrs. Stor: representing the Mrs. Mary E. Part. ridge Union, Claremont; Mrs. Moody Sunapee; Mrs. Breed, West Unity Mrs. Brown, Cornieh; Newport and South Acworth reported by letters.
A propos an inquiry as to the status of "Votes for Women" in the unions a this county, the query having led intr wider fields, Mrs. Richardson read ar illuminative letter by a Boston liquor dealer to his confreres of the trade stating the disasters that would engula the liquor traffic by the enfranchise ment of women. She also read statistics from several of the equal suffrage states that showed very plainly why the "interests" fear "votes for women." The noontide prayer service was conducted by Mrs. Breed of Unity. The singing of "I need The every hour." and reading of the 27th Psalr gave the keynote for this helpfus service.
The "basket lunch" as per program was so metamorphosed under the hospitable hands of the hostess unior as to be quite unrecognizable as such
Between this and the hour of reassembling an opportunity was given us to visit the George H. Stowell Memorial Library, a courtesy we cof

The afternoon session opened with
brief consecration service, the Rev. F J. Franklyn leading in prayer. A mos cordial welcome was given by Mrs Brown of Cornish, to which Mra. Mood: of Sunapee gave a felicitons response An essay on "Peace and Arbitration" by Master Kenneth S. Hunt receive closest attention, showing as it did remarkable grasp of the topic from viewpoint embracing benefits resulting thereby from international to indus trial relations.

An outline of the object of Peace Clubs, method of organization and ar earnest plea for the formation of such clubs was read by the secretary. Mrs. Richardson moved that a message be sent from this institute to President Woodrow Wilson expressing an appreciation of the masterful manner ir which he is guiding our 'Ship of State' in these perilous times. Motion carried and Miss Partridge was appointed to forward the same.
Mercy Home at Manchester, founded and fostered by the New Hampshire Women's Christian Temperance Union was vividly pictured to us by Mrs. Richardson and Miss Partridge, both speaking on the topic assigned Mrs. Coburn, treasurer of the Home, who could not be present, "Girl Life at the Mercy Home." Twenty-one girls are receiving an all-round education at the Home, State Superintendeat of Educa tion Morrison endorsing the school system that forms a part of their "all around training."
Three State Superintendents, viz., Mrs. Story, Purity in Art and Literature Miss Partridge, Mercy Work; and Mrs. Palmer, Prisons and Alms House; each gave interesting reports of the work of their respective departments.
The Temperance Battle Hymn, written by Miss Partridge for the State Women's Christian Temperance Union. was sung with the enthusiasm the spirited words evoke. Mrs. Dyer of Canada was introduced, bringing gree:ings from the Province of Quebec and telling most interestingly of Women's Christian Temperance Union work there. Mr. Skinner, pastor of the Congregational Church of Cornish, was slso introduced and made encouraging and congratulatory remarks. An address by Mrs. Richardson coacluded the program. The absorbed attention given her was a merited tribute to her inspiring resume of Women's Christian Temperance Union endeavors, successes and plans along all the lines of our work "For God and home and

FROM
MIUSUMMER NIGET*S DREAM. GIVEN BY THE CEINISH CHILDREN Cornieh N. H.

July 1909

Cuince, a carrestcr. Fokert Littell.
Snug, a joiner.
Thomas R, Ccward.
Bottcm, a weaver, Clarles F. Fuller.

Filute, a bellows-nenčer. Leonard Cox.
Starvelirg, a tailor. Caroline Cox.

Cberon.
Titania,
Fuck.
Teaseblossom.
Cobureb.
Mcth.
Mustardseed,
$x^{\text {Ax }}$ Fairy.
$2^{\text {No }}$ Fairy,

Clara E. Fuiler. Syivia Hy çe. Enten Shirman.

Sau1 Et. Gauce-s. Helena Mitcbell.

Arvia Mackaye.
Whittemore Li!tell.
Mabel Churchill.
Valentine Mitchell.
Other fairies attencing the Queen;-
Evan Shipman, Nargaret Littell, Antea Marie Dara, Raclel Danicls, Polly Williams.

Fairies attercing the Kirg;-
Prescott Evarts, Elizabeth Evarts, Robin
Mackaye, Gciffey Waters, Eleator Hill, Rutw Hitaker, Grace Whitaker, Tracy Spaldirg, Eva Hill, Gordon Elummer.

## CORNISH ROAD TOUR

## Beginning at the Cornish School turn east on Townhouse Road. Go a ven short distance



* The Old Town Hall was built in 1840 as a church. Its parishoners wanted to move to Vermont, and sold it to the town.
*The small white building to its right was $\mathbb{S c h o o l h o u s e ~}$

valav Niows - Mocora Hebert


## An architect's model of the proposed town office building in Comish.

## Cornish Studies New Office Plan

By ED BALLAM<br>Valley News Staff Writer

CORNISH - According to town officials, this town has outgrown its fown office - a little brick building built in the late 1000 s .
That's why there is an article on the town's warrant requesting $\$ 175,000$ to construct a new town office on town-owned property on North Parsonage Road, near the highway department shed and the elementary school, said Cornish Selectmen Chairman Michael Yatey itch.

The current town office is "shably in the extreme and relief must be found as quickly as possible," ac cording to a report in last year's town report prepared by a commitlee on town office space.

The new building will accommodate the selectmen, town clerk, tax collector, treasurer and police department. It will have a fireproof 16 -by-18-foot vault to store important town records, Yatevitch said.
The building will be paid through a long-term bond of 5 to 10 years, he said. Because the length of the debt has not been determined, the project's effect on the tax rate has not been calculated. However, the first payment would likely not be due until 1095, he said.
If the town were to pay for it in one year, the tax rate would go up elightly more than $\$ 2$ per thousand


Valoy News - D. Marietta dollars of assessed valuation, Yatevitch said. The tax rate for Cornish currently is $\$ 23$ per thousand, with property assessed at 111 percent of market value.
A public hearing on the issue has been set for $7: 30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. Thursday in the Cornish School cafeteria.
Jerry Esty, chairman of the office space committee, said the building will be a one-story, wood-framed, cape-style building. The building committee recommended that it be $39-b y-4 B$ feet in size, but the select-
men have requested an additional 12 feet in length to accommodate the police department and enlarge the praposed selectmen's office.
As originally designed, the project would cost $\$ 150,000$, but the additional space will increase the cost by $\$ 5,000$, Esty said. In either case, the cost of the project covers site work, a well, a septic systern and a parking lot, Esty said.
Last year, voters defeated a proposal to renovate the current town hall. The committee then explored the possibility of renovating the Cornish Flat Meeting House.
Esty said be believes the committee's recommendation to construet a now $\$ 150,000$ building will be approved by voters, but he's less optimistic about the selectmen's recommended expenditure of $\$ 175$, 000.
"I've talked to a number of people who said they could support the smaller building, but not the larger one," Esty said. "There's a concera that if you build a large building. you'll have to hire the help to fill it.'
Accordling to Yatevitch, the enlarged building would allow the town to bring the police department into the town office, giving the department more room than it has in the fire station.
The town uses the school for meetings when large audiences are expected, he said.

# Cornish committee moves 

## By RUTH ROLLINS Town Office Contributing Writer

CORNISH - During the past two months, the town Building Committee has been meeting to help make decisions for renovating the Cornish Grange Hall.

Grange members voted to give the hall to the town, with the agreement that they could still meet upstairs.

Voters approved $\$ 164,000$ at the annual Town Meeting for the purpose of making the building into town office space.

The building, which was constructed between 1838 and 1842 for use as a church, has been the home of Cornish Grange No. 25 since 1874. It was first rented for $\$ 5$ a year and purchased by the Grange for $\$ 400$ in 1917.

Refore the actual deed transition from the Grange to the town, options for finaneing were discussed, with the front-load costs of bonding rejected as too costly. The option for initial construction financing with a loan at completion was considered the best and lowest cost. The selectmen have finalized the financing, with a five-year loan from the Fleet Bank in Claremont, with the first payment due in 1995.

The property has been surveyed and test pits dug for the septic system, with excellent soil percolation test results.

After much discussion and suggestions, the
committee voted to have architects Banwell, White, Arnold, Hemberger \& Partners of Hanover as the architects to take on the project.

Tume has been spent discussing the future utilization of the second floor, with respect to the needs of the town and the promises made to Cornish Grange - especially deciding just how stairways can be placed to allow access to the upper area, while ensuring that the lower floor is kept secure.

The committec has worked on the problem of first-floor configuration, where offices are to be located, in order to give the architect an idea of the space that needs to be created. It has been decided a vault will be added to the exterior of the building, which will allow more space for future needs.
A problem of bat infestation in the attic concerns the committee. It appointed Donald Snowden, Brian Meyette and Peggy Meyette to research and act as a resource to the committee in finding a way to clear out the bats. Rotted soffits have allowed the bats access to the attic area for years.

Soffit repair, wiring and other interior work can begin once the bat aituation is taken care of. Repair of a beam, and a roof truss and the removal of the chimney, are other problems needing attention.


CELLEBRATING the transfer of the Grange building to the town of Cornish are, from left. Polly Monette, Michael Yatsevitch, Michael Monette, Robert Maslan and Stuart Hodseman. (Ruth Rollins photo)

# Cornish explores new town office <br> <br> By RUTH ROLLINS 

 <br> <br> By RUTH ROLLINS}

## Contributing Writer

CORNISH - Warrant articles calling for voter approval, above the already proposed budget of $\$ 598,064$ presented by selectmen, will include $\$ 12,000$ to be put toward plans for a new town office facility.

At the 1991 Town Meeting, voters requested that a proposal be presented for such office space, which resulted in a plan to add a new addition to the Town Hall.

Extensive work in estimating the cost of the proposal was done, with a figure of $\$ 160,000$ to provide an additional 2,500 square feet.
The proposal was presented in two parts, the first being to determine if the location was acceptable. But because the proposal was soundly defeated, no bond vote was taken, although voters approved continuing the study.
In 1992, the Town Office Space Committee studied the possibility of using additional rental space, since the town already rents space for the tax collector and to house the town's computers.
Even though the concept would avoid construction costs, it was determined that before 10 years, expenditures would exceed the cost of a new and appropriately designed building.


Cornish Flat Meeting House?
Next, the possibility of renovating the Cornish Flat Meeting House was explored, a building that would need much renovation to provide acceptable space. Work would include insulation, putting in a new heating system, and providing adequate water and toilet facilities, as well as making the building handicappedaccessible and providing parking space.
In meeting with Linda Wilson of the State Division of Historical Resources, the committee was informed that the state has major deed restrictions on the building, which is on the National Historic Register, and that it would be quite difficult to make changes that would affect the historical character of the building.
Also, negative feelings from the
community concerning the use of the Meeting House were considered, and that plan was abandoned.

Proposal for new building
At a recent meeting the committee voted to propose that a detailed construction-phased plan be designed and estimated this year, which would allow a new town office facility to be built on a 3.9 -acre tract of town-owned land on North Parsonage Road, the present site of the Cornish Highway Garage.

Construction would consist of a new moderately sized, handicappedaccessible building for selectmen, town clerk and other town officers, facilities for the town computers and attendant personnel, as well as secure document storage.
The building would be designed to allow for future expansion for use by the Highway Department and for other needs.

Other warrant articles call for voter approval of establishing a committee to review the business-use section of the zoning ordinance and make recommendations to the Planning Board, an article that requests $\$ 2,000$ for the support of such a committee.
Town Meeting will be held March 9 , with the polls open from $10 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. to 7 p.m. and the business meeting beginning at noon at the school gymnasium.

# Town Office Big Issue In Cornish 

By DAN BILLIN
Valley News Staff Writer
CORNISH - Cornish residents will vote at Town Meeting on whether to build a new town office.

The selectmen are asking voters for authority to borrow $\$ 175,000$ to build a new office on North Parsonage Road. The old town office is a cramped brick building in Cornish Flat about 100 years old.
The new office would be a onestory wooden building with a large, fireproof vault for town records. In addition to the selectmen, town clerk, tax collector and treasurer, the new office would also house the police department - which currently operates out of the fire station.
The selectmen's plan is to issue a bond to finance construction. The length of the term of the bond has not yet been determined, so neither has the project's impact on the tax rate.
The proposal for a new office resulted after last year's town meeting, when voters rejected a proposal to renovate the current offices.
Also on this year's town warrant is
$\$ 125,000$ expenditure for a new fire

## Cornish Town, School Meeting

 Whan: School meeting on Saturday, March 5, at 1 p.m. Town meeting on Tuesday, March 8 , at noon. - Voting: Polls will be open from 10 a.m. to $7 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. on both meeting days. Town and school officers will be on the printed ballot, along with a proposed town tax exerrption for solar energy systems. Budgets and other warrant articles will be voted on from the floor during the meetings.
E- Key lssues: Town and school budgets, naw town office space, new fire truck, replacing fuel tanks at the school.
truck. Of that amount, $\$ 95,000$ would come from a capital reserve fund and $\$ 30,000$ would come from taxes.
A petitioned article asks voters to adopt a state law that would exempt solar heating and cooling systems from property taxes, up to a value of $\$ 3,000$. That question will be on the printed ballot.

The proposed town operating budget for 1994 is $\$ 558,406$ - virtually the same as last year. Other warrant articles, such as the new town office, would increase town spending over last year, however.
The Cornish School District's annual meeting will vote on whether to replace aging fuel tanks at the school. The total cost of the project is estimated at $\$ 30,000$. Of that amount, up to $\$ 18,000$ could come from an existing capital reserve fund.

The proposed $1994-95$ school budget is $\$ 1,594,262$, up 2.9 percent from the current year. The estimated tax levy required to finance that budget is $\$ 1,436,709$, an increase of 7.2 percent over the current year.
Figures provided by the selectmen project that if both warrants are passed as presented, the total prop-erty-tax rate for Cornish (including the county assessment) would rise from the current rate of $\$ 23$ to $\$ 24.65$.
That would add $\$ 165$ dollars to the tax bill of a house assessed at

## Cornish town building proposal to be revised <br> SUNDAY EAGLE TIMES, November 14, 1993

By RUTH ROLLINS Contributing Writer
CORNISH - The Town Of fice Space Committee was shown drawings of a proposed town office building last week, but the absence of police space set things back to square one.
The proposed building would be 38 - by 48 -feet, and be built by Treat Arnold of Banwell-White-Arnold-Hemberger Architects of Hanover. The proposal was shown last week during a selectmen's meeting at the Cornish Elementary School.

The 1,800 square feet of
space would include office space for selectmen and the secretary-tax collector, town clerk and treasurer and have a 12 -by 14 -foot conference room and a vault.

But it would have no office space for the Cornish Police Department, which was unacceptable to Police Chief Phillip "Joe" Osgood.
Selectman Michael Yatsevitch told the committee that the Board of Selectmen felt the Police Department should also have space in the building. The committee then asked Arnold to refigure costs
for an additional 10 or 12 feet added to the length of the building.
Cornish has been in need of new town office space and committees have worked on proposals since the 1991 town meeting.
The first proposal presented to voters, to build a 2,500 -square-foot addition to the Cornish Town Hall (which would have included police department space) at a cost of $\$ 160,000$, was defeated. This was partly because it was using land needed by the Cornish Fair Association and the pro-
posal called for renovating the Town Hall to provide a conference room
The next year, 1992, a committee worked on other proposals. The town already rents extra office space to accommodate current needs and the committee considered the feasibility of expanding rental space to eliminate need of construction. However, it was found that in less than 10 years that proposal would exceed the costs of a new, appropriately designed building.
The committee was also informed that the state of New

Hampshire held major deed restrictions regarding the use of the building and it would be quite difficult to make changes that affected the historical character of the building. which is on the National Register of Historic Buildings,
At the last March town meeting, voters approved $\$ 12,000$ to defray expenses of obtaining construction phased plans toward a long range project for a new town office facility, to be located on the 3.9 acre town owned land on North Parsonage Road, which the committee has worked on.

## The old...

Feb. 17, 1995

## ...and the new



CORNISH TOWN OFFICES soon will be moving from the small building on the left to larger quarters, right. (Ruth Rollins photos)

\section*{New Cornish offices set to go

\section*{By RUTH ROLLINS

## By RUTH ROLLINS Contributing Writer

CORNISH - Selectmen have targeted Feb. 27 as the date to open town business in their new office space on Town House Road.
The former Cornish Grange building has been extensively renovated and is just about ready for occupancy.
The brick building, constructed in the 1840 s, was voted for used a town office space at the 1994 Town Meeting, which approved $\$ 164,000$ for the project, Grange members felt they could no longer maintain the building and agreed to deed it to the town if they could continue to hold meetings in the building's upper level.
The building was originally built as a onestory church. The top floor was added 100 years later. The renovation includes removal of an outside fire escape. A rear entrance and an inside stairway to the upper floor have been added.

Soffit work was completed, insulation and petitions added, and several residents cleaned the attic to take care of a bat infestation problem.

One of the original windows that had been bricked in at the time an outside fire escape was added has been replaced. This was made possible with donations from residents.
Office space is included for selectmen, town clerk, secretary, tax collector and treasurer, plus a small room where small meetings can be held and several boards can share space.

A computer room and space for the Police Department are also included.
The present town office building, which has only two small rooms with a hallway in
between, has been used as a town office since it was constructed in the late 1880 s . No decision has been made on its future.
The small brick building located next to the George H. Stowell Library was constructed to store town records and cost $\$ 800$. At that time the selectmen's meetings were held either in homes or at the local hotel.

It has a Steam Fire Proof safe originally purchased for use in the Boynton Brothers store on School Street, operated by E.P. Brown and later by A.C. Thornton. For several years the town has rented space in the old store building located across the street from the town office to house the computer and to use as office space for the tax collector and treasurer.
In 1895, an addition was added to the little brick building for use as a jail. It cost less than $\$ 500$. After many years the town made an arrangement with Claremont and Unity to take care of any need for jail space and later the addition was used as a civil defense office.
In the late 1970s, the space was turned into a town clerk's office. Previous to that all town clerk work has been done in the clerks' homes, For much of the time the small town office has been in use it was heated with wood and at one time a gas stove.

Though in later years an oil furnace was installed, the town office space never graduated from the indoor outhouse to a flush toilet, which the new town office includes.
The new office affords space for the accumulation of paperwork that has been


MAKING PROGRESS - Cornish selectmen met with Scott Lencioni, project superintendent for Ingram Construction, far right, to check on the construction of new town office space, which will be located in the
former Grange building on Town House Road. Ceilings are presently being installed. Standing, from left, are Selectmen John White, Robert Maslan and Stuart Hodgeman. (Ruth Rollins photo)

# HISTORY OF CORNISH GRANGE \#25 

SOON TO BE CORNISH TOWN OFFICE BUILDING

The Grange -- Patron of Husbandry -- Is devoted to promotion of Agricultural interests -- A better life for the farmers who grow foods for feeding the world's people. The Grange originated in Washington, D.C. on Dec 4, 1867.

The present Cornish Grange $\# 25$ hall was built during the years 1838 to 1842; by the Evangelical-Congreational Society, who were active for a few years, then disbanded. The Methodist people held services in the old brick schoolhouse in Cornish Flat, but finally rented, in 1853, the empty brick church on the corner of Center and Townhouse Roads. They too, finally dissolved.

On March 25, 1874 Cornish Grange \#25 was formed, with 25 charter members, and leased the building for $\$ 5.00$ a year, and in 2917, on March 2nd, bought the building for $\$ 400.00$ and have maintained it for 120 years. Throughout these years upkeep of this hall was kept up -- sanding floors, painting walls, puttying windows, the renovation of the kitchen, etc.

In 1941 the second floor was built, from monies earned through card parties and dances. Also that year the "tenement" or former parsonage (home of Ray Eastman) was sold for $\$ 1,000.00$.

In 1943 the Cornish-Windsor toll bridge was freed in June, much due to the work of Cornish Grange in circulating a paper for this purpose. In 1950 the outside fire escape was built. In 1961 the church steeple was removed. Mike Monette was Grange Master in 1974, when the Grange celebrated it 100th anniversary setting a precedence in the state for being the youngest master. In the 50 's Cornish School used the building for graduations, and later the PTA used it for Halloween parties. At one point, trees were cut, and wood went to needy causes. Grange gardens raised harvest that was donated to school lunch program. In 1963 Grange members worked to make the town hall a suitable place for playing basketball. In 1964 they improved their stage, and honored Emer Bartlett. In 1972 the Grange youth participated in the State Rose Drill.

Other community service projects include about twelve years of donating an amount from our profit in running a food booth at the Cornish Fair to the 7 th and Bth grades. Also in the early 1980's Cornish Grange made a memorial for those Cornish Veterans who fought in the Korean and Vietnam Wars, erecting it in the park at the flat. We also had a bronze plaque made by a sculptor, and attached it to a standing mill wheel, in memorial of all Cornish Veterans. In a more recent year

Norman Chabot came to a meeting and told of a vision--He and Shirley had attended school sports regularly, and he wanted a new gymnasium for our students. He spearheaded this Idea with the offer of a very generous donation, and the Grange backed him up by also donating to the project.

Down through the years Grange members have held important offices in the town -- on the planning board, tax collector, town clerk, selectmen, fire chief, conservation and others.

From the earliest years of this organization, when they put through the idea of rural free delivery of mail, to get it to the farmers, to the present time when Grange members are active in legislation of laws to help rural people, the Grange is recognized as a helpful institution.

# THANK YOU CORNISH GRANGE .\#25 

## CONGRATULATIONS

CONGRATULATIONS TO THE NEWLY ELECTED OFFICERS:

Ray Evans and Myron Kuhre elected for three year -term to the Cornish School Board.

Brenda Jordan elected to two year term to the Cornish School Board.

Stuart Hodgeman for three year term of Cornish Selectmen.
Charles "Chuck" DeAngelis for Cornish Road Agent.
Elizabeth Caterino for three year Trustee of Trust Funds.

## Pomona Grange is 100

## By RUTH ROLLINS

## Correspondent

CORNISH, N.H. - Sullivan County Pomona Grange celebrated its 100th anniversary recently, with Park Grange hosting the event.
Assistant Steward Cedric Brown held a ceremony honoring past masters, including an opening prayer by Worthy Chaplain Frank Brown.
A white candle was lighted in memory of deceased past masters of Sullivan County Pomona Grange, a red candle in honor of the six past masters present and a green candle for hope for peace on Earth for the next 100 years.
Communications from Past Masters Ralph Emerson and Clyde Bartlett were read. Alsa conveyed were mesanges from Past State Masters Everett Poor and wife, Mildred, and Ernest Odell and wife. Marjerie

Pant Masters Jease Stone, Pansy Penniman, Kenneth Tashro, John Moore, F. Rendy Marro and Frances Ward ail reminesced about times and events when they served as Past Masters of Sullivan County Pomona Grange. Secretary Marion Stone rave a thumb.


HONORED - Edythe Craig, master of the Sullivan County Pomona Grange, receives a plaque from Paul Davis, state grange master, during a ceremony marking the 100 th year of the local grange chapter. (Ruth Rollins Photo)
nail sketch of the last 25 years.
Among the many things mentioned were the start of the Lecturer's Guild and the Outstanding Citizen Award program, as well as drill team work and the many boat rides and trips enjoyed by members.
A tableau, "Getting Ready for Grange," which included members of the Brown and Collina families, was presented by Park Grange.
Other entertainment included a song Silver Threads Among the Gold, ${ }^{\text {" }}$ sung by Bernice Johnson and a reading "Mama's Christmas in the Kitchen," by Marion Boardman, both members of Cornish Grange No. 25.
A special candlelight ceremony depicting "The Lord'm Prayer" involved 11 members present and a skit, "Star of' Bethlehem," was presented by Marion Jones a memher of the
state Executive Committee and Connie Brown, Park Grange member.

State Grange Master Paul Davis also gave a little history of Sullivan County Pomona Grange, "It was organized Dec. 4. 1891, and your celebration is being held as near that date as possible." He congratulated those present and spoke of the many changes over the past 100 yeara.
Davis also presented Edythe Craig, present master, with a plaque on behalf of the National Gramge, "in honor of reaching a milestone that cludes most organizations, a milestone of service to your community, to our Grange Fraternity and to all mankind of 100 years."

The plaque was hung in the Park Grange Hall in memory of the 100 th celehration.

# Cornish eyes buying property <br> By KATIE BETE RYAN Staff Writer 

At the conctusion of a public hearing on Thenday night, the members of the Cornish Conservation Commission voted

Cornish$7-0$ to use $\$ 35,000$ from its funds to help with the purchasp of a property next to the Cornish Town Offices.

By the meeting's close, however, the three membern of the Corniih Select Board had suraceeded in raising more than 834,000 in private donations that would be repaid fo the Conservation Commissionts zof-

The former awner of the property defaulted on a loan, and a quit claim deed was signed to the credit union. The hearing was necessitated by the fact that the town had until OeL 3 to come up with the funds necessary to purchase the property.

The plan had been discunsed by the eelect board, who then prusented it to the Conservation Commixaion on Sept, 4.
"We folt il would be advantagoous to the town ta chave the lot) added to our property here: suid Selectman John Hammund.

## CORNISH

FROM PAGEAI
"Ta today" market, it's a good idea to purchume the property:

Sclectman Keith Jone said that the board and comminsion had not yet docided on how the property weald be used, but speculatod that it might be an oxpanimion site for the town officten.
"We don't know what the futurel going to bring, said Jones For the fature it protects thin piece of property for expansion, whenever that misy be ${ }^{-}$

Qumations rained by citizens revolved around the guidelines set by the comminsion in April of 2007 regarding properties in town that conld be purchased.

Mary Beth Heinkell, who chafred the commission when the guidelines were set, said ahe didn't believe that drawing $\$ 35,000$ from the commission's funde was in line with its purpose.
${ }^{\text {I }}$ I want to hear why this property in advantageous to the town. I haven't heard enough of that, ${ }^{*}$ sad Heiskell. There's a lot of work and time that go into those funds."

Other residents echoed Heiskells concerns, und questioned whether it was the place of the commiseion to purchase property that would not be used as part of a conservation easoment, an is the case with
the properties that the conservation normally purchises.
-If we start bending the rules, then we lome some of this, because precedenta do matter.: said Comiah resident Nancy Whiteman, referring to the commission's set guidelines.

Selectwoman Morilynn Bourne emphanized the fact that the commission funds were tomporary and would be paid back.

The reality is that we are not using Conservation Commission monies, said Bourne. They'ro like Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac. They're going to ensure that we have the check on Oct 3.


#### Abstract

Conservation Commission Chairman Bill Gallagher said the commianion had considered the matter carefully, and had decided that loaning the money to the town to purchase the property would be advantageous to the town uis a whole.

Furthermore, Gallagher added, if the commission had refused the maney, Tthe lot) goes on the market, and the next step would be to bring this to the town meeting for approval That's why this expediency is necessary"


Katic Beth Ryan can be reached at (603) 549-3100 Exf. 102 or by ermail at kbryansifeagletimes.com.


Lionel Tracy

Nen Hamrshie Profiles

THERE have been Tracys in Cornish ever since Captain Andrew arrived in September of 1772, and there probably always will.

The adult Tracys of today are respected, hard-working citizens. The men include a caretaker and oddfobs man (Lionel), an apprentice welder (Floyd), and a machine operator (William, Jr.). William augments his earnings with two other jobs as well: he is an artificial inseminator - for "nine breeds of cattle," he says proudly - and he also sells gravestones for a White River Junction firm.
William lives with his wife and four children in the house his father built; his mother has a separate apartment in an adjoining building. She is 73 and "very spry," her children say. One of her special pleasures is the annual meeting of the clan at Christmastime, which draws in the three Tracy bous and their sister, Mrs. Herbert (Priscilla) Hodgeman, as well as two sisters and a brother who have left the valley.

If you drew a circle with a two-and-one-half mile radius, with the old Tracy homestead (built by Captain Andrew in 1793) as its center, you would include the homes of all the Tracys in Cornish. You oould make the circle a lot smaller if it weren't for Floyd, who lives over on the other side of the township. "Id move closer if I could," he says. But if he did move, he'd leave a lot of

William B. Traty, Jr.

unhappy kids behind. He's Scoutmaster, Cubmaster, and Neighborhood Commissioner for three Boy Scout troops in Cornish and one in Plainfield.
All the Tracy boys went to Windsor high school. They didn't have to go far to find their wices: William and Lionel married Windsor girls, and Floyd traveled only as far as Claremont. Priscilla's husband, de-

## Floyd Tracy


scribed as a "iack of all trades and master of many," is also a selectman, a deputy sheriff, and a substitute mail carrier.

Priscilla, like the wives of Floyd and William, is active in many town organizations. She plays the organ in the Plainfield church, belongs to the Mothers and Daughters club, the Blow-Me-Down Grange, and the Ladies Aid Society. "I foined the Plainfield groups because they are closer," Mrs. Hoigeman says, "although I do try to do something for Cornish in the Red Cross drive." Her habit of belonging to Plainficld societies once confused an elderly lady who had seen her at many club functions and assumed she was a resident of the town. It was Town Meeting day in Cornish. Mrs. Hodgeman noticed that the elderly lady had been staring at her for quite a while.

Finally the lady could stand it no longer. Leaning over, she whispered to Mrs. Hodgeman: "What are you doing over here?"

Lionel and his wife take no active


Priscilla Tracy Hodgeman
part in community affairs. They live with their two-year-old son Stephen in a house high on the Clement B. Newbold estate's "Dingleton Hill" with its breathtaking view of Mt. Ascutney across the river.
The Tracys know they'll never get rich living in a small town, hut they love the valleys and hills around them, and, if tradition means anything, what better place for a Tracy than Cornish?

Nelson Bryant

## EAGLE TIMES, Monday, January 7, 1985

## Among the animals at Cornish far is a ewe who thinks she's a dog <br> By BERTHA EMOND

CORNISH, N H. - Among the five cats. four dogs, three borses, 18 sheep and three goats quartered at the Stephen Tracy homestead on Lang Road, Arabella the ewe is probably patently Anne Tracy's favorite.

Arabella, who once lived in the house as a member of the family "thinks she's a dog." says Tracy, 43 "She won't herd the dops don't herd her bocause they know she won't come. She used to come on walks with me and loves to be petted."

After a period in the barn, however, Arabella forgot she was once housebroken and now is but one of the girls catering to Barley, the single ram in the troop.
"He thinks they're all his." Tracy laughs. "He didn't do his job well the last time and I had to borrow a ram to breed most of the ewes. But he's a very good tather. The Lambs crawl all over him. He's gentle. With some you can't turn your back."

Barley's next round of fatherhood will begin in February.

Tracy's love of animalis was surely encouraged if not inspired by the Nashua milkman who, when she was about three, allowed her to ride him horse as he made dellveries.

About 20 years ago the Eamily moved to the family farm from Nashua. The 1792 house overlooks deep meadows and a broad horizon from its hilltop.

Stephen Tracy is an architect and has designed schools and churches at New England College and Kimball Union Academy, as well as

## numerous residences. His work to-

day is mostly residential.
Deep into our conversation with Anne, he passes through and announces humorously he is on his "way" to deliver "whey" to a neighbor. (Whey is the liquid remaining from cottage cheese.) The neighbor maintains his chickens produce more eggs when fed the substance.

With five goats producing milk, the Tracys are often over-supplied. Never having tasted goat's milk, we ask if we might sample it.

It could have been cow's milk, except that it is already homogenized by the goat, a neat little machine. Dorothy Tracy. Anne's mother, brings in a plate of crackers topped with boursin cheese she has made from goat's milk. It is herbed with basil, dill and parsley and delights the palate. We eat every cracker,

Goat's milk makes a superior oyster stew and custards, Tracy' says, explaining also that pasteurization is unnecessary because the goat is not subject to the same diseases as a cow.
"A lot of people say 'yuk' when you mention goat's milk," she cortinues, "but goats are very tidy. Much cleaner than cows. Goats and sheep won't eat off the ground. They're great hay-wasters and make great garbage pails, but they don't eat tin cans or things like that."

That may be so, but one followed us around with her nose pressed inquiringly into our tote bag. Another sampled the taste of our camera carrying case, leaving it wet but undamaged.
"They're bored in winter," observes Tracy, an English literature major who graduated in 1950 from Colby-Sawyer College and in 1961 from Middlebury. ("I studied at college three days a week and at a horse farm four days a week.")

Unlike the goats, she is not bored at all, nor does she have time to be.on a daily schedule that includes feeding and watering the troops, cleaning barns and shoveling hay, as well as matchmaking among the animals.

Her bedroom is connected via intercom to the barn and in lambing season she is alerted by the sounds of the laboring ewes.
"Most of the lambs bah, but Arabella calls me with 'ehhhhh' about haif an hour before she's due. "They say 'cosset' lambs - those brought up in a house - are not good mothers, but Arabella is. She'd still love to live in the house,"

Lambing season is wakeful season for Tracy, who explains you can tell when ewes are pregnant beneath their thick wool coats. "They lie around more. And moan and groan. And waddle."

Also, she adds, the ram keeps his distance as soon as the ewe is with lamb.
The goats are French Alpine, the sheep Romneys and Suffolk crosses, the cats part Siamese, the horses thoroughbred and Anglo-Arab, and the dogs, which she breeds, are Scottish border collies, shepherding animals who "are not happy in apartments. They're very intelligeat and have got to have something to do."

Each of the 35 animals is given an
appropriate given name, an occupa tion which delights Tracy. Sh selects according to "cir cumstances and personalities., Also from the alphabet.
The first were given names begin ning with the letter $A$, henc Arabella and Aubrietia (a perennia of the mustard family); the nex year it was Chantilly, ther Delphinium and Daphne. This year'? crop will begin with the letter F.
Tracy's horses are named from old Cornish (England) words: Syjan (silk): Perthyan (endurance) and Kyla (companion). One cat is named Carousel because, somewhat deranged, she makes three turns at the door to go out, but if not in the right position at their conclusion, she begins all over again until she is.

Tracy relishes the naming more than she enjoys the trip to the slaughterhouse.
"That day is not pleasant, but it makes things come out even (financially) at least. I'm not going to get rich but it works out." She sells freezer lambs at $\$ 2$ a pound.

In addition to writing up and photographing equestrian events, she has published articles in Yankee and New Hampshire Profiles magazines.

Tracy's respect for life and the personal attachment which brings her to attach names to each reminds us of Henry Reed's "Naming of Parts," a well-known poem which includes relevant lines:
"The point of balance...and the almond blossoms silent in all of the gardens and the bees going backward and fowards, for today we have naming of parts."

## TRACY FARM HISTORY

By Stuart A. Hodgeman
The Tracy Farm/Homestead on Lang Road in Comish has been in the family for over 200 years. Captain Andrew Tracy arrived in September of 1772 and the farm has been owned and operated by members of the Tracy family since that time. It is good to know it will remain as an agricultural piece for the future generations.

It is now occupied by my cousin Anne Tracy who has maintained the agricultural integrity of the farm through the raising of sheep and goats and horses and even a donkey or two. She usually has a Border Collic at her side and of course a few cats round out the farm inventory. Also in my memory are Grandfather William Tracy and Uncle Lionel Tracy who raised crops, had cattle and horse and shipy d milk by truck to Bellows Falls Creamery.

The property includes a one room schoolhouse known as e Tracy School w ch was attended by family members since the 1800's. I attended school there from 1946 un ere I completed grades one through seven. My memories of that time are the material for a storybook about a very nice life of a young country boy in New Hampshire in the $40^{\prime}$ 's and $50^{\prime}$. The walk to school or sledding to school in winter was easy going down hill for one mile from my home, but the trek back up hill took longer. Since I lived fairly close. I was the young lad that went early in the moming to star the wood stove and sweep-up the classroom to prepare for the new sclool day. My Uncle Lionel did those chores until I was old enough for the job. We had no water supply so pails of water were carried up the hill from the Austin Farm which was owned by Floyd Rogers at the time. Hot lunch was prepared by my grandmother Pearl Tracy, who lived just a quarter mile up the road on another Tracy property. Students were chosen, two at a time, to get the "soup bucket" and return promptly. Lunch was usually salmon wiggle, homemade soup, or American chop suey with noodles and hamburger which we ate with gusto along with what we had brought from home. The hot soups were especially popular in winter. The hot buckets of soup were kept warm by sitting on top of the wood stove and served by the teacher. Students brought their own bowls since there was no disliwashing facility at the school. Our drinking water was from a ceramic crock that had a spigot. Our little paper cups were like small envelopes that you squeezed and they opened into a small cup. The ceramic crock was filled daily from the water bucket carried from the Austin Farm and this task was also the job of students. The Restroom facilities consisted of a green outhouse in the back of the schoolhouse with one side for girls and another side for boys. The "green outhouse" remains there today.

Eva Bernard was my teacher during all of my school years at Tracy School. She was firm but fair and expected her students to perform and they did. Students worked independently on a lesson while she was working with another grade in a different subject area. She would be pleased at the many varied and successful paths taken by her former students at Tracy School. My mother, Priscilla Tracy Ilodgeman, would come and play the piano during our music period for singing and such things as the Virginia Reel, and even act as the substitute teacher on a few occasions. Tracy School was indeed a place of family and friends and neighbors as well as a serious place for learming. Many local families have storics to tell about their time at tiisis One-Room School on Lang Road.

The Cornish Central School opened in 1955 and the Tracy School was closed. Eva Bermard was one of the eight elementary teachers at the new school and served as the principal there as well.

Anne Tracy's father, Steve Tracy, acquired the Tracy School and moved it some 200 feet up the hill to its current location. His architectural skills were just what Tracy School needed at the time. He had a foundation/basement put under it and remodeled it for residential use. It is occupied today and the school bell still functions as it did for many years at Tracy School.


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From 220th Cornish Annual Report, year ending Dec 1986

## Stephen Tracy

Author Leland Jamison's definition of Perfecdonism: "The doctrine that 'perfect sanctifaction' or complete holiness and the 'second blessing' were attainable or even oecessary to the salvation of the converted Christian."
Perfectioniam found its place in many radically untraditional contexts, often in strange combination with other tenets. During the 1830's Perfectionist emphases were becoming pervasive among Revivalists.
William Miller (1782-1849), whose followers came to be known as "Millerites," grew up in Vermont. After a long revival made him a devout member of a Calvinist Baptist Church, he devoted must time to the study of the Bible, along with ending a large farm
Miller studied the King James version of the Bible with Archbishop Usher's chronology in the margins as his only guide, concentrating on the book of Daniel. Counting the days referred to in certain passages of this highly symbolic apocaypse (especially $9: 24-27$ and $8: 14$ ) making oach "day" o year, and accepting Usher's date for these events an $457 \mathrm{~B} . \mathrm{C}$. (bee Neh, $2: 1$ ), he discovered that "seventy weeke" added up to the date of Christ's death (A.D. 33, according to Usher) while "two thousand three hunifred days" added up to A,D, 1843.

Between 1840 and 1843 meetings were urganized all across the country, with Millor himself lecturing hundreds of ilimes, Despite warnings and condemnation from many quarters, thousands began to prepare for the Lord's coming.
As in Heformation times, there was even a comet to heighten popular apprehension When the Great Halley's Comet appeared in 1843, coincidental with Millerite predictions of the Second Coming, thousands of believers were alerted to Christ's impending reappearance on earth. With its huge, brilliant tail overshadowing a leas visible head, the comet hovered in the sky for a month. Many felh it was a sign of the last days.

As this religious fervor and revivalinm was sweeping the country and particularly New England, Cornish was not left out. Meetings were held in homes of local residents until Hiram C, Fletcher of Cornish deeded a tract of land (deed dated August 12, 1840 to a group consisting of John Johnson, Gilbert Hillard, Constant W Smith and Judah $S$, Deming, and a house of worship was erected known as the Perfectionist

Great excitement prevailed among the parishoners and was heightened as the "Second Coming" day approached. Yet March 1843 and March 1844 passed by, and time still continued. Finally October 22, 1844 wont by, the lant definite date to be set by the movement's leadership. The mass movement collapsed amid a general feeling of betrayal. Following the "Great Disappointment" the congregation dwindled and the church finally closed.
Meanwhile the Town of Cornish was in need of a building in which to hold its annual meeting as well as other necessary large gatherings. An 1845 town meeting was held at the Perfectionist Meetinghouse. A November 1845 warrant for town meeting included an item, "To see if the town will provide a sultable place for holding their annual and other meeting" and appropriate b sufficient sum of money for that purpose.

The following btatement resulted from that meeting: "Voted that the providing at thio time for the use of the town of a permanent and convenient place in a central situation for holding their amual and other meetings is a desirable and importani object. Therefote voted that the Selectmes be in committee in hwhalf of the lown to accomplish that object and that said committee be and hereby is authorived if it may be done on reasonable termal to contract and agree with the proprietors of the "Perlection Meetinghouse" so called in this lowa for the use of that house for the above mentioned purpose; and if said committee shall so contract with said proprietors it may for convenience be called in the warnings of the Selectmen the "Town House." |Hence the name Town House Road).

Action was postponed indefinitely but future meetings continued to be held in the Perfectionist Meetinghouse.
Finally in 1849 Hon, Eleazer Jackson, justice of the peace, was appointed a committee of one "to see upon what conditions the Perfection Meetinghouse can be purchased.

It was not until October 26, 1850 that the Perfectionist Meetinghouse was deeded to the Town of Cornish for the sum of $\$ 300$. The few remaining members reserved the right to hold religious meetings on the Sabboth.
Now, 136 years later the building continues to be used as Cornish's Town House.

## 'She Was An Institution'

## By Amere Caruso

Valloy News Staff Writor
Cornish - If it happened in Cornish, chances are Bernice "Bernie" Johnson

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Bernice } \\
\text { "Bernie" May } \\
\frac{\text { Johnson }}{1920-2015}
\end{gathered}
$$ played a part.

"She kind of did things when she was needed." her son Ron Johnson said.

That applied to everything from the historical society to the library to the garden elub to municipal matters. And in most cases, her dedication spanned decades.
"They neededatownclerk, so she became
town clerk for 19 years," said Johnson, one of several family members who gathered at Bernice Johnson's home last month to reminisce.

Johnson was a charter member of the Volunteer Fire Department Auxiliary and the Cornish Honor Society, a justice of the peace and a longtime member of Cornish Grange No. 25. Her flower arrangements graced the town's Memorial Day and Old Home Day celebrations, and her many roles with the Cornish Fair Association included director, secretary and "vegetable depart-
ment chairman," according to notes she left for her obituary.
"She was an institution," her daughter Robin Monette said.
During her lifetime, the Comish native was written about in area papers and honored by the town.
"We always had in mind Bernice as special person who had given a great deal" to Comish, Nancy Newbold, who served on the committee that commissioned a special bench in Johnson's honor, said in a phone

SEEA LIFE-A4

Bernice Johnson is interviewed in 2008 about her experiences as a student in a one-room schoolhouse In Cornish for the Cornish school newspaper.

Valley Nrws - James M. Patteason


## A Life: Beatrice 'Bernie' Johnson

Continued from Page Al
interview. The wooden bench was created as "a hank you for everything she did."
And she wasn't loved solely for what she did. Johnson's optimism and caring demeanor attracted people to her, family and friends said.
"She was a sweetheart," her cousin Helen Lovell said. "An enjoyable person to know."
Johnson was active until just before her death last month at age 94. And as they had for decades, visitors continued to drop by her School Street home. Some bought eggs; others were tracking down Cornish happenings from long ago.
People would call to ask her about town history, and if she couldn't remember exactly, she'd look it up, Ron Johnson said. "She loved it ... She felt it was like her duty"
Up until the last couple of weeks of her life, people would stop in to bring a book they thought she'd like or a flower or just to say hello, Monette said. "It was nice."
Johnson, who grew up on the Fitch family farm, had career in administration but held onto her farming roots, growing flowers and vegetables and keeping laying hens.
"I like people and I like being busy," Johnson said in a profile in the Eagle Times. "But I'd be busy at home without anything to do outside. I love gardening."
And the hens got special treatment; Johnson grew swiss chard and lettuce especially for them.
She'd hold the greens between the rungs of the fence "and the girls would all come running over," Robin Monette said. "She had a good time with them.
The daughter of James Brewster and Laura Grace (Skinner) Fitch, Johnson lived in Comish for all but a few years of her life. She attended Kimball Union Academy and later Windsor High School, and graduated from Concord College of Business in 1940. She was working for the state, in employment services, when she was recruited to work for U.S. Rep. Foster Stearns, a New Hampshire Republican.
In 1943, she went to Washington, where she served as a secretary to Stearns until 1945. She described her experiences in the Eagle Times article.
"It was a beautiful time in Washington. The war was on and there were a lot of servicemen and women around. I'd go out almost every night," said Johnson, who in her diary described the bowling, operas, and movies that filled her evenings.
After that, she started working for a corporate lawyer, but it wasn't long before she returned to Cornish because her mother and grandmother were ill.
In 1946, she married Conan Arby Johnson, who served in the Navy and later worked for Cone Automatic Machine Co.
Ron Johnson recalled his mother's story about how his parents got together, which she "might have embellished a little."
"He was home on leave and she saw him in dress blues," Ron Johnson said. "She didn't know who he was, even though they grew up (a few miles apart)."


They lived in a house on Route 120 for a short time, and then moved School Street with their first child, Stephen. They raised their five children, three boys and two girls, in Cornish. Conan Johnson died in 1999.
In the late 1940 s , Johnson served for two years as Cornish Town Clerk, before giving it up to care for her growing family. But in 1971, she again took on the job, which she held until 1988. The following year, Johnson started working in the bookstore at Saint-Gaudens Historic Site, a seasonal job she held until she was in her early 80 s.

For several years, Johnson performed her town clerk duties from a huge wooden desk in her kitchen, somehow navigating a filing system that resembled an archeological dig.
"You'd call her up and say, 'Mom, I need this,' and she knew right where it was," Ron Johnson said. "The rest of the free world would never find it."
Johnson had her share of trouble in life. She overcame colon cancer, and not long before she died she had a heart valve replaced, her daughter Beth Brown said. "She was such a strong woman."

Her father had lived to be 102, Brown said, so "I thought she'd have a lot more years."
Johnson had left notes about her memorial service, held at United Church of Cornish last month, including hymns and scripture that should be included. Among the readings was a passage from John 14. "Set your troubled hearts at rest. Trust in God always: trust also in me. There are many dwelling places in my father's house; if it were not so I should have told you; for I am going there on purpose to prepare a place for you. And if I go and prepare a place for you, I shall come again and receive you to myself, so that where I am you may be also; and my way there is known to you."
"Bernie ... understood that these bodies of ours

Beatrice "Bernie" Johnson holds up a baske her homemade donuts at the Cornish Farm Market in an undated image.

Connie Koubman photogra
are just a temple," the Rev. Dale Nicholas. church's pastor, said later in the service. "All left behind was this enthusiasm. Her spirit is in safekeeping of God almighty."
A church member since 1933, Johnson held ious offices, taught Sunday School and vacat Bible school, sang in the choir and played pia at the church.
Through laughter and tears, friends, neighb and family who packed the service for her sha the many ways Johnson had touched them dur her long life.
They recalled her knack for holding usus antsy students spellbound during classroom its. They reminisced about her homemade don a staple at town occasions great and small. A they talked fondly of her home, a "destination" adults and children alike.
"I probably spent half my childhood in Bern house," Jane Thornton said. "There was alw a warm piece of bread, cookies and lots of love
Polly Rand, from Cornish Flat, described time she threw her back out and spent a week ly on the floor with her feet elevated. Johnson stopi by with scalloped potatoes.
"I remember thinking, 'How did she h time?"'Rand said.
Johnson had her own kids and was town cle but she made time, she said. "I think of random: of kindness when I think of Bernie."
Fred Sullivan, a former Cornish selectman, also grateful for Johnson. A farmer who said "could only spell cows," Sullivan had been tap to be board secretary. He told Johnson he was w ried about it, and she offered to type the no But Sullivan balked; they weren't supposed to removed from the Selectboard office. He chu led, remembering her response: "If they steal th from you, they can't read them anyway," he s "She saved my life."
Listening to people's memories of Johns Henry Homeyer, her friend and fellow garden noticed a trend.
"What struck me was every one of us felt spe because of Bernie," Homeyer told the crowd.
"It's also how she got things done in town," $s$ as enlisting people to join the garden club or v he said. "And she worked very hard."
When Johnson was in her mid 80 s, she sho up at a workday to stack firewood to give to old people," Homeyer said, prompting laug throughout the church.
"Don't do this. You've already brought donut he told her. "But there she was. That's our Bern
Johnson had left an "awfully big pair of sho said organist Lois Fitz. "There are a lot of pec will need to step up, me included, to keep Corn going the way it is."
Aimee Caruso can be reached at acarus vnews.com or 603-727-3210.

# Funds sought to finish town hall renovations 

## Voters will be asked to authorize $\$ 15,000$

## By BARBARA NOLL

 Contributing Writerol-31-55
The venerable Cornish Town Hall, built around 1870, is still used as a multi-purpose building at its original location on Townhouse Road, between the Cornish Elementary School Cornish ${ }^{\text {and ornish }}$ Fairgrounds.
It has been home to town meetings, basketball games, gym classes and community suppers. It continues to be used for Bingo, budget hearings and Boy Scout meetings. But all buildings 135 years old need repairs from time to time.

In the past, repairs have been done by both volunteers and hired professionals. The Spirit Committee, formed to complete projects around the town, have organized many of the worker bees.
Now the needed repairs have passed beyond the expertise of town volunteers.

Nancy Newbold, a Spirit Committee member since its formation in 1988, noticed recently the clapboards needed more work than the volunteers could provide. She approached the selectmen with a request for help with the town hall repairs.

The Selectboard confirmed the Spirit Committee's assessment.
"We are being asked to put an article on the warrant for replacing the clapboards on the building; the rear addition needs a roof as well as upgrading plumbing in the bathroom," Chairman Larry Dingee related.

On January 29 the Selectmen met with the Finance Board and finalized a $\$ 15,000$ warrant article.
-We are putting the article on the warrant - we all agreed that maintenance of


ARRARA NOLL FHOTO
TOWN HALL - Volunteers have done much of the repair work at the Cornish Town Hall. Money is now being sought to pay for professionals to complete the work at the 1870s building.

Bernice Johnson CHS Album
"We are putting the article on the warrant - we all agreed that maintenance of the town hall is important. If an old building is not used and maintained it will deteriorate."

## Merilynn Bourne

Cornish Selectboard
the town hall is important. If an old building is not used and maintained it will deteriorate," Selectman Merilynn Bourne said.

Over the years many townspeople have volunteered in order to aid repairs.

Recently the Fire Department and Auxiliary raised money and volunteered their services for remodeling the kitchen. Bob Michal, a Cornish resident with carpentry experience, was hired to do the carpentry work and Rick Bean of Cornish built the cabinets. Mike Minette, both a firefighter and the person responsible for the cleaning and upkeep of the town hall, volunteered along with others.
The town hall is rented neariy every weekend for var-
ious functions. Selectmen's Secretary Marge Kolenberg, who is responsible for the Town Hall rentals, elaborates.
"Birthdays, anniversaries, weddings, and wedding receptions are held here," Kolenberg said. "We've had the Cornish art fair, a monthly art show put on by Nancy Wightman with various artists.
"There are paintings, slate paintings and quilts. The art teacher from the school displays stuff from the kids. We had somebody rent it for stamping; the fire department holds barbecues there. There are craft bazaars, flu clinics and one lady uses it for every holiday. It's a well-used building - a great place to have a function. ${ }^{\text { }}$
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BARBARA NOLI atributing Writer
thletes have team spirit and nspeople have town spirit. At least they do in Cornish, ere they have a committee to ourage it. Cornish's Spirit nmittee was bom out of a need have projects done around in and to save money while accomplishing
Cornish them. As resi dents worked ether, town spirit increased airs were completed and the n saved money:
Years and years ago, the town vers said it would cost $\$ 7,000$ paint the Town Hall," resident tan Chandler recalled. "I said, at's ridiculous. We can get a up of people together for the send and paint it:
'Great idea. You be in charge.' Selectmen said. The Spirit nmittee) was formed at a time in we were trying to save the ple money:
When Chandler offered her tices, other townspeople volserod to be part of this group. tancy Newbold, Kathi arlund, Susan Weld and jet Jaarsma. The Spirit umittee took shape through e members. Cornish's spirit evident when more than 100
people turned out to paint the town hall. Some people provided food, others provided labor, and by the end of the weekend, the painting was complete.
"The people felt 'Here we are spending a lot of money (for repairs). Let's see if we can do it ourselves," recalled Newbold.
The prosent Spirit Committee members are Nancy Newbold and Dale O'Connor. Together they review "the physical needs of each town and school building" and select the building most in need of work for the annual project. This proposal is presented to the selectmen and later at town meeting.

The Spirit Committee is open to ideas and encourages residents to make their idens known.
"One year the Cornish Fair Committee approached us and asked for help painting benches and picnic tables," Newbold shared. "And so we did."
At town meeting, the Spirit Committee passes around a signup sheet for workers to volunteer their help. Follow-up phone calls by Newbold and O'Connor confirm the particulans of the project.
Each year, residents vote to appropriate $\$ 1,000$ to the Spirit Committee to help defray the cost of paint and other materials.

Last year the Spirit Committee


Spirit Committee; Town Hall
mumara noll. photo NEXT ON THE LIST - The Cornish Spirit Committee will propose improvements to the town offices as its project for 2005. Since 1988, the committee has organixed volunteer work crews and recelved donations to fix up the town through a series of projects.
organized the scraping and painting of the Little Town Hall after its renovations were completed. The volunteers were also busy repainting the shutters and fixing dapboards on town hall.
"We scraped and primed (the Little Town Hall," O'Connor said. "It actually had some (professional) work done to it. It was picked up and moved into the parking
lot. Work was done underneath on the cellar and granite foundation, then it was placed back, but fac ing west instead of south."
Many projects have been completed over the yours:

In 1989, the second year of the committee, residents painted the exterior of the town sheds in the Flat and landscaped around the sheds and library: The following
year, 1990, the school received new siding and a new paint job. Trees were planted both at the school and in front of the meetinghouse. The interior of the town hall was painted and stenciled by Folly Rand. In 1991, the Spirit Committee organized volunteers to paint both the interior and exterior of the meetinghouse.

For the next two years, work was done at the school. Interior hallways and the cafeteria were painted. After that, the area around the school was landscaped and the parking area was improved.
In 1994, the exterior of the town hall needed painting again. In 1995, Spirit Committee volunteers and townspeople landscaped where discarded oil tanks were removed from the school.
Work was postponed in 1996 due to rain, but was done in 1997. The Cornish Flat Cemetery fence and the inside of the library saw new paint that year and new plantings were done at the school.
Supplies were given to the Cemetery Department for paint ing the cemetery fences and for repairing and painting the Hearse House on Town House Road in 1998. In 1999 they painted the barns, benches and picnic tables at the fairgrounds.

The meetinghouse was scraped
in 2000 to prepare it for painting while the next year the Spirit Committee gave its allocated money to the Historical Society for the renovation of the Old Selectmen's Office in Cornish Flat. Once again the town hall was painted and the plexiglass covering the windows was overioed That was in 2002 In replaced. That was in 2002 . In
2003 volunteers scraped and painted the upstains of the Meetinghouse for Bicentennial. They also scraped and painted the Hearse House
The Spirit Committee will present its 2005 project at Town Meeting. They plan to finish painting the Little Town Hall and o paint the trim on the town office building.

Every year voluntecrs are nowarded with Bernice Johnson's home-made donuts, Dale O'Connor said. Nancy Newbold comments that some poople come just to partake of these townfamous donuts
The church, the fire department auxiliary and 12 percent Solution store donate food. Esersky's gives cut-rate prices on supplies and American Paint and Brush has donated brushes for years," Newbold explained.
"We are very thankful for the people who volunteer," O'Connon said with urntitude


Valloy News - Oeot Harsen Jan. 31,14

## Cornish Acquires Land For New Town Forest

## By LORIE M. McClory <br> Vailey News Correspondent

CORNISH - Residents will soon be able to enjoy the outdoor recreational opportunities offered by their own town forest, and officials hope good forest management efforts will make the venture self-sustaining.
Town officials last weck signed a purchase and sale agreement with the Society for the Protection of New Hampshire Forests to buy a 270 -acre parcel in the southwest corner of town for 370,000 . The money will come from the town's conservation fund.
"It was too good a deal to pass up," said Herrika Poor, chairwoman of the Cornish Conservation Commission.
"Thls is a very exciting project. It's not often that a town of our size can make that sort of purchase to preserve that type of land because of the money we're talking about."
The deal came about when the conservation group purchased 2,700 acres from the Olsen Family Partnership, which had acquired the land as an invesiment 25 years ago from a defunct timber management company, said John Olsen of Norwich. But it was "not a great Investment" after taxes,
he sald, and the family was always exarn
Ing its options with regard to the land.
${ }^{-W}$ We were (recenty) looking into the p sibility of selling vs., maintaining and $m$. aging the property," Paul Olsen s:

## Friday.

"There was some conservation value 2 that intrigued me, and 1 thought the soci could do a good job of managing or selle the land."
The society decided to keep a few of eight parcels that made up the total, incl ing a 120-acre parcel that abuts the societ 800-acre Yatsevitch Forest on the CorniPlainfield town line, and to sell the re said Paul Doscher, senior director for la conservation for the society. The $120-\mathrm{ce}$ parcel will be annexed to the Yatsevie Forest, Doscher said.
The conservation commission decided November to pursue the other Cornish p. cel that the society was selling, Poor saic
"It all happened quite quickly. haven't been actively looking for land, at the same time we are aware of wha available," Poor sald.
Doscher said the selling price origina was based on the fair market value a what the land would be worth atter conse

See Cornish - Page $B 5$

## Cornish Buys 270-Acre Site To Create New Town Forest

## $\overline{\text { Continued from page } \mathbf{B i}}$

vation restriclions were placed on it. But because the town would not be building a residential dwelling on the land, the society and the town negotiated the $\$ 70,000$ purchase price, he said.

Poor said the restrictions include that the property not be developed and that only buildings used to supr port agriculture, such as a sugarhouse, or for educational purposes be placed on the property.
"Even with those restrictions, this is a wonderful opportunity for the town," Poor sald "We certainly would like to see it used for a multitude of uses: cross country sking, hiking, whatever recreational use people would want,"
$V$ oters in March will see a warrant article asking that the town designate the 270 -acre parcel a town forest. Poor said the formal vole will allow the town to sel up a committee
to oversee the properity and set up an account that will be funded by timber cuttings, making the forest self-surtaining.
"It won't be years and years before we begin to actually see something (financially beneficial) from it," Poor said.
"With a good forestry plan, in a couple of years we could to a light cut and that will continue to enhance the value of the property and build the timber value without hurting the recreational value."

## The Town Forest in Cornish receives a Shelter.

"For my Eagle project, I plan to build an elaborate lean-to be located in the Town Forest. This will be available to anyone who would like to use it: people who like to hike or bike can travel all day in the forest and stay in the lean-to during the night. It will be built from $2 x 4$ 's and other building materials. It will be complete with a wooden floor, insulated from the cold ground, and a metal roof (this was the only change in the plan-changed to a shingled roof), providing shelter from rain, snow, etc. It will be a rectangular building with three walls and one open side. This building will allow many people to enjoy the town forest with the comfort of being able to stay overnight in a shelter without any charge. This will also hopefully attract more people into the forest to see the natural beauty of it and give them a place to stay if needed."

This text was the introduction for a proposal by Bryan Gee submitted to the Daniel Webster Council of Scouting in Manchester NH, in order to become an Eagle Scout. Bryan's plan for the Adirondack type shelter was approved. The Selectman and the Cornish Conservation Commission were contacted for approval of the plan. A site was chosen and a plan formed to transport the needed materials. Around Easter the project was started. It turned out that snow on the ground was helpful!

With the guidance and help of the scoutmasters of Troup 332 Bob Demars, Leo Maslan, the ex-scoutmasters Larry Duval, and Bob Cunningham, the work began. From donated wood and some logs of the forest itself, Jim Fitch milled the needed lumber with his portable sawmill. Keith Jones and Kyle Witty assisted with equipment and transportation. Exceptional is a large log of red pine Leo brought back from New London. You can spot it as inside support in the overhang of the shelter. With hard work of the scouts Kyle Ackerman, Tabor Chichakly, Fritz Maslan, Alex Jameson, Bobby Annis, Asa Smith, Brendan Ackerman, Michael Ackerman, Sean Taylor, Justin Kuzma, and Lucas Jameson, the project progressed steadily. Bryan also was supported by his family: mother Sandy, father David and brother Shawn with his fiancée Brittany Desmairas.

On Sunday, August 12, we gathered in front of the Town Offices, Bryan, his parents, scouts, friends, and a few folks from Comish, to be guided by the Chair of the Town Forest Ginny Prince, and Scoutmaster Leo, to the new shelter in the Forest. Ginny welcomed the group at the dedication of the shelter, and Bryan gave answers and explanations to the gathering. The project took him some $3681 / 2$ hours to completion.

After the tour of the structure we sat down on furniture, made from left over lumber around a small circular campfire place, enjoying lemonade and cookies made by Town Forest Commission member Kate Freeland. David Gee had made a commemorative wooden plaque of the event with the name of his son Eagle Scout Bryan Gee. Ginny handed this over to Bryan with a firm handshake, and it was placed on a wall in the shelter. Before leaving, Ginny had the attendants vote on a name for the shelter: "Eagle Ledges" was the winner, and that is how it will be known. Sandy Gee made a DVD of the beginning and completion of the shelter: it is available for the asking. Robert \& Mariet Jaarsma, for the Cornish Conservation Commission .


# The fascinations of nature found in Cornish forest 

By RUUTI RRORLJNS

Contribusing Wricor
CORNISH - Nuturuliat Ned Swanbers led $n$ matall group of paoplo on n finscinuting tour of the Cornialt Ibwil Forest recently:

Swnaborg, n Cornish resident and antumilat from the Vermant Inatitute of Natural Scienoc, mencroualy donated his time for tho wur. Jilentifying numesous sypee of wood and criamental hrunh.
Many wore surpried when tho whowerid thent witch bazel lush. which they did not think grew in this area of Now Englund. Another surprise was when Swanberg told them Goldenroul ia not un aller-ty-causing plant, and gete blamed for allorgios cnured by mgweed, which does cause allergis.

Thoy leornod that it was normal for dead pine aocdlos to shed, with the oldur onse shedding wery threw-four ywan, and that some white pine drop their neadley ovin cooner, ahowing gtrenatulnues which is an ladicator of ozone dimagr.

Spenking of thase woxd the told them huw seasy it is to caivo. They aleo leurried thoy could tell what a augar nusple toe is hy mainge tha jrock canarke
on the thes., which is ncurring done by squirela when they nip the bark for ita sweet lunte.

In just 4 few hundrod yards of ambling tho pointed out and discussed detaile of the liven of fiddlehend ferns and diacumed some intricnte mutualistic inter relationshispo of fungi and other planta, and how fungi is cempented to tho roots of trees and nutrients are drawn from it. He said fungi can cover acres in the forer and waigh tons it is one of the langeat organiame

He spoke of the inter. ucaving lives of oak erees, red squirrels, mice and bobcats.
in a forcot. ile aleo spoke of the interwoaving liven of oak troes. red squirrulm, miso und bolicats.

Hen told why leaver turn colors in the fall. the evidence of gonlagical hiatoIy shown lys roctes, and many other illuminating nugeret of knowledge about the natural world.

Also during cladinl activity thousands of yeare ago ML Ascutney. Sunapeo and Cardigan mountains wero what was described an "want-to.be volcances," and that our land mass might havo boun connect. ed to Japun at one time.

Swanborg aald, "the furust la reslly nice. It has well blared trails, and in mup is boing mudo. It shows a lot of work has been done"



## THE CORNISH TOWN FOREST

The Cornish Town Forest was set aside in 1999 for the benefit and enjoyment of Cornish residents. Please help take care of it!

Non motorized visitors are welcome at all times and the property is open to
licensed hunters in season.
Motorized vehicles and horses please remain on Root Hill Road, the logging road and powerline service trail and do not enter between March 1st and July ist.

Please refrain from gathering wood and rare plants, littering or otherwise harming our forest.

For more information contact the Cornish Town Office (603.675.5207)
Thank you for your interest, the Cornish Town Forest Management Committee

TRAIL NOTES: All tralls except the red trail are loops: if you stay on a color trail you will eventually return to your starting point.
THE RED TRAIL traverses the forest from Tandy Brook Rd to Root Hill Rd via the look out. There are steep and rough aections. Total elevation change 590 ft . Distances from Tandy Brook Rd: to jet with blue trail .15 mi , to powerline. 7 mi , to lookout 1.25 mi, to northwest parking area 1.5 mi , to southwest parking area $\mathbf{2 . 2 5} \mathbf{~ m i}$.
THE BLUE TRAIL is a meandering, rolling loop. Runs partly in common with the red trail touring the eastern half of the forest, vernal pools, roek ridges and two 4 ft diameter trees. 'Total elevation change 450 ft . Distances from eastern Junction with the red trail: to western junction with the red trail and the first vernal pools .3 mi , to junction with the yellow trail 1.1 mi , to the large trees 1.5 ml , return to red trail 2.3 mi .
THE YELLOW TRAIL (completion 2002) is nearly flat. It visits the other vernal pools, an apple grove, and denning trees. Total elevation change 40 ft . Distance from red trail to apple grove and south boundary $\cdot 5 \mathrm{mi}$, return to start 1.1 mi .

THE WHITE TRAIL is a loop from near the southwest parking area to the lookout. Elevation change 475 ft . Logging road to lookout $\mathbf{7 5} \mathrm{mi}$, return to logging road 1.25 mi , return to start 1.75 mi .
THE ORANGE TRAIL has gradual grades. It loops within the logging road, visiting stream crossings, stone walls, a foundation and denning trees. Very short loops can be made using the connections with the logging road loop. Total elevation change: 190 ft . Distance to first logging road exit 50 yd . to $2 n d$ exit .15 mi , to 3 rd exit .2 mi , to 4 th exit .4 mi , to foundation .8 mi , return to main traili.o mi , return to start 1.2 mi .
THE LOGGING ROAD is open to motorized wheeled vehicles ard horses from July 1 to March 1 and to snowmobiles in season. It forms a loop 1.2 mi . long by connecting with the powerline service road. Total elevation change 195 ft .

## Marion D. Trepanier, 95

WINDSOR - Marion D. grandnephews.
Trepanier died at her Windsor home Saturday, Nov. 25, 2006. She was 95 .

She was born April 15, 1911, in Windsor, Vt., the daughter of Edward and Jessie (Huggins) Dannatt.

She married Homer Trepanier in Windsor on Sept. 7, 1936.

She is survived by six nieces, one nephew, one Godchild, and several grandnieces and

Friends may call at the Knight Funeral Home in Windsor on Thursday, Nov. 30, 2006, from 4 p.m. to 6 p.m.

A Mass of Christian Burial will be celebrated Friday, Dec. 1, 2006, at 11 atm at the St. Francis of Assisi Church in Windsor. The Rev. Paul N. Belhumeur, pastor, will be the celebrant.

Burial will follow in St . Francis Cemetery in Windsor $11-28-06$

## Epitonial <br> Снurch STEWARDS

Trintty Belongs to Cornish

THE BACK STORY OF Trinity Church in Cornish, an architectural and historical landmark built in 1808, gets more interesting all the time. Readers may remember that one Clark Rockefeller, then a part-time Cornish resident, stepped forward at Town Meeting in 2004 with a not-so-modest proposal. He would assume stewardship of the church from Town Moderator Peter Burling, who had owned and cared for the building for 20 years. In exchange, the mysterious man with the famous name would give Comish $\$ 110,000$ to build a new police station. The town thought the swap a marvelous idea, as did we, taken as we were by the philanthropic double play.

Now Trinity's owner is offering to give the church back to the town. That's a better idea, and residents should graciously accept at Town Meeting this year.

Of course, there's more to the story - a lot more. Intrigue swirls around "Rockefeller," who has since been identified by police as German national Christian Karl Gerhartsreiter. He is now in jail, having pleaded not guilty to charges of kidnapping his daughter during a custodial visit. He is labeled as a "person of interest" in the disappearance of a California couple in the 1980s. The man who held the deed to Trinity Church appears to have a sensational back story of his own.

But never mind. The church is now owned by Gerhartsreiter's ex-wife, Sandra Boss, whose lawyers wrote to the Cornish Selectboard in November. "Due to changed circumstances," said the letter, "our client is no longer able to continue to support the church and is pursuing the necessary stens for its onderly disnosition. ${ }^{\text {ti }}$


OLD AND NEW - The $12 \%$ Solution, a Cornish landmark, changed hands last week when Jerri Danielli, left, and husband Domenic, second from left, sold the store after $111 / 2$ years to Mike Hamel, second from right, and his wife, Janis Hamel. The name, which was fashioned after French

Solution: new owners

## By KATHERINE MILLER <br> $12 \%$ Solution Contributing Writer

CORNISH - There are solutions to puzzles, problems and algebraic equations, but the $12 \%$ Solution store in Cornish provides another type of solution, one local shoppers have relied on for years when they ran out of milk or bread.

Thursday Jeryl and Domenic Daniell, owners of the mom and pop convenience store at the intersection of Town House Road and Route 12 A , signed papers selling the store they'd owned and operated for the past $11 / 1 / 2$ years.
"It was time for a change. Our two boys are grown now. It's time to do something else," Domenic Danieli said.
The store started out as a hotdog stand, but in 1966 Norman Chabot of Cornish took over the
Easto Time Jin 24

## OWNERSHIP HISTORY 12\% SOLUTION

|  | Macom |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Michael M. Hamel <br> Janis S. Hamel | Dominic R. Daniell, Jr. <br> Jeryl A. Danieli | 06/22/96 |
| Dominic R. Danieli Jr. Jeryl A. Danieli | Wayne VanVoorhees | 12/12/84 |
| Wayne VanVoorhees | George B. Minckler Cheryl A. Minckler | 10/3/83 |
| George B. Minckler Cheryl A. Minckler | Charles E. Raymond Linda L. Raymond | 10/22/79 |
| Charies B. Raymond Linda L. Raymond | Norman A. Chabot Shirley V. Chabot | 5/18/77 |
| Norman A. Chabot Shiriley V. Chabot | William H. Talbert Eva M. Talbert | 11/2/66 |
| Norman A. Chabot Shiriey V. Chabot | Frederick J. Chabot Louis E. Chabot George W. Chabot Madelyne L. Hamel | 777/61 |
| Norman A. Chabot Shirley V. Chabot | Jeanie Chabot | 7/7/61 |
| Wilianm H. Talbert Eva M. Talbert | William H. Talbert | 1/22/54 |
| Fred L. Chabot Jeunic Chabot | Royal Wallace Celia M. Wallace | 11/26/28. |
| William H. Talbert (under the name of William Talbot) | William H. Hicks | 5/23/27 |

father and added on to the existing snack stand and made himself a small grocery store. Chabot owned and operated it until 1977, when Charles and Linda Raymond bought and ran it until May 1979. The next owners were George and Cheryl Minckler, who sold it in 1983 to Wayne Van Voorhees.

It was Van Voorhees who gave the establishment its current name. A lover of opera and posh French wine with $12 \%$ alcohol, Van Voorhees not only sold such wine, but gave his store its distinctive name, though he owned it only from October 1983 to December 1984 when the Danielis bought the store.

Since then, the Danielis have had good times and bad. When the Cornish-Windsor Covered Bridge was closed for about two and a half years in the late 80s, the Danielis lost 65 percent of their business.

But many faithful Windsor patrons who had stopped by on a daily basis to pick up a loaf of bread of gallon of milk were not deterred - they detoured 11 miles, driving to Ascutney to connect with Route 12A to get their provisions from the $12 \%$ Solution.

During those difficult years, Jerri worked outside the family business "I had to. We were determined to make a go of it," she said.

There was also a lighter side to their lives as storekeepers as well. Over the years Dartmouth College students, area high school students and celebrity chasers have stopped at the store to inquire about the residence of author J.D. Salinger, a noted recluse who lives not far away in Cornish.

Jerri Danieli recalled people asking her if she knew where the author lived. "I'd tell 'em, sure, I know where he lives. 'Well, how do I get there?' the person would ask. And Id say, I'm not telling." Some emboldened students desperate for an interview with Salinger or even a peek at his house offered to pay her money if she'd divulge where he lived. "Others just begged," she laughed. She's never met the famous author "T've met his wife, though. She's very sweet," she said.

## Ah, but does she really know

 where he lives? "I know which driveway is his," she chuckled and remarked that most people in Cornish know where Sallinger lives, but they respect his desire for privacy and don't reveal his whereabouts to anyone. The Danielis feel "bit-ersweet" about selling their
making decisions" and wants
to work for someone else. "Ill do anything as long as its five days a week," joked her husband, who has put in his share of seven-day weeks at the store.
The Danielis' three part-time employees, their son Eric who lives above the store, Karen Cline and Barbie Shamo, will continue working under the new owners, Mike and Janis Hamel of Claremont.
Ironically, the Hamels had considered buying the $12 \%$ Solution in 1984 when the Danielis bought it. They decided against the purchase because they were aware of the time, effort and devotion required of store owners, and they wanted to spend time with their two small children. Mike Hamel is a Claremont native and his wife, a medical secretary, is originally from Charlestown.
Hamel is no stranger to grocery stores. For the past six years he worked as a department manager for Shop ' $n$ ' Save in Claremont. Prior experience includes a four-and-a-half-year stint with P\&C in the towns of Springfield, Brattleboro, White River Junction, Windsor, back to Springfield again, West Lebanon and finally Hanover. Despite all the moving around, Hamel said he enjoyed it. 'Tm a people person. I've wanted to own my own small convenience store for a long time," he said.
After looking at the $12 \%$ Solution in January of this year, the Hamels decided to make it theirs. One of the conditions of the purchase was complying with EPA regulations requiring the removal of large gasoline storage tanks left in the ground from the days when various owners sold gas. That was accomplished this winter. Necessary soils tests happily revealed no comtamination.
The Hamels say they'll maintain the same store hours as their predecessors and also continue the same line of goods. The bulk of business is the sales of groceries like bread and milk, in addition to soda, beer, tobacco, lottery tickets, some fast foods and even fish worms.
As far as making any changes to the store, Mike Hamel said the only things he plans to do this summer is some painting,-cleaning and shelf stocking. Before doing much more than that Hamel said, "We'll see what the community needs are." He added that during the winter he might make some "minor reno-
vations" and that eventually a

# Cornish church to celebrate its bicentennial 

## By RUTH ROLLINS <br> Correspondent <br> CORNISH, N.H. - The con-

 gregation of the United Church of Cornish has made many plans to celebrate the 200th birthday of the church, including a special dinner to be held at the Cornish Town Hall Aug. 25.Members will also join the festivities of Cornish Old Home Day held at the church and hold a special church service of rededication, memories and plans for the future.

Several highlights of the church history will be in tableau form and special music is planned. A time capsule containing many items of past and present interest will be buried.
Several bicentennial items will be available for souvenirs, including placemata, notepaper, mugs and tiles, and copies of the United Church history will be on sale.
Robert LaClair will hold an exhibit of historical items at the Masonic Hall, School Street, Cornish Flat, where many photos and other historical items of interest will be available for viewing during the event, also.
Only 13 families were located in Cornish in 1767 and "these families organized the church, choosing Rev. James Wellman of Sutton, Mass, to become their minister," it was noted in the church history. It was called the Congregational Church of Cornish and Windsor.
Cornish town records of April 28,1768 , note that it was voted, "for the first year salary to pay 40 pounds to Rev. Mr. Wellman to be paid in white rice and Indian corn.
Also voted to give Rev. Wellman 200 acres of land in the back lands and 15 pounds to be paid in boards and labor toward his buildings."

Rev. Wellman asked that they assist him yearly in cutting and hauling firewood, which was agreed upon, and he accepted the call.

After fording the Connecticut


The United Church of Cornish
River on his horse, Rev. Wellman stood many a Sabbath afternoon in the pulpit in Windsor in wet clothing. Mornings he preached in Cornish homes and barns.
The first meeting house, or church, was built in 1773 across from Gen. Jonathan Chase's house. It was later called the Trinity Church and still is. It is the oldest church in the Town of Cornish.
The building had extensive rebuilding done in 1803 and underwent another major restoration project in 1985. It was placed on the National Register of Historical Places in the year of 1978.
The original group of churchgoers disposed of that building in the year 1789 and a Congregational Church was built in the center of town.

Meanwhile, on a hot July afternoon in 1789, a Baptist church group was organized in a barn owned by Moses Barrows. Rev, Jedediah Hibbard became its first pastor and preached until 1796.
embery pace in memory of mias Sally Thomaa (1769-1813), a servant girl who worked for 23 years with the family of Daniel Chase, Euq, one of the first settlens in Cornish.
Like the New Testament widow with the two mites, Sally Thomas gave all she had from her wages of 50 cente a week to the cause of the American Board of Commiasions for Foreign Missiona,
Her gift was the firet gift actually pald to the treasurer of foreign mixacions. The fhet that abe gave so much, $\$ 345.83$, when she had so little, has placed her among the immortals in the records of foreign missions.
The Congregational Meeting House was moved to the present location on Center Rood in 1841, where the beautiful brick structure still stands, and both the Congregational and Baptiat churches had their own ministers until 194.
At this tíme, Rev. Norman Scruton came to serve the paatorater of both the Baptist and the Congregational churches, making his home in the Congregational parsonnge, next to the church.
During his leaderahip, Sunday School, Vacation Bible School and Young People's Fellowzhip became increasingly active and with the help of his wife, interasted the young peopie in forming a chair.
During Rev. Seruton's otay, he worked toward the eventual union of the two churches, holding winter services is the Baptist Church and fummer serviens at the Congregational Church.
The congregations of both churches merged to become the United Church of Cornish in the yoar 1954 and in 1955 the Latlies Societies of both the Baptist and the Congregational churches joined into one society and renamed themselves, The Woman's Fellowship of the United Church of Corniah,"
Many fund-raising events have been organized nince that time. Beginning in 1961, the women's fellowahip gruup began serving chicken barberues at the Cornith Fair and continued until the
popular pot roast auppers held monthly during the non-winter montha have been used as fundraiscrs.

During Mr. G. Alvan Barrui ministry, which was a period from 1964-1976, the many repairs on both the Baptist and Congregational churches were becominy a problem for the parishioners. At the annual meeting in Febniary 1975, a discussion took place conceming their upkeep, wondering whether to repair, tear down both and build a new one or just what
The church at Cornish Flat way offered to the Town of Carnish, on the town warrunt ut the 1976 town meeting. The building was ascepted by the town, thus preaerving it and is uacd as a historical building and by some town arganizations as a meeting place,
The Cornish Flat building was deemed eligible for the National Regiatry primarily because it is one of the oldest public structures in Cornish. Another fact of lm portance ts that Theodore Roosevelt gave an addreas on the green in frunt of the church, while passing through Cornish on an election campaign.
After nerving al pastor for 22 years, Rev. G Alvan Barrur was desiguated an pastor umuritus of the United Ghurch of Cormich. He will serve in that caparity as lang as he lives,
Propently under the zuidance of Rev. Dale Louise Nicholas, a wider outreach into the community is happening as the church hoatr its monthly public pot roast suppers, Thanksgiving, Christmas and Easter concerts and a spocial cancert performed at the annual Cornidh Fair in Auguat.
The members of the church aleo provide baked bean and ham suppers both Friday anid Saturday evenings of the Cornish Pair, where several hundred people are served nightly.

## The Windsor Chronicle

## Hugh Mason Wade

CORNISH. N.H. - Hugh Mason Wade, 72, a noted historian, died January 6 at his home in Cornish.
He had been coming to Cornish since the age of five as a summer visitor, and he settled here in 1940.
He loved to hike and ski in the surrounding countryside. He also had a deep understanding and love of literature and music and took a keen interest in the history of the Cornish colony. Among his works is "A Brief History of Cornish. 1963 to $1974^{\prime \prime}$.
Educated at the Choate School and Harvard, he held several degrees including an M.A., LL.D., D.SCl.SOC, and D.Litt. He was an eminent specialist in the history of French Canada and of the American Revolution.
Mr. Wade served as a foreign service reserve officer in the United States Embassy in Ottawa and as a professor of history in both Canadian and American universities.
He was president of the Canadian Historical Association and chairman of the Joint Canadian and American Committee of the American and Canadian Historical Association.
His publications include Margaret Fuller (1940), Francis Parkman (1942), and the French Canadians, 1760 to 1945,
He served the town of Cornish as hog reeve and chairman of the town's historical association.
He leaves his wife, Elisabeth (Toppy) MaeDougail Wade of Cornish.
A funcral service was held Thursday at $11 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. in the 5 t . Francis of Assisi Church in Windsor. The Rev. Forrest Rouelle officiated.
The family requests that memorial contributions be made to the Mount Ascutney Hospital.
The Knight Funeral Home of Windsor was in charge of arrangements.

## Obituaries Continued on Page 8



Clara Weld, 67 Tu 19,1494
 67, of Route 12A died Monday morning (July 18, 1994) at Mt. Ascutney Nursing Home after a long illness.

Since 1946, she lived in Cornish and was a Claremont native.

Mrs. Weld was a matron at the Davis Home in Windsor for six years and retired in February 1994. Previously, she was a cook at Vermont State Prison in Windsor and farmed in her early years.
She was a longtime parishioner and officer at United Church of Cornish.

Mrs. Weld was an active community participant in Cornish for many years. She was a longtime member of Sullivan County Farm Bureau, a $4-\mathrm{H}$ leader and officer, a member of Cornish Planning Board, a Cornish ballot clerk, a conservation commissioner, and an officer and past president of Cornish Old Home Days.
She was born in Claremont on March 26, 1927, the daughter of Carl B. and Bertha (Crowell) Chellis.
She attended Claremont schools and graduated in 1945 from Stevens High School of Claremont.

She married Norris S. Weld. He died in 1971.

Survivors include two sons, Fred of Cornish, and Charles of Brownsville; five grandchildren; and nieces and nephews.
Funeral services will be held at 11 a.m. Thursday at Stringer Funeral Home, 146 Broad St., in Claremont, with the Rev. David Thompson, pastor of Claremont First United Methodist Church, officiating.

Interment will follow in Comings Cemetery in Cornish.

Friends may call from 7 to 9 p.m. Wednesday at Stringer Funeral Home in Claremont.
The family suggests memori-

# Paul Whalen <br> By Susan J. Boutwell <br> Valley News Staff Writer 

'Everywhere He's Been, He’s Left

Cornish - Paul Whalen was "Dad" to his only child but "Pop" to thousands - hockey players, coaches, teaching colleagues,

Paul. 'Pop'
Whalen
1927-2008 schoolchildren and neighbors.

Whalen, who scored the winning goal 56 years ago in the very first game of what would become Boston's signature college ice hockey contest, who coached one of
the best-known U.S. Olympic hockey players and who made his mark in New England and the Upper Valle as an elegant hockey player and indefatiguble volun teer, died at age 81, on Oct. 10.
"Everywhere he's been, he's left something behind," said Harry Ladue, Windsor's recreatior director, who recalled the hundreds of hours Whales spent flooding the town's ice rink.

Each Monday, the Valley Nows explores the life o an Upper Volley resident whose passing was noter on the obituary page.

## Something Behind'

Paul 'Pop' Whalen applies a fresh coat of water at the rink along State Street in Windsor in 2005.

Valley News fle photochaph - Kate Lattanzio
Dick Dodds, manager of Campion Rink in Hanover, remembered Whalen's infectious enthusiusm.
"That's one thing III never forget Pop telling me. He said he always felt like a little kid coming into the rink. It was like a kid coming down for Christmas and he managed to share that with everybody, "Dodds said.
Whalen shared his love of hockey with hundreds of
SeeALIFE-A4


## A Life: Paul 'Pop' Whalen

## Continued from Page A1

young men, from his grandson, Lebanon High School senior Paul "Trey" Whalen III, to Mike Eruzione, captain of the 1980 "Miracle on Ice" men's Olympic hockey team, which won a gold medal.
"He meant a lot to me, taught me a lot, not only on the ice, off the ice, too," said Eruzione, who works in the Boston University ice hockey program. "He was very influential in my life."

After finishing high school, Eruzione did a post-graduate year at Berwick Academy in South Berwick, Maine, and played hockey for Whalen. He said Whalen helped develop him as a player, which led to his going to Boston University, then the Olympics.
Some nights, while driving from his Cornish home to one of Trey's hockey games. Whalen would call Eruzione and the pair would talk about their sport.

Whalen's brand of hockey wasn't the "crash-thrash" style of football on ice, said his son, Paul Whalen Jr., of

## Cornish.

"He didn't want to hit someone just because you can," he said.
"It-wasn't flashy. It was elegant," the younger Whalen said, "It was smart hockey and his basic theory was that if you have the puck, the other team doesn't. If you control the puck, they can't score."

Eruzione knew Whalen was a big name in New England hockey circles, but lots of skaters practicing skills at Campion's lunchtime open stick workout didn't know about the old man running the training session.

Whalen scored the championshipwinning goal in the first ever Beanpot Tournament in 1952, when BU beat Northeastern. Some of Dodds's friends attended a Beanpot game a few years ago and brought back a program noting the tournament's highlights - including mention of Whalen's goal.
"Nobody knew about that. He was such a humble man," said Dodds.
Whalen was also the first person inducted into the Hall of Fame at Brewster Academy, in 2001. It was at Brewster that Whalen and his late wife, Winifred, went for Whalen's
first teaching and coaching job out of BU and the Navy.
Hockey players at the Wolfeboro, N.H., school now compete at the Pop Whalen lce Arena.

It was also at Brewster, a private boarding school, that Whalen got his nickname.

Many of Whalen's young students were away from home for the first time and took to their young teacher. They started calling him "Dad," but Whalen, who hadn't yet become a father, decided that the nickname wasn't appropriate, said his son.

He didn't want to take the place of his charges' fathers and told the students they couldn't call him Dad. So they called him Pop, and it stuck.

After Brewster and Berwick, Whalen wanted to work in public education, which is what brought the young family to the Upper Valley in the late 1970 s.

Whalen took a job as principal at Windsor High School. But he only agreed to accept the post because the school was putting down a new floor in its gymnasium. He wanted students to have a decent place to play, explained his son.
"He just believed that kids should play sports," he said,
Whalen was also a thrifty New

Englander. He put the old floorboards from the Windsor gym down on the second floor of the 1820 brick schoolhouse he and his wife had moved into in Hartland.
(Full disclosure: This reporter bought the house a number of years after the Whalens had moved to Cornish, and wondered why the home's second floor was so squeaky. It wasn't until an interview with Whalen for a school story years later that the floor's provenance became clear.)
Windsor - a basketball town was a big change for Whalen. There was no hockey team. So Pop coached football and baseball and he got busy flooding the community skating rink at the Fairgrounds and also skating at Campion.
After his tenure in Windsor, Whalen worked as athletic director at the Cornish Elementary School, wanting to keep active in youth sports. The school plans to raise money for a new set of bleachers and dedicate them to Whalen, said Cornish Principal Mary Bronga.
"He may be gone, but he will never be forgotten," she wrote in a recent school newsletter.

Susan J. Boutwell can be reached at sboutwell@vnews.com or at (603)

## Cornish beavers respond to kindness <br> Wayne Nelsof, Ethel Nelson

By DAYID LUDLUM
CORNISH, N.H.- Ethel and Wayne Nelson report that their Dingleton Hill friends, Sandy and Cry Baby, are alive and well. The 20 -month old beavers lost their parents and younger siblings last year.

The couple has been observang the family of beavers on what was their ridgetop farm liere for five years.

They sold the farm three years ago, and moved down the hill to the river, but they have continued to visit their friends.
\{ They' re kind of like part of the family," said Ethel.

Bucky, the first baby of the family the Nelsons met, was


ETHEL AND WAYNE NELSON stand on an ice-covered pond on Dingleton Hill, Coraish, in front of the residence of their friends Sandy and Cry Baby.

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$$

wary of the humans at first, but after five months of patient observation by the

couple, Bucky was willing to eat an apple out of their hand.
Before long, said Ethel, the youngster would sit in their lap and eat.
She said the beavers recognized their friends. "If we went down alone they went right to us," said Ethel. But if the Nelsons visited the pond with others, the beavers would swim back and forth in front of them, eyeing the strangers apprehensively before coming out of the water and carefully approaching the group.
"The worst part of the whole deal is you get so attached to them," said Ethel.

The Nelsons thus "went through a pretty tough time" when they learned the mother of the family, and one of her three four-month-old babies, thad been trapped and killed last September.

They suspected whoever trapped the two was concerned about the beavers damming the downstream end of a culvert running under a back road; the dam created a pond by the road's edge that could flood it.

The other two bables didn't turn up again.
Then, last November, The Nelsons agreed that the family's father had to be removed because he repeatedly gnawed down trees that fell on power lines and blacked out homes in the area.
The father, who weighed 65 to 70 pounds, was too smart to be caught in a live trap, and had to be killed.
But the parents' two offspring from the spring ot 1978 still live and work in the stream, although they declined to emerge from their leecovered pond to be photographed.
The two are keeping busy trying to dam the calvert, but Wayne Nelson stops buy regularly to clear the pipe.

After observing beavers for fifteen years, the Nelsons continue to marvel in their ingenuity.

They say the creatures predicted the present mild winter all last fall. Beavers, according to the Nelsons, usually begin gathering a store of logs and sticks to feed on through the winter in August.

Last fall, however, they didn't begin gathering the wood until November, and they never accumulated as large a store as they had in the past.

# Love bloomed for late president in Cornish 

## By RUTH ROLLINS Contributing Writer

CORNISH - Forty people gathered at the Meetinghouse in Cornish Flat recently to hear guest speaker Laird Klingler talk about late former president Woodrow Wilson's personal ties to Cornish.

Klingler, librarian of the Woodrow Wilson School of Public and International Affairs at Princeton, spoke of Wilson's time at his summer "White House" at Harlakenden on Route 12A, during his lecture, "President Woodrow Wilson's Links to Cornish."
Wilson, after just being elected in 1912 as the nation's 28th president, occasionally spent weekends at the Geor-gian-style mansion of Winston Churchill. He had always felt that his responsibility was in Washington if he demanded congress to stay in session.
However, his wife and three daughters spent the summer of 1913 at the mansion.
"When the town of Windsor heard of the president's plan to summer in Cornish, the Vermont Journal quoted, 'it would be a great boom for the town,' meaning boost," said Klingler.

Improvements had to be made at the Old South Church, which they thought would be the logical place of worship for the family. And Cornish-Windsor covered bridge had to be cleaned "to smell less like a stable," Klingler said.

The president's family chose to attend the Congregational Church, now the United Church of Cornish.
Until recent years, some Cornish residents could remember the family's stay in the area. Klingler said.
"The president liked the minister, who at that time was Dr. Fitch, and church was all-important to him," said Klingler.
Ellen Axson Wilson wrote the president every day while she stayed in Cornish, describing


LAIRD KLINGLER, librarian for the Woodrow Wilson School of Public and International Affairs at Princeton, speaks about the late former president's links to Cornish to about 40 residents at the Meetinghouse in Cornish Flat. (Ruth Rollins photo)
the things she did. She often gave teas to the Victorian women and belonged to discussion and art groups. She entertained all the art colony families and especially liked the Parrish family, once saying, "What a handsome family."

She had pursued a career in art before falling in love with Woodrow Wilson. Upon their marriage June 24,1885 , her role turned to wife and mother. "In one of Eleanor Wilson's writings she said, 'Although mother was always busy, she took two hours a day for her painting,"
Mrs. Wilson looked forward to returning to Cornish, but she became ill and died of tuberculosis of the kidneys Aug. 6, 1914. She had given up many of her own dreams to ease President Wilson's way and Wilson was aware of the sacrifices she had made for him.

In March 1915, President Wilson met Edith Bolling Galt, a widow, and that summer he spent more time in Cornish than ever before, bringing her
with him. He courted her, and their relationship bloomed. They were married in December of that year.
Where his first wife thought only of what was best for him, his second wife proved to be a jealous, possessive woman. When Wilson had a stroke in 1919, she kept the information from his daughter and the government, violating the constitution, Klingler said.
When he died Feb. 3, 1924, she took complete control of the situation. When a Senate delegation offered help, the delegation was told its presence would not be needed. She arranged for burial at the National Cathedral.

## Woodrow Wilson, a Princeton

 graduate, led the United States through World War I and gained lasting fame as a champion of world peace and democracy and as one of the most remarkable men in American history, Klingler said.Wilson was also credited with being the first president to speak on the radio.

## rom Virginia Colby in Cornish

## First Lady Ellen Wilson Asked Maxfield Parrish to

 Design a Stamp in 1914Amongst the Maxfield Parrish papers at Dartmouth College, there is a letter from President Woodrow Wilson's Jaughter Eleanor asking MaxfieldParrishtopleasehelp the Wilsons to design a postage stamp. This letter is pertinent to the current consideration of issuingapostagestamp in honor of Maxfield Parrish.

The following letter was postmarked Fehruary 9, 1914, and is on the White House leterhead:
"Dear Mr. Parrish-
"Mother has asked me to write to you for her because we eeed your help! Butfirstof all, please promise to tell us if for my reason you don't feel you can give it"
"The Postmaster General wantedMother todesignanew tamp to commemorite the uundred years of peace with England and she feels quite ncapable of doing it. When the told him that she simply couldn't, he begged her to suggest someone who could. Of course she wants something musually artistic and-well, n short we wondered if you vould be willing to do it.
"There isn't anything in it put 'the glory' and we know hat we're asking a great deat ofavery busyman-butwe're rusting you to be perfectly rank in case you feel that it vill be a tax upon you. The tamp can be either the oblong or the regular shape and anyhing you think appropriate. If ou can make the design thy

Burlesan will be as much pleased, naturally, as we, and, if you can't we shall all understand I wish you all were going to be in New York for the BirdMasque-is there any chance of it? With the warmest regards to youand Mrs. Parrish from all the family and love to the children,
"Cordially yours,
"Eleanor R. Wilson
"February 8th, '14"
The previous summer, in 1913, Eleanor Wilson, the President's oldest daughter, had the leading part in Percy MacKaye's Sanctuary: $\Delta$ Bind Masque. Eleanor played the part of Omis, the bird spirit. The play was performed at the dedication of the bird sanctuary in Meriden, New Hampshire.

First Lady Ellen Wilson was an artistic talent of note at
the time. She hadstudiedat the galleriesandartschoolsinNew York City while she prior to hermamiageto Woodrow Wiison in the 1890's, but postponed any further work of her own after their marriage and subsequent births of their three daughters.

In 1905, while Woodrow Wilson was President of Princeton University, Mrs. Wilson joined the artist's colonyinOldLyme, Connecticut, and she often summered there with her family. Her paintings gained prominence over theperiod 1905-1913, and she had her first one-woman show shortly before her husband's inauguration as President in March of 1913.

Sadly, First Lady Ellen Wilson suffered from Bright's Disease by 1913, and she died by Augustof 1914 , cutting short
a promising artistic career and a widening reputation.

Her artwork was greatly appreciated for its American Impressionist style by her contemporaries who knew her work.

The above letter from her daughter Eleanor must reflect Ellen's inability to design the stamp herself due to her own poor health, as wellasher fondness for the Parrishes whom they had visited in Comish during the Bird Masque productionin the summer of 1913. It also reflects the very high regard the artist Ellen Wilson felt for Maxfield Parrish's work; Parrish wouldhave been 44 at the time of the above letter.

President Woodrow Wilson was one of the four U.S. Presidents to visit Windsor as well.

During the decades leading up to ratification, the issue of voting rights for women was a hotly contested subject in New Hampshire, both in households and in the public arena. Many women's suffrage groups were established in the state to press for equality in the voting booth. The Cornish Equal Suffrage League was one of the later groups to be organized. It was founded at a meeting in the Plainfield Town Hall in November 1911 as an auxiliary of the New Hampshire Woman Suffrage Association. By Dec. 1, 1911, it counted 68 members.

The league was notable for its association with the famous Cornish Colony. The Colony was an informal community of artists, writers. and other creative people who lived (either part- or full-time) in the towns of Cornish and Plainfield in western New Hampshire, Most of these people came to New Hampshire from New York City, Washington, D.C., Chicago, and other major cities, where they maintained important social, business and political connections.

Not all of the Cornish Equal Suffrage League"s members were Cornish "colonists," but many of the most active ones were. These included its president, Juliet Barrett Rublee. Juliet was an influential figure who espoused liberal causes throughout her life. Her husband, George Rublee, also joined the league. He was a prominent attomey and powerful political advisor who was involved in Progressive Republican politics in New Hampshire and on the national stage. Juliet was honored to be the Grand Marshal for the massive parade organized by the Congressianal Union for Woman Suffrage that took place on May 9, 1914, in Washington, D.C.

The Cornish organization's vice president was the writer, poet and editor, Witter Bynner. He had been active in the women's suffrage movement before the league was founded. As he wrote in his journal, he believed that "Every artifice of inequality and privilege must be broken down." Witter led the male marchers in the giant equal suffrage parade in New York City on May 6, 1911, and he later traveled around New Hampshire to speak on the suffrage cause.

The organization's treasurer was Mabel Harlakenden Churchill. She was the wife of the best-selling novelist Winston Churchill, who was a leader among the Progressive Republicans in New Hampshire. Other Cornish Colony members who were active in the league were Adeline Pond Adams, a biographer and poet; journalist Philip Littell and his wife Fanny; landscape architect Rose Standish Nichols; and the illustrator Maxfield Parrish, his wife Lydia, and his aunt, the scuiptor Anne Parrish. Anne was the organization's corresponding secretary.

Another Cornish Equal Suffrage League member, Frances Duncan, participated in women's suffrage rallies in New York and London. She was the first garden editor of Ladies Home Journal magazine. The painter Barry Faulkner, a native of Keene, was also a member of the league. He was a close friend of Homer Saint-Gaudens, son of the sculptor Augustus Saint-Gaudens, from their college days at Harvard. In 1942 Barry would paint the historical murals that adorn the Senate chambers in the New Hampshire State House. Homer, a writer on contemporary art, and his wife, the artist Carlota Dolley Saint-Gaudens, were members of the league, as was his uncle, Louis Saint-Gaudens, and wife Annetta Johnson Saint-Gaudens. Both Louis and Annetta were sculptors.

In the summers of 1913, 1914 and 1915, President Woodrow Wilson leased Winston Churchill's Cornish property, Harlakenden House, as a vacation home. In July 1913 several suffragists, no doubt associated with the Cornish Equal Suffrage League, attempted to visit his wife, Ellen, Mrs. Wilson declined to let them into the house. She wrote to her husband in Washington, "(They) were extremely disappointed, of course, saying that they did not expect me to put myself on record for them, but it would 'help them greatly for me just to receive them.' Doubtless it would, for it would be considered putting myself on record!" President Wilson would be in office in 1920 when the 19th Amendment was ratified.

Next week: The 19th Amendment - the road to ratification in New Hampshire.

Aurore Eaton is a historian and writer in Manchester. Contact her at auroreeaton@aol.com.

# TODAY'S LIVING 

Blanche Wood is still painting at 90


## By ItUTII ItOLLINS

CORNISH - Recently, Blanche Wood, a native of Cornish and a life-long resident of that town, celebrated her 90th birthday.

If 1900, Miss Wood moved from ber family's bome on Dingleton Hill to a house just below the Windsor-Cornish covered bridge on Fite. 12-A, where she has lived ever since.

At the age of 23, Miss Wood began her life's work as an artist and has maintained her bome on her artist's wages since. She still does all of her own housework in her immaculate home, and she keeps one cat, Topsy, as a companion. Two of her nieces live in an apartment upstairs in ber home.
"I always liked to draw pictures," Miss Wood said. "T've been painting since 1907. when I did my first picture," which was a floral qiece framed and hanging in her livingroom to this day. Other landscape decorate her walls.

Miss Wood still paints almost every day, but it takes her six times as long to do a picture now that her eyesight is failing. She can no longer paint furniture.

But, in the past, Miss Wood has had a steady market for ber work not only with furniture, but with painted trays, glass painting and stenciling.
"Back when I drove, I used to ship many trys and landscapes," Miss Wood said. "I used to make my own crates." She shipped many trays, in the past, to a woman in California.
"I don't know how the lady heard of me," she said. "The only way I have ever advertised is by painting my name, the date and 'Cornish'
on the back of the picture. She must have heard of me that way; I've done quite a lot of work for her," she added. "It's difficull to shop now. though."

Blanche Wood has painted hundreds of Hitchcock chairs and other types of chairs as well.
"tl was quite a job to get a chair ready to paint," she said. "I used potash, kettles of boiling water and a large swab to remove paint. Sometimes it would come vff, and sometimes not, and id have to start over,"

Miss Wood would work on a chair until it was smooth, and then she would apply a couple of coats of primer and fill in cracks if necessary. She used to make the putty for filling cracks herself.

Miss Wood displayed several chairs in her livingroom, one of which belonged to her grandmother. adding that many people were partial to rosewood finish. To apply this finish, she would paint the chair with a coat of flat black paint, and then she would grain it with a red finish paint. She then covered the chair with a transparent coat of rose pink and several coats of varnish.

Elmer Bartlett, her cousin, and she used to do reverse painting on glass, a timeconsuming art. The shading. which had to be performed first, took up much of the time.

Once, Miss Wood had done a piece of glass for a Windsor man, and he had arranged to piek it up at a local store. When he did pick up the piece, a reverse painting on a looking glass, he was approached by two women who offered him a good price for it. He refused wife and daughter, who were staying at "Hariakenden," the summer White House.
"1 kind of wish he had sold it to them," Miss Wood mused.

The only formal instruction she ever had in painting was from Henry Ingalls, a Windsor decorator, who was over po years old at the time, She worked for at Mr. Reed an antique dealer in Windsor, for many yeark. After that, she went into business for herself. She has exhibited with her cousin, whom she calis "a real artist," at Saint-Gaudens National Historic Site and at the Cornish Fair.

Although she can no longer do reverse painting and furniture work, she still paints trays and takes orders for them. She has several different disign samples to which she will add other details at customers' requests.

Shortly after her birthday this month, Miss Wood was honored by the Harvey Gray family at Plainfield, and a family reunion took place at her home on her birthday. She was also honored by the Cornish Garden elub.
"The greatest satisfaction I've gotten out of painting was getting acquainted with a wonderful class of people," she said. "1 like to think of them all as my friends."

Like a lots of talented people, Blanche Wood has never made a great deal of money because of the time involved in such intricate work. Her love of painting and her appreciation of people have combined, however, to make her life a happy and successful one

## Wood serves patients in many ways

By BERTHA EMOND
WINDSOR, Vt - The energy Virginia "Ginny" Wood expended in field hockey nearly 20 years ago is now channeled into service to others.
Recently appointed director of patient services at Mount Ascutney Hospital and Health Center, her administrative responsibilities suggest a staff of hall-dozen persons, rather than one 36 -year-old woman.
Wood's duties include overall coordination, staffing. supervision, program development and promotion of social services, community health, psychiatric and emergency services and a new chaplaincy program, installed at her behest.
In addition, Wood is health officer for the Town of Cornish, president of the Windsor VNA , and a former member of the Cornish Rescue Squad.
"Former" because of Matthew. "My husband is captain of the squad and we can't leave the baby alone, so be has to go," she explains. happy that two-year-old Matthew is alive at all.
"He was three months premature and was kept in intensive care for three months. He goes to bed at 8 and by that time I'm ready to turn in too," she adds. "He has helped me to relax and leave those stacks of paper at the hospital."
Wood is trying to limit her workday to seven-and-a-half hours and is usually successful, but her new duties were accepted only about a month ago.
"I agreed to take them on if I could do them in the usual amount of time." She's not sure at the moment whether this is possible.

Wood. a Cleveland, Ohio
native. comes by her dedicated humanity from a wealth officer of Cornish wa double line. Her father. em-at the request of th ployed by a Canadian in selectmen
surance company, devoted "They told me my job woul much if of his outside life to be inspecting outhouses to se "valuable church work," as if they met specifications. she terms it. "A lot with inner she grins, "but I haven't ha city and low income housing in Cleveland."
Her mother, president of the PTA and the League of Women Voters, provided meals to the sick or if there was a death in the family.
"She was a really caring wornan. She had a degree in home economics, and the meals were well-cooked. ${ }^{\prime \prime}$

Wood loved sports. "I took better care of myself then," she adds, referring to pounds added since then. She was a hospital volunteer in her school days and graduated from the University of In diana School of Medicine. Her master's degree is in health administration.

The first physical therapist employed by the Windsor bospital, in 1972, she worked for a time at Mary Hitchcock in Hanover before returning to Mount Ascutney Hospital in 1979.

Wood and her first husband fell in love with Cornish 14 years ago. "It's a very spectal place to me. I wouldn't want to live in Plainfield or in Windsor or anywhere else."

After a divorce she married David Wood three years ago. They are restoring an old 13 - life is very important to me room house built "at least 150 and I'm trying to make that a years ago." as funds become higher priority."
available. Mr. Wood is em- She is standing on the ployed at Stacey's Hardware. threshold of a "born-agai-
"He does 50 percent of the Christian" possibility. Two o work at home. I couldn't do her four brothers and sister what I do if he didn't. In addi- are already in the movement tion to sharing the financial responsibilities, he does at least half the cooking and laundry."

A question regarding the chaplaincy program un covered a deeper, more spiritual dimension in heo devotion to human needs.
"I went to a workshop las February at the University o Vermont on the subject o spirituality and health care Oftentimes in a hospital the spiritual needs of patients an forgotten and somehow these needs have to be met in as organized fashion," she said She deall with the idea by calling a meeting of about 25 clergymea from the ares for a discussion of what they were presently doing, what their problems are and what they might suggest
The idea is a development of her own regard for a burgeoning spirituality in hersel! born, she believes, during the days Matthew struggied for existence two years ago.
"The spiritual part of my

It's still field hockey - hes goals are no longer part of a game but she is still playizy her heart out

# ST. GAUDENS MODEL GIVES 'HERSELF 

By Jana Marx Eagle Times

WINDSOR - It is not surprising that 89 -year-old Lama Woodward, a woman who has lived in Cornish almost her entire life, would have come into contact with artists like Annetta St. Gaudens and her son Paul St. Gaudens. Her brief stint as a model for Annetta St. Gaudens and the resulting work still raises a few eyebrows.

This summer, Woodward made a gift of herself, in a way, to the Cornish Colony Museum on Main Street. While visiting the museum with her doughter, Woodward took an interest in the display of Annetta St. Gardens' work.
"I have an Annetta St. Gamdens," she said.
The small plaster statue of a young and nude Woodward was a memento given by an artist to her model. Woodward, the model, decided it would be best to give it to the museum.
"We talked about is. As long as I had kept the statue for this long I thought it would be better if I put it in a safe place," Woodward said. "Tm getting along in years."

Museum Director Alma Gilbert-Smith said this is one of the few donations of Cornish Colony artwork the museum has received from the actual Cornish Colony area.
"It's very exciting," Gilbert-Smith said.
Woodward is nonchalant about the statue and her role as a model for one of the St . Gaudenses. A sculptor and craftsperson, Annetta St. Gaudens (1869-1943) was the sister-in-law of the famous Augustus Saint-Gaudens, though she and her husband, Louis, spelled their names St. Gaudens.

Growing un on her familvs firm in Cornish Flit


## Laura Woodward

Woodward said she posed every day for about two or three weeks for the sculpture. "I was paid a few pennies every time," she said. "I got kind of tired sitting in that one pose for an bour."
during the period of the Comish Colony, when artists, writers and politicians flocked to this part of New England, Woodward, back then Laura Fitch, was a neighbor to the St. Gaudenses Around 1900 , Annetta and her husband Louis had moved an 18 th century Shaker Meeting House from Enfield to Cornish Flat and set up a studio them:

## TO CORNISH COLONY MUSEUM

When Woodward was 17, Annetta St, Gaudens asked Woodward's mother for permission to use her daughter as a model. Neither the mother nor the daughter knew St. Gaudens intended a nude relief.
"I don't remember being shocked or seared," Woodward said. "I undressed and put on this loin cloth and sat on a box to hold the right pose"

Woodward said she posed every day for about two or three weeks for the sculpture, sitting for about an hour at a stretch.
"I was paid a few pennies every time," she said. ${ }^{-1}$ got kind of tired sitting in that one pose for an hour."

During those many sessions in the St. Gaudens studio, Woodward said she saw the famous family up close. Once, when Paul St. Gaudens was leaving the house to go to a party, his mother called after him.
"She said, 'Don't drink, don' smoke and don't stay out late," Woodward said.

Woodward said she's not sure what happened to the final product, a statue about a foot tall. St. Gandens made the small plaster statue to give to her as a gift.

Woodward said she kept the gift, though she didrir brag about it.
"I didn't tell anyone," she said.
The gift to Woodward is doubly special because it was not something St. Gaudens did for all of her modek. Woodward's younger sister, Bernice Johnson of Cornish, also posed for Annetta St. Gaudens when she was about 14 years old. Bernice got the pennies, but Woodward said she never got her own copy of the work.

Woodwand who now livester the Historic


Don Clark photos
Homes at Runnemede in Windior, went on to marry Joseph Woodward, a carpenter. They raised their children and have lived our their lives in Cornish, except for a few brief internuptions.

Woodward said her first extended stay outside Cornish was for four years when she moved to Georges Mills to work as a caretaker. Her husband had a brief trip too, to the South Baciffe during World War II

# Veteran civic leader retiring in Cornish 

## By RUTH ROLLINS Corrcapondent

CORNISH, N.H. - When living in a small community we often take a lot for granted and sometimes take advantage of our precions resources. Onc of thoae specinal respurces in the sleepy little town of Cornish is Michael Yatsevitch.

Yatsevitch has dedicated his life to the community. His term on the Cornish School Board culminates 30 years of commitment to Cornish

Harvard and did research in chemistry. In between classes he traveled between here and Canada to gain information on education that could be reported back to the Russian government. so that students there could benefit from what he learned.
IIHteracy in Russiu was very high, reforms in the educational system were needed," he said. "There was 80 percent illiteracy there"
During World War I his father was recalled to Russia. It was at that time that he decided he wanted his family to settle in the United States if the opportunity ever came that he could.
The family returned to our country in 1926, settling in the Cambridge, Mass., area, where Yatsevitch attended high school. Prior to this time he had not received any formal schooling.
He moved to Cornish in 1933 when his father purchused the farm where Yatsevitch still resides today. Yatseviteh enrolled at Kimball Union Academy, graduating in 1937, then attended the University of Now Hampshire for ti time as a student. The hurricane of 1938 cut his association with the university short. He was needed at home.

Yateeviteh was proud the first time he was able to vote, which was in 1934. "I still have a copy of the checklist," stated Yatsevitch. He never had any idea the would become so involved in town affairs at that time, "I never wanted to, I was just interested in seeing how the town functioned and who was involved. ${ }^{-}$
"But when I did become involved I knew pretty well how the town
students, many of them as chair man of the board.
Born in Kiev, Russia, May 25, 1913. he first came to this country when three months old. His father was sent here on a misaion by the Imperial Government to study the educational syatom in the Uniter States and Canada.

His agenda was left up to him as how to approach the task. The elder Yatsevitch elirulled at

## (Please see CORNISH-Pg. 6)

## From Page I

Fred Davis, Jesse Deming, John Tewksbury and Henry Keily," other town fogures, "T listened to what they had to aay and atudied the attitudes they had and I learned a lot."
"My first association with the school system was very unofficial. I would be invited to the Tracy or Center Schools by teachers Vera Bailey and Eva Bernard, to judge papers. Other teahers I had contact with were Doris Williams and Marjorie Kidder:-
"I sboerved the education in those none room schools, it was very interesting. I listened to the teachers that handled all the grades at one time, it was a learning experience.
"I was elected to the Cornish School Board in March 1957, running two terma. I decided not to file for the board in 1964, but I was elected again in 1965"- a position Yatsevitch has carried out since.

Yatsevitch has seen many changes during those 30 yeara. The board adopted Social Security for the staff in 1963 and helped draw up the Authorized Regional Enrollment Area Contract with Claremunt in 1967.
"It was a very important atep in this community, it guaranteed high school education for our students," said Yatsevitch.

An enrollment of 223 students demanded an addition to the consolidated school which was constructed in 1954. That addition was added in 1969 and provided for a library and classroom space for Grades 1-4.
"The year 1974 found voters approving a five-member board and now we have another school


Michael Yatsevitch
provide an assembly hall for the town and provide a gymnasium for student use. Also a new enlarged library, two classrooms, storage and a stage area."
"When I was first on the board, Cornish was a part of School Administration Union No. 5, which included Aeworth, Charlestown, Goshen, Lempster, Langdon, Unity and Cornish. Presently Claremont, Unity and Cornish make up SAU No. 6, making a situation which works well." he said.
Yatsevitch has worked with 15 different board members, six superintendents, four or five commissioners of education and 11 principals.

Dutles have included the usual routine of budgete and adminis: tration including keeping track of building maintenance,
"Actually, the really interesting things I mustr'c talk about, unless they are put in a novel with a disclaimer that any simularity to those living or dead is purely coincidental," said Yatsevitch

The effort on behalf of Cornish residents has been incredible. Countless evening meetings have taken him from his home in all kinds of weather, hut Mirhnel Yatsevitch has been fascinated with how town government works and has enjoyed solving the problems as they arose.

He has not only served 30 years on the school board, but has held the position of selectman for 27 of those years. Many town improvements require much knowledge of federal, etate and local lawe, which are ever changing. Yatsevitch has kept up with those changes and is known in wide circles.

## Willing Hands Produce Drop

Every Wednesday 11:45-2:30 the fire station on route 120 is the location for Willing Hands Produce drop. An average of 25-35 families come and pick up fresh produce, bread, eggs, meat and a variety of items that are donated from Willing Hands and connections through the food Pantry located in Plainfield NH. . Occasionally families with extra vegetables or eggs drop off donations which are always appreciated. It is an excellent way for families to stretch their food budget and enable them to have extra resources for essential expenses.
Over $50 \%$ of the families who come reside in Cornish, Plainfield and Meriden. No family is turned away regardless of when they reside.
Along with food the produce drop provides the opportunity for people to catch up with people, swap recipes and support people who have become friends.
The produce drop is run by dedicated volunteers who on any given week volunteer $2-5$ hours out of their day. That said the volunteers enjoy their time as much as those that visit. They too have become friends and together enjoy making a difference for many
From: Pamela V. Annis Pam Annis Nancy Newbold

# 'Produce Drop' moves, expansion helps more local families on budgets 

## By TORY DENIS

 toryd@eagletimes.comCORNISH - A recent move of the volunteerrun Willing Hands Produce Drop from a smaller location to the Cornish Town Hall is helping local residents and families more easily take home nutritious meal options. The new venue, coupled with recent changes to the pick-up process, now offers a more streamlined experience and more room for visitors to browse donated items, with no pre-qualifier to take part.
"Our goal is to help people stretch their budget and eat healthy," said volunteer and program organizer Pam Annis a phone interview on Wednesday, July 11. "If someone is interested in doing that, they are welcome."

Willing Hands Produce Drop relocated six weeks ago to the Cornish Town Hall, at

488 Town House Road, where residents from Cornish, Claremont, Plainfield, Meriden and surrounding areas are welcome in a relaxing. nonjudgemental environment, according to
ing well enough. "But the numbers were growing. and parking was a problem," she said, since the volunteer fire department could receive a call at any time and would need access to the park-


Annis.
Annis said she and a group of about a dozen volunteers oversee the food donation program, which was begun in earnest last June, housed in a small, kitchen-style setup with tables and a refrigerator at the fire station on Route 120.

That setup was work-
ing area.
Annis said she received a call several weeks ago from the Cornish Selectboard, offering the use of the Town Hall for the food donation program. The board had discussed the move at its May 4 regu-

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lar meeting, noting that the group would be moving to the Town Hall in mid-May, and mentioning the replacement of a refrigerator in anticipation of that move.
"I was optimistic that it was better," she said.

Since then, the move has provided much more space both in the building, and for parking.

At the new location, the group of volunteers now have a kitchen with a refrigerator, coolers, and tables. The move has provided much more space both in the building and for parking.

The Willing Hands volunteers meet quarterly to evaluate how things are going, and to discuss community feedback and suggestions. At one suggestion, they have recently implemented a new process of picking up food. Instead of firstcome, first-served, which left little for those who could not arrive early. people now pick numbers randomly each week and come into the food pantry in groups of six, depending on the numbers they get, to browse without being crowded. Anyone with a cane, walker, or other assisted-mobility device can go first, Annis said.

The line tends to move through quickly and the method seems to be working, she said. On some days, when they start at 11:45 a.m., the group may see 30 people by noon so the new system also helps those who can't always get there early to have regular chances to browse the full selection before items run low or out.
"We want as many people as possible to have choices," she said. "It makes it fair for everyone,"

They typically have six tables set up, and now have the ability to
spread out more. At the new location, volunteers can now also store baskets and other supplies, eliminating the need to transport them each week.
"It's much less crowded," she said. "It's a comfortable, relaxing place to go.
Willing Hands Produce Drop is intended to supplement, as opposed to being a primary source of food. It receives donations from the food pantry in
come in from other communities.
Each week, recently, Willing Hands has seen about $35-45$ families come in for fresh foods once a week.

Willing Hands, which Annis described as simply a volunteer group, began last June with "just a couple of us to start," and then eventually spouses started helping, and others stepped forward to assist, she said. She oversees a volunteer schedule for the Plainfield, and most weeks, some sort of meat is available. The Willing Hands group also has gardens to grow produce, Annis said.
The group often has eggs donated by local chicken farmers and families, and last year occasionally received squash and other fresh produce. They have not yet received any garden produce this summer. because some gardeners are experiencing a delay. but hope to receive some soon, she said.

Some of the foods offered each week are limited, depending on what is in season or available. Other times, when an item is plentiful, such as fresh spinach, volunteers will be there to help bag it as visitors come through.

The Produce Drop, along with assisting anyone who needs it, is also a social venue - a place to greet and catch up, and welcoming to all, Annis said.
"People are comfortable coming. We are not judging anyone coming in. We're welcoming people," she said.

Annis said that about a third of the families who use the service live in Cornish, Meriden, or Plainfield, and that another third reside in Claremont, and the rest


Comish Town Hall
dozen or so volunteers, but said that other people come in from time to time just to help.
"It's a social time, and a feel-good opportunity," she said. "People enjoy helping."

In June 2018, the group helped provide food for 356 people. About half of those were senior citizens.

With the growing season underway now, Annis said the group is hopeful that anyone with an abundance of fresh produce to share may drop some off. Donations should be dropped off by 11:30 a.m. if possible.

Food is available for pick-up each Wednesday from 11:45 a.m. to $2: 15$ p.m.

Annis said that anyone is welcome to drop in, even if they are not seeking the service, but just wish to have a look at the new location.

For more information, drop in during open hours or call Annis at (603) 542-3781.

## Sunday motorcycle ride to benefit family

## By RUTH ROLLINS Contributing Writer CORNISH FLAT

Plainfield's Bryan Tibbals, who was diagnosed with a rare form of leukemia, will be the beneficiary of funds raised during a motorcycle run Sunday,

The event will take place at the Canaan Speedway with registration between 8 and 11 a.m. Admission is $\$ 25$ a person or $\$ 35$ a couple. An additional $\$ 5$ will be charged for those who want to attend the pig roast following the ride.

Many businesses have donated trophies for those who participate. "I expect an even bigger number of riders than we had last year during the ride we had for little Olivia Dreifuss of Unity" said Bruce Rossborough of Hay Ross Leathers, Cornish Flat, who is organizing the event.

Through bike rides he has organized, Rossborough's generosity has benefited several youth. He is looking forward to this ride being a big boost for a family with extensive medical expenses.

Diagnosed with leukemia in June 2001, Bryan Tibbals' condition required numerous chemotherapy treatments at Dartmouth-Hitcheock Hospital throughout the remainder of the year.

In December he was admitted to Sloan-Kettering Memorial

Hospital

Manhatten, N.Y., where he underwent a bone marrow transplant in January. Bryan and his mother, Patty Tibbals Roberts, stayed in New York so he could be tested while he recuperated. Before Bryan could again associated with people in general, his T-cell count had to be at a certain level and regular testing was required to determine this.
"Bryan achieved this goal this week and was allowed to return to Plainfield Thursday, (July 18)," said his father, Daniel Tibbals, of Claremont:
"We are very proud of the way he has handled all this, Tibbals said. "He is looking forward to becoming a member of the freshman class at Lebanon High School where he plans to be a member of the soccer team this fall and later participate in his favorite sport, ice hockey. We have no reason to believe differently."

Bryan was able to keep up with his schoolwork while in New York through much paporwork and e-mail communication with his teachers.

Anyone wanting to make reservations for the pig roast; can call Rossborough at 603-$542-5553$. Those who wish to send a money gift for Bryan can send a check made out to Bryan Tibbals, do Hay Ross Leathers, P.O. Box 57, Cornish Flat, N.H. 03746.


[^0]:    uce Denis of Claremont opens the door to the sugar house at Hillside Sugarbush Farm on Saturday during NH Mapie Weekend

[^1]:    who are causing problems."
    Stevens said the rally may be moved from the Fairgrounds to private property "if it turns out that people are that shook up."
    "If there's that many people who are upset about this maybe we'll do it on private property and not tell anyone where we'll be," he said. "I never intended it to be a circus like this."
    Selectmen's secretary Mary Jean Garrow said a number of residents, and at least one person from

[^2]:    Valey Nrws - Geptt twoen

[^3]:    "During the session of the legislature just adjourned, the proponents of the $\$ 120,000$, school house asked to have a bill introduced to legalize the annual Cornish School district meeting and then soon after withdrew their request." Mr. Jones continued. and added: "During the last days of the legislature the chief proponent tried to have the legislature legalize said annual meeting but failed in the attempt.
    "At that time he was told that If the propopents would call another meeting to voto again on the kind of butiding and the amount to be raised and appriv priated for a new school house and use the checklist to prevent illegal voting and have a 'fair and square discussion and vote, that the opponents would agree to abide by that vote and drop all law suits.
    "This proposition was flatly refused," he claimed.
    "The statement that a few taxpayers have shown an utter disregard for the welfare of the community and don't want a new school house is entirely erroncous. The issue is shall Cornish have a wooden frame school house at a cost of $\$ 80,000$, or a cinder-block building covered with wood at a cost of $\$ 120,000$. There is no dispute whatever about the specifications and equipment for the inside of the chool. The sole question is whether the building shall be wood, or cinder-block covered with wood."

[^4]:    Kay Wegner of Cornish is fighting a provision that taxes the views from house lots of those that have land in "current use" at less than others. She is standing on her porch overlooking Plainfield and Vermont.

    Valley News - tom Reticg

